The impact of website take-down on phishing

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Summary

- Standard types of phishing website
- Take-down measurements
- Rock-phish sites
- Rock-phish collusion dividends
- Comparative take-down results
- Estimating the \$\$\$ impact of phishing

Academics & phishing

- Everyone can play! Display instant expertise!!
 - examine psychology, attempt to block spam, detection of websites, browser enhancements, password mangling, reputation systems etc
- Our approach : Security Economics
 - phishing will continue, because humans involved!
 - so we measure the impact, assess the effectiveness of countermeasures, work out how to change incentives so that problem tends to fix itself...

Data collection

- Used http://www.phishtank.com database
- Fetch webpages for all submissions
 - caveat: not currently following all indirections
 - caveat: site may already be removed
- Add entries for IP address and Reverse-DNS
- Determine when page is removed
- Calculate elapsed time
 - remove duplicates by ignoring last path element

Types of phishing website

• Insecure end user

```
http://www.example.com/~user/www.bankname.com/
```

• Insecure machine

```
http://www.example.com/bankname/login/
http://49320.0401/bankname/login/
```

Free web hosting

```
http://www.bank.com.freespacesitename.com/
```

Misleading domain name

```
http://www.banckname.com/
http://www.bankname.xtrasecuresite.com/
```

Rock-phish is different!

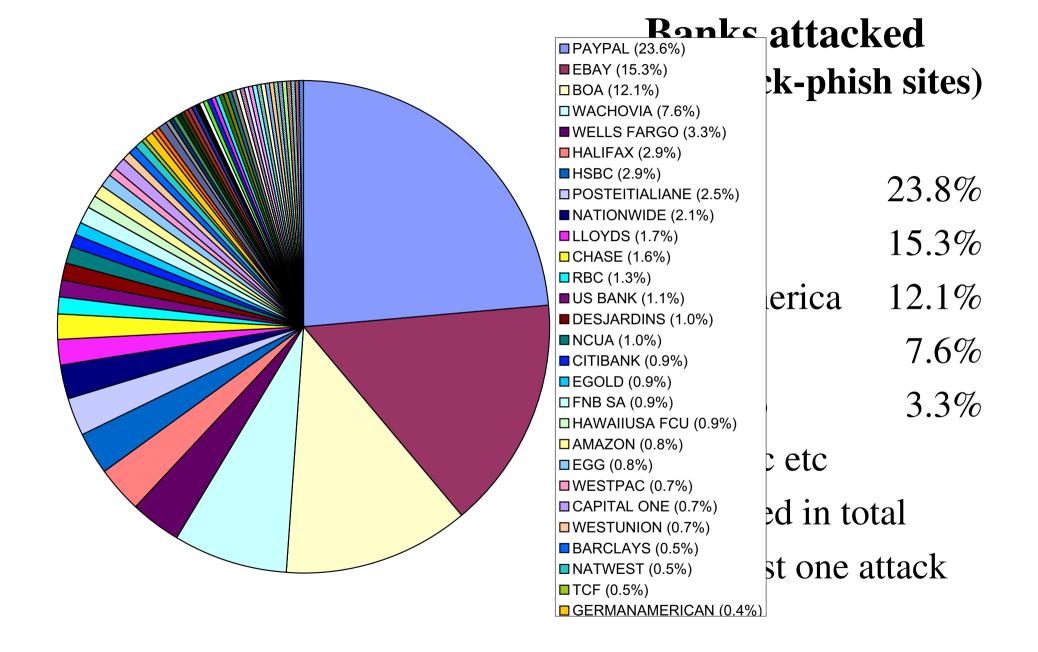
- Compromised machines run a proxy
- Domains do not infringe trademarks
 - name servers usually done in similar style
- Distinctive URL style

