

Equivalents of the Axiom of Choice

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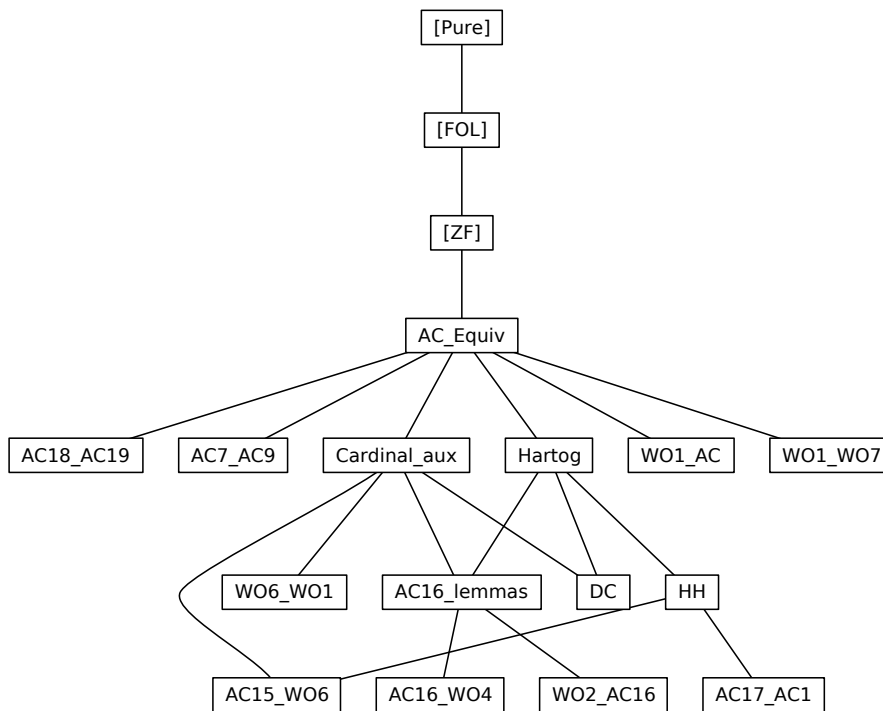
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Abstract

This development [1] proves the equivalence of seven formulations of the well-ordering theorem and twenty formulations of the axiom of choice. It formalizes the first two chapters of the monograph *Equivalents of the Axiom of Choice* by Rubin and Rubin [2]. Some of this material involves extremely complex techniques.

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```

theory AC_Equiv
imports ZF
begin

```

definition

```
"W01 ≡ ∀A. ∃R. well_ord(A,R)"
```

definition

```
"W02 ≡ ∀A. ∃a. Ord(a) ∧ A≈a"
```

definition

```
"W03 ≡ ∀A. ∃a. Ord(a) ∧ (∃b. b ⊆ a ∧ A≈b)"
```

definition

```
"W04(m) ≡ ∀A. ∃a f. Ord(a) ∧ domain(f)=a ∧
(⋃ b<a. f`b) = A ∧ (∀b<a. f`b ≲ m)"
```

definition

```
"W05 ≡ ∃m ∈ nat. 1≤m ∧ W04(m)"
```

definition

```
"W06 ≡ ∀A. ∃m ∈ nat. 1≤m ∧ (∃a f. Ord(a) ∧ domain(f)=a
∧ (⋃ b<a. f`b) = A ∧ (∀b<a. f`b ≲ m))"
```

definition

```
"W07 ≡ ∀A. Finite(A) ↔ (∀R. well_ord(A,R) → well_ord(A,converse(R)))"
```

definition

```
"W08 ≡ ∀A. (∃f. f ∈ (⋀ X ∈ A. X)) → (∃R. well_ord(A,R))"
```

definition

```
pairwise_disjoint :: "i ⇒ o" where
"pairwise_disjoint(A) ≡ ∀A1 ∈ A. ∀A2 ∈ A. A1 ∩ A2 ≠ 0 → A1=A2"
```

definition

```
sets_of_size_between :: "[i, i, i] ⇒ o" where
"sets_of_size_between(A,m,n) ≡ ∀B ∈ A. m ≲ B ∧ B ≲ n"
```

definition

```
"AC0 ≡ ∀A. ∃f. f ∈ (⋀ X ∈ Pow(A)-{0}. X)"
```

definition

$$"AC1 \equiv \forall A. 0 \notin A \longrightarrow (\exists f. f \in (\prod X \in A. X))"$$

definition

$$"AC2 \equiv \forall A. 0 \notin A \wedge \text{pairwise_disjoint}(A) \\ \longrightarrow (\exists C. \forall B \in A. \exists y. B \cap C = \{y\})"$$

definition

$$"AC3 \equiv \forall A B. \forall f \in A \rightarrow B. \exists g. g \in (\prod x \in \{a \in A. f'a \neq 0\}. f'x)"$$

definition

$$"AC4 \equiv \forall R A B. (R \subseteq A * B \longrightarrow (\exists f. f \in (\prod x \in \text{domain}(R). R'\{x\})))"$$

definition

$$"AC5 \equiv \forall A B. \forall f \in A \rightarrow B. \exists g \in \text{range}(f) \rightarrow A. \forall x \in \text{domain}(g). f'(g'x) = x"$$

definition

$$"AC6 \equiv \forall A. 0 \notin A \longrightarrow (\prod B \in A. B) \neq 0"$$

definition

$$"AC7 \equiv \forall A. 0 \notin A \wedge (\forall B1 \in A. \forall B2 \in A. B1 \approx B2) \longrightarrow (\prod B \in A. B) \neq 0"$$

definition

$$"AC8 \equiv \forall A. (\forall B \in A. \exists B1 B2. B = \langle B1, B2 \rangle \wedge B1 \approx B2) \\ \longrightarrow (\exists f. \forall B \in A. f'B \in \text{bij}(\text{fst}(B), \text{snd}(B)))"$$

definition

$$"AC9 \equiv \forall A. (\forall B1 \in A. \forall B2 \in A. B1 \approx B2) \longrightarrow \\ (\exists f. \forall B1 \in A. \forall B2 \in A. f'\langle B1, B2 \rangle \in \text{bij}(B1, B2))"$$

definition

$$"AC10(n) \equiv \forall A. (\forall B \in A. \neg \text{Finite}(B)) \longrightarrow \\ (\exists f. \forall B \in A. (\text{pairwise_disjoint}(f'B) \wedge \\ \text{sets_of_size_between}(f'B, 2, \text{succ}(n)) \wedge \bigcup (f'B) = B))"$$

definition

$$"AC11 \equiv \exists n \in \text{nat}. 1 \leq n \wedge AC10(n)"$$

definition

$$"AC12 \equiv \forall A. (\forall B \in A. \neg \text{Finite}(B)) \longrightarrow \\ (\exists n \in \text{nat}. 1 \leq n \wedge (\exists f. \forall B \in A. (\text{pairwise_disjoint}(f'B) \\ \wedge \\ \text{sets_of_size_between}(f'B, 2, \text{succ}(n)) \wedge \bigcup (f'B) = B)))"$$

definition

$$"AC13(m) \equiv \forall A. 0 \notin A \longrightarrow (\exists f. \forall B \in A. f'B \neq 0 \wedge f'B \subseteq B \wedge f'B \lesssim m)"$$

definition

"AC14 $\equiv \exists m \in \text{nat}. 1 \leq m \wedge \text{AC13}(m)$ "

definition

"AC15 $\equiv \forall A. 0 \notin A \longrightarrow$
 $(\exists m \in \text{nat}. 1 \leq m \wedge (\exists f. \forall B \in A. f'B \neq 0 \wedge f'B \subseteq B \wedge$
 $f'B \lesssim m))$ "

definition

"AC16(n, k) \equiv
 $\forall A. \neg \text{Finite}(A) \longrightarrow$
 $(\exists T. T \subseteq \{X \in \text{Pow}(A). X \approx \text{succ}(n)\} \wedge$
 $(\forall X \in \{X \in \text{Pow}(A). X \approx \text{succ}(k)\}. \exists ! Y. Y \in T \wedge X \subseteq Y))$ "

definition

"AC17 $\equiv \forall A. \forall g \in (\text{Pow}(A) - \{0\} \rightarrow A) \rightarrow \text{Pow}(A) - \{0\}.$
 $\exists f \in \text{Pow}(A) - \{0\} \rightarrow A. f'(g'f) \in g'f$ "

locale AC18 =

assumes AC18: " $A \neq 0 \wedge (\forall a \in A. B(a) \neq 0) \longrightarrow$
 $((\bigcap a \in A. \bigcup b \in B(a). X(a, b)) =$
 $(\bigcup f \in \prod a \in A. B(a). \bigcap a \in A. X(a, f'a)))$ "
— AC18 cannot be expressed within the object-logic

definition

"AC19 $\equiv \forall A. A \neq 0 \wedge 0 \notin A \longrightarrow ((\bigcap a \in A. \bigcup b \in a. b) =$
 $(\bigcup f \in (\prod B \in A. B). \bigcap a \in A. f'a))$ "

lemma rvimage_id: " $\text{rvimage}(A, \text{id}(A), r) = r \cap A*A$ "

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma ordertype_Int:

" $\text{well_ord}(A, r) \implies \text{ordertype}(A, r \cap A*A) = \text{ordertype}(A, r)$ "

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma lam_sing_bij: " $(\lambda x \in A. \{x\}) \in \text{bij}(A, \{\{x\}. x \in A\})$ "

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma inj_strengthen_type:

" $\llbracket f \in \text{inj}(A, B); \bigwedge a. a \in A \implies f'a \in C \rrbracket \implies f \in \text{inj}(A, C)$ "

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *ex1_two_eq*: " $\llbracket \exists ! x. P(x); P(x); P(y) \rrbracket \implies x=y$ "
<proof>

lemma *first_in_B*:
" $\llbracket \text{well_ord}(\bigcup(A), r); 0 \notin A; B \in A \rrbracket \implies (\text{THE } b. \text{first}(b, B, r)) \in B$ "
<proof>

lemma *ex_choice_fun*: " $\llbracket \text{well_ord}(\bigcup(A), R); 0 \notin A \rrbracket \implies \exists f. f \in (\prod X \in A. X)$ "
<proof>

lemma *ex_choice_fun_Pow*: " $\text{well_ord}(A, R) \implies \exists f. f \in (\prod X \in \text{Pow}(A) - \{0\}. X)$ "
<proof>

lemma *lepoll_m_imp_domain_lepoll_m*:
" $\llbracket m \in \text{nat}; u \lesssim m \rrbracket \implies \text{domain}(u) \lesssim m$ "
<proof>

lemma *rel_domain_ex1*:
" $\llbracket \text{succ}(m) \lesssim \text{domain}(r); r \lesssim \text{succ}(m); m \in \text{nat} \rrbracket \implies \text{function}(r)$ "
<proof>

lemma *rel_is_fun*:
" $\llbracket \text{succ}(m) \lesssim \text{domain}(r); r \lesssim \text{succ}(m); m \in \text{nat}; r \subseteq A * B; A = \text{domain}(r) \rrbracket \implies r \in A \rightarrow B$ "
<proof>

end

theory *Cardinal_aux* imports *AC_Equiv* begin

lemma *Diff_lepoll*: " $\llbracket A \lesssim \text{succ}(m); B \subseteq A; B \neq 0 \rrbracket \implies A - B \lesssim m$ "
 <proof>

lemma *lepoll_imp_ex_le_eqpoll*:
 " $\llbracket A \lesssim i; \text{Ord}(i) \rrbracket \implies \exists j. j \leq i \wedge A \approx j$ "
 <proof>

lemma *lesspoll_imp_ex_lt_eqpoll*:
 " $\llbracket A < i; \text{Ord}(i) \rrbracket \implies \exists j. j < i \wedge A \approx j$ "
 <proof>

lemma *Un_eqpoll_Inf_Ord*:
 assumes *A*: " $A \approx i$ " and *B*: " $B \approx i$ " and *NFI*: " $\neg \text{Finite}(i)$ " and *i*:
 " $\text{Ord}(i)$ "
 shows " $A \cup B \approx i$ "
 <proof>

schematic_goal *paired_bij*: " $?f \in \text{bij}(\{\{y, z\}. y \in x\}, x)$ "
 <proof>

lemma *paired_eqpoll*: " $\{\{y, z\}. y \in x\} \approx x$ "
 <proof>

lemma *ex_eqpoll_disjoint*: " $\exists B. B \approx A \wedge B \cap C = 0$ "
 <proof>

lemma *Un_lepoll_Inf_Ord*:
 " $\llbracket A \lesssim i; B \lesssim i; \neg \text{Finite}(i); \text{Ord}(i) \rrbracket \implies A \cup B \lesssim i$ "
 <proof>

lemma *Least_in_Ord*: " $\llbracket P(i); i \in j; \text{Ord}(j) \rrbracket \implies (\mu i. P(i)) \in j$ "
 <proof>

lemma *Diff_first_lepoll*:
 " $\llbracket \text{well_ord}(x, r); y \subseteq x; y \lesssim \text{succ}(n); n \in \text{nat} \rrbracket$
 $\implies y - \{\text{THE } b. \text{first}(b, y, r)\} \lesssim n$ "
 <proof>

