

# COMPUTER SCIENCE TRIPOS Part IA – 2015 – Paper 1

## 1 Foundations of Computer Science (LCP)

*This question has been translated from Standard ML to OCaml*

- (a) Write brief notes about a tree representation of functional arrays, subscripted by positive integers according to their representation in binary notation. How efficient are the lookup and update operations? [6 marks]
- (b) Write an OCaml function `arrayoflist` to convert the list  $[x_1; \dots; x_n]$  to the corresponding functional array having  $x_i$  at subscript position  $i$  for  $i = 1, \dots, n$ . Your function should not call the update operation. [6 marks]
- (c) Consider the task of finding out which elements of an array satisfy the predicate `p`, returning the corresponding subscript positions as a list. For example, the list `[2; 3; 6]` indicates that these three designated array elements, and no others, satisfy `p`. Write an OCaml functional to do this for a given array and predicate, returning the subscripts in increasing order. [8 marks]

All OCaml code must be explained clearly and should be free of needless complexity.