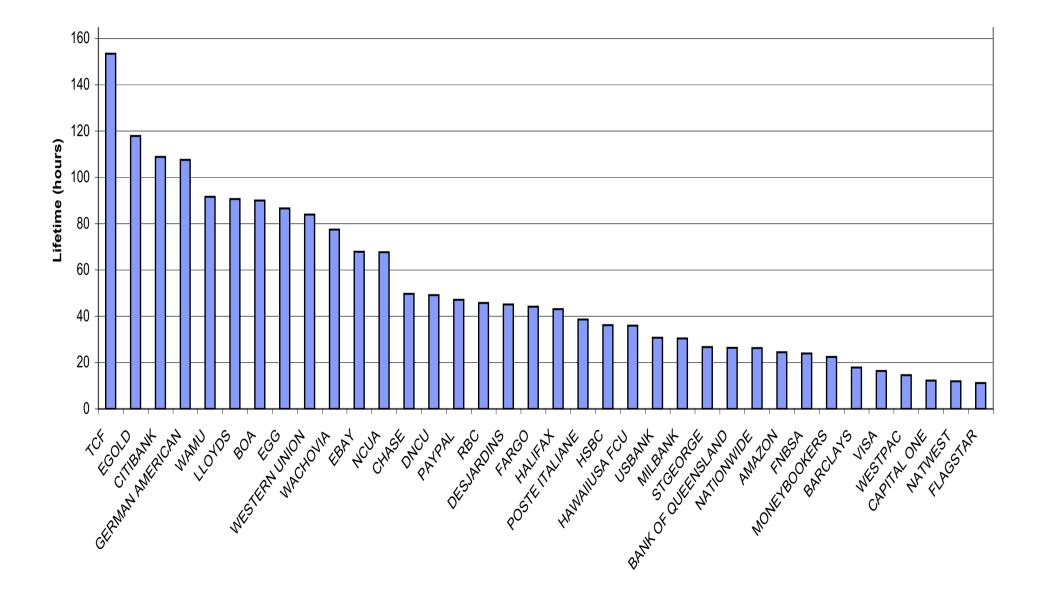
 http://session9999 bank.com local.info/signon/
- We track domains & IP addresses generically
- Some usage of "fast-flux" from Feb'07 onwards
 - viz: resolving to 5 (or 10...) IP addresses at once

Phishing website lifetimes (hours)	# sites (8 weeks)	Mean lifetime	Median lifetime
Non-rock	1707	58.4	20
Rock-phish domains	419	94.3	55
Rock-phish IP addresses	122	124.9	25
Fast-flux rock-phish domains	67	454.4	202
Fast-flux rock-phish IP addresses	2995	124.6	20

The numbers game

- We saw 1,707 phishing websites, 419 rock-phish domains and 67 fast-flux domains...
- PhishTank has 18,260 rock-phish reports, 1,803 fast-flux reports and 15,030 non-rock reports (alive at first inspection)
- Large numbers suit the security industry, community activists, law enforcement seeking excuses to ignore the problem...





Free web-hosting take-down data

Lifetime (in hours)	# sites	Mean	Median
yahoo.com	59	11.27	5
pochta.ru	67	82.24	31

BUT: all but one pochta.ru site was eBay & values are similar to other eBay removal times

How many visitors?

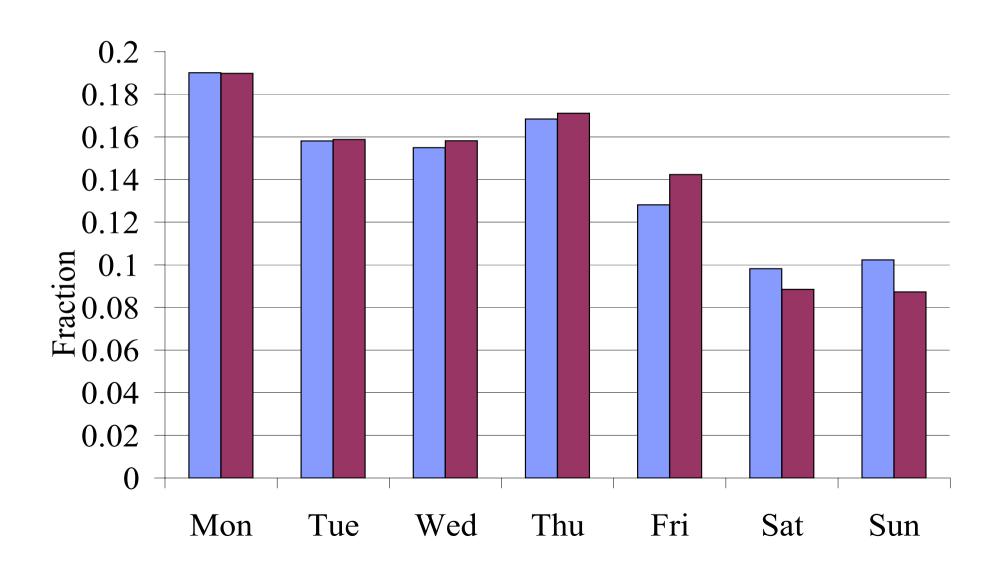
- Some (non rock-phish) sites had world readable "webalizer" statistics pages
 - could determine number of visitors on each day
 - 22 on day first reported, 24 next day and then tails off a bit (but NOT to zero)
- Some sites had world readable files of compromised credentials
 - about 50% were "die spammer die" responses

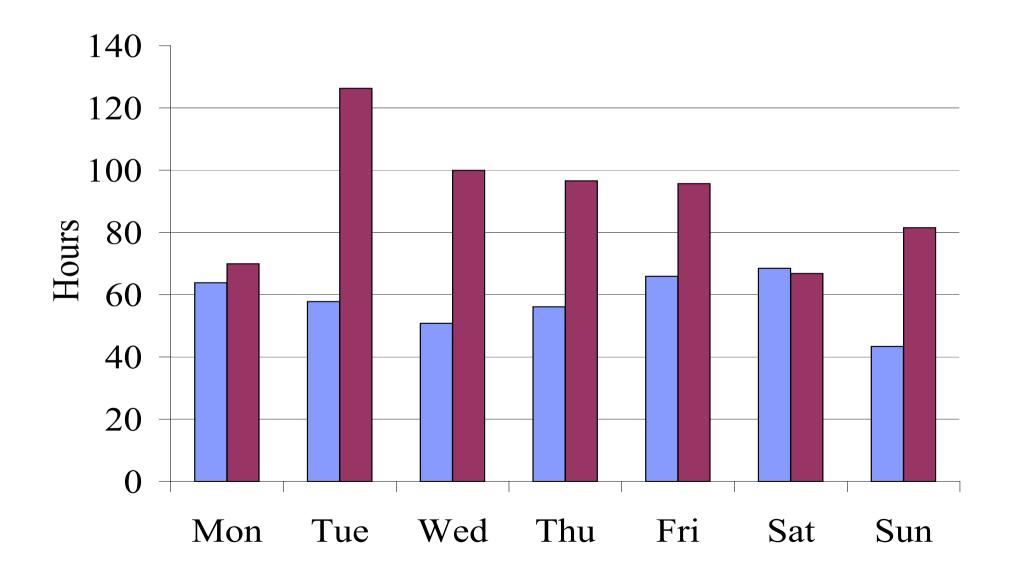
What's the co\$t of phishing?

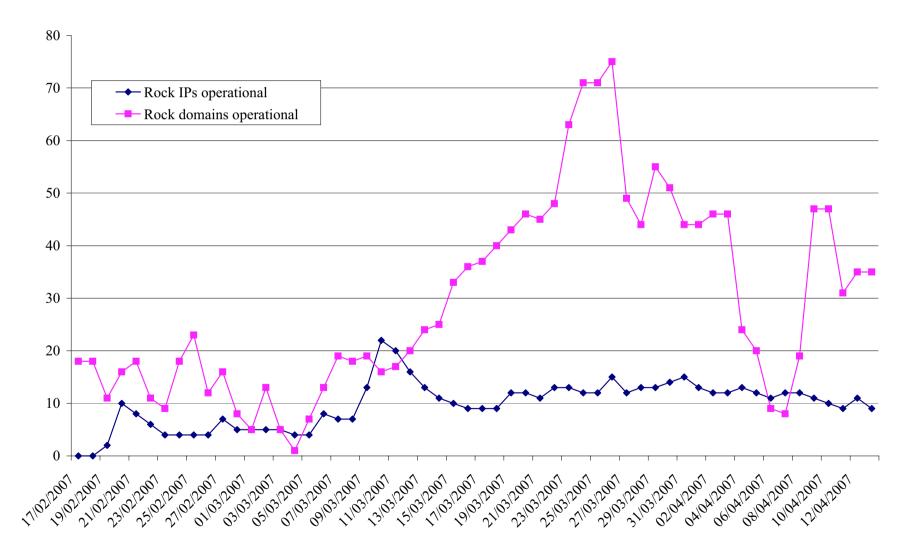
- 56 days, 1448 banking websites (exclude eBay)
- Average lifetime was 57 hours
- Hence 33 real victims per site
- Gartner loss estimate of \$572/victim
- Hence \$178 million per year
- Rock-phish is half the spam... so \$350 million
 - NB: complete hand-waving !!!
 - and cf. Gartner total estimate of \$2 billion

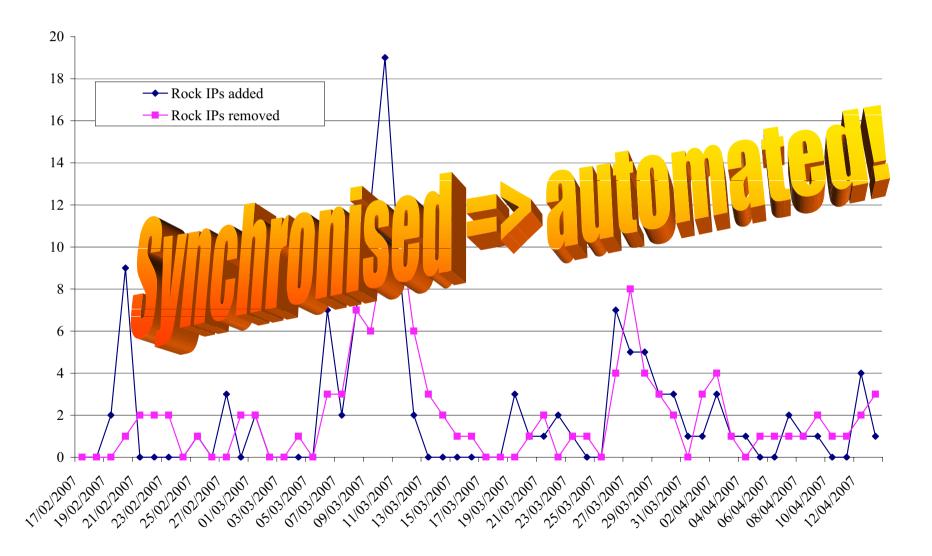
When are phishing sites first reported?

