

Read this manual before operation

- > The content include of electric connections and operating steps
- Read the manual to operate the systems

RDC644XG

Control System

https://www.ruidacontroller.com



COPYRIGHT

All rights reserved.You may not reproduce, transmit, store in a retrieval system or adapt thispublication, in any form or by any means, without the prior written permissionof RuiDa, except as allowed under applicable copyright laws. We have identifiedwords that we consider as trademarks. Neither the presence or absence oftrademark identifications affects the legal status of any trademarks.





CERTIFICATION DECLARATION

CE

The product has been certified by the CE (Commutate European) safety certification. It has passed the corresponding conformity assessment procedure and the manufacturer's declaration of conformity, in accordance with the relevant EU directive.

ROHS

This product has been certified by EU legislation (Restriction of Hazardous Substances) Safety certification; comply with relevant EU environmental regulations.

FCC

This product has been certified by the Federal Communications Commission for safety, Comply with us electronic safety regulations.



SAFETY INFORMATION

When using this system, please make sure the operation is correct and the usage is safe. Some signs or text will be used to remind you to pay attention to the dangerous matters and some important information.



Dangerous:

Indicates a serious danger. In the process of use, if the operation is improper or the way of use is wrong, it may cause serious injury or even death to the user. Please do not operate it easily until you have made sure that the operation method is correct and the way of use is correct.



Warning:

Danger.n the process of use, if the operation is improper or the use is wrong, which may lead to the injury of the personnel, please do not operate the personnel and related personnel easily, until ensure the correct operation method and use method is correct before use.



Cautious:

Represents the potential risk of the product. In the process of use, if the use method is wrong or improper operation, it may cause damage to the product or some parts. Please do not use it until you have made sure that the operation method is correct and the usage is correct.



Important:

Represents important information to be paid attention to during the use of the product.Please do not ignore this information, this information will provide effective operational help.



This sign indicates laser radiation, which is usually posted on products with laser output. Please be careful with laser and pay attention to safety when using this kind of equipment.



Sign in , Devanning , Examine cargo

The product itself with plastic or metal shell, can protect the external electrical components from damage. The products are packed in foam bags and anti-static bags. If there is any external damage to the package, check the equipment and notify the carrier and carrier in writing of the damage.



Inportant:

After receiving the product, please check whether the outer package is intact, check whether the product is complete after unpacking and whether all parts are intact. If any damage is found, please contact ruida immediately.

Remove all cargo from package and keep packing material and wiring parts. Please take care of the safety of the goods when unpacking them.After taking out the goods, please check whether the parts are complete and intact. If any missing parts or damaged parts are found, please contact ruida technology immediately.Do not install or debug the equipment if any obvious damage is found.



Contents

1.1 Briefing	2
1.2 DESCRIPTION OF CONTROLLER MODEL	2
1.3 COMPARISON OF CONTROLLER PERFORMANCE	2
Section 2 Installation Size	5
2.1 Installation Size of MainBoard	6
2.2 Size of Panel	7
Section3 Object Pictures and Interfaces	8
	9
3.1 Object Pictures of MainBoard	9
3.2 Object Pictures of Panel	
3.3 Electric connection	11
3.4 LAMP INSTRUCTION	12
Section 4 Description of Interface Signal for MainBoard	
4.1 Interface of Main Power Source CN0	14
4.2 Panel Signal-Cable Interface HMI	14
4.3 Udisk Interface	14
4.4 PC-USB INTERFACE	14
4.5 Ethernet Interface	
4.6 GENERAL OUTPUT PORT CN1	
4.7 GENERAL INPUT PORT CN2	15
4.8 4-AXLE SPACING INPUT INTERFACE CN3/CN4	
4.9 X/Y/Z/U AXLE MOTOR DRIVER INTERFACE AXIS_X~AXIS_U	17
4.10 LASER POWER CONTROL INTERFACE CN5/CN6	17
Section5 Examples of Laser Power Interface	20
5.1 Brief	21
5.2 Examples of Glass tube Laser Power	22
5.3 Examples of RF-Laser	23
Section6 Examples of Driver Interface for Step-servo Motor	24
6.1 Brief	25
6.2 Examples of Motor Driver Connection	26
Section7 Examples of IO-port Wiring	27
7.1 INPUT	28
7.2 Output	29
Section8 Operating Instruction of Panel	
8.1 INTRODUCTION TO THE PANEL AND KEYS	31
8.1.1 The whole panel	31
8.1.2 Introduction to the Keys	31
8.2 INTRODUCTION TO THE MAIN INTERFACE	
8.2.1 The main interface	32
8.2.2 Speed key	
8.2.3 Max/Min power keys	34