```

lemma UN_subset_split:
  " $(\bigcup x \in X. P(x)) \subseteq (\bigcup x \in X. P(x) - Q(x)) \cup (\bigcup x \in X. Q(x))$ "
  <proof>

lemma UN_sing_lepoll: " $Ord(a) \implies (\bigcup x \in a. \{P(x)\}) \lesssim a$ "
  <proof>

lemma UN_fun_lepoll_lemma [rule_format]:
  "[ $well\_ord(T, R); \neg Finite(a); Ord(a); n \in nat$ ]"
   $\implies \forall f. (\forall b \in a. f' b \lesssim n \wedge f' b \subseteq T) \longrightarrow (\bigcup b \in a. f' b) \lesssim a$ "
  <proof>

lemma UN_fun_lepoll:
  "[ $\forall b \in a. f' b \lesssim n \wedge f' b \subseteq T; well\_ord(T, R);$ "
   $\neg Finite(a); Ord(a); n \in nat$ ]"  $\implies (\bigcup b \in a. f' b) \lesssim a$ "
  <proof>

lemma UN_lepoll:
  "[ $\forall b \in a. F(b) \lesssim n \wedge F(b) \subseteq T; well\_ord(T, R);$ "
   $\neg Finite(a); Ord(a); n \in nat$ ]"
   $\implies (\bigcup b \in a. F(b)) \lesssim a$ "
  <proof>

lemma UN_eq_UN_Diffs:
  " $Ord(a) \implies (\bigcup b \in a. F(b)) = (\bigcup b \in a. F(b) - (\bigcup c \in b. F(c)))$ "
  <proof>

lemma lepoll_imp_eqpoll_subset:
  " $a \lesssim X \implies \exists Y. Y \subseteq X \wedge a \approx Y$ "
  <proof>

lemma Diff_lesspoll_eqpoll_Card_lemma:
  "[ $A \approx a; \neg Finite(a); Card(a); B \prec a; A - B \prec a$ ]"  $\implies P$ "
  <proof>

lemma Diff_lesspoll_eqpoll_Card:
  "[ $A \approx a; \neg Finite(a); Card(a); B \prec a$ ]"  $\implies A - B \approx a$ "
  <proof>

end

theory W06_W01
imports Cardinal_aux
begin

```

definition

```
NN :: "i ⇒ i" where
  "NN(y) ≡ {m ∈ nat. ∃a. ∃f. Ord(a) ∧ domain(f)=a ∧
    (⋃ b<a. f`b) = y ∧ (∀ b<a. f`b ≲ m)}"
```

definition

```
uu :: "[i, i, i, i] ⇒ i" where
  "uu(f, beta, gamma, delta) ≡ (f`beta * f`gamma) ∩ f`delta"
```

definition

```
vv1 :: "[i, i, i] ⇒ i" where
  "vv1(f,m,b) ≡
    let g = μ g. (∃ d. Ord(d) ∧ (domain(uu(f,b,g,d)) ≠ 0 ∧
      domain(uu(f,b,g,d)) ≲ m));
      d = μ d. domain(uu(f,b,g,d)) ≠ 0 ∧
        domain(uu(f,b,g,d)) ≲ m
    in if f`b ≠ 0 then domain(uu(f,b,g,d)) else 0"
```

definition

```
ww1 :: "[i, i, i] ⇒ i" where
  "ww1(f,m,b) ≡ f`b - vv1(f,m,b)"
```

definition

```
gg1 :: "[i, i, i] ⇒ i" where
  "gg1(f,a,m) ≡ λb ∈ a++a. if b<a then vv1(f,m,b) else ww1(f,m,b--a)"
```

definition

```
vv2 :: "[i, i, i, i] ⇒ i" where
  "vv2(f,b,g,s) ≡
    if f`g ≠ 0 then {uu(f, b, g, μ d. uu(f,b,g,d)) ≠ 0}`s} else
  0"
```

definition

```
ww2 :: "[i, i, i, i] ⇒ i" where
  "ww2(f,b,g,s) ≡ f`g - vv2(f,b,g,s)"
```

definition

