

# Motion Modeling

## Cengiz Öztireli

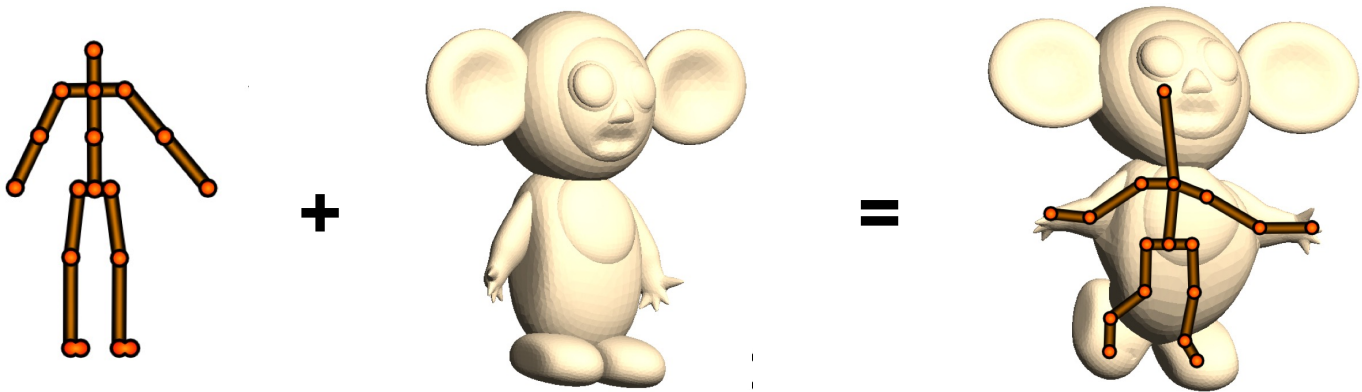




# Modeling Human Motion

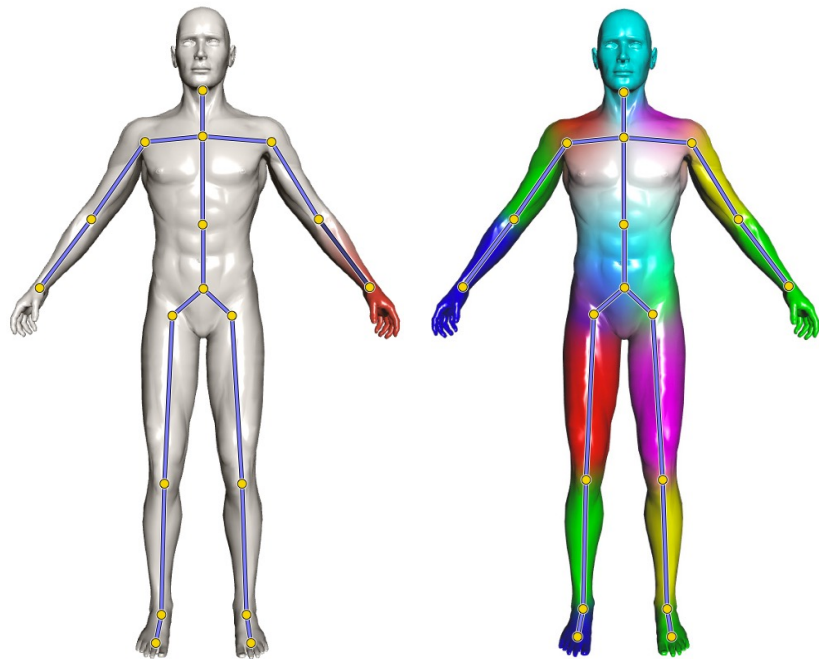
# Articulated Motion

- Rigging
  - Attaching a skeleton to a model
  - Skeleton is key-framed to move the model



