

## 2000 Paper 6 Question 12

### Complexity Theory

State the hierarchy theorems for time and space. [4 marks]

A linear time reduction from a language  $L_1$  to  $L_2$  is a reduction that can be computed by a deterministic Turing machine in time  $O(n)$ .

A class of languages  $\mathcal{C}$  is closed under linear time reductions if whenever  $L_2 \in \mathcal{C}$  and  $L_1$  is linear-time reducible to  $L_2$ , then  $L_1 \in \mathcal{C}$ .

For *each* of the following complexity classes (a) to (d), say

- whether it is closed under linear time reductions
- whether it contains problems that are complete under linear time reductions

Give full justification for your answers.

(a) DSPACE( $n^2$ ) [4 marks]

(b) L [4 marks]

(c) P [4 marks]

(d) NP [4 marks]