8.2.4 Set the layer parameters
8.3 Z/U Key
8.3.1 Z move
8.3.2 U move
8.3.3 Axis reset
8.3.4 Manual set+
8.3.5 Laser set+
8.3.6 Origin set+
8.3.7 Set Fact Para
8.3.8 Def Fact Para4
8.3.9 Auto Focus4
8.3.10 Language4
8.3.11 IP Setup4
8.3.12 Diagnoses42
8.3.13 Screen Origin4
8.4 File Key
8.4.1 Memory File4
8.4.2 U Disk File
8.5 Introduction to some alarm info
Section9 Manufacturer/User Parameters Explanation4
9.1 MANUFACTURER PARAMETERS
9.2 User parameters



User's Manual of RDC644XG Control System

Section 1 Overview

CONTENTS:

Briefing

Description of Controller Model

Comparison of Controller Performance

1.1 Briefing

RDC644XG system is a new generation system for control of laser engraving and cutting, which is developed by RD Co., Ltd. In addition to high hardware stability, high voltage or static electricity rejection, and friendly 3.5" TFT man-machine display. This system is provided with stronger software function including perfect 4-axle motion control function, large-capacity file storage, two-channel adjustable digits laser power control interface, USB driver of stronger compatibility, multi-channel general/special IO control, and, this system can communicate with PC by USB2.0 or Ethernet, and the communication mode is automatically checked by the system.

1.2 Description of Controller Model



1.3 Comparison of Controller Performance

		RDLC420	RDC6332G	RDC6342G	RDC644XG
Power Feature		One-way 5V, one-way 24V, independent	Only one-way 24V (compatible with 36V for power supply, but not recommended)	Only one-way 24V (compatible with 36V for power supply, but not recommended)	Only one-way 24V (compatible with 36V for power supply, but not recommended)
Laser Port Feature		One-way digit and one-way analog	Two-way digits and two-way analog port, settable independently and non-interacted	Two-way digits and two-way analog port, settable independently and non-interacted	Two-way digits port, settable independently and non-interacted
USB	Copying Speed	Common	Quick	Quick	Very Quick



User's Manual of RDC644XG Control System

Feature	Compatibility	Support USB disks with	Support all USB disks with different	Support all USB disks with different	Support all USB disks with different capacities
		small capacity	capacities	capacities	with uncrent capacities
Memor	Capacity	64M	256M	256M	128M
y Feature	Fault Tolerance	Common	Capable of checking defective track and formatting and good in fault tolerance	Capable of checking defective track and formatting and good in fault tolerance	Capable of checking defective track and formatting and good in fault tolerance
Genera I IO Feature	Input Port	Two ways	4 ways (two for general, two for specialties)	4 ways (two for general, two for specialties)	4 ways (two for general, two for specialties)
	Output Port	1-way (low current, so additional drive is needed)	4-ways (500mA high current for each, OC output, no reverse current protection)	4-ways (500mA high current for each, OC output, no reverse current protection)	4-ways (500mA high current for each, OC output, reverse current protection included)
	Power-off restart for Engraving	YES	YES	YES	YES
Softwa	Multi-origin Logics	NO	YES	YES	YES
re Feature	Parameter Backup Logics	NO	YES	YES	YES
	Work time Preview	NO	YES (the work time accurate to 1ms)	YES (the work time accurate to 1ms)	YES (the work time accurate to 1ms)
	Online Update Mainboard Program	NO	YES	YES	YES
Displa y Featur	Online Modification Laser Power/Speed	YES	YES	YES	YES
e	Offline Modification Layer parameters	NO	YES	YES	YES
	Online Update Startup Display	NO	YES	YES	NO
	File dynamic/static preview	NO	YES	YES	YES
	Run progress bar display	NO	NO	NO	YES
	Modification Factory/User's para on display	NO	YES	YES	NO
	Display type	128*64, dot display	320*240 TFT display	320*240 TFT display	320*480 TFT display
	Soft Spacing	YES	YES	YES	YES
Motion	Hard Spacing	NO	YES	YES	YES