```
gg2 :: "[i, i, i, i] ⇒ i" where
  "gg2(f,a,b,s) ≡
    λg ∈ a++a. if g<a then vv2(f,b,g,s) else ww2(f,b,g--a,s)"
```

lemma W02_W03: "W02 ⇒ W03"

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *W03_W01*: " $W03 \implies W01$ "
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *W01_W02*: " $W01 \implies W02$ "
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *lam_sets*: " $f \in A \rightarrow B \implies (\lambda x \in A. \{f'x\}): A \rightarrow \{b\}. b \in B$ "
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *surj_imp_eq'*: " $f \in \text{surj}(A,B) \implies (\bigcup a \in A. \{f'a\}) = B$ "
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *surj_imp_eq*: " $\llbracket f \in \text{surj}(A,B); \text{Ord}(A) \rrbracket \implies (\bigcup a \in A. \{f'a\}) = B$ "
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *W01_W04*: " $W01 \implies W04(1)$ "
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *W04_mono*: " $\llbracket m \leq n; W04(m) \rrbracket \implies W04(n)$ "
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *W04_W05*: " $\llbracket m \in \text{nat}; 1 \leq m; W04(m) \rrbracket \implies W05$ "
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *W05_W06*: " $W05 \implies W06$ "
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *lt_oadd_odiff_disj*:
" $\llbracket k < i++j; \text{Ord}(i); \text{Ord}(j) \rrbracket$
 $\implies k < i \mid (\neg k < i \wedge k = i ++ (k--i) \wedge (k--i) < j)$ "
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma domain_uu_subset: "domain(uu(f,b,g,d)) \subseteq f'b"
<proof>

lemma quant_domain_uu_lepoll_m:
"∀ b<a. f'b \lesssim m \implies ∀ b<a. ∀ g<a. ∀ d<a. domain(uu(f,b,g,d)) \lesssim m"
<proof>

lemma uu_subset1: "uu(f,b,g,d) \subseteq f'b * f'g"
<proof>

lemma uu_subset2: "uu(f,b,g,d) \subseteq f'd"
<proof>

lemma uu_lepoll_m: "[[∀ b<a. f'b \lesssim m; d<a]] \implies uu(f,b,g,d) \lesssim m"
<proof>

lemma cases:
"∀ b<a. ∀ g<a. ∀ d<a. u(f,b,g,d) \lesssim m
 \implies (∀ b<a. f'b \neq 0 \longrightarrow
 (∃ g<a. ∃ d<a. u(f,b,g,d) \neq 0 \wedge u(f,b,g,d) $<$ m))
| (∃ b<a. f'b \neq 0 \wedge (∀ g<a. ∀ d<a. u(f,b,g,d) \neq 0 \longrightarrow
 u(f,b,g,d) \approx m))"
<proof>

lemma UN_oadd: "Ord(a) \implies (∪ b<a++a. C(b)) = (∪ b<a. C(b) ∪ C(a++b))"
<proof>

lemma vv1_subset: "vv1(f,m,b) \subseteq f'b"
<proof>

lemma UN_gg1_eq:
 "[[Ord(a); m ∈ nat]] ⇒ (⋃ b<a++a. gg1(f,a,m)‘b) = (⋃ b<a. f‘b)"
 <proof>

lemma domain_gg1: "domain(gg1(f,a,m)) = a++a"
 <proof>

lemma nested_LeastI:
 "[[P(a, b); Ord(a); Ord(b);
 Least_a = (μ a. ∃ x. Ord(x) ∧ P(a, x))]]
 ⇒ P(Least_a, μ b. P(Least_a, b))"
 <proof>

lemmas nested_Least_instance =
 nested_LeastI [of "λg d. domain(uu(f,b,g,d)) ≠ 0 ∧
 domain(uu(f,b,g,d)) ≲ m"] for f b m

lemma gg1_lepoll_m:
 "[[Ord(a); m ∈ nat;
 ∀ b<a. f‘b ≠ 0 →
 (∃ g<a. ∃ d<a. domain(uu(f,b,g,d)) ≠ 0 ∧
 domain(uu(f,b,g,d)) ≲ m);
 ∀ b<a. f‘b ≲ succ(m); b<a++a]]
 ⇒ gg1(f,a,m)‘b ≲ m"
 <proof>

lemma ex_d_uu_not_empty:
 "[[b<a; g<a; f‘b≠0; f‘g≠0;
 y*y ⊆ y; (⋃ b<a. f‘b)=y]]
 ⇒ ∃ d<a. uu(f,b,g,d) ≠ 0"
 <proof>

lemma uu_not_empty:
 "[[b<a; g<a; f‘b≠0; f‘g≠0; y*y ⊆ y; (⋃ b<a. f‘b)=y]]

$\implies uu(f,b,g,\mu d. (uu(f,b,g,d) \neq 0)) \neq 0$
 <proof>

lemma not_empty_rel_imp_domain: " $\llbracket r \subseteq A*B; r \neq 0 \rrbracket \implies \text{domain}(r) \neq 0$ "
 <proof>

lemma Least_uu_not_empty_lt_a:
 " $\llbracket b < a; g < a; f' b \neq 0; f' g \neq 0; y*y \subseteq y; (\bigcup b < a. f' b) = y \rrbracket$
 $\implies (\mu d. uu(f,b,g,d) \neq 0) < a$ "
 <proof>

lemma subset_Diff_sing: " $\llbracket B \subseteq A; a \notin B \rrbracket \implies B \subseteq A - \{a\}$ "
 <proof>

lemma supset_lepoll_imp_eq:
 " $\llbracket A \lesssim m; m \lesssim B; B \subseteq A; m \in \text{nat} \rrbracket \implies A = B$ "
 <proof>

lemma uu_Least_is_fun:
 " $\llbracket \forall g < a. \forall d < a. \text{domain}(uu(f, b, g, d)) \neq 0 \longrightarrow$
 $\text{domain}(uu(f, b, g, d)) \approx \text{succ}(m);$
 $\forall b < a. f' b \lesssim \text{succ}(m); y*y \subseteq y;$
 $(\bigcup b < a. f' b) = y; b < a; g < a; d < a;$
 $f' b \neq 0; f' g \neq 0; m \in \text{nat}; s \in f' b \rrbracket$
 $\implies uu(f, b, g, \mu d. uu(f,b,g,d) \neq 0) \in f' b \rightarrow f' g$ "
 <proof>

lemma vv2_subset:
 " $\llbracket \forall g < a. \forall d < a. \text{domain}(uu(f, b, g, d)) \neq 0 \longrightarrow$
 $\text{domain}(uu(f, b, g, d)) \approx \text{succ}(m);$
 $\forall b < a. f' b \lesssim \text{succ}(m); y*y \subseteq y;$
 $(\bigcup b < a. f' b) = y; b < a; g < a; m \in \text{nat}; s \in f' b \rrbracket$
 $\implies vv2(f,b,g,s) \subseteq f' g$ "
 <proof>

lemma UN_gg2_eq:
 " $\llbracket \forall g < a. \forall d < a. \text{domain}(uu(f,b,g,d)) \neq 0 \longrightarrow$
 $\text{domain}(uu(f,b,g,d)) \approx \text{succ}(m);$
 $\forall b < a. f' b \lesssim \text{succ}(m); y*y \subseteq y;$
 $(\bigcup b < a. f' b) = y; \text{Ord}(a); m \in \text{nat}; s \in f' b; b < a \rrbracket$
 $\implies (\bigcup g < a ++ a. gg2(f,a,b,s) ' g) = y$ "
 <proof>

lemma domain_gg2: " $\text{domain}(gg2(f,a,b,s)) = a ++ a$ "
 <proof>

lemma *vv2_lepoll*: " $\llbracket m \in \text{nat}; m \neq 0 \rrbracket \implies \text{vv2}(f, b, g, s) \lesssim m$ "
 <proof>

lemma *ww2_lepoll*:
 " $\llbracket \forall b < a. f' b \lesssim \text{succ}(m); g < a; m \in \text{nat}; \text{vv2}(f, b, g, d) \subseteq f' g \rrbracket$
 $\implies \text{ww2}(f, b, g, d) \lesssim m$ "
 <proof>

lemma *gg2_lepoll_m*:
 " $\llbracket \forall g < a. \forall d < a. \text{domain}(\text{uu}(f, b, g, d)) \neq 0 \implies$
 $\text{domain}(\text{uu}(f, b, g, d)) \approx \text{succ}(m);$
 $\forall b < a. f' b \lesssim \text{succ}(m); y * y \subseteq y;$
 $(\bigcup b < a. f' b) = y; b < a; s \in f' b; m \in \text{nat}; m \neq 0; g < a ++ a \rrbracket$
 $\implies \text{gg2}(f, a, b, s) \text{ ' } g \lesssim m$ "
 <proof>

lemma *lemma_ii*: " $\llbracket \text{succ}(m) \in \text{NN}(y); y * y \subseteq y; m \in \text{nat}; m \neq 0 \rrbracket \implies m \in \text{NN}(y)$ "
 <proof>

lemma *z_n_subset_z_succ_n*:
 " $\forall n \in \text{nat}. \text{rec}(n, x, \lambda k r. r \cup r * r) \subseteq \text{rec}(\text{succ}(n), x, \lambda k r. r \cup r * r)$ "
 <proof>

lemma *le_subsets*:
 " $\llbracket \forall n \in \text{nat}. f(n) \leq f(\text{succ}(n)); n \leq m; n \in \text{nat}; m \in \text{nat} \rrbracket$
 $\implies f(n) \leq f(m)$ "
 <proof>

lemma *le_imp_rec_subset*:

" $\llbracket n \leq m; m \in \text{nat} \rrbracket$
 $\implies \text{rec}(n, x, \lambda k r. r \cup r*r) \subseteq \text{rec}(m, x, \lambda k r. r \cup r*r)$ "
 <proof>

lemma lemma_iv: " $\exists y. x \cup y*y \subseteq y$ "
 <proof>

lemma W06_imp_NN_not_empty: " $W06 \implies NN(y) \neq 0$ "
 <proof>

lemma lemma1:
 " $\llbracket (\bigcup b < a. f' b) = y; x \in y; \forall b < a. f' b \lesssim 1; \text{Ord}(a) \rrbracket \implies \exists c < a. f' c = \{x\}$ "
 <proof>

lemma lemma2:
 " $\llbracket (\bigcup b < a. f' b) = y; x \in y; \forall b < a. f' b \lesssim 1; \text{Ord}(a) \rrbracket$
 $\implies f' (\mu i. f' i = \{x\}) = \{x\}$ "
 <proof>

lemma NN_imp_ex_inj: " $1 \in NN(y) \implies \exists a f. \text{Ord}(a) \wedge f \in \text{inj}(y, a)$ "
 <proof>

lemma y_well_ord: " $\llbracket y*y \subseteq y; 1 \in NN(y) \rrbracket \implies \exists r. \text{well_ord}(y, r)$ "
 <proof>

lemma *rev_induct_lemma* [*rule_format*]:
 "[$n \in \text{nat}; \bigwedge m. [m \in \text{nat}; m \neq 0; P(\text{succ}(m))] \implies P(m)$]
 $\implies n \neq 0 \longrightarrow P(n) \longrightarrow P(1)$ "
 <*proof*>

lemma *rev_induct*:
 "[$n \in \text{nat}; P(n); n \neq 0;$
 $\bigwedge m. [m \in \text{nat}; m \neq 0; P(\text{succ}(m))] \implies P(m)$]
 $\implies P(1)$ "
 <*proof*>

lemma *NN_into_nat*: " $n \in \text{NN}(y) \implies n \in \text{nat}$ "
 <*proof*>

lemma *lemma3*: "[$n \in \text{NN}(y); y*y \subseteq y; n \neq 0$] $\implies 1 \in \text{NN}(y)$ "
 <*proof*>

lemma *NN_y_0*: " $0 \in \text{NN}(y) \implies y=0$ "
 <*proof*>

lemma *W06_imp_W01*: " $W06 \implies W01$ "
 <*proof*>

end

theory *W01_W07*
imports *AC_Equiv*
begin

definition
 "*LEMMA* \equiv
 $\forall X. \neg \text{Finite}(X) \longrightarrow (\exists R. \text{well_ord}(X,R) \wedge \neg \text{well_ord}(X, \text{converse}(R)))$ "

lemma *W07_iff_LEMMA*: " $W07 \longleftrightarrow \text{LEMMA}$ "
 <*proof*>

lemma *LEMMA_imp_W01*: "LEMMA \implies W01"
<proof>

lemma *converse_Memrel_not_wf_on*:
"[[Ord(a); \neg Finite(a)]] \implies \neg wf[a](converse(Memrel(a)))"
<proof>

lemma *converse_Memrel_not_well_ord*:
"[[Ord(a); \neg Finite(a)]] \implies \neg well_ord(a, converse(Memrel(a)))"
<proof>

lemma *well_ord_rvimage_ordertype*:
"well_ord(A,r) \implies
rvimage(ordertype(A,r), converse(ordermap(A,r)),r) =
Memrel(ordertype(A,r))"
<proof>

lemma *well_ord_converse_Memrel*:
"[[well_ord(A,r); well_ord(A, converse(r))]]
 \implies well_ord(ordertype(A,r), converse(Memrel(ordertype(A,r))))"
<proof>

lemma *W01_imp_LEMMA*: "W01 \implies LEMMA"
<proof>

lemma *W01_iff_W07*: "W01 \iff W07"
<proof>

lemma *W01_W08*: " $W01 \implies W08$ "
<proof>

lemma *W08_W01*: " $W08 \implies W01$ "
<proof>

end

theory *AC7_AC9*
imports *AC_Equiv*
begin

lemma *Sigma_fun_space_not0*: " $[0 \notin A; B \in A] \implies (\text{nat} \rightarrow \bigcup (A)) * B \neq 0$ "
<proof>

lemma *inj_lemma*:
" $C \in A \implies (\lambda g \in (\text{nat} \rightarrow \bigcup (A)) * C.$
 $(\lambda n \in \text{nat}. \text{if}(n=0, \text{snd}(g), \text{fst}(g) \text{'}(n \#- 1))))$
 $\in \text{inj}((\text{nat} \rightarrow \bigcup (A)) * C, (\text{nat} \rightarrow \bigcup (A)))$) "
<proof>

lemma *Sigma_fun_space_eqpoll*:
" $[C \in A; 0 \notin A] \implies (\text{nat} \rightarrow \bigcup (A)) * C \approx (\text{nat} \rightarrow \bigcup (A))$ "
<proof>

lemma *AC6_AC7*: " $AC6 \implies AC7$ "
<proof>

lemma *lemma1_1*: " $y \in (\prod B \in A. Y * B) \implies (\lambda B \in A. \text{snd}(y \text{' } B)) \in (\prod B \in$

A. B)"
<proof>

lemma lemma1_2:

" $y \in (\prod B \in \{Y * C. C \in A\}. B) \implies (\lambda B \in A. y'(Y * B)) \in (\prod B \in A. Y * B)$ "
<proof>

lemma AC7_AC6_lemma1:

" $(\prod B \in \{(\text{nat} \rightarrow \bigcup(A)) * C. C \in A\}. B) \neq 0 \implies (\prod B \in A. B) \neq 0$ "
<proof>

lemma AC7_AC6_lemma2: " $0 \notin A \implies 0 \notin \{(\text{nat} \rightarrow \bigcup(A)) * C. C \in A\}$ "
<proof>

lemma AC7_AC6: "AC7 \implies AC6"
<proof>

lemma AC1_AC8_lemma1:

" $\forall B \in A. \exists B1 B2. B = \langle B1, B2 \rangle \wedge B1 \approx B2$
 $\implies 0 \notin \{ \text{bij}(\text{fst}(B), \text{snd}(B)). B \in A \}$ "
<proof>

lemma AC1_AC8_lemma2:

" $\llbracket f \in (\prod X \in \text{RepFun}(A, p). X); D \in A \rrbracket \implies (\lambda x \in A. f'p(x))'D \in p(D)$ "
<proof>

lemma AC1_AC8: "AC1 \implies AC8"
<proof>

lemma AC8_AC9_lemma:

" $\forall B1 \in A. \forall B2 \in A. B1 \approx B2$
 $\implies \forall B \in A * A. \exists B1 B2. B = \langle B1, B2 \rangle \wedge B1 \approx B2$ "
<proof>

lemma AC8_AC9: "AC8 \implies AC9"

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *snd_lepoll_SigmaI*: " $b \in B \implies X \lesssim B \times X$ "
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *nat_lepoll_lemma*:
" $\llbracket 0 \notin A; B \in A \rrbracket \implies \text{nat} \lesssim ((\text{nat} \rightarrow \bigcup(A)) \times B) \times \text{nat}$ "
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *AC9_AC1_lemma1*:
" $\llbracket 0 \notin A; A \neq 0; C = \{((\text{nat} \rightarrow \bigcup(A)) * B) * \text{nat}. B \in A\} \cup \{\text{cons}(0, ((\text{nat} \rightarrow \bigcup(A)) * B) * \text{nat}). B \in A\}; B1 \in C; B2 \in C \rrbracket \implies B1 \approx B2$ "
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *AC9_AC1_lemma2*:
" $\forall B1 \in \{(F*B)*N. B \in A\} \cup \{\text{cons}(0, (F*B)*N). B \in A\}.$
 $\forall B2 \in \{(F*B)*N. B \in A\} \cup \{\text{cons}(0, (F*B)*N). B \in A\}.$
 $f \langle B1, B2 \rangle \in \text{bij}(B1, B2)$
 $\implies (\lambda B \in A. \text{snd}(\text{fst}(\langle f \langle \text{cons}(0, (F*B)*N \rangle, (F*B)*N \rangle \rangle '0))) \in (\prod X \in A. X)$ "
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *AC9_AC1*: " $AC9 \implies AC1$ "
 $\langle proof \rangle$

end

theory *W01_AC*
imports *AC_Equiv*
begin

theorem *W01_AC1*: " $W01 \implies AC1$ "

<proof>

lemma lemma1: " $\llbracket W01; \forall B \in A. \exists C \in D(B). P(C,B) \rrbracket \implies \exists f. \forall B \in A. P(f'B,B)$ "
<proof>

lemma lemma2_1: " $\llbracket \neg Finite(B); W01 \rrbracket \implies |B| + |B| \approx B$ "
<proof>

lemma lemma2_2:
" $f \in \text{bij}(D+D, B) \implies \{\{f'Inl(i), f'Inr(i)\}. i \in D\} \in \text{Pow}(\text{Pow}(B))$ "
<proof>

lemma lemma2_3:
" $f \in \text{bij}(D+D, B) \implies \text{pairwise_disjoint}(\{\{f'Inl(i), f'Inr(i)\}. i \in D\})$ "
<proof>

lemma lemma2_4:
" $f \in \text{bij}(D+D, B); 1 \leq n$
 $\implies \text{sets_of_size_between}(\{\{f'Inl(i), f'Inr(i)\}. i \in D\}, 2, \text{succ}(n))$ "
<proof>

lemma lemma2_5:
" $f \in \text{bij}(D+D, B) \implies \bigcup (\{\{f'Inl(i), f'Inr(i)\}. i \in D\}) = B$ "
<proof>

lemma lemma2:
" $\llbracket W01; \neg Finite(B); 1 \leq n \rrbracket$
 $\implies \exists C \in \text{Pow}(\text{Pow}(B)). \text{pairwise_disjoint}(C) \wedge$
 $\text{sets_of_size_between}(C, 2, \text{succ}(n)) \wedge$
 $\bigcup (C) = B$ "
<proof>

theorem W01_AC10: " $\llbracket W01; 1 \leq n \rrbracket \implies AC10(n)$ "
<proof>

end

theory Hartog
imports AC_Equiv
begin

definition

```

Hartog :: "i ⇒ i" where
  "Hartog(X) ≡ μ i. ¬ i ≲ X"

lemma Ords_in_set: "∀ a. Ord(a) → a ∈ X ⇒ P"
⟨proof⟩

lemma Ord_lepoll_imp_ex_well_ord:
  "[[Ord(a); a ≲ X]]
  ⇒ ∃ Y. Y ⊆ X ∧ (∃ R. well_ord(Y,R) ∧ ordertype(Y,R)=a)"
⟨proof⟩

lemma Ord_lepoll_imp_eq_ordertype:
  "[[Ord(a); a ≲ X]] ⇒ ∃ Y. Y ⊆ X ∧ (∃ R. R ⊆ X*X ∧ ordertype(Y,R)=a)"
⟨proof⟩

lemma Ords_lepoll_set_lemma:
  "(∀ a. Ord(a) → a ≲ X) ⇒
  ∀ a. Ord(a) →
  a ∈ {b. Z ∈ Pow(X)*Pow(X*X), ∃ Y R. Z=(Y,R) ∧ ordertype(Y,R)=b}"
⟨proof⟩

lemma Ords_lepoll_set: "∀ a. Ord(a) → a ≲ X ⇒ P"
⟨proof⟩

lemma ex_Ord_not_lepoll: "∃ a. Ord(a) ∧ ¬ a ≲ X"
⟨proof⟩

lemma not_Hartog_lepoll_self: "¬ Hartog(A) ≲ A"
⟨proof⟩

lemmas Hartog_lepoll_selfE = not_Hartog_lepoll_self [THEN notE]

