

5 Programming in C and C++ (djg11)

- (a) A FIFO is implemented in C using a singly-linked list that maintains global head and tail pointers. These are initialised to represent the empty FIFO as follows:

```
struct fifo_entry *head_ptr = 0;
struct fifo_entry **tail_ptr = &head_ptr;
```

The entries in the FIFO use a union to store either an integer or a double-precision floating point number. A further field records which is stored. Give syntactically-accurate C code that defines `fifo_entry` and either a function `enqueue_int` or a function `enqueue_double` enqueueing a new value into the FIFO. [5 marks]

- (b) To avoid repetitive reallocation of memory, suppose now that FIFO entries that are no longer in use are to be saved in an auxiliary linked list. Give syntactically-accurate code that implements this approach and then discuss two other approaches for store management. [5 marks]

- (c) The C code in part (a) suffers from a lack of encapsulation – variables like `head_ptr` are visible to the the rest of the program. Write C++ defining a `class FIFO` which maintains a single FIFO implemented using elements `fifo_entry` as defined in your answer above, but which only exports member functions `enqueue_int`, `enqueue_double`, `isempty` and

```
void dequeue(void do_I(int), void do_D(double));
```

It should not be possible to create an instance of `class FIFO` and storage allocation/deallocation should use C++ mechanisms rather than those of C. Your C++ is not required to be syntactically accurate, but should capture the main concepts. It is not necessary to give full code for the above four member functions – focusing on allocation and deallocation of `fifo_entry` elements suffices. [Note: `do_I` and `do_D` are user-provided processing functions to be applied to the dequeued value.] [6 marks]

- (d) The following lines approximate (e.g. omitting access qualifiers) analogous generic/templated class definitions in Java and C++. Explain which types X are valid for use in `Gen<X>` and `Tem<X>`.

```
[Java]: class Gen<T> { T v; Gen() { v = 1; } };
[C++]: template<typename T> class Tem { T v; Tem() { v = 1; } };
```

[4 marks]