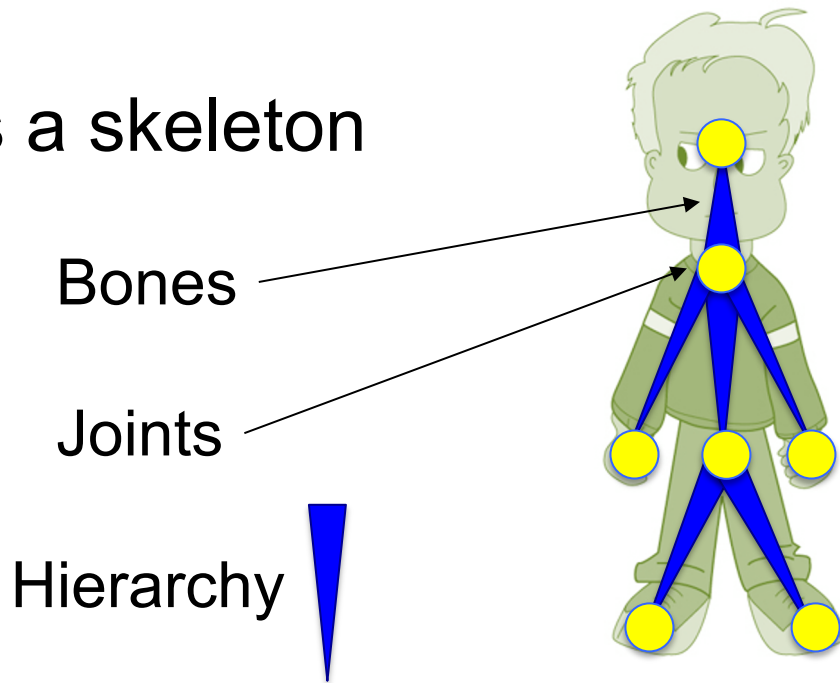
# Articulated Motion

- Rigging
  - Embed the skeleton
  - Attach the bones to the model



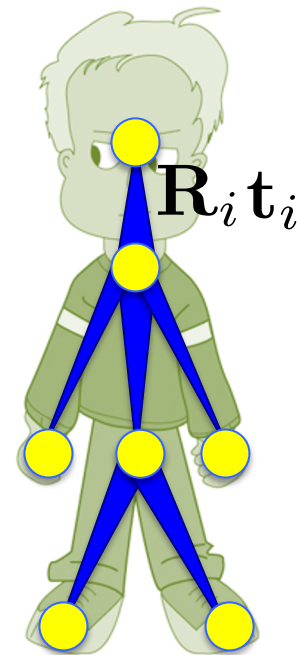
# Articulated Motion

- Rigging
  - What is a skeleton



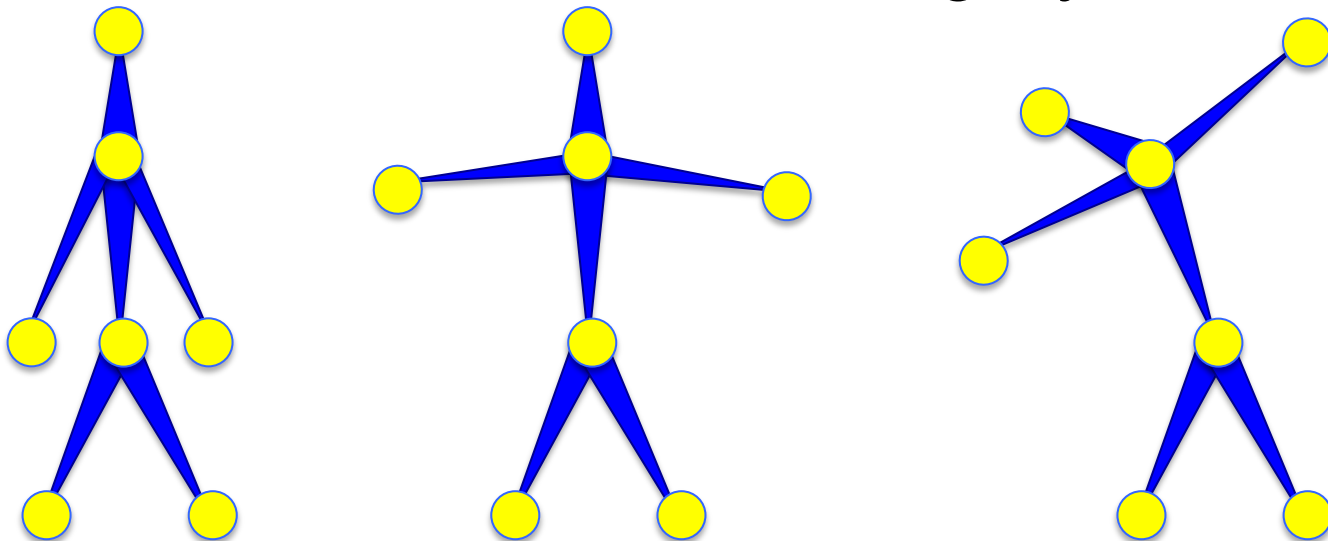
# Articulated Motion

- Rigging
  - What is stored in a skeleton
    - Rigid transformations
    - On bones or joints
    - Bones can be transformed rigidly



# Articulated Motion

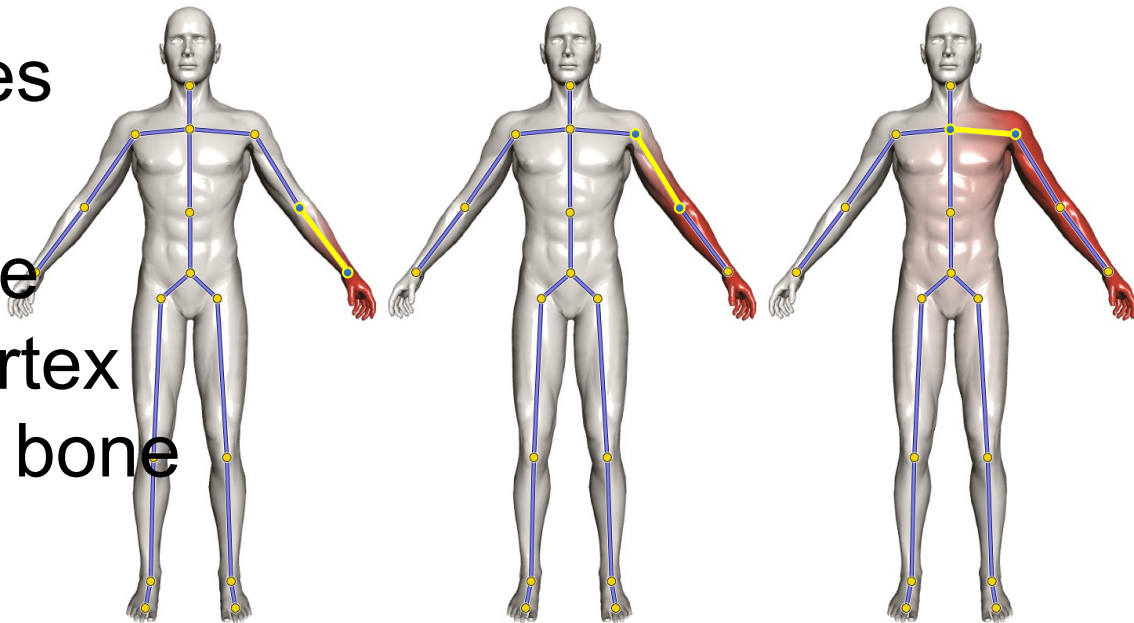
- Rigging
  - Bones can be transformed rigidly



