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Private Data Center->Public Cloud

- ATI partners e.g.
 - Farr/NHS Scotland
 - HSBC
- Motives for public cloud
 - Scale out/cost save
 - Higher Throughput analytics
 - Share "access" with more researchers
 - Yours goes here>

Infrastructure Location

- Keep friends&enemies near:
 - Legal/Regulatory Stuff (incl GDPR)
 - Latency/Availability etc
 - Control (physical access etc)
- Need to virtualise these (better)
 - Crypt Data at rest
 - Crypt data during "processing"
 - key management etc
 - Enclave... SGX, Trust Zone, AMD, CHERI



SGX opportunity

- Not the only piece, of course
 - Static/dynamic analysis etc
 - Unikernels & s/w verification
- Can use SGX on
 - Container (SCONE)
 - Platform basis, Hadoop, Flink, Spark

https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/research/publication/vc3-trustworthy-data-analytics-in-the-cloud

Or application basis

MARU....@ turing.ac.uk

ATI w/ Intel, Dstl, Docker, Microsoft Hiring:-

<u>https://www.turing.ac.uk/jobs/research-associate-maru-project/</u>

- Compare what is in SGX
 - Enter/leave cost, crypt memory o/h etc
 - Hypervisor?
- Compare w/ container on trustzone, cheri, AMD etc
 - Common APIs for keys etc
 - Virtualize?
- Pen test
 - many side channel pb
 - What if weak homomorphic crypto & diff priv?

Public Cloud->Databox (or HAT)

- Databox (and hat) take opposite view
- Re-decentralize
- Keep analytics/ML as a service
 - Mix of distributed, priv pres ML+
 - Hierachy of 3rd party aggregators, MPC
 - http://www.databoxproject.uk/
- HAT reverses direction of value...
 - Audit (distributed ledger)
 - Get paid (money (real or vurt)
 - https://www.hatdex.ora/

Container - migration&replica

- Replicate (to cloud enclave)
 - for recovery (from fail,theft,loss)
- Migrate (to other personal cloud)
 - for low latency
- Most new data is append only so use distributed ledger
 - (tamper proof logs see datakit in docker)
- Consistency of replicas
 - e.g. use fpaxos

Distributed Analytics

- Motives e.g.
 - Move code to data
 - Keep data close to owner/primary user
 - Guarantee can audit trail access
 - Add yours here
- Challenges
 - Depends on ML technology of choice & goal
 - PCA/Clustering, random forests
 - Curve fittign (regression etc)
 - Model Inferencing e.g. Bayesian inference
 - Distrubuted differential privacy tricky
 - Hierarchical versus P2P?

Distributed Analytics

- Hierarchy easiest
 - Aggregation points/servers broker "model learned so far"
 - Have to be trusted by subset of leaves
 - Leaf can choose to change aggregator
- P2P just extension of this to dynamic, faster choice
- Distributed/Parallel ML
 - From data centers
 - Clustering on tuples easy If independent

Future Proof for GDPR

Privacy by Design and by Default - HAT address all GDPR privacy requirement from its design principle to its security solution.

- HAT ecosystem data exchange is based on fully specified privacy terms time specific, recipient specific, minimum data points specific with full intention disclosed. Violation against any of such terms may result a ban from the Ecosystem.
- Consent by design and by default -
 - the PCST PoC mandates a "specific, informed and freely given and unambiguous" intension disclosure of data usage, for every single personal data access instances.
 - HAT technology ensures that an exchange is only authorised and kept valid by individual's case specific consent
- Rights for Individuals by design and by default encapsulated personal data containers isolated for each individual, allows an individual is in full control of its HAT, hence inherently owns all of the following:
 - Right to Access | Right to be informed | Right to rectification | Right to restrict processing | Right to object to market
 - Right of data portability | Right to be forgotten | Right to object to automated decision making and profiling
- Accountability and governance PCST CoP mandates every ecosystem member to higher level of accountability and governance practice.
 - Record keeping HAT ecosystem automatically tracks data exchange, even at a much more granular level than GABR GRADE on the exchange parties, time of access, detailed to the point sorightension and T&C, for every single 11 transaction

Things we're not covering today

Database (Farr/ATI work now)

- Query planning w/ privacy
- K-anonimity
- Weak homomorphic crypto etc
- Threat modeling
 - Assuming implicit[©]
 - Suffice it to say hypervisor vulnerabilities exist
 - So need trusted stuff on untrusted platform...
 - ...on new trusted stuff...