User's Manual of RDC644XG Control System

-axle	Z-axle Linkage	NO	YES	YES	YES
reature	Feeding Feature	Single direction	Single/double direction for option	Single/double direction for option	Single/double direction for option
	Power-on Resetting	Fixed	Configurable for each axes	Configurable for each axes	Configurable for each axes
	Key Speed	Fixed	Configurable	Configurable	Configurable
	Axles	4	3 (Z axes is configurable to flat or feedin axes)	3 (Z axes is configurable to flat or feedin axes)	4
Encryp tion Feature		Encryption based on the PC time	Realtime clock and battery integrated for hardware encryption	Realtime clock and battery integrated for hardware encryption	No realtime clock, but encryption included
Comm unicate Mode		USB2.0	10/100MHZ Ethernet or USB2.0	10/100MHZ Ethernet or USB2.0	10/100MHZ Ethernet or USB2.0, communication mode is automatically checked

Section 2 Installation Size

CONTENTS:



Installation Size of MainBoard

Size of Panel



2.1 Installation Size of MainBoard

The unit of all sizes is millimeter (mm) and the size accurate to 0.1mm (the four holes are symmetrical)



Figure 2.1-1



2.2 Size of Panel

The unit of all sizes is millimeter (mm) and the size accurate to 0.1mm.



Figure 2.2-1

Section3 Object Pictures and Interfaces

CONTENTS:

- Object Pictures of MainBoard
- Object Pictures of Panel
 - **Electric connection**
 - Lamp instruction



3.1 Object Pictures of MainBoard

For more detailed pin description, see the Chapter 4: Description of Interface Signal for MainBoard.



Figure: 3.1-1 Object Picture of MainBoard



3.2 Object Pictures of Panel



Figure: 3.2-1 Object Picture of Panel



3.3 Electric connection



Figure 3.3-1 electric connection



3.4 Lamp instruction

RDC6442G have fifteen red lamps:

LED NUMBER	NAME	SENSE
LED1	LmtX-	X negative limit indicator
LED2	LmtX+	X positive limit
LED3	LmtY-	Y negative limit
LED4	LmtY+	Y positive limit
LED5	LmtZ-	Z negative limit
LED6	LmtZ+	Z positive limit
LED7	LmtU-	U negative limit
LED8	LmtU+	U positive limit
LED9	Wp1	Indication for water protect 1
LED10	Wp2	Indication for water protect 2
LED11	Act	Ethernet communication
LED12	Link	Ethernet connection
LED13	Err	error in controller hardware
LED14	Run	the normal running status
LED15	+5V	+5V power supply



Section 4 Description of Interface Signal for MainBoard

CONTENTS:





4.1 Interface of Main Power Source CN0

Pin	Symbols	Definitions
1	GND	24V power ground (input)
2	+24V	24V power positive (input)
Caution	This control sys margin, it is sug compatible with driver can direct but generally it i	stem employs single 24 power supply. For a certain gested to select 24V/2A power. Besides, this system is 36V power, that is to say, the 36V power of Motion dy be connected to this main power port of this system, s not suggested to do so.

4.2 Panel Signal-Cable Interface HMI

The panel signal-cable is a pin-to-pin cable, which is included in the factory shipper bill.

4.3 Udisk Interface

Udisk is a USB-AM interface. The controller may visit the u-disk by this interface.

4.4 PC-USB Interface

PC-USB is a USB-BM interface. The controller may communicate with PC by this port.

4.5 Ethernet Interface

Using this interface, the mainboard can communicate with PC by 10/100MHZ Ethernet.



Pin to Pin Ethernet parallel line is recommended.



4.6 General Output Port CN1

Definition of general output port

Pin	Symbols	Definitions
1	GND	Power ground (output)
2	Out2	General output, with the function reserved.
3	Out1	General output, with the function reserved.
4	Status	General output for the signal port of running status. If this port is
		externally connected with the relay, the relay coil is broken over
		when it works; no influence is produced when it suspends working.
		When its work ends or is stopped manually, the relay coil will be
		cut off.
5	Wind	General output for blower control. When the blower control is
		otherwise it will output other special control signals. When the
		blower is connected and its control enabled, the blower switch can
		be set separately on each layer. If the relay is connected
		the relay coil will be cut off when the blower is off.
6	+24V	24V Power positive output (If the interface of main power source is
		powered with 24V power supply, this pin should be 24V; if it is
		powered with 36 V power supply, this pin should be 36V.)