# Articulated Motion

- Rigging

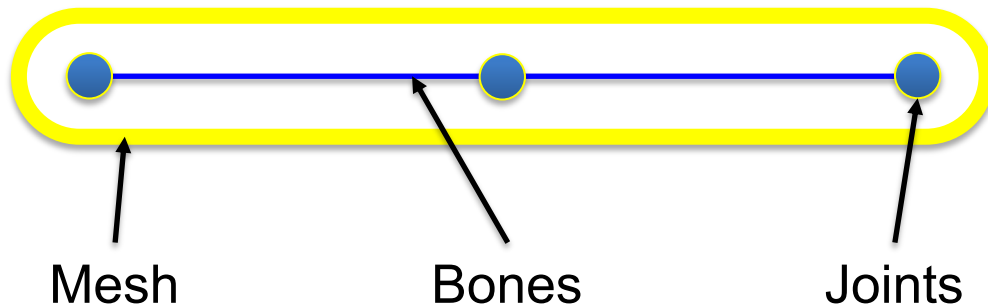
- Attach the bones to the model
- Weights indicate how much a vertex is effected by a bone





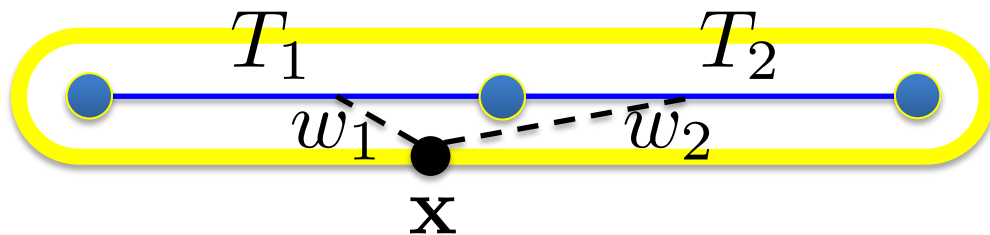
# Articulated Motion

- Rigging
  - Attach the bones to the model



# Articulated Motion

- Rigging
  - Attach the bones to the model



$$T(\mathbf{x}) = \text{avg}(T_1, T_2, w_1, w_2)$$

# Articulated Motion

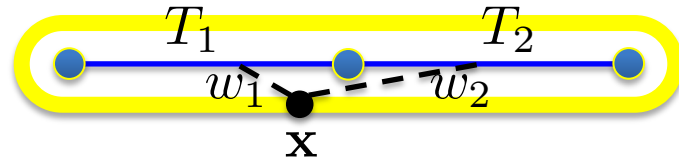
- Rigging
  - How to blend (average) transformations

## Linear Blend Skinning

Represent  $T_i$  with  $\mathbf{T}_i$   
in homogenous coordinates

$$\mathbf{T}(\mathbf{x}) = w_1(\mathbf{x})\mathbf{T}_1 + w_2(\mathbf{x})\mathbf{T}_2$$

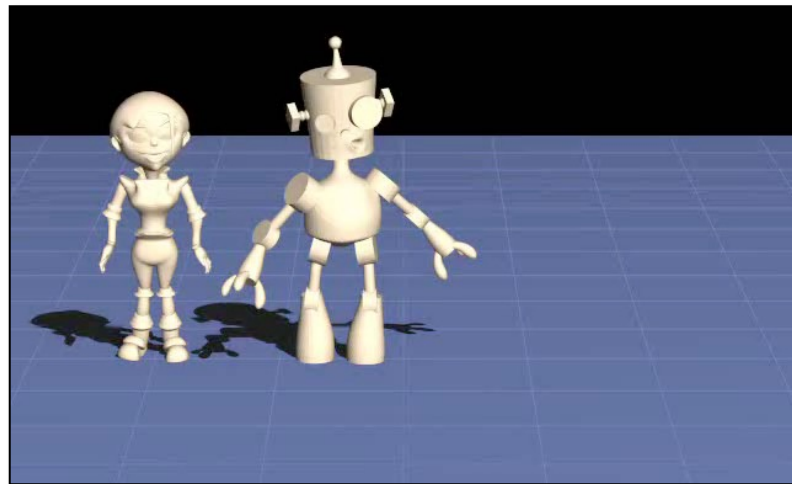
$$\mathbf{x}' = \mathbf{T}(\mathbf{x})\mathbf{x}$$