lemma Ord_Hartog: "Ord(Hartog(A))"
⟨proof⟩

lemma less_HartogE1: "[[i < Hartog(A); ¬ i ≲ A]] ⇒ P"
⟨proof⟩

lemma less_HartogE: "[[i < Hartog(A); i ≈ Hartog(A)]] ⇒ P"
⟨proof⟩

lemma Card_Hartog: "Card(Hartog(A))"
⟨proof⟩

end

theory HH
imports AC_Equiv Hartog

```

begin

definition

$HH :: "[i, i, i] \Rightarrow i"$ where
" $HH(f, x, a) \equiv \text{transrec}(a, \lambda b r. \text{let } z = x - (\bigcup c \in b. r'c)$
in if $f'z \in \text{Pow}(z) - \{0\}$ then $f'z$ else
 $\{x\}$)"

0.1 Lemmas useful in each of the three proofs

lemma *HH_def_satisfies_eq*:

" $HH(f, x, a) = (\text{let } z = x - (\bigcup b \in a. HH(f, x, b))$
in if $f'z \in \text{Pow}(z) - \{0\}$ then $f'z$ else $\{x\}$)"

<proof>

lemma *HH_values*: " $HH(f, x, a) \in \text{Pow}(x) - \{0\} \mid HH(f, x, a) = \{x\}$ "

<proof>

lemma *subset_imp_Diff_eq*:

" $B \subseteq A \Longrightarrow X - (\bigcup a \in A. P(a)) = X - (\bigcup a \in A - B. P(a)) - (\bigcup b \in B. P(b))"$

<proof>

lemma *Ord_DiffE*: " $\llbracket c \in a - b; b < a \rrbracket \Longrightarrow c = b \mid b < c \wedge c < a"$

<proof>

lemma *Diff_UN_eq_self*: " $(\bigwedge y. y \in A \Longrightarrow P(y) = \{x\}) \Longrightarrow x - (\bigcup y \in A. P(y)) = x"$

<proof>

lemma *HH_eq*: " $x - (\bigcup b \in a. HH(f, x, b)) = x - (\bigcup b \in a1. HH(f, x, b))$
 $\Longrightarrow HH(f, x, a) = HH(f, x, a1)"$

<proof>

lemma *HH_is_x_gt_too*: " $\llbracket HH(f, x, b) = \{x\}; b < a \rrbracket \Longrightarrow HH(f, x, a) = \{x\}"$

<proof>

lemma *HH_subset_x_lt_too*:

" $\llbracket HH(f, x, a) \in \text{Pow}(x) - \{0\}; b < a \rrbracket \Longrightarrow HH(f, x, b) \in \text{Pow}(x) - \{0\}"$

<proof>

lemma *HH_subset_x_imp_subset_Diff_UN*:

" $HH(f, x, a) \in \text{Pow}(x) - \{0\} \Longrightarrow HH(f, x, a) \in \text{Pow}(x - (\bigcup b \in a. HH(f, x, b))) - \{0\}"$

<proof>

lemma *HH_eq_arg_lt*:

" $\llbracket HH(f, x, v) = HH(f, x, w); HH(f, x, v) \in \text{Pow}(x) - \{0\}; v \in w \rrbracket \Longrightarrow P"$

<proof>

lemma *HH_eq_imp_arg_eq*:

" $\llbracket \text{HH}(f, x, v) = \text{HH}(f, x, w); \text{HH}(f, x, w) \in \text{Pow}(x) - \{0\}; \text{Ord}(v); \text{Ord}(w) \rrbracket \implies v = w$ "
 <proof>

lemma *HH_subset_x_imp_lepoll*:

" $\llbracket \text{HH}(f, x, i) \in \text{Pow}(x) - \{0\}; \text{Ord}(i) \rrbracket \implies i \lesssim \text{Pow}(x) - \{0\}$ "
 <proof>

lemma *HH_Hartog_is_x*: " $\text{HH}(f, x, \text{Hartog}(\text{Pow}(x) - \{0\})) = \{x\}$ "
 <proof>

lemma *HH_Least_eq_x*: " $\text{HH}(f, x, \mu i. \text{HH}(f, x, i) = \{x\}) = \{x\}$ "
 <proof>

lemma *less_Least_subset_x*:

" $a \in (\mu i. \text{HH}(f, x, i) = \{x\}) \implies \text{HH}(f, x, a) \in \text{Pow}(x) - \{0\}$ "
 <proof>

0.2 Lemmas used in the proofs of *AC1* \implies *W02* and *AC17* \implies *AC1*

lemma *lam_Least_HH_inj_Pow*:

" $(\lambda a \in (\mu i. \text{HH}(f, x, i) = \{x\}). \text{HH}(f, x, a))$
 $\in \text{inj}(\mu i. \text{HH}(f, x, i) = \{x\}, \text{Pow}(x) - \{0\})$ "
 <proof>

lemma *lam_Least_HH_inj*:

" $\forall a \in (\mu i. \text{HH}(f, x, i) = \{x\}). \exists z \in x. \text{HH}(f, x, a) = \{z\}$
 $\implies (\lambda a \in (\mu i. \text{HH}(f, x, i) = \{x\}). \text{HH}(f, x, a))$
 $\in \text{inj}(\mu i. \text{HH}(f, x, i) = \{x\}, \{\{y\}. y \in x\})$ "
 <proof>

lemma *lam_surj_sing*:

" $\llbracket x - (\bigcup a \in A. F(a)) = 0; \forall a \in A. \exists z \in x. F(a) = \{z\} \rrbracket$
 $\implies (\lambda a \in A. F(a)) \in \text{surj}(A, \{\{y\}. y \in x\})$ "
 <proof>

lemma *not_emptyI2*: " $y \in \text{Pow}(x) - \{0\} \implies x \neq 0$ "

<proof>

lemma *f_subset_imp_HH_subset*:

" $f' (x - (\bigcup j \in i. \text{HH}(f, x, j))) \in \text{Pow}(x - (\bigcup j \in i. \text{HH}(f, x, j))) - \{0\}$
 $\implies \text{HH}(f, x, i) \in \text{Pow}(x) - \{0\}$ "
 <proof>

lemma *f_subsets_imp_UN_HH_eq_x*:

" $\forall z \in \text{Pow}(x) - \{0\}. f' z \in \text{Pow}(z) - \{0\}$
 $\implies x - (\bigcup j \in (\mu i. \text{HH}(f, x, i) = \{x\}). \text{HH}(f, x, j)) = 0$ "
 <proof>

lemma *HH_values2*: " $HH(f,x,i) = f'(x - (\bigcup j \in i. HH(f,x,j))) \mid HH(f,x,i) = \{x\}$ "
 <proof>

lemma *HH_subset_imp_eq*:
 " $HH(f,x,i) : Pow(x) - \{0\} \implies HH(f,x,i) = f'(x - (\bigcup j \in i. HH(f,x,j)))$ "
 <proof>

lemma *f_sing_imp_HH_sing*:
 " $f \in (Pow(x) - \{0\}) \rightarrow \{\{z\}. z \in x\};$
 $a \in (\mu i. HH(f,x,i) = \{x\}) \implies \exists z \in x. HH(f,x,a) = \{z\}$ "
 <proof>

lemma *f_sing_lam_bij*:
 " $x - (\bigcup j \in (\mu i. HH(f,x,i) = \{x\}). HH(f,x,j)) = 0;$
 $f \in (Pow(x) - \{0\}) \rightarrow \{\{z\}. z \in x\}$
 $\implies (\lambda a \in (\mu i. HH(f,x,i) = \{x\}). HH(f,x,a))$
 $\in \text{bij}(\mu i. HH(f,x,i) = \{x\}, \{\{y\}. y \in x\})$ "
 <proof>

lemma *lam_singI*:
 " $f \in (\prod X \in Pow(x) - \{0\}. F(X))$
 $\implies (\lambda X \in Pow(x) - \{0\}. \{f'X\}) \in (\prod X \in Pow(x) - \{0\}. \{\{z\}. z \in F(X)\})$ "
 <proof>

lemmas *bij_Least_HH_x* =
 comp_bij [OF f_sing_lam_bij [OF lam_singI]
 lam_sing_bij [THEN bij_converse_bij]]

0.3 The proof of $AC1 \implies W02$

lemma *bijection*:
 " $f \in (\prod X \in Pow(x) - \{0\}. X)$
 $\implies \exists g. g \in \text{bij}(x, \mu i. HH(\lambda X \in Pow(x) - \{0\}. \{f'X\}, x, i) = \{x\})$ "
 <proof>

lemma *AC1_W02*: " $AC1 \implies W02$ "
 <proof>

end

theory *AC15_W06*
imports *HH Cardinal_aux*
begin

lemma lepoll_Sigma: " $A \neq 0 \implies B \lesssim A * B$ "
 <proof>

lemma cons_times_nat_not_Finite:
 " $0 \notin A \implies \forall B \in \{\text{cons}(0, x * \text{nat}). x \in A\}. \neg \text{Finite}(B)$ "
 <proof>

lemma lemma1: " $\llbracket \bigcup (C) = A; a \in A \rrbracket \implies \exists B \in C. a \in B \wedge B \subseteq A$ "
 <proof>

lemma lemma2:
 " $\llbracket \text{pairwise_disjoint}(A); B \in A; C \in A; a \in B; a \in C \rrbracket \implies B = C$ "
 <proof>

lemma lemma3:
 " $\forall B \in \{\text{cons}(0, x * \text{nat}). x \in A\}. \text{pairwise_disjoint}(f' B) \wedge$
 $\text{sets_of_size_between}(f' B, 2, n) \wedge \bigcup (f' B) = B$
 $\implies \forall B \in A. \exists ! u. u \in f' \text{cons}(0, B * \text{nat}) \wedge u \subseteq \text{cons}(0, B * \text{nat}) \wedge$
 $0 \in u \wedge 2 \lesssim u \wedge u \lesssim n$ "
 <proof>

lemma lemma4: " $\llbracket A \lesssim i; \text{Ord}(i) \rrbracket \implies \{P(a). a \in A\} \lesssim i$ "
 <proof>

lemma lemma5_1:
 " $\llbracket B \in A; 2 \lesssim u(B) \rrbracket \implies (\lambda x \in A. \{fst(x). x \in u(x) - \{0\}\})' B \neq 0$ "
 <proof>

lemma lemma5_2:
 " $\llbracket B \in A; u(B) \subseteq \text{cons}(0, B * \text{nat}) \rrbracket$
 $\implies (\lambda x \in A. \{fst(x). x \in u(x) - \{0\}\})' B \subseteq B$ "
 <proof>

lemma lemma5_3:
 " $\llbracket n \in \text{nat}; B \in A; 0 \in u(B); u(B) \lesssim \text{succ}(n) \rrbracket$
 $\implies (\lambda x \in A. \{fst(x). x \in u(x) - \{0\}\})' B \lesssim n$ "
 <proof>

lemma ex_fun_AC13_AC15:
 " $\llbracket \forall B \in \{\text{cons}(0, x * \text{nat}). x \in A\}. \text{pairwise_disjoint}(f' B) \wedge$
 $\text{sets_of_size_between}(f' B, 2, \text{succ}(n)) \wedge \bigcup (f' B) = B;$
 $n \in \text{nat} \rrbracket$ "

$\implies \exists f. \forall B \in A. f'B \neq 0 \wedge f'B \subseteq B \wedge f'B \lesssim n$
 <proof>

theorem AC10_AC11: " $\llbracket n \in \text{nat}; 1 \leq n; \text{AC10}(n) \rrbracket \implies \text{AC11}$ "
 <proof>

theorem AC11_AC12: " $\text{AC11} \implies \text{AC12}$ "
 <proof>

theorem AC12_AC15: " $\text{AC12} \implies \text{AC15}$ "
 <proof>

lemma OUN_eq_UN: " $\text{Ord}(x) \implies (\bigcup_{a < x} F(a)) = (\bigcup_{a \in x} F(a))$ "
 <proof>

lemma AC15_W06_aux1:
 " $\forall x \in \text{Pow}(A) - \{0\}. f'x \neq 0 \wedge f'x \subseteq x \wedge f'x \lesssim m$
 $\implies (\bigcup_{i < \mu x. \text{HH}(f, A, x) = \{A\}}. \text{HH}(f, A, i)) = A$ "
 <proof>

lemma AC15_W06_aux2:
 " $\forall x \in \text{Pow}(A) - \{0\}. f'x \neq 0 \wedge f'x \subseteq x \wedge f'x \lesssim m$
 $\implies \forall x < (\mu x. \text{HH}(f, A, x) = \{A\}). \text{HH}(f, A, x) \lesssim m$ "
 <proof>

theorem AC15_W06: " $\text{AC15} \implies \text{W06}$ "
 <proof>

theorem *AC10_AC13*: " $\llbracket n \in \text{nat}; 1 \leq n; \text{AC10}(n) \rrbracket \implies \text{AC13}(n)$ "
<proof>

lemma *AC1_AC13*: " $\text{AC1} \implies \text{AC13}(1)$ "
<proof>

lemma *AC13_mono*: " $\llbracket m \leq n; \text{AC13}(m) \rrbracket \implies \text{AC13}(n)$ "
<proof>

theorem *AC13_AC14*: " $\llbracket n \in \text{nat}; 1 \leq n; \text{AC13}(n) \rrbracket \implies \text{AC14}$ "
<proof>

theorem AC14_AC15: " $AC14 \implies AC15$ "
<proof>

lemma lemma_aux: " $\llbracket A \neq 0; A \lesssim 1 \rrbracket \implies \exists a. A = \{a\}$ "
<proof>

lemma AC13_AC1_lemma:
" $\forall B \in A. f(B) \neq 0 \wedge f(B) \leq B \wedge f(B) \lesssim 1$
 $\implies (\lambda x \in A. \text{THE } y. f(x) = \{y\}) \in (\prod X \in A. X)$ "
<proof>

theorem AC13_AC1: " $AC13(1) \implies AC1$ "
<proof>

theorem AC11_AC14: " $AC11 \implies AC14$ "
<proof>

end

theory AC16_lemmas
imports AC_Equiv Hartog Cardinal_aux
begin

lemma cons_Diff_eq: " $a \notin A \implies \text{cons}(a, A) - \{a\} = A$ "
<proof>

lemma nat_1_lepoll_iff: " $1 \lesssim X \iff (\exists x. x \in X)$ "
<proof>

lemma eqpoll_1_iff_singleton: " $X \approx 1 \iff (\exists x. X = \{x\})$ "
<proof>

lemma cons_eqpoll_succ: " $\llbracket x \approx n; y \notin x \rrbracket \implies \text{cons}(y, x) \approx \text{succ}(n)$ "
<proof>

lemma subsets_eqpoll_1_eq: " $\{Y \in \text{Pow}(X). Y \approx 1\} = \{\{x\}. x \in X\}$ "

<proof>

lemma *eqpoll_RepFun_sing*: " $X \approx \{\{x\}. x \in X\}$ "
<proof>

lemma *subsets_eqpoll_1_eqpoll*: " $\{Y \in \text{Pow}(X). Y \approx 1\} \approx X$ "
<proof>

lemma *InfCard_Least_in*:
" $\llbracket \text{InfCard}(x); y \subseteq x; y \approx \text{succ}(z) \rrbracket \implies (\mu i. i \in y) \in y$ "
<proof>

lemma *subsets_lepoll_lemma1*:
" $\llbracket \text{InfCard}(x); n \in \text{nat} \rrbracket$
 $\implies \{y \in \text{Pow}(x). y \approx \text{succ}(\text{succ}(n))\} \lesssim x * \{y \in \text{Pow}(x). y \approx \text{succ}(n)\}$ "
<proof>

lemma *set_of_Ord_succ_Union*: " $(\forall y \in z. \text{Ord}(y)) \implies z \subseteq \text{succ}(\bigcup(z))$ "
<proof>

lemma *subset_not_mem*: " $j \subseteq i \implies i \notin j$ "
<proof>

lemma *succ_Union_not_mem*:
" $(\bigwedge y. y \in z \implies \text{Ord}(y)) \implies \text{succ}(\bigcup(z)) \notin z$ "
<proof>

lemma *Union_cons_eq_succ_Union*:
" $\bigcup(\text{cons}(\text{succ}(\bigcup(z)), z)) = \text{succ}(\bigcup(z))$ "
<proof>

lemma *Un_Ord_disj*: " $\llbracket \text{Ord}(i); \text{Ord}(j) \rrbracket \implies i \cup j = i \mid i \cup j = j$ "
<proof>

lemma *Union_eq_Un*: " $x \in X \implies \bigcup(X) = x \cup \bigcup(X - \{x\})$ "
<proof>

lemma *Union_in_lemma [rule_format]*:
" $n \in \text{nat} \implies \forall z. (\forall y \in z. \text{Ord}(y)) \wedge z \approx n \wedge z \neq 0 \longrightarrow \bigcup(z) \in z$ "
<proof>

lemma *Union_in*: " $\llbracket \forall x \in z. \text{Ord}(x); z \approx n; z \neq 0; n \in \text{nat} \rrbracket \implies \bigcup(z) \in z$ "
<proof>

lemma *succ_Union_in_x*:
" $\llbracket \text{InfCard}(x); z \in \text{Pow}(x); z \approx n; n \in \text{nat} \rrbracket \implies \text{succ}(\bigcup(z)) \in x$ "
<proof>

lemma *succ_lepoll_succ_succ*:

"[[InfCard(x); n ∈ nat]]
 $\implies \{y \in \text{Pow}(x). y \approx \text{succ}(n)\} \lesssim \{y \in \text{Pow}(x). y \approx \text{succ}(\text{succ}(n))\}$ "
 <proof>

lemma subsets_eqpoll_X:

"[[InfCard(X); n ∈ nat]] $\implies \{Y \in \text{Pow}(X). Y \approx \text{succ}(n)\} \approx X$ "
 <proof>

lemma image_vimage_eq:

"[[f ∈ surj(A,B); y ⊆ B]] $\implies f''(\text{converse}(f)''y) = y$ "
 <proof>

lemma vimage_image_eq: "[[f ∈ inj(A,B); y ⊆ A]] $\implies \text{converse}(f)''(f''y) = y$ "

<proof>

lemma subsets_eqpoll:

"A ≈ B $\implies \{Y \in \text{Pow}(A). Y \approx n\} \approx \{Y \in \text{Pow}(B). Y \approx n\}$ "
 <proof>

lemma W02_imp_ex_Card: "W02 $\implies \exists a. \text{Card}(a) \wedge X \approx a$ "

<proof>

lemma lepoll_infinite: "[[X ≲ Y; ¬Finite(X)]] $\implies \neg \text{Finite}(Y)$ "

<proof>

lemma infinite_Card_is_InfCard: "[[¬Finite(X); Card(X)]] $\implies \text{InfCard}(X)$ "

<proof>

lemma W02_infinite_subsets_eqpoll_X: "[[W02; n ∈ nat; ¬Finite(X)]]

$\implies \{Y \in \text{Pow}(X). Y \approx \text{succ}(n)\} \approx X$ "

<proof>

lemma well_ord_imp_ex_Card: "well_ord(X,R) $\implies \exists a. \text{Card}(a) \wedge X \approx a$ "

<proof>

lemma well_ord_infinite_subsets_eqpoll_X:

"[[well_ord(X,R); n ∈ nat; ¬Finite(X)]] $\implies \{Y \in \text{Pow}(X). Y \approx \text{succ}(n)\} \approx X$ "

<proof>

end

theory W02_AC16 imports AC_Equiv AC16_lemmas Cardinal_aux begin

definition

recfunAC16 :: "[i,i,i,i] $\Rightarrow i$ " where