All outputs are isolated through the optocoupler, and 500mA current for each, OC gate output, each can directly drive the 6V/24V relay.

4.7 General Input Port CN2

Pin	Symbols	Definitions	
1	GND	Power ground (output)	
2	FootSW	Input port of foot switch. The connection method is: when the	
		pedal is stepped down, the low-level signal will be inputted to	
		this port; when the pedal is released, the port will be	
		disconnected or the high-level signal can be inputted to this	
		port; when the stepped-down pedal is held for not less than	
		100 ms, if the machine lies idle, it can be started for work; if	
		the machine is in the working state, the work will	
		suspended; of the machine is in the suspension, the work will	
		be restarted, that is to say, the function of the pedal switch is	
		the same as that of the "Start/Pause" key. If the interval time to	
		the first stepping-down of the pedal should be less than	
		100ms when the pedal is stepped down once again, the	

アフ容达	科技	User's Manual of RDC644XG Control System
		second stepping-down of the pedal will be considered invalid
		by the mainboard.
3	DrProc	Input from protective port. If the machine needs to be
		protected in the special state (such as door open protection),
		the protective signal can be inputted from this pin. This pin can
		be enabled and prohibited. This signal is not inquired by the
		mainboard if this pin is prohibited; if this pin is enabled, when
		the input is high-leveled or this input port is suspended, the
		machine will be protected, the work suspended and the laser
		closed.
4	Shot	Input for manual laser on/off. Low level is to open laser
		and high level or no-connection is to close laser.
5	IN1	General Input, with the function reserved.
6	+24V	24V Power positive output (If the interface of main power
		source is powered with 24V power supply, this pin should be
		24V; if it is powered with 36 V power supply, this pin should be
		36V.)

4.8 4-axle Spacing Input Interface CN3/CN4

X/Y axle				
	Pin	Symbols Definitions		
	1 GND Power ground (output)		Power ground (output)	
	2 LmtY- The spacing from axle Y- and Y to 0 coordinate		The spacing from axle Y- and Y to 0 coordinate	
	3	3 LmtY+ The spacing from axle Y+ and Y to max. coordinate		
	4	LmtX- The spacing from axle X- and X to 0 coordinate		
	5 LmtX+ The spacing from axle X+ and X to max. coordinate		The spacing from axle X+ and X to max. coordinate	
	6	Puxy	5V Power positive (output)	

The spacing polarity is optional, that is to say, when the motion axle reaches the spacing position, it will trigger a low-level signal so as to make the corresponding LED (under the cover) light; when the motion axle leaves the spacing position, it will trigger a high-level signal or disconnect the spacing signal so as to make the spacing indicator go out, but when it leaves the spacing, the corresponding indicator will light and the spacing polarity become positive. The mistaken setting of spacing polarity will result that the spacing can't be detected when the system is reset so as to lead to the collision of axles.

The pin definitions of Z/U axle spacing input CN3 are the same as CN4.

All XYZU axle spacing inputs are compatible to 5V/12V/24V logic level inputs .



4.9 X/Y/Z/U axle Motor Driver Interface AXIS_X~AXIS_U

		•
Pin	Symbols	Definitions
1	DIR	Directional signal (OC output)
2	PUL	Pulse signal (OC output)
3	+5V	5V Power positive (output)

The interfaces of the above four motion axles are the same. The AXIS-X interface is exampled.

The polarity of directional signal for driver pulse signal can be set. Where a certain axle is reset, it will move to the opposite direction of machine origin, which means the polarity of directional signal for this axle is not correct. In such a case, the connection between this axle and the motor driver can be broken first (otherwise the mainboard can not be detected to the spacing so as to lead to the collision of this axle), and then such a polarity can be corrected after this axle is reset completely. Upon the correction, the reset key can be pressed against to reset the mainboard.

And, the Pulse signal can be falling edge valid or rising edge valid. The default setting is falling edge valid.



