

# 1999 Paper 8 Question 1

## Distributed Systems

A distributed database is modelled as distributed persistent objects. Each transaction is submitted to a single node which assumes the role of coordinator, responsible for managing and committing the transaction.

- (a) Outline how each of the following approaches to concurrency control is implemented for distributed objects:
- (i) strict two-phase locking [4 marks]
  - (ii) strict timestamp ordering [4 marks]
  - (iii) optimistic concurrency control [4 marks]
- (b) Explain how atomic commitment of transactions is achieved in a system employing *one* of the above methods of concurrency control. [8 marks]