```

"recfunAC16(f,h,i,a) ≡
  transrec2(i, 0,
    λg r. if (∃y ∈ r. h'g ⊆ y) then r
      else r ∪ {f'(μ i. h'g ⊆ f'i ∧
        (∀b<a. (h'b ⊆ f'i → (∀t ∈ r. ¬ h'b ⊆ t))))})"

```

lemma *recfunAC16_0*: "recfunAC16(f,h,0,a) = 0"
 <proof>

lemma *recfunAC16_succ*:
 "recfunAC16(f,h,succ(i),a) =
 (if (∃y ∈ recfunAC16(f,h,i,a). h' i ⊆ y) then recfunAC16(f,h,i,a)
 else recfunAC16(f,h,i,a) ∪
 {f' (μ j. h' i ⊆ f' j ∧
 (∀b<a. (h'b ⊆ f'j
 → (∀t ∈ recfunAC16(f,h,i,a). ¬ h'b ⊆ t))))})"
 <proof>

lemma *recfunAC16_Limit*: "Limit(i)
 ⇒ recfunAC16(f,h,i,a) = (∪ j<i. recfunAC16(f,h,j,a))"
 <proof>

lemma *transrec2_mono_lemma* [rule_format]:
 "[[∧g r. r ⊆ B(g,r); Ord(i)]]
 ⇒ j<i → transrec2(j, 0, B) ⊆ transrec2(i, 0, B)"
 <proof>

lemma *transrec2_mono*:
 "[[∧g r. r ⊆ B(g,r); j≤i]]
 ⇒ transrec2(j, 0, B) ⊆ transrec2(i, 0, B)"
 <proof>

lemma *recfunAC16_mono*:
 "i≤j ⇒ recfunAC16(f, g, i, a) ⊆ recfunAC16(f, g, j, a)"
 <proof>

lemma lemma3_1:

" $\llbracket \forall y < x. \forall z < a. z < y \mid (\exists Y \in F(y). f(z) \leq Y) \longrightarrow (\exists ! Y. Y \in F(y) \wedge f(z) \leq Y);$

$\forall i j. i \leq j \longrightarrow F(i) \subseteq F(j); j \leq i; i < x; z < a;$

$V \in F(i); f(z) \leq V; W \in F(j); f(z) \leq W \rrbracket$

$\implies V = W$ "

<proof>

lemma lemma3:

" $\llbracket \forall y < x. \forall z < a. z < y \mid (\exists Y \in F(y). f(z) \leq Y) \longrightarrow (\exists ! Y. Y \in F(y) \wedge f(z) \leq Y);$

$\forall i j. i \leq j \longrightarrow F(i) \subseteq F(j); i < x; j < x; z < a;$

$V \in F(i); f(z) \leq V; W \in F(j); f(z) \leq W \rrbracket$

$\implies V = W$ "

<proof>

lemma lemma4:

" $\llbracket \forall y < x. F(y) \subseteq X \wedge$

$(\forall x < a. x < y \mid (\exists Y \in F(y). h(x) \subseteq Y) \longrightarrow$
 $(\exists ! Y. Y \in F(y) \wedge h(x) \subseteq Y));$

$x < a \rrbracket$

$\implies \forall y < x. \forall z < a. z < y \mid (\exists Y \in F(y). h(z) \subseteq Y) \longrightarrow$
 $(\exists ! Y. Y \in F(y) \wedge h(z) \subseteq Y)"$

<proof>

lemma lemma5:

" $\llbracket \forall y < x. F(y) \subseteq X \wedge$

$(\forall x < a. x < y \mid (\exists Y \in F(y). h(x) \subseteq Y) \longrightarrow$
 $(\exists ! Y. Y \in F(y) \wedge h(x) \subseteq Y));$

$x < a; \text{Limit}(x); \forall i j. i \leq j \longrightarrow F(i) \subseteq F(j) \rrbracket$

$\implies (\bigcup_{x < x} F(x)) \subseteq X \wedge$

$(\forall xa < a. xa < x \mid (\exists x \in \bigcup_{x < x} F(x). h(xa) \subseteq x)$

$\longrightarrow (\exists ! Y. Y \in (\bigcup_{x < x} F(x)) \wedge h(xa) \subseteq Y)"$

<proof>

lemma *dbl_Diff_eqpoll_Card*:
 "[$A \approx a$; $\text{Card}(a)$; $\neg \text{Finite}(a)$; $B \prec a$; $C \prec a$] $\implies A - B - C \approx a$ "
<proof>

lemma *Finite_lespoll_infinite_Ord*:
 "[$\text{Finite}(X)$; $\neg \text{Finite}(a)$; $\text{Ord}(a)$] $\implies X \prec a$ "
<proof>

lemma *Union_lespoll*:
 "[$\forall x \in X. x \lesssim n \wedge x \subseteq T$; $\text{well_ord}(T, R)$; $X \lesssim b$;
 $b \prec a$; $\neg \text{Finite}(a)$; $\text{Card}(a)$; $n \in \text{nat}$]
 $\implies \bigcup (X) \prec a$ "
<proof>

lemma *Un_sing_eq_cons*: " $A \cup \{a\} = \text{cons}(a, A)$ "
<proof>

lemma *Un_lepoll_succ*: " $A \lesssim B \implies A \cup \{a\} \lesssim \text{succ}(B)$ "
<proof>

lemma *Diff_UN_succ_empty*: " $\text{Ord}(a) \implies F(a) - (\bigcup_{b \prec \text{succ}(a)}. F(b)) = 0$ "
<proof>

lemma *Diff_UN_succ_subset*: " $\text{Ord}(a) \implies F(a) \cup X - (\bigcup_{b \prec \text{succ}(a)}. F(b)) \subseteq X$ "
<proof>

lemma *recfunAC16_Diff_lepoll_1*:
 " $\text{Ord}(x)$
 $\implies \text{recfunAC16}(f, g, x, a) - (\bigcup_{i \prec x}. \text{recfunAC16}(f, g, i, a)) \lesssim 1$ "
<proof>

lemma *in_Least_Diff*:
 "[$z \in F(x)$; $\text{Ord}(x)$]
 $\implies z \in F(\mu i. z \in F(i)) - (\bigcup_{j \prec (\mu i. z \in F(i))}. F(j))$ "
<proof>

lemma *Least_eq_imp_ex*:
 "[$(\mu i. w \in F(i)) = (\mu i. z \in F(i));$
 $w \in (\bigcup i < a. F(i)); z \in (\bigcup i < a. F(i))$]
 $\implies \exists b < a. w \in (F(b) - (\bigcup c < b. F(c))) \wedge z \in (F(b) - (\bigcup c < b. F(c)))$ "
 <proof>

lemma *two_in_lepoll_1*: "[$A \lesssim 1; a \in A; b \in A$] $\implies a=b$ "
 <proof>

lemma *UN_lepoll_index*:
 "[$\forall i < a. F(i) - (\bigcup j < i. F(j)) \lesssim 1; \text{Limit}(a)$]
 $\implies (\bigcup x < a. F(x)) \lesssim a$ "
 <proof>

lemma *recfunAC16_lepoll_index*: " $\text{Ord}(y) \implies \text{recfunAC16}(f, h, y, a) \lesssim y$ "
 <proof>

lemma *Union_recfunAC16_lesspoll*:
 "[$\text{recfunAC16}(f, g, y, a) \subseteq \{X \in \text{Pow}(A). X \approx n\};$
 $A \approx a; y < a; \neg \text{Finite}(a); \text{Card}(a); n \in \text{nat}$]
 $\implies \bigcup (\text{recfunAC16}(f, g, y, a)) \prec a$ "
 <proof>

lemma *dbl_Diff_eqpoll*:
 "[$\text{recfunAC16}(f, h, y, a) \subseteq \{X \in \text{Pow}(A) . X \approx \text{succ}(k \# + m)\};$
 $\text{Card}(a); \neg \text{Finite}(a); A \approx a;$
 $k \in \text{nat}; y < a;$
 $h \in \text{bij}(a, \{Y \in \text{Pow}(A). Y \approx \text{succ}(k)\})$]
 $\implies A - \bigcup (\text{recfunAC16}(f, h, y, a)) - h' y \approx a$ "
 <proof>

lemmas *disj_Un_eqpoll_nat_sum* =
eqpoll_trans [THEN *eqpoll_trans*,
 OF *disj_Un_eqpoll_sum sum_eqpoll_cong nat_sum_eqpoll_sum*]

lemma *Un_in_Collect*: "[$x \in \text{Pow}(A - B - h' i); x \approx m;$
 $h \in \text{bij}(a, \{x \in \text{Pow}(A) . x \approx k\}); i < a; k \in \text{nat}; m \in \text{nat}$]
 $\implies h' i \cup x \in \{x \in \text{Pow}(A) . x \approx k \# + m\}$ "
 <proof>

lemma lemma6:

" $[\forall y < \text{succ}(j). F(y) \leq X \wedge (\forall x < a. x < y \mid P(x, y) \longrightarrow Q(x, y)); \text{succ}(j) < a]$
 $\implies F(j) \leq X \wedge (\forall x < a. x < j \mid P(x, j) \longrightarrow Q(x, j))$ "
(proof)

lemma lemma7:

" $[\forall x < a. x < j \mid P(x, j) \longrightarrow Q(x, j); \text{succ}(j) < a]$
 $\implies P(j, j) \longrightarrow (\forall x < a. x \leq j \mid P(x, j) \longrightarrow Q(x, j))$ "
(proof)

lemma ex_subset_eqpoll:

" $[A \approx a; \neg \text{Finite}(a); \text{Ord}(a); m \in \text{nat}] \implies \exists X \in \text{Pow}(A). X \approx m$ "
(proof)

lemma subset_Un_disjoint: " $[A \subseteq B \cup C; A \cap C = 0] \implies A \subseteq B$ "
(proof)

lemma Int_empty:

" $[X \in \text{Pow}(A - \bigcup (B) - C); T \in B; F \subseteq T] \implies F \cap X = 0$ "
(proof)

lemma subset_imp_eq_lemma:

" $m \in \text{nat} \implies \forall A B. A \subseteq B \wedge m \lesssim A \wedge B \lesssim m \longrightarrow A=B$ "
(proof)

lemma subset_imp_eq: " $[A \subseteq B; m \lesssim A; B \lesssim m; m \in \text{nat}] \implies A=B$ "
(proof)

lemma bij_imp_arg_eq:

" $[f \in \text{bij}(a, \{Y \in X. Y \approx \text{succ}(k)\}); k \in \text{nat}; f'b \subseteq f'y; b < a; y < a]$

$\implies b=y$ "
 <proof>

lemma ex_next_set:

"[[recfunAC16(f, h, y, a) \subseteq {X \in Pow(A) . X \approx succ(k #+ m)}];
 Card(a); \neg Finite(a); A \approx a;
 k \in nat; m \in nat; y<a;
 h \in bij(a, {Y \in Pow(A). Y \approx succ(k)});
 \neg (\exists Y \in recfunAC16(f, h, y, a). h'y \subseteq Y)]
 $\implies \exists$ X \in {Y \in Pow(A). Y \approx succ(k #+ m)}. h'y \subseteq X \wedge
 (\forall b<a. h'b \subseteq X \longrightarrow
 (\forall T \in recfunAC16(f, h, y, a). \neg h'b \subseteq T))"

<proof>

lemma ex_next_Ord:

"[[recfunAC16(f, h, y, a) \subseteq {X \in Pow(A) . X \approx succ(k #+ m)}];
 Card(a); \neg Finite(a); A \approx a;
 k \in nat; m \in nat; y<a;
 h \in bij(a, {Y \in Pow(A). Y \approx succ(k)});
 f \in bij(a, {Y \in Pow(A). Y \approx succ(k #+ m)});
 \neg (\exists Y \in recfunAC16(f, h, y, a). h'y \subseteq Y)]
 $\implies \exists$ c<a. h'y \subseteq f'c \wedge
 (\forall b<a. h'b \subseteq f'c \longrightarrow
 (\forall T \in recfunAC16(f, h, y, a). \neg h'b \subseteq T))"

<proof>

lemma lemma8:

"[[\forall x<a. x<j | (\exists xa \in F(j). P(x, xa))
 \longrightarrow ($\exists!$ Y. Y \in F(j) \wedge P(x, Y)); F(j) \subseteq X;
 L \in X; P(j, L) \wedge (\forall x<a. P(x, L) \longrightarrow (\forall xa \in F(j). \neg P(x, xa)))]
 \implies F(j) \cup {L} \subseteq X \wedge
 (\forall x<a. x \leq j | (\exists xa \in (F(j) \cup {L}). P(x, xa)) \longrightarrow
 ($\exists!$ Y. Y \in (F(j) \cup {L}) \wedge P(x, Y))]"

<proof>