The Pulse signal and the directional signal are all OC outputs. The Controller must be common anode with the motor driver

4.10 Laser Power Control Interface CN5/CN6

This control system has two independent and adjustable digital laser power control interfaces. Signals of the two interfaces are similar and the first digital interface (CN5) is hereby exampled:

Pin	Symbols	Definitions
1	GND	Power ground (output)
2	L-ON1	Laser-enabled control interface
		 When the laser is the RF laser, this pin will not be used;
		2. When the laser is a glass tube, if the used laser is outputted in
		the low-level form, this pin will be connected with the laser power
		enable end and used to control the ON/Off of laser.
3	LPWM1	Power control interface of laser/laser tube
		1. When the laser is the RF laser, this pin will be connected with
		the laser RF-PWM end;

アフ容达科技		科技	User's Manual of RDC644XG Control System	
			2. When the laser is a glass tube, this pin will be connected with	
			the laser power PWM end and used to control the power of the	
			laser.	
	4	WP1	The input port of water protector for the first laser power source.	
			When the water protector 1 is enabled, the mainboard will detect	
			the input port of water protector 1. If this port is of low level, it will	
			be deemed normal; if this port is of high level, the mainboard will	
			forcibly close the laser to suspend the work in progress and the	
			system will warn. If the water protector 1 is not enabled, the	
			mainboard will not detect the input port of water protector 1 and so	
			the water protector 1 can be unconnected.	
			Water protection input must be 24V logic level.	
	5	L-AN1	The analog signals for Laser Power. If Glass Tube is used, this pin	
			is recommended to control the power of the Laser.	



Please correctly select the laser type in the factory parameters.



Section5 Examples of Laser Power Interface

CONTENTS:



Examples of Glass tube Laser Power

Examples of RF-Laser



5.1 Brief

This control system has two independent and adjustable digital laser power control interfaces, which can be used to control glass tube laser power and RF-laser.

Please correctly select the laser type in the factory parameters, or, the laser control is incorrect.



5.2 Examples of Glass tube Laser Power





5.3 Examples of RF-Laser



Section6ExamplesofDriverInterfaceforStep-servo Motor

CONTENTS:



Examples of Motor Driver Connection



6.1 Brief

The input signal end of step-servo motor driver employs the light-coupled isolation technology. For the step-by-step impulse signal, some isolate the side OC diode from cutoff to conduction (e.g. the valid falling edge of pulse signal inputted from the diode minus end) and some do so from conduction to cutoff (e.g. the valid rising edge of pulse signal inputted from the diode minus end).

When it is indicated whether the pulse signal of motor driver is the valid rising edge or the valid falling edge, it will be subject to the pulse signal inputted from the minus end of side OC diode.

Some input signals of motor driver are independent and some are internally of common anode, so some have 4 external leading-out wires and some 3 wires (only the pulse and directional signals are counted) as shown in Figure 6.1-1 and 6.1-2.

RDC644XG Controller has four groups of 3-wires motion driver interface, each interface has one direction signal, one pulse signal, and one 5V positive output, the direction signal and the pulse signal are all OC output.

RDC644XG controller must be common anode with the motor driver. The polarity of the direction signal can be changed in the factory parameters, and the valid edge of the pulse signal can also be changed.



Figure: 6.1-1 Four Inputs, Independent Input Signal of Driver



Figure: 6.1-2 Three Inputs, Common-anode Input Signal of Driver





6.2 Examples of Motor Driver Connection

Section7 Examples of IO-port Wiring

CONTENTS:





7.1 Input

The two water protection inputs are 24V logic level; all other inputs are compatible with 5V/12V/24V logic level.



Input connection shown as below

Figure 7.1-1 example of input



7.2 Output

All outputs are isolated through the optocoupler, and 500mA current for each, OC gate output,

each can directly drive the 6V/24V relay, led lamp, buzzer etc.

Output connection shown as below



Figure 7.2-1 example of output

Section8OperatingInstruction of Panel

CONTENTS:



8.1 Introduction to the Panel and Keys

8.1.1 The whole panel



8.1.2 Introduction to the Keys







To move the X axes or the left/right cursor To move the Y axes or the up/down cursor;

:The Z/U key can be pressed when the system is idle

or the work is finished. On pressing this key, it will show some entries in the interface, each entry includes some functions, Z axes move, U axes move, each axes to go home etc.;

• Esc :To stop work, or to exit to some menu;

• Enter : Validate the change;

8.2 Introduction to the Main Interface

8.2.1 The main interface

When the system is powered on, the screen will show as below:







- Graph Display Area: To display the whole file's track, and display the running track.
- Running parameters: To display the running file's file number, speed, max power etc.;
- Coordinate: To display the current coordinate of X,Y and Z axes

• Graph layer parameters: To display the layers' information of the current file, such as max or min power, speed etc.. When system is idle, dblclick the layer, then users can change the layer's parameters and the changing would be saved.

