

13 Types (nk480)

(a) Using the simply-typed lambda calculus with the `letcont` primitive, give well-typed terms corresponding to proofs of the following classical tautologies:

(i) $dne : \neg\neg A \rightarrow A$ [3 marks]

(ii) $contra : (A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow (\neg B \rightarrow \neg A)$ [4 marks]

(iii) $demorgan_1 : \neg(A \vee B) \rightarrow \neg A \wedge \neg B$ [5 marks]

(iv) $demorgan_2 : (\neg A \wedge \neg B) \rightarrow \neg(A \vee B)$ [5 marks]

(b) (i) Briefly explain what the following Agda type says.

$$\forall\{A : \text{Set}\}\{n : \text{Nat}\} \rightarrow \text{Vec } A \ n \rightarrow (i : \text{Nat}) \rightarrow (i < n) \rightarrow A$$

[1 mark]

(ii) Given the two following Agda declarations:

$$\text{zip} : \forall\{A : \text{Set}\}\{B : \text{Set}\}\{n : \text{Nat}\} \rightarrow \\ (\text{Vec } A \ n \times \text{Vec } B \ n) \rightarrow \text{Vec } (A \times B) \ n$$

$$\text{unzip} : \forall\{A : \text{Set}\}\{B : \text{Set}\}\{n : \text{Nat}\} \rightarrow \\ \text{Vec } (A \times B) \ n \rightarrow \text{Vec } A \ n \times \text{Vec } B \ n$$

Write a type expressing that `unzip` followed by `zip` is the identity.

[2 marks]