

## 2010 Paper 2 Question 6

### Discrete Mathematics II

A preorder  $(E, \lesssim)$  consists of a set  $E$  on which there is a binary relation  $\lesssim$  which is reflexive and transitive.

(a) A subset  $x \subseteq E$  is *down-closed* iff

$$\forall e, e' \in E. e \in x \ \& \ e' \lesssim e \Rightarrow e' \in x$$

Write  $\mathcal{D}(E)$  for the set of all down-closed subsets of  $E$ .

Show that

(i)  $\emptyset \in \mathcal{D}(E)$ , and [1 mark]

(ii) if  $X \subseteq \mathcal{D}(E)$  then  $\bigcup X \in \mathcal{D}(E)$ . [3 marks]

[Recall  $\bigcup X =_{\text{def}} \{e \in E \mid \exists x \in X. e \in x\}$ .]

(b) An element  $p \in \mathcal{D}(E)$  is said to be a *complete prime* iff

$$\forall X \subseteq \mathcal{D}(E). p \subseteq \bigcup X \Rightarrow \exists x \in X. p \subseteq x$$

For  $e \in E$ , define  $[e]$  to be the down-closed set  $\{e' \in E \mid e' \lesssim e\}$ .

(i) Is  $\emptyset$  a complete prime? Justify your answer. [3 marks]

(ii) Show for all  $x \in \mathcal{D}(E)$  that

$$x = \bigcup \{[e] \mid e \in x\}$$

[3 marks]

(c) For  $x \in \mathcal{D}(E)$ , show that  $x$  is a complete prime iff  $x = [e]$  for some  $e \in E$ . [Remember to show both directions of the “iff”.] [6 marks]

(d) For  $x \in \mathcal{D}(E)$ , define

$$N(x) = \bigcup \{w \in \mathcal{D}(E) \mid w \cap x = \emptyset\}$$

Show, for  $e \in E$ , that

$$e \in N(x) \text{ iff } \forall e' \lesssim e. e' \notin x$$

[4 marks]