

## 1993 Paper 11 Question 2

### Common Lisp

You are asked by your manager to write a Lisp macro, `itercall`. Evaluating `(itercall F E)` evaluates  $E$ , which is expected to yield a non-negative integer  $n$ . It then executes the function calls  $(F\ 1)$ ,  $\dots$ ,  $(F\ n)$  in succession, and returns `nil`.

(a) Your first version of the macro expands to a loop, which uses the symbol `i` as an index variable and the symbol `n` to store the initial value of  $E$ . Present the code for this version. [5 marks]

(b) Your manager complains that the function

```
(defun test1 (i) (itercall (lambda (x) (print (cons x i))) 10))
```

does not work as expected. Explain the problem and suggest how to fix it by modifying the macro. [4 marks]

(c) Your manager requests a final modification: `(itercall F E)` should generate straight-line code instead of a loop provided  $E$  is an integer constant less than twenty. Present the code for this version. Will it run faster than the previous versions? [11 marks]

Note: `(integerp x)` tests whether  $x$  is an integer. Each time `(gensym)` is called, it returns a new symbol not previously used in the Lisp system.