```

lemma main_induct:
  "[[b < a; f ∈ bij(a, {Y ∈ Pow(A) . Y ≈ succ(k #+ m)}});
   h ∈ bij(a, {Y ∈ Pow(A) . Y ≈ succ(k)}});
   ¬Finite(a); Card(a); A ≈ a; k ∈ nat; m ∈ nat]]
  ⇒ recfunAC16(f, h, b, a) ⊆ {X ∈ Pow(A) . X ≈ succ(k #+ m)} ∧
    (∀x<a. x < b | (∃Y ∈ recfunAC16(f, h, b, a). h ' x ⊆ Y) →
     (∃! Y. Y ∈ recfunAC16(f, h, b, a) ∧ h ' x ⊆ Y))"
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma lemma_simp_induct:
  "[[∀b. b<a → F(b) ⊆ S ∧ (∀x<a. (x<b | (∃Y ∈ F(b). f'x ⊆ Y))
   → (∃! Y. Y ∈ F(b) ∧ f'x ⊆ Y));
   f ∈ a->f''(a); Limit(a);
   ∀i j. i ≤ j → F(i) ⊆ F(j)]
  ⇒ (∪j<a. F(j)) ⊆ S ∧
    (∀x ∈ f''a. ∃! Y. Y ∈ (∪j<a. F(j)) ∧ x ⊆ Y)"
⟨proof⟩

```

```

theorem W02_AC16: "[[W02; 0<m; k ∈ nat; m ∈ nat]] ⇒ AC16(k #+ m, k)"
⟨proof⟩

```

end

```

theory AC16_W04
imports AC16_lemmas
begin

```

```

lemma lemma1:
  "[[Finite(A); 0<m; m ∈ nat]]
  ⇒ ∃a f. Ord(a) ∧ domain(f) = a ∧

```

$(\bigcup b < a. f' b) = A \wedge (\forall b < a. f' b \lesssim m)$
<proof>

lemmas well_ord_paired = paired_bij [THEN bij_is_inj, THEN well_ord_rvimage]

lemma lepoll_trans1: " $[A \lesssim B; \neg A \lesssim C] \implies \neg B \lesssim C$ "
<proof>

lemmas lepoll_paired = paired_eqpoll [THEN eqpoll_sym, THEN eqpoll_imp_lepoll]

lemma lemma2: " $\exists y R. \text{well_ord}(y, R) \wedge x \cap y = 0 \wedge \neg y \lesssim z \wedge \neg \text{Finite}(y)$ "
<proof>

lemma infinite_Un: " $\neg \text{Finite}(B) \implies \neg \text{Finite}(A \cup B)$ "
<proof>

lemma succ_not_lepoll_lemma:
" $[\neg(\exists x \in A. f' x = y); f \in \text{inj}(A, B); y \in B]$
 $\implies (\lambda a \in \text{succ}(A). \text{if}(a=A, y, f' a)) \in \text{inj}(\text{succ}(A), B)$ "
<proof>

lemma succ_not_lepoll_imp_eqpoll: " $[\neg A \approx B; A \lesssim B] \implies \text{succ}(A) \lesssim B$ "
<proof>

lemmas ordertype_eqpoll =
 ordermap_bij [THEN exI [THEN eqpoll_def [THEN def_imp_iff, THEN
 iffD2]]]

lemma cons_cons_subset:
 "[a \subseteq y; b \in y-a; u \in x] \implies cons(b, cons(u, a)) \in Pow(x \cup y)"
 <proof>

lemma cons_cons_eqpoll:
 "[a \approx k; a \subseteq y; b \in y-a; u \in x; x \cap y = 0]
 \implies cons(b, cons(u, a)) \approx succ(succ(k))"
 <proof>

lemma set_eq_cons:
 "[succ(k) \approx A; k \approx B; B \subseteq A; a \in A-B; k \in nat] \implies A = cons(a,
 B)"
 <proof>

lemma cons_eqE: "[cons(x,a) = cons(y,a); x \notin a] \implies x = y "
 <proof>

lemma eq_imp_Int_eq: "A = B \implies A \cap C = B \cap C"
 <proof>

lemma eqpoll_sum_imp_Diff_lepoll_lemma [rule_format]:
 "[k \in nat; m \in nat]
 $\implies \forall A B. A \approx k \#+ m \wedge k \lesssim B \wedge B \subseteq A \longrightarrow A-B \lesssim m$ "
 <proof>

lemma eqpoll_sum_imp_Diff_lepoll:
 "[A \approx succ(k $\#+$ m); B \subseteq A; succ(k) \lesssim B; k \in nat; m \in nat]
 $\implies A-B \lesssim m$ "
 <proof>

lemma eqpoll_sum_imp_Diff_eqpoll_lemma [rule_format]:
 "[k \in nat; m \in nat]
 $\implies \forall A B. A \approx k \#+ m \wedge k \approx B \wedge B \subseteq A \longrightarrow A-B \approx m$ "
 <proof>

```

lemma eqpoll_sum_imp_Diff_eqpoll:
  "[[A ≈ succ(k #+ m); B ⊆ A; succ(k) ≈ B; k ∈ nat; m ∈ nat]]
  ⇒ A-B ≈ m"
⟨proof⟩

lemma subsets_lepoll_0_eq_unit: "{x ∈ Pow(X). x ≲ 0} = {0}"
⟨proof⟩

lemma subsets_lepoll_succ:
  "n ∈ nat ⇒ {z ∈ Pow(y). z ≲ succ(n)} =
  {z ∈ Pow(y). z ≲ n} ∪ {z ∈ Pow(y). z ≈ succ(n)}"
⟨proof⟩

lemma Int_empty:
  "n ∈ nat ⇒ {z ∈ Pow(y). z ≲ n} ∩ {z ∈ Pow(y). z ≈ succ(n)} =
  0"
⟨proof⟩

locale AC16 =
  fixes x and y and k and l and m and t_n and R and MM and LL and
  GG and s
  defines k_def:      "k ≡ succ(l)"
    and MM_def:      "MM ≡ {v ∈ t_n. succ(k) ≲ v ∩ y}"
    and LL_def:      "LL ≡ {v ∩ y. v ∈ MM}"
    and GG_def:      "GG ≡ λv ∈ LL. (THE w. w ∈ MM ∧ v ⊆ w) - v"
    and s_def:       "s(u) ≡ {v ∈ t_n. u ∈ v ∧ k ≲ v ∩ y}"
  assumes all_ex:    "∀z ∈ {z ∈ Pow(x ∪ y) . z ≈ succ(k)}.
    ∃! w. w ∈ t_n ∧ z ⊆ w "
    and disjoint[iff]: "x ∩ y = 0"
    and "includes":  "t_n ⊆ {v ∈ Pow(x ∪ y). v ≈ succ(k #+ m)}"
    and WO_R[iff]:   "well_ord(y,R)"
    and lnat[iff]:   "l ∈ nat"
    and mnat[iff]:   "m ∈ nat"
    and mpos[iff]:   "0 < m"
    and Infinite[iff]: "¬ Finite(y)"
    and noLepoll:    "¬ y ≲ {v ∈ Pow(x). v ≈ m}"
begin