Running Status: To display the current status of the machine, such as Idle, Run,
 Pause, Finish, etc.;

- Running Progress Bar: To display the progress bar of the current running file;
- Working Number: To accumulate the work number of the current file.
- File Dimension: To display the dimension of the current file;
- Net status: To display the connecting status of the Ethernet.

When work is Idle or finished, all keys can be pushed, users can select a file to run, set some parameters, preview to a select file etc. But, when work is running or paused, some keys don't respond when they are pushed.



8.2.2 Speed key

Speed:	300	mm/s
Modified	press Enter	

Push the "Speed" key when the screen is on the main interface, it will show as below:

Figure 8.2-2

Push the "X+/-" Keys to move the cursor in the numeral area, and push the "Y+/-" keys to change the value, then push the "Enter" key to save the change, push the "Esc" key to invalidate the change.

8.2.3 Max/Min power keys

Push the "Max Power" or the "Min Power" keys when the screen is on the main interface, it will show as below:



Figure 8.2-3



MinPower1: 30.0	%
MinPower2: 30.0	%
Press Z/U move item Modified press Enter	

Figure 8.2-4

When "Z/U" key is pushed, the green block can move up and down to denote the changing item, then "Y+/-" keys and "X+/-" keys can be used to change the value.

8.2.4 Set the layer parameters

After selecting a file to preview on the main interface, user can push "Enter" key to let the cursor move to the first layer, then "Y+/-" Keys can be pushed to select the intent layer, on that time, user can push "Enter" key to check the selected layer's parameters, show as below:





Layer0:	<>	
Speed:	400 mm/s	
MinPower1:	22.0 %	
MinPower2:	30.0 %	
MaxPower1:	30.0 %	
MaxPower2:	30.0 %	
Press Z/U move item		
Modified press Enter		





User can push "Z/U" Keys to move the green block on the intent parameter, then he could change the parameter if needed. "OK" to validate the change, and "Esc" to invalidate the change.

8.3 Z/U Key

The Z/U key can be pressed when the system is idle or the work is finished. On pressing this key, it will show some entries in the following interface:





Push "Y+/-" keys to move the green block to the anticipant item, and then push the "Enter" key to display the sub menu.

8.3.1 Z move

When the green block is on "Z Move" item, "X+/-" keys can be used to move the z axes.

8.3.2 U move

When the green block is on "U Move" item, "X+/-" keys can be used to move the u axes.

8.3.3 Axis reset

When the green block is on this item, push the "Enter" key to show as below:





Push the "Y+/-" Keys to move the cursor to one of the entry, then push "Enter" key to restart the selected axis, the screen will show some information when resetting.

8.3.4 Manual set+

When the green block is on this item, push the "Enter" key to show as below:

Mode:	continue	<>	
manual:	300	mm	
Press Z/U move item			
Modified press Enter			

Figure 8.3-3

Push "Z/U" key to move the green block, and when the green block is on the "Mode" item, push "X+-" keys to select the anticipant value, "Continue" or "Manual". When "Continue" item is selected, then the "Manual" item is not valid, on that time, push the direction keys to move the corresponding axes, and when the pushed key is loosed, then the corresponding axes will finish moving. When the Mode item is "manual", then pushing the direction key one time, the



corresponding axes will move a fixed length, unless the scope is overstepped.

8.3.5 Laser set+

When the green block is on this item, push the "Enter" key to show as below:

Mode: continue		
Laser Set: 50 ms		
Press Z/U move item Modified press Enter		

Figure 8.3-4

Push "Z/U" key to move the green block, and when the green block is on the "Mode" item, push "X+-" keys to select the anticipant value, "Continue" or "Manual". When "Continue" item is selected, then the "Laser Set" item is not valid, on that time, push the Laser key to splash the enabled lasers, and when Laser key is loosed, then the lasers will finish splashing. When the Mode item is