

7 Further Graphics (aco41)

- (a) State the best geometry representation for the following tasks. Briefly explain.
- (i) Testing if a line segment intersects a surface. [1 mark]
  - (ii) Tracking the surface of a fluid undergoing geometry and topology (connectivity) changes. [1 mark]
  - (iii) Aligning and merging surfaces acquired from different views. [1 mark]
  - (iv) Rendering the surface of a cube. [1 mark]
  - (v) Look up the colour of each point on a surface from a texture. [1 mark]
- (b) Assume constant minimum  $\kappa_{min}$  and maximum  $\kappa_{max}$  curvature for a surface. Which of the following could be a closed surface?
- (i)  $\kappa_{min} = \kappa_{max}$ . [1 mark]
  - (ii)  $2H^2 - K = 0$  for mean curvature  $H$  and Gaussian curvature  $K$ . [2 marks]
- (c) A heightfield is a surface in 3D defined by a function  $h(x, y)$  over the  $xy$ -plane. Assuming we define points with  $z > h(x, y)$  as outside this surface, provide an expression for the surface normal in terms of the derivatives of  $h$  without using the cross product. [4 marks]
- (d) Given a surface in both parametric  $\mathbf{p}(u, v)$  and implicit  $f(\mathbf{p}) = 0$  forms,
- (i) prove that the surface normal of the parametric form is parallel to the normal of the implicit form.  
 [Hint: Chain rule:  $\frac{\partial f(a(x), b(x), c(x))}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial a} \frac{\partial a}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial b} \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial c} \frac{\partial c}{\partial x}$ ] [6 marks]
  - (ii) Will the normals remain parallel if the implicit function is also a signed distance function? [1 mark]
  - (iii) Why is the sign ambiguous? [1 mark]