lemma knat [iff]: "k ∈ nat"
⟨proof⟩

```


lemma *Diff_Finite_eqpoll*: " $[l \approx a; a \subseteq y] \implies y - a \approx y$ "
 <proof>

lemma *s_subset*: " $s(u) \subseteq t_n$ "
 <proof>

lemma *sI*:
 " $[w \in t_n; \text{cons}(b, \text{cons}(u, a)) \subseteq w; a \subseteq y; b \in y - a; l \approx a]$
 $\implies w \in s(u)$ "
 <proof>

lemma *in_s_imp_u_in*: " $v \in s(u) \implies u \in v$ "
 <proof>

lemma *ex1_superset_a*:
 " $[l \approx a; a \subseteq y; b \in y - a; u \in x]$
 $\implies \exists ! c. c \in s(u) \wedge a \subseteq c \wedge b \in c$ "
 <proof>

lemma *the_eq_cons*:
 " $[\forall v \in s(u). \text{succ}(l) \approx v \cap y;$
 $l \approx a; a \subseteq y; b \in y - a; u \in x]$
 $\implies (\text{THE } c. c \in s(u) \wedge a \subseteq c \wedge b \in c) \cap y = \text{cons}(b, a)$ "
 <proof>

lemma *y_lepoll_subset_s*:
 " $[\forall v \in s(u). \text{succ}(l) \approx v \cap y;$
 $l \approx a; a \subseteq y; u \in x]$
 $\implies y \lesssim \{v \in s(u). a \subseteq v\}$ "
 <proof>

lemma *x_imp_not_y [dest]*: " $a \in x \implies a \notin y$ "
 <proof>

lemma *w_Int_eq_w_Diff*:
 " $w \subseteq x \cup y \implies w \cap (x - \{u\}) = w - \text{cons}(u, w \cap y)$ "
 <proof>

lemma *w_Int_eqpoll_m*:
 "[$w \in \{v \in s(u). a \subseteq v\}$;
 $l \approx a; u \in x$;
 $\forall v \in s(u). \text{succ}(l) \approx v \cap y$]
 $\implies w \cap (x - \{u\}) \approx m$ "
 <proof>

lemma *eqpoll_m_not_empty*: " $a \approx m \implies a \neq 0$ "
 <proof>

lemma *cons_cons_in*:
 "[$z \in xa \cap (x - \{u\})$; $l \approx a; a \subseteq y; u \in x$]
 $\implies \exists ! w. w \in t_n \wedge \text{cons}(z, \text{cons}(u, a)) \subseteq w$ "
 <proof>

lemma *subset_s_lepoll_w*:
 "[$\forall v \in s(u). \text{succ}(l) \approx v \cap y; a \subseteq y; l \approx a; u \in x$]
 $\implies \{v \in s(u). a \subseteq v\} \lesssim \{v \in \text{Pow}(x). v \approx m\}$ "
 <proof>

lemma *well_ord_subsets_eqpoll_n*:
 " $n \in \text{nat} \implies \exists S. \text{well_ord}(\{z \in \text{Pow}(y) . z \approx \text{succ}(n)\}, S)$ "
 <proof>

lemma *well_ord_subsets_lepoll_n*:
 " $n \in \text{nat} \implies \exists R. \text{well_ord}(\{z \in \text{Pow}(y). z \lesssim n\}, R)$ "
 <proof>

lemma *LL_subset*: " $LL \subseteq \{z \in \text{Pow}(y). z \lesssim \text{succ}(k \#+ m)\}$ "
 <proof>

lemma *well_ord_LL*: " $\exists S. \text{well_ord}(LL, S)$ "
 <proof>

lemma unique_superset_in_MM:
 $"v \in LL \implies \exists! w. w \in MM \wedge v \subseteq w"$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma Int_in_LL: $"w \in MM \implies w \cap y \in LL"$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma in_LL_eq_Int:
 $"v \in LL \implies v = (THE x. x \in MM \wedge v \subseteq x) \cap y"$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma unique_superset1: $"a \in LL \implies (THE x. x \in MM \wedge a \subseteq x) \in MM"$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma the_in_MM_subset:
 $"v \in LL \implies (THE x. x \in MM \wedge v \subseteq x) \subseteq x \cup y"$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma GG_subset: $"v \in LL \implies GG \text{ ` } v \subseteq x"$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma nat_lepoll_ordertype: $"nat \lesssim ordertype(y, R)"$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma ex_subset_eqpoll_n: $"n \in nat \implies \exists z. z \subseteq y \wedge n \approx z"$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma exists_proper_in_s: $"u \in x \implies \exists v \in s(u). succ(k) \lesssim v \cap y"$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma exists_in_MM: $"u \in x \implies \exists w \in MM. u \in w"$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma exists_in_LL: $"u \in x \implies \exists w \in LL. u \in GG \text{ ` } w"$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma OUN_eq_x: $"well_ord(LL, S) \implies$

$\langle proof \rangle$ $(\bigcup b < \text{ordertype}(LL, S). GG \text{ ' } (\text{converse}(\text{ordermap}(LL, S)) \text{ ' } b)) = x$ "

lemma `in_MM_eqpoll_n`: " $w \in MM \implies w \approx \text{succ}(k \#+ m)$ "
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma `in_LL_eqpoll_n`: " $w \in LL \implies \text{succ}(k) \lesssim w$ "
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma `in_LL`: " $w \in LL \implies w \subseteq (\text{THE } x. x \in MM \wedge w \subseteq x)$ "
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma `all_in_lepoll_m`:
 $\text{"well_ord}(LL, S) \implies$
 $\forall b < \text{ordertype}(LL, S). GG \text{ ' } (\text{converse}(\text{ordermap}(LL, S)) \text{ ' } b) \lesssim m$ "
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma `"conclusion"`:
 $\text{"}\exists a f. \text{Ord}(a) \wedge \text{domain}(f) = a \wedge (\bigcup b < a. f \text{ ' } b) = x \wedge (\forall b < a. f \text{ ' } b \lesssim m)$ "
 $\langle proof \rangle$

end

theorem `AC16_W04`:
 $\text{"}\llbracket \text{AC_Equiv.AC16}(k \#+ m, k); 0 < k; 0 < m; k \in \text{nat}; m \in \text{nat} \rrbracket \implies$
 $\text{W04}(m)$ "
 $\langle proof \rangle$

end

theory `AC17_AC1`
imports `HH`
begin

lemma `AC0_AC1_lemma`: " $\llbracket f: (\prod X \in A. X); D \subseteq A \rrbracket \implies \exists g. g: (\prod X \in D.$

X)"
<proof>

lemma AC0_AC1: "AC0 \implies AC1"
<proof>

lemma AC1_AC0: "AC1 \implies AC0"
<proof>

lemma AC1_AC17_lemma: "f \in (\prod X \in Pow(A) - {0}. X) \implies f \in (Pow(A) - {0} \rightarrow A)"
<proof>

lemma AC1_AC17: "AC1 \implies AC17"
<proof>

lemma UN_eq_imp_well_ord:
"[[x - (\bigcup j \in μ i. HH(λ X \in Pow(x) - {0}. {f'X}, x, i) = {x}.
HH(λ X \in Pow(x) - {0}. {f'X}, x, j)) = 0;
f \in Pow(x) - {0} \rightarrow x]]
 \implies \exists r. well_ord(x,r)"
<proof>

lemma not_AC1_imp_ex:
" \neg AC1 \implies \exists A. \forall f \in Pow(A) - {0} \rightarrow A. \exists u \in Pow(A) - {0}. f'u \notin u"
<proof>

lemma AC17_AC1_aux1:
"[[\forall f \in Pow(x) - {0} \rightarrow x. \exists u \in Pow(x) - {0}. f'u \notin u;
 \exists f \in Pow(x) - {0} \rightarrow x.
x - (\bigcup a \in (μ i. HH(λ X \in Pow(x) - {0}. {f'X}, x, i) = {x}).
HH(λ X \in Pow(x) - {0}. {f'X}, x, a)) = 0]]
 \implies P"
<proof>

lemma AC17_AC1_aux2:

" $\neg (\exists f \in \text{Pow}(x) - \{0\} \rightarrow x. x - F(f) = 0)$
 $\implies (\lambda f \in \text{Pow}(x) - \{0\} \rightarrow x. x - F(f))$
 $\in (\text{Pow}(x) - \{0\} \rightarrow x) \rightarrow \text{Pow}(x) - \{0\}$ "

<proof>

lemma AC17_AC1_aux3:

" $\llbracket f'Z \in Z; Z \in \text{Pow}(x) - \{0\} \rrbracket$
 $\implies (\lambda X \in \text{Pow}(x) - \{0\}. \{f'X\}'Z \in \text{Pow}(Z) - \{0\})$ "

<proof>

lemma AC17_AC1_aux4:

" $\exists f \in F. f'((\lambda f \in F. Q(f))'f) \in (\lambda f \in F. Q(f))'f$
 $\implies \exists f \in F. f'Q(f) \in Q(f)$ "

<proof>

lemma AC17_AC1: "AC17 \implies AC1"

<proof>

lemma AC1_AC2_aux1:

" $\llbracket f: (\prod X \in A. X); B \in A; 0 \notin A \rrbracket \implies \{f'B\} \subseteq B \cap \{f'C. C \in A\}$ "

<proof>

lemma AC1_AC2_aux2:

" $\llbracket \text{pairwise_disjoint}(A); B \in A; C \in A; D \in B; D \in C \rrbracket \implies f'B$
 $= f'C$ "

<proof>

lemma AC1_AC2: "AC1 \implies AC2"

<proof>

lemma AC2_AC1_aux1: "0 \notin A \implies 0 \notin {B*{B}. B \in A}"

<proof>

lemma AC2_AC1_aux2: "X*{X} \cap C = {y}; X \in A

$\implies (\text{THE } y. X*{X} \cap C = \{y\}): X*A$ "

<proof>

lemma AC2_AC1_aux3:

" $\forall D \in \{E * \{E\}. E \in A\}. \exists y. D \cap C = \{y\}$
 $\implies (\lambda x \in A. \text{fst}(\text{THE } z. (x * \{x\} \cap C = \{z\}))) \in (\prod X \in A. X)$ "
<proof>

lemma AC2_AC1: "AC2 \implies AC1"

<proof>

lemma empty_notin_images: "0 \notin {R' '{x}. x \in domain(R)}"

<proof>

lemma AC1_AC4: "AC1 \implies AC4"

<proof>

lemma AC4_AC3_aux1: "f \in A \rightarrow B \implies ($\bigcup z \in A. \{z\} * f'z \subseteq A * \bigcup (B)$)"

<proof>

lemma AC4_AC3_aux2: "domain($\bigcup z \in A. \{z\} * f(z)$) = {a \in A. f(a) \neq 0}"

<proof>

lemma AC4_AC3_aux3: "x \in A \implies ($\bigcup z \in A. \{z\} * f(z)$)' '{x} = f(x)"

<proof>

lemma AC4_AC3: "AC4 \implies AC3"

<proof>

lemma AC3_AC1_lemma:

"b \notin A \implies ($\prod x \in \{a \in A. \text{id}(A)'a \neq b\}. \text{id}(A)'x = (\prod x \in A. x)$ "
<proof>

lemma AC3_AC1: "AC3 \implies AC1"

<proof>

lemma AC4_AC5: "AC4 \implies AC5"
 <proof>

lemma AC5_AC4_aux1: " $R \subseteq A*B \implies (\lambda x \in R. \text{fst}(x)) \in R \rightarrow A$ "
 <proof>

lemma AC5_AC4_aux2: " $R \subseteq A*B \implies \text{range}(\lambda x \in R. \text{fst}(x)) = \text{domain}(R)$ "
 <proof>

lemma AC5_AC4_aux3: " $[\exists f \in A \rightarrow C. P(f, \text{domain}(f)); A=B] \implies \exists f \in B \rightarrow C. P(f, B)$ "
 <proof>

lemma AC5_AC4_aux4: " $[R \subseteq A*B; g \in C \rightarrow R; \forall x \in C. (\lambda z \in R. \text{fst}(z)) (g'x) = x]$
 $\implies (\lambda x \in C. \text{snd}(g'x)): (\prod x \in C. R' \{x\})$ "
 <proof>

lemma AC5_AC4: "AC5 \implies AC4"
 <proof>

lemma AC1_iff_AC6: "AC1 \longleftrightarrow AC6"
 <proof>

end

theory AC18_AC19
imports AC_Equiv
begin

definition
 uu :: "i \Rightarrow i" where
 "uu(a) \equiv {c \cup {0}. c \in a}"

lemma *PROD_subsets*:

" $\llbracket f \in (\prod b \in \{P(a). a \in A\}. b); \forall a \in A. P(a) \leq Q(a) \rrbracket$
 $\implies (\lambda a \in A. f'P(a)) \in (\prod a \in A. Q(a))$ "

<proof>

lemma *lemma_AC18*:

" $\llbracket \forall A. 0 \notin A \longrightarrow (\exists f. f \in (\prod X \in A. X)); A \neq 0 \rrbracket$
 $\implies (\bigcap a \in A. \bigcup b \in B(a). X(a, b)) \subseteq$
 $(\bigcup f \in \prod a \in A. B(a). \bigcap a \in A. X(a, f'a))$ "

<proof>

lemma *AC1_AC18*: "*AC1* \implies *PROP AC18*"

<proof>

theorem (*in AC18*) *AC19*

<proof>

lemma *RepRep_conj*:

" $\llbracket A \neq 0; 0 \notin A \rrbracket \implies \{uu(a). a \in A\} \neq 0 \wedge 0 \notin \{uu(a). a \in A\}$ "

<proof>

lemma *lemma1_1*: " $\llbracket c \in a; x = c \cup \{0\}; x \notin a \rrbracket \implies x - \{0\} \in a$ "

<proof>

lemma *lemma1_2*:

" $\llbracket f'(uu(a)) \notin a; f \in (\prod B \in \{uu(a). a \in A\}. B); a \in A \rrbracket$
 $\implies f'(uu(a)) - \{0\} \in a$ "

<proof>

lemma *lemma1*: " $\exists f. f \in (\prod B \in \{uu(a). a \in A\}. B) \implies \exists f. f \in (\prod B \in A. B)$ "

<proof>

lemma *lemma2_1*: " $a \neq 0 \implies 0 \in (\bigcup b \in uu(a). b)$ "

<proof>

lemma *lemma2*: " $\llbracket A \neq 0; 0 \notin A \rrbracket \implies (\bigcap x \in \{uu(a). a \in A\}. \bigcup b \in x. b) \neq$

0"
<proof>

