

7 Discrete Mathematics (MPF)

(a) Let  $\mathbb{N}_{\geq 2} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{k \in \mathbb{N} \mid k \geq 2\}$ .

Without using the Fundamental Theorem of Arithmetic, prove that for all positive integers  $m$  and  $n$ ,

$$\gcd(m, n) = 1 \iff \neg(\exists k \in \mathbb{N}_{\geq 2}. k \mid m \wedge k \mid n)$$

You may use any other standard results provided that you state them clearly. [6 marks]

(b) Recall that, for  $i, j \in \mathbb{N}$ ,

$$\binom{i}{j} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \begin{cases} 0 & , \text{ if } i < j \\ \frac{i!}{j!(i-j)!} & , \text{ if } i \geq j \end{cases}$$

(i) Show that for all  $m < l$  in  $\mathbb{N}$ ,

$$\binom{l}{m+1} + \binom{l}{m} = \binom{l+1}{m+1}$$

[2 marks]

(ii) Prove that

$$\forall n \in \mathbb{N}. \forall m \in \mathbb{N}. 0 \leq m \leq n \implies \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{k}{m} = \binom{n+1}{m+1}$$

[6 marks]

(c) Let  $U$  be a set and let  $F : \mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathcal{P}(U)$  be a function such that for all  $i, i', j, j' \in \mathbb{N}$ , if  $i \leq i'$  and  $j \leq j'$  then  $F(i, j) \subseteq F(i', j')$  in  $\mathcal{P}(U)$ .

Prove that

$$\bigcup_{i \in \mathbb{N}} \left( \bigcup_{j \in \mathbb{N}} F(i, j) \right) = \bigcup_{k \in \mathbb{N}} F(k, k)$$

(Recall that  $x \in \bigcup_{l \in L} X_l \iff \exists l \in L. x \in X_l$ .) [6 marks]