$$T(\mathbf{x}) = \text{avg}(T_1, T_2, w_1, w_2)$$

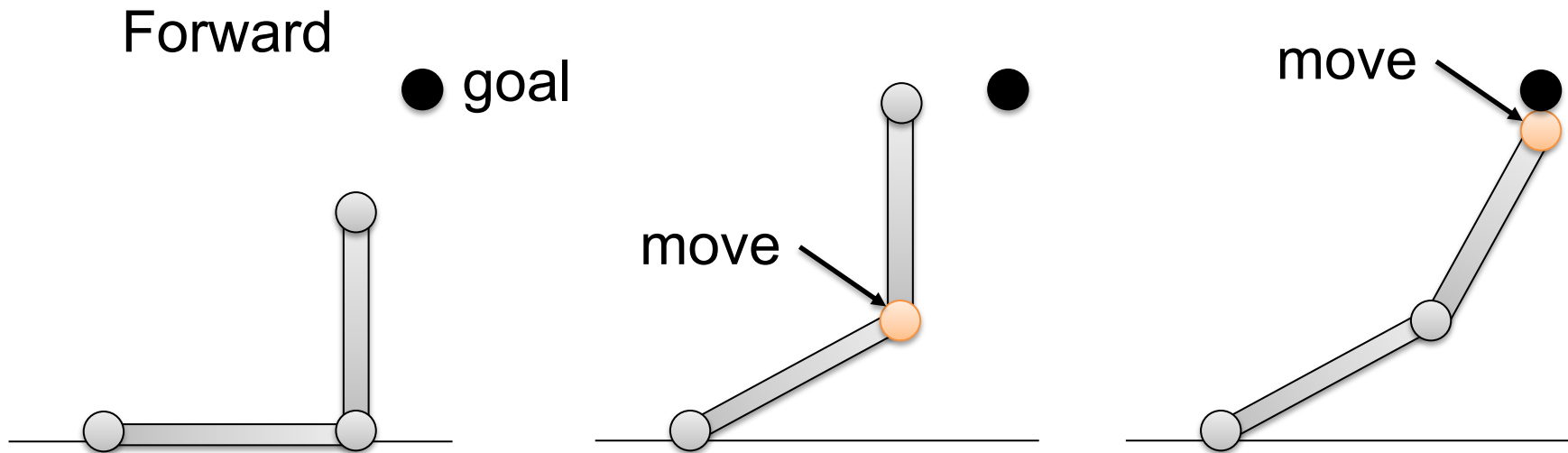
# Articulated Motion

- Rigging
    - How to blend (average) transformations
- Linear Blend Skinning



# Articulated Motion

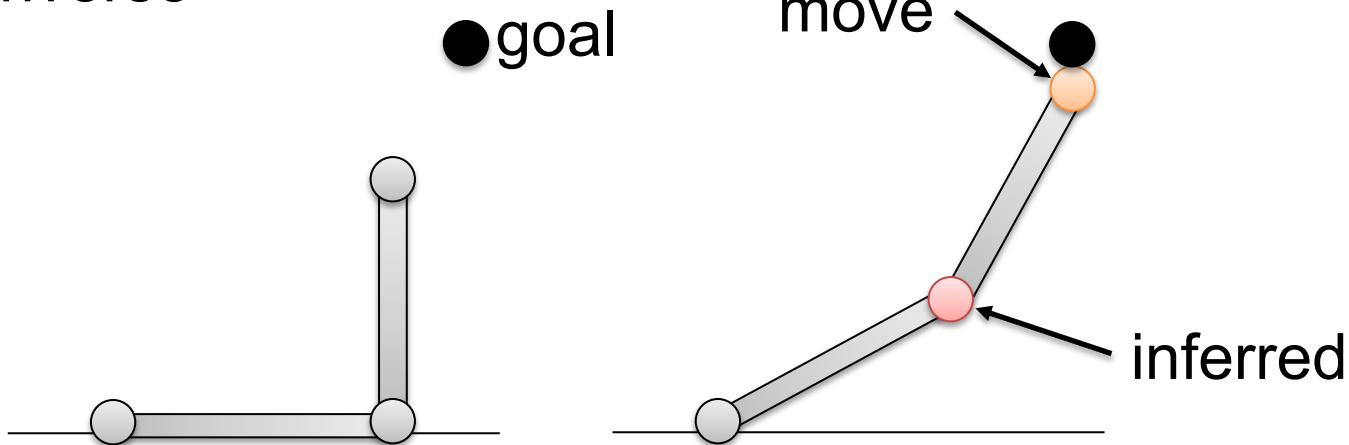
- Forward vs. inverse kinematics