lemma AC19_AC1: "AC19 \implies AC1"
<proof>

end

theory DC
imports AC_Equiv Hartog Cardinal_aux
begin

lemma RepFun_lepoll: " $\text{Ord}(a) \implies \{P(b). b \in a\} \lesssim a$ "
<proof>

Trivial in the presence of AC, but here we need a wellordering of X

lemma image_Ord_lepoll: " $\llbracket f \in X \rightarrow Y; \text{Ord}(X) \rrbracket \implies f'X \lesssim X$ "
<proof>

lemma range_subset_domain:
" $\llbracket R \subseteq X * X; \bigwedge g. g \in X \implies \exists u. \langle g, u \rangle \in R \rrbracket$
 $\implies \text{range}(R) \subseteq \text{domain}(R)$ "
<proof>

lemma cons_fun_type: " $g \in n \rightarrow X \implies \text{cons}(\langle n, x \rangle, g) \in \text{succ}(n) \rightarrow \text{cons}(x, X)$ "
<proof>

lemma cons_fun_type2:
" $\llbracket g \in n \rightarrow X; x \in X \rrbracket \implies \text{cons}(\langle n, x \rangle, g) \in \text{succ}(n) \rightarrow X$ "
<proof>

lemma cons_image_n: " $n \in \text{nat} \implies \text{cons}(\langle n, x \rangle, g)'n = g'n$ "
<proof>

lemma cons_val_n: " $g \in n \rightarrow X \implies \text{cons}(\langle n, x \rangle, g)'n = x$ "
<proof>

lemma cons_image_k: " $k \in n \implies \text{cons}(\langle n, x \rangle, g)'k = g'k$ "
<proof>

lemma cons_val_k: " $\llbracket k \in n; g \in n \rightarrow X \rrbracket \implies \text{cons}(\langle n, x \rangle, g)'k = g'k$ "
<proof>

lemma domain_cons_eq_succ: " $\text{domain}(f) = x \implies \text{domain}(\text{cons}(\langle x, y \rangle, f)) = \text{succ}(x)$ "
<proof>

lemma restrict_cons_eq: " $g \in n \rightarrow X \implies \text{restrict}(\text{cons}(\langle n, x \rangle, g), n) = g$ "
 <proof>

lemma succ_in_succ: " $\llbracket \text{Ord}(k); i \in k \rrbracket \implies \text{succ}(i) \in \text{succ}(k)$ "
 <proof>

lemma restrict_eq_imp_val_eq:
 " $\llbracket \text{restrict}(f, \text{domain}(g)) = g; x \in \text{domain}(g) \rrbracket$
 $\implies f'x = g'x$ "
 <proof>

lemma domain_eq_imp_fun_type: " $\llbracket \text{domain}(f) = A; f \in B \rightarrow C \rrbracket \implies f \in A \rightarrow C$ "
 <proof>

lemma ex_in_domain: " $\llbracket R \subseteq A * B; R \neq 0 \rrbracket \implies \exists x. x \in \text{domain}(R)$ "
 <proof>

definition

$DC :: "i \Rightarrow o"$ where
 " $DC(a) \equiv \forall X R. R \subseteq \text{Pow}(X) * X \wedge$
 $(\forall Y \in \text{Pow}(X). Y \prec a \longrightarrow (\exists x \in X. \langle Y, x \rangle \in R))$
 $\longrightarrow (\exists f \in a \rightarrow X. \forall b \prec a. \langle f' b, f' b \rangle \in R)$ "

definition

$DC0 :: o$ where
 " $DC0 \equiv \forall A B R. R \subseteq A * B \wedge R \neq 0 \wedge \text{range}(R) \subseteq \text{domain}(R)$
 $\longrightarrow (\exists f \in \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{domain}(R). \forall n \in \text{nat}. \langle f' n, f' \text{succ}(n) \rangle \in R)$ "

definition

$ff :: "[i, i, i, i] \Rightarrow i"$ where
 " $ff(b, X, Q, R) \equiv$
 $\text{transrec}(b, \lambda c r. \text{THE } x. \text{first}(x, \{x \in X. \langle r' c, x \rangle \in R\},$
 $Q))$ "

locale $DC0_imp =$

fixes XX and RR and X and R

assumes all_ex : " $\forall Y \in \text{Pow}(X). Y \prec \text{nat} \longrightarrow (\exists x \in X. \langle Y, x \rangle \in R)$ "

defines XX_def : " $XX \equiv (\bigcup n \in \text{nat}. \{f \in n \rightarrow X. \forall k \in n. \langle f' k, f' k \rangle \in R\})$ "

and RR_def : " $RR \equiv \{(z1, z2) : XX * XX. \text{domain}(z2) = \text{succ}(\text{domain}(z1))$
 $\wedge \text{restrict}(z2, \text{domain}(z1)) = z1\}$ "

begin

lemma lemma1_1: "RR \subseteq XX*XX"
<proof>

lemma lemma1_2: "RR \neq 0"
<proof>

lemma lemma1_3: "range(RR) \subseteq domain(RR)"
<proof>

lemma lemma2:
"[[$\forall n \in \text{nat}. \langle f'n, f'succ(n) \rangle \in \text{RR}; f \in \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{XX}; n \in \text{nat}$]]
 $\implies \exists k \in \text{nat}. f'succ(n) \in k \rightarrow X \wedge n \in k$
 $\wedge \langle f'succ(n)'n, f'succ(n)'n \rangle \in R$ "
<proof>

lemma lemma3_1:
"[[$\forall n \in \text{nat}. \langle f'n, f'succ(n) \rangle \in \text{RR}; f \in \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{XX}; m \in \text{nat}$]]
 $\implies \{f'succ(x)'x. x \in m\} = \{f'succ(m)'x. x \in m\}$ "
<proof>

lemma lemma3:
"[[$\forall n \in \text{nat}. \langle f'n, f'succ(n) \rangle \in \text{RR}; f \in \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{XX}; m \in \text{nat}$]]
 $\implies (\lambda x \in \text{nat}. f'succ(x)'x) 'm = f'succ(m)'m$ "
<proof>

end

theorem *DCO_imp_DC_nat*: " $DCO \implies DC(\text{nat})$ "
{*proof*}

lemma *singleton_in_funs*:
" $x \in X \implies \{0, x\} \in$
 $(\bigcup n \in \text{nat}. \{f \in \text{succ}(n) \rightarrow X. \forall k \in n. \langle f'k, f'\text{succ}(k) \rangle \in$
 $R\})$ "
{*proof*}

locale *imp_DCO* =
fixes *XX* and *RR* and *x* and *R* and *f* and *allRR*
defines *XX_def*: " $XX \equiv (\bigcup n \in \text{nat}.$
 $\{f \in \text{succ}(n) \rightarrow \text{domain}(R). \forall k \in n. \langle f'k, f'\text{succ}(k) \rangle$
 $\in R\})$ "
and *RR_def*:
" $RR \equiv \{(z1, z2) : \text{Fin}(XX) * XX.$
 $(\text{domain}(z2) = \text{succ}(\bigcup f \in z1. \text{domain}(f))$
 $\wedge (\forall f \in z1. \text{restrict}(z2, \text{domain}(f)) = f))$
 $\mid (\neg (\exists g \in XX. \text{domain}(g) = \text{succ}(\bigcup f \in z1. \text{domain}(f))$
 $\wedge (\forall f \in z1. \text{restrict}(g, \text{domain}(f)) = f)) \wedge z2 = \{0, x\})\}$ "
and *allRR_def*:
" $\text{allRR} \equiv \forall b < \text{nat}.$
 $\langle f'b, f'b \rangle \in$
 $\{(z1, z2) \in \text{Fin}(XX) * XX. (\text{domain}(z2) = \text{succ}(\bigcup f \in z1. \text{domain}(f))$
 $\wedge (\bigcup f \in z1. \text{domain}(f)) = b$
 $\wedge (\forall f \in z1. \text{restrict}(z2, \text{domain}(f))$
 $= f))\}$ "
begin

lemma *lemma4*:
" $\llbracket \text{range}(R) \subseteq \text{domain}(R); x \in \text{domain}(R) \rrbracket$
 $\implies RR \subseteq \text{Pow}(XX) * XX \wedge$
 $(\forall Y \in \text{Pow}(XX). Y < \text{nat} \longrightarrow (\exists x \in XX. \langle Y, x \rangle : RR))$ "
{*proof*}

lemma *UN_image_succ_eq*:
" $\llbracket f \in \text{nat} \rightarrow X; n \in \text{nat} \rrbracket$
 $\implies (\bigcup x \in f'\text{succ}(n). P(x)) = P(f'n) \cup (\bigcup x \in f'n. P(x))$ "
{*proof*}

lemma *UN_image_succ_eq_succ*:

$$\llbracket (\bigcup x \in f' 'n. P(x)) = y; P(f'n) = \text{succ}(y);$$

$$f \in \text{nat} \rightarrow X; n \in \text{nat} \rrbracket \implies (\bigcup x \in f' ' \text{succ}(n). P(x)) = \text{succ}(y)''$$
 <proof>

lemma apply_domain_type:

$$\llbracket h \in \text{succ}(n) \rightarrow D; n \in \text{nat}; \text{domain}(h) = \text{succ}(y) \rrbracket \implies h'y \in D''$$
 <proof>

lemma image_fun_succ:

$$\llbracket h \in \text{nat} \rightarrow X; n \in \text{nat} \rrbracket \implies h' ' \text{succ}(n) = \text{cons}(h'n, h' 'n)''$$
 <proof>

lemma f_n_type:

$$\llbracket \text{domain}(f'n) = \text{succ}(k); f \in \text{nat} \rightarrow XX; n \in \text{nat} \rrbracket$$

$$\implies f'n \in \text{succ}(k) \rightarrow \text{domain}(R)''$$
 <proof>

lemma f_n_pairs_in_R [rule_format]:

$$\llbracket h \in \text{nat} \rightarrow XX; \text{domain}(h'n) = \text{succ}(k); n \in \text{nat} \rrbracket$$

$$\implies \forall i \in k. \langle h'n'i, h'n' \text{succ}(i) \rangle \in R''$$
 <proof>

lemma restrict_cons_eq_restrict:

$$\llbracket \text{restrict}(h, \text{domain}(u)) = u; h \in n \rightarrow X; \text{domain}(u) \subseteq n \rrbracket$$

$$\implies \text{restrict}(\text{cons}(\langle n, y \rangle, h), \text{domain}(u)) = u''$$
 <proof>

lemma all_in_image_restrict_eq:

$$\llbracket \forall x \in f' 'n. \text{restrict}(f'n, \text{domain}(x)) = x;$$

$$f \in \text{nat} \rightarrow XX;$$

$$n \in \text{nat}; \text{domain}(f'n) = \text{succ}(n);$$

$$(\bigcup x \in f' 'n. \text{domain}(x)) \subseteq n \rrbracket$$

$$\implies \forall x \in f' ' \text{succ}(n). \text{restrict}(\text{cons}(\langle \text{succ}(n), y \rangle, f'n), \text{domain}(x))$$

$$= x''$$
 <proof>

lemma simplify_recursion:

$$\llbracket \forall b < \text{nat}. \langle f' 'b, f'b \rangle \in RR;$$

$$f \in \text{nat} \rightarrow XX; \text{range}(R) \subseteq \text{domain}(R); x \in \text{domain}(R) \rrbracket$$

$$\implies \text{all}RR''$$
 <proof>

lemma lemma2:

$$\llbracket \text{all}RR; f \in \text{nat} \rightarrow XX; \text{range}(R) \subseteq \text{domain}(R); x \in \text{domain}(R); n \in$$

$$\text{nat} \rrbracket$$

$$\implies f'n \in \text{succ}(n) \rightarrow \text{domain}(R) \wedge (\forall i \in n. \langle f'n'i, f'n' \text{succ}(i) \rangle : R)''$$
 <proof>

lemma lemma3:
 "[[allRR; f ∈ nat->XX; n∈nat; range(R) ⊆ domain(R); x ∈ domain(R)]]
 ⇒ f'n'n = f'succ(n)'n"
 ⟨proof⟩

end

theorem DC_nat_imp_DC0: "DC(nat) ⇒ DC0"
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma fun_Ord_inj:
 "[[f ∈ a->X; Ord(a);
 ∧ b c. [[b<c; c ∈ a]] ⇒ f'b≠f'c]]
 ⇒ f ∈ inj(a, X)"
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma value_in_image: "[[f ∈ X->Y; A ⊆ X; a ∈ A]] ⇒ f'a ∈ f'A"
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma lesspoll_lemma: "[[¬ A < B; C < B]] ⇒ A - C ≠ 0"
 ⟨proof⟩

theorem DC_W03: "(∀K. Card(K) → DC(K)) ⇒ W03"
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma images_eq:
 "[[∀x ∈ A. f'x=g'x; f ∈ Df->Cf; g ∈ Dg->Cg; A ⊆ Df; A ⊆ Dg]]
 ⇒ f'A = g'A"
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma lam_images_eq:
 "[[Ord(a); b ∈ a]] ⇒ (λx ∈ a. h(x))'b = (λx ∈ b. h(x))'b"
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma lam_type_RepFun: "(λb ∈ a. h(b)) ∈ a -> {h(b). b ∈ a}"
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma lemmaX:
 "[[∀Y ∈ Pow(X). Y < K → (∃x ∈ X. ⟨Y, x⟩ ∈ R);
 b ∈ K; Z ∈ Pow(X); Z < K]]

$\implies \{x \in X. \langle Z, x \rangle \in R\} \neq 0$
<proof>

lemma *W01_DC_lemma*:

"[[*Card*(*K*); *well_ord*(*X*, *Q*);
 $\forall Y \in \text{Pow}(X). Y \prec K \implies (\exists x \in X. \langle Y, x \rangle \in R); b \in K$]]
 $\implies \text{ff}(b, X, Q, R) \in \{x \in X. \langle \lambda c \in b. \text{ff}(c, X, Q, R) \rangle \langle b, x \rangle \in R\}$ "
<proof>

theorem *W01_DC_Card*: "*W01* $\implies \forall K. \text{Card}(K) \implies \text{DC}(K)$ "
<proof>

end

References

- [1] Lawrence C. Paulson and Krzysztof Gŗabczewski. Mechanizing set theory: Cardinal arithmetic and the axiom of choice. *Journal of Automated Reasoning*, 17(3):291–323, December 1996.
- [2] Herman Rubin and Jean E. Rubin. *Equivalents of the Axiom of Choice, II*. North-Holland, 1985.