

6 Denotational Semantics (im496)

(a) Define *adequacy* and *full abstraction* for a semantics of PCF. [4 marks]

(b) Consider the flat domains  $D = \mathbb{B}_\perp$  and  $D = \mathbb{N}_\perp$ . Show that the equality function  $\text{eq}_D: D \times D \rightarrow \mathbb{B}_\perp$  determined by

$$\text{eq}_D \ x \ y = \begin{cases} \perp, & \text{if } x = \perp \text{ or } y = \perp \\ \text{true}, & \text{if } x \neq \perp, \ y \neq \perp \text{ and } x = y \\ \text{false}, & \text{if } x \neq \perp, \ y \neq \perp \text{ and } x \neq y \end{cases}$$

is definable in PCF by exhibiting terms  $\text{eq}_{\text{bool}}$  and  $\text{eq}_{\text{nat}}$  with denotation  $\llbracket \text{eq}_{\text{bool}} \rrbracket = \text{eq}_{\mathbb{B}_\perp}$  and  $\llbracket \text{eq}_{\text{nat}} \rrbracket = \text{eq}_{\mathbb{N}_\perp}$ . Justify your answer. [5 marks]

(c) Consider the *parallel conditional* operations for  $D = \mathbb{B}_\perp$  and for  $D = \mathbb{N}_\perp$ :

$$\text{pif}_D: \mathbb{B}_\perp \times D \times D \rightarrow D$$

These are the unique continuous functions determined by the equations

$$\text{pif}_D \ \text{true} \ x \ y = x \qquad \text{pif}_D \ \text{false} \ x \ y = y \qquad \text{pif}_D \ \perp \ x \ x = x$$

(i) What is the value of  $\text{pif}_D \ \perp \ x \ y$  for  $x \neq y$ ? Justify your answer. [5 marks]

(ii) Prove that  $\text{pif}_{\mathbb{B}_\perp}$  is not definable in PCF. You may use the theorem that the *parallel or* operation  $\text{por}: \mathbb{B}_\perp \times \mathbb{B}_\perp \rightarrow \mathbb{B}_\perp$  is not definable. [3 marks]

(iii) Prove that  $\text{pif}_{\mathbb{N}_\perp}$  is not definable in PCF. [3 marks]