# Articulated Motion

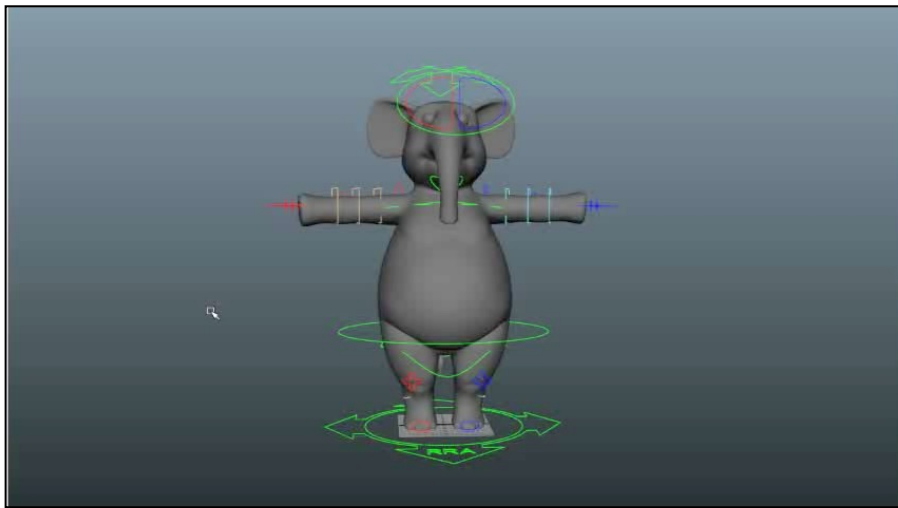
- Forward vs. inverse kinematics

Inverse



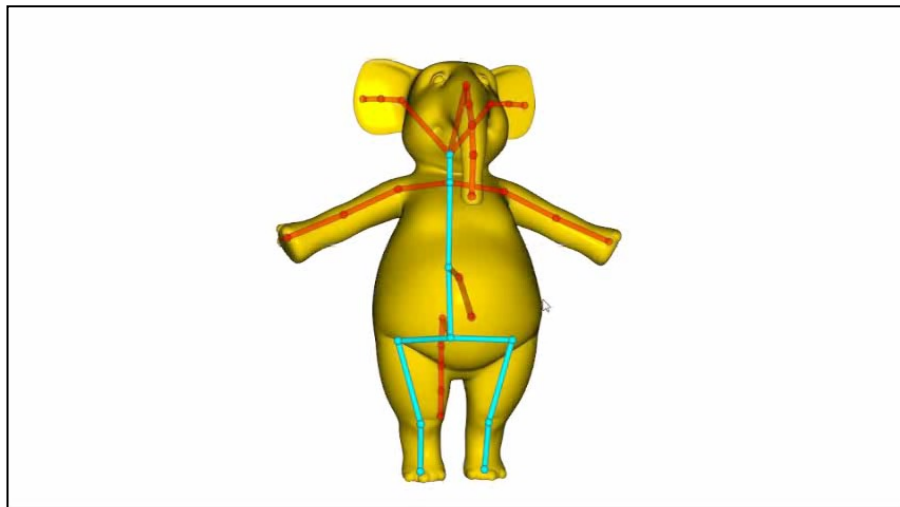
# Articulated Motion

- Controllers
  - Classical controllers e.g. in Autodesk Maya



# Articulated Motion

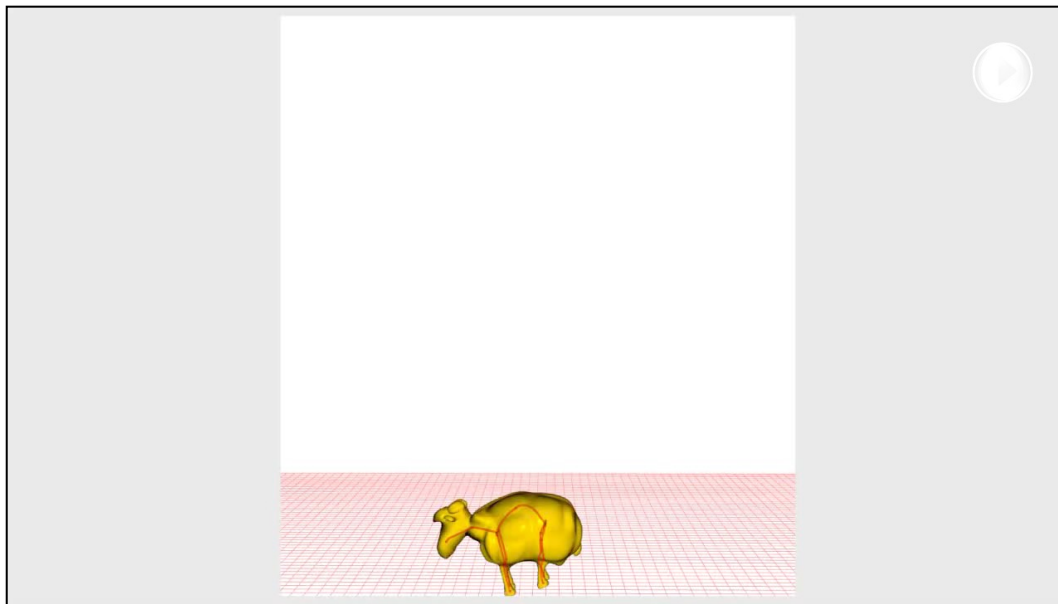
- Controllers
  - Sketch-based controllers





