Introduction to Computer Architecture: Supervision 3

Lectures covered by the supervision: https://www.cl.cam.ac.uk/teaching/2526/IntComArch/

- Lecture 9: OS Support
- Lecture 10: Other instruction sets
- Lecture 11: Overview of Systems-on-Chip (SoCs)
- Lecture 12: Multicore processors part I

Past exam questions:

https://www.cl.cam.ac.uk/teaching/exams/pastpapers/t-ComputerDesign.html

Supervision questions:

- Sketch examples of a i) memory read and a ii) memory write, former cache hit, latter cache
 miss, considering a processor with a single level of cache, virtual memory (TLB, page table),
 and RAM. Discuss how these events impact execution time.
 - a. Does a CPU work with real or virtual memory?
 - b. How does a Translation Look-aside Buffer TLB improve performance of virtual memory accesses?
- 2. What is the purpose of interrupts? Is debugging an interrupt?
- 3. 2008 Paper 6 Question 2 part a
- 4. 2006 Paper 6 Question 2- part b
- 5. What are the main components of a modern SoC? Compare SoC to chiplets.
- 6. Suppose that there are four different types of processor: A does 15% of the work for an application, B does 20%, C does 5% and D does 60%. If you speed B up by 2× and D up by 3×, what is the overall application speed up:
 - a. When all four run in parallel?
 - b. When all four run sequentially?
 - c. What's the limit on the speedup you can get from only improving B and D?
- 7. Draw a 1T1C DRAM cell. Why does it need refresh and what is it? Compare it with a single SRAM cell.
- 8. Show, with the aid of a diagram, how DRAM is organised, making reference to devices, ranks, banks and arrays.
- 9. A memory controller converts processor requests into commands for the DRAM.
 - a. Why might it prefer to order requests so that they access different banks on consecutive memory operations, rather than the same bank?
 - b. When is it beneficial to continuously access the same bank?
 - c. Describe the difference between an open-page and closed-page row-buffer policy and the types of access patterns they benefit.
- 10. Describe the four classes in Flynn's taxonomy of computing systems. Explain where a multicore processor with a short-vector instruction set fits within Flynn's taxonomy?
- 11. Describe Amdahl's and Gustafson's law. Comment what is happening as we increase the number of cores in case as observed by Amdahl how realistic it is to see the predicted results in real-world applications? What do you think, what is the implication of these laws on cloud computing?
- 12. Why is shared memory a useful concept in programming? Describe its disadvantages.
- 13. Considering discussed shared cache organisations, what are the benefits and downsides to each approach?
- 14. Consider inclusive, exclusive and non-inclusive cache policies. Can you develop a set of examples to demonstrate that under certain conditions one policy can outperform all others?

- 15. Describe MSI cache coherence protocol. Can you think of a software example/application problem where this becomes a bottleneck?
- 16. You hold data at address X when you snoop a BusRd transaction from the bus. What actions do you take with the MSI cache coherence protocol if you start in:
 - a. State M?
 - b. State S?
 - c. State I?
- 17. 2018 Paper 5 Question 3, part b.
- 18. Summarize the main message from lesson 9 in 1-3 sentences?
- 19. Summarize the main message from lesson 10 in 1-3 sentences?
- 20. Summarize the main message from lesson 11 in 1-3 sentences?
- 21. Summarize the main message from lesson 12 in 1-3 sentences?

Save your answers into MS Teams or email them to me. Please use the following naming pattern:

ICA_Supervision_3_Answers_<last name>_<first name>_Michaelmas_2025

Send your answers as a pdf, doc, image, or any other format of a document for which there exists an easily available software to open.

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