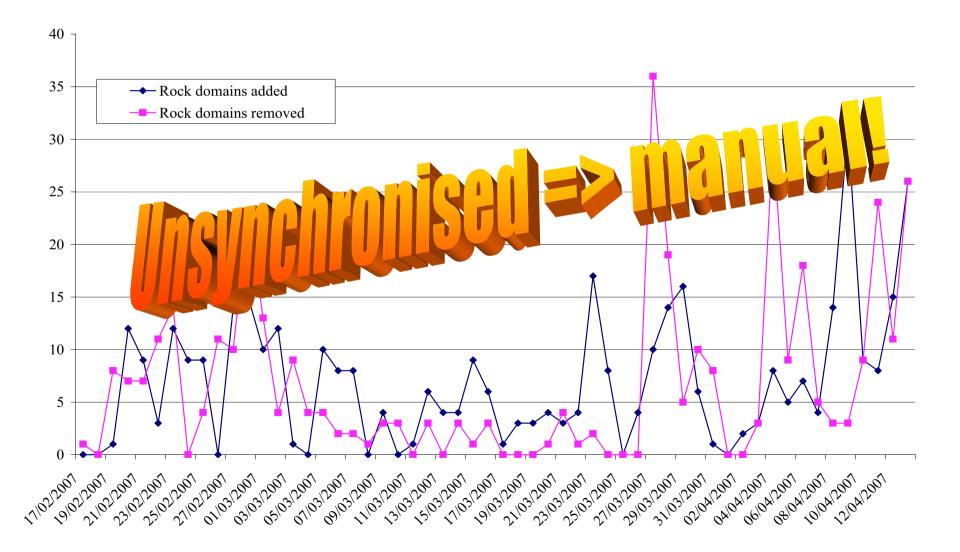
(blue = rock, red = non-rock)

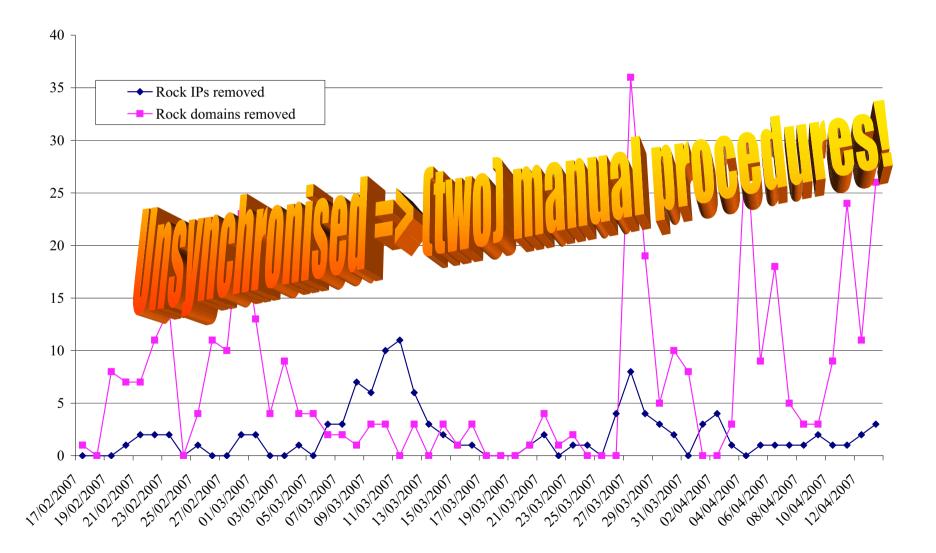












Summary

- Take-down has an impact
 - but it is not fast enough to make losses zero
- Rock-phish gang have a good recipe
 - planned? or just stumbled upon?
- Wide variations in bank performance
 - incompetence? or facing better attackers?
- Some "phishing losses" are indeed phishing
 - but sums too rough to discount key-loggers &c

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BLOG: http://www.lightbluetouchpaper.org/
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http://www.cl.cam.ac.uk/~rnc1/
http://www.cl.cam.ac.uk/~twm29/
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http://www.cl.cam.ac.uk/~rnc1/weis07phishing.pdf



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