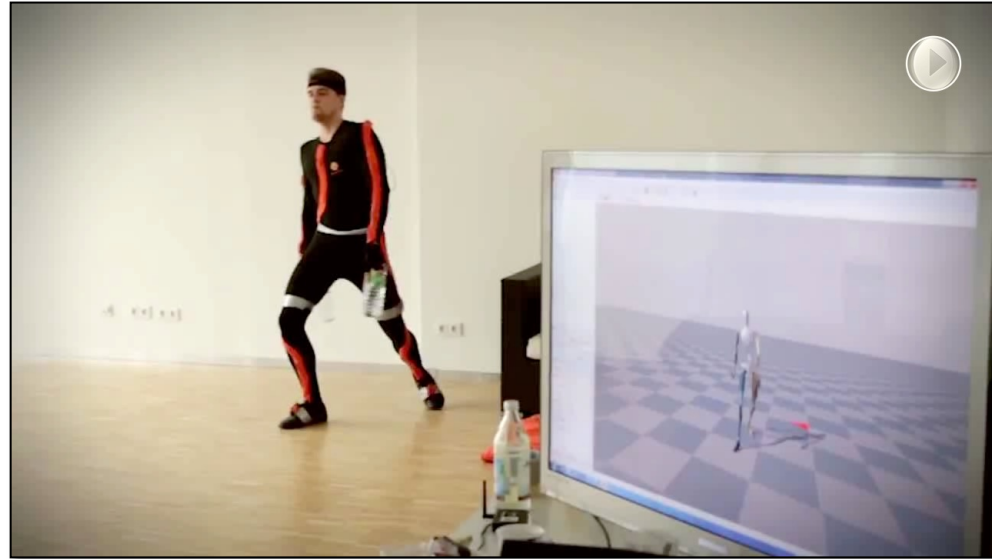
# Articulated Motion

- Key-framing controllers



# Motion Capture

- Special suits with markers
- Controlled
  - Lighting
  - Cameras
- Track markers
- Real-time monitoring

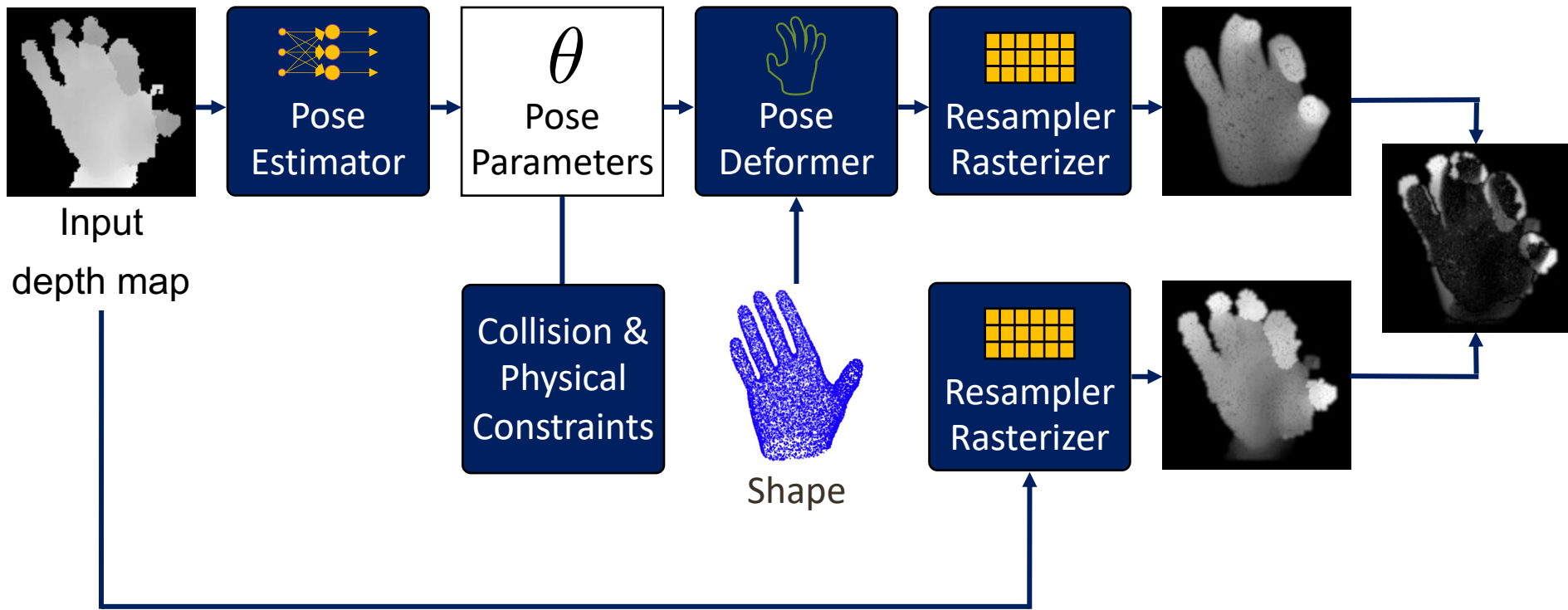


# Motion Capture

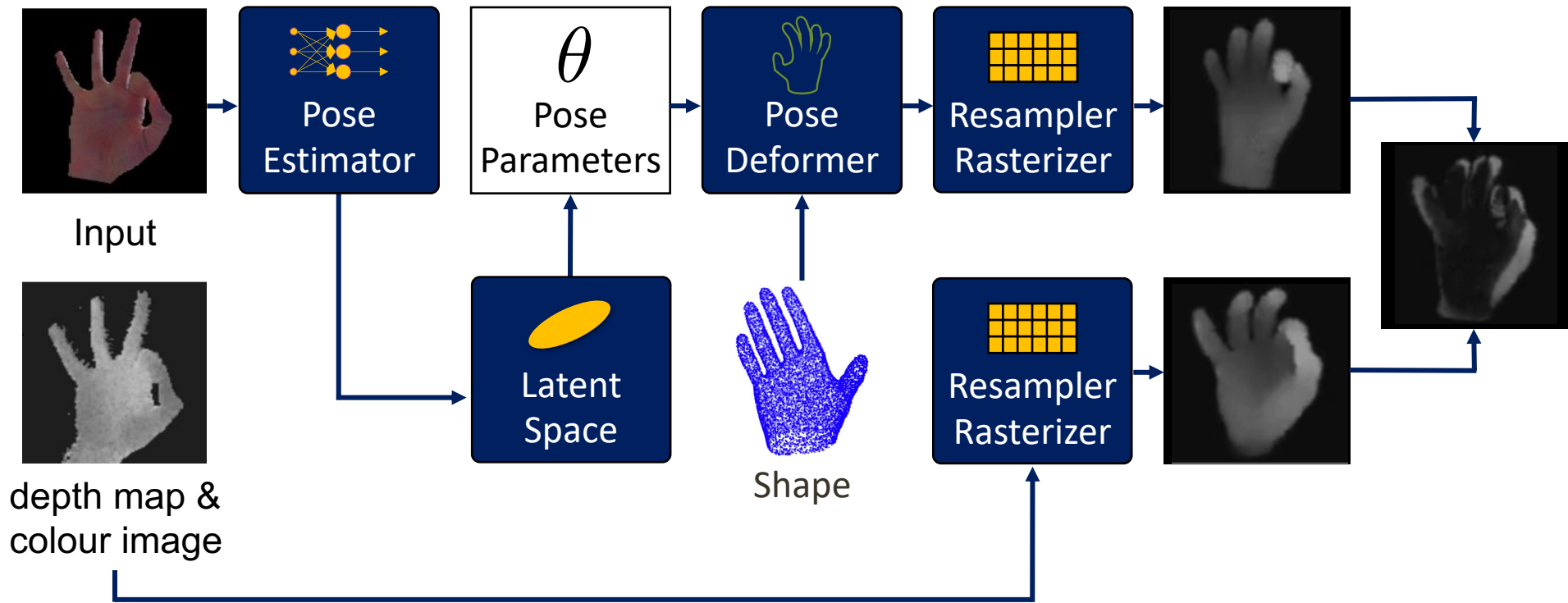
- Motion capture



# Motion Estimation



# Motion Estimation



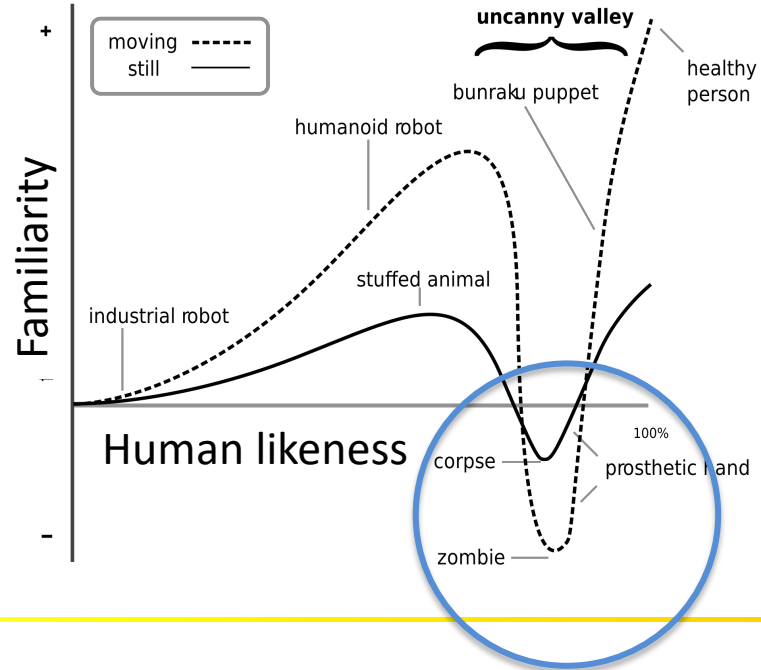
# Facial Motion

- Face is the most delicate part of a character
- Hard not to fall into the uncanny valley



# Facial Motion

- The uncanny valley: don't fall into it



# Facial Motion

- How can we control facial animation
- Blendshapes
  - Provides a linear space of facial expressions

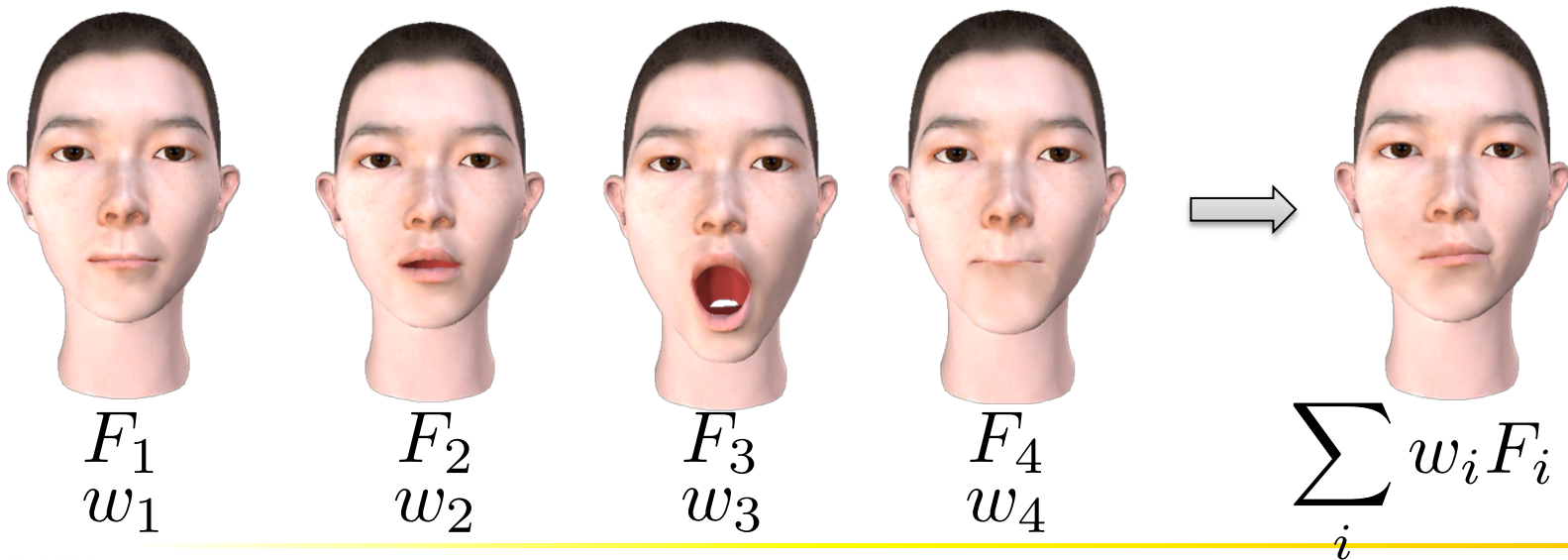




# Facial Motion

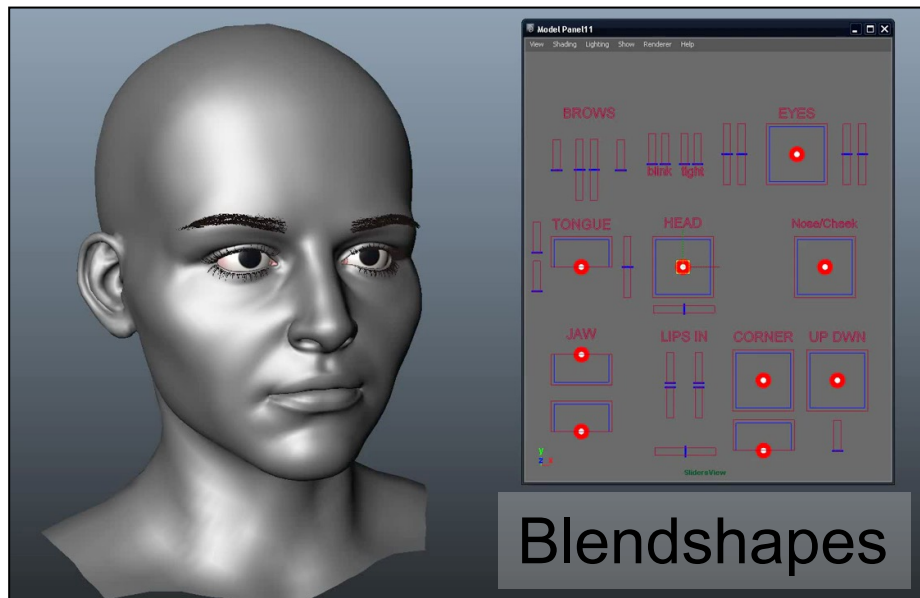
- How can we control facial animation

Blendshapes



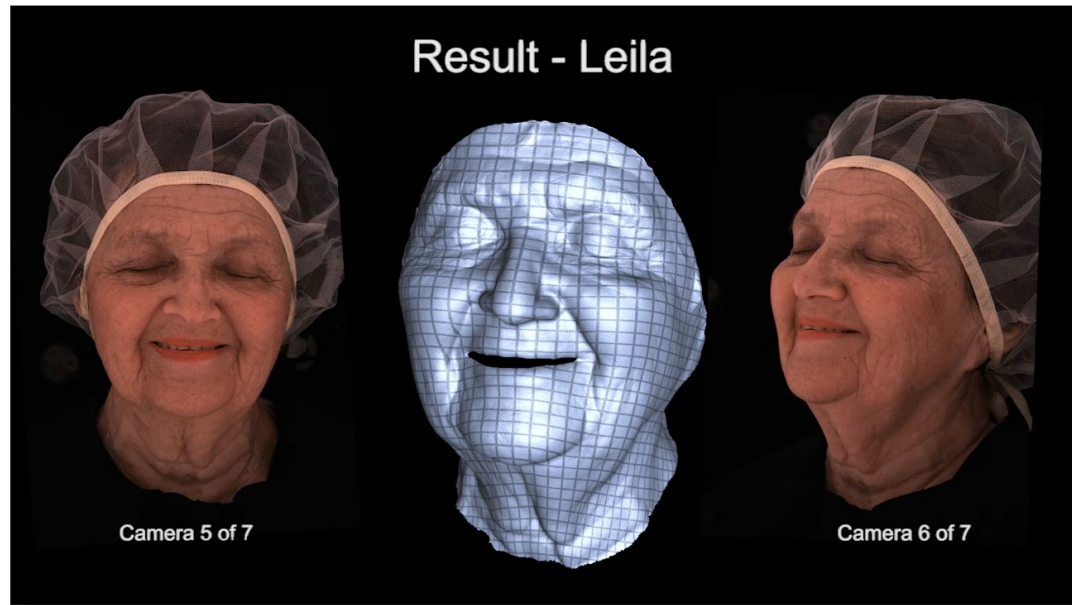
# Facial Motion

- How can we control facial animation



# Facial Motion Capture

- Fine scale details
  - Solution:  
Capture



# Facial Motion Capture

- Fine scale details
  - Solution:  
Capture
  - Use as examples to define shape spaces, e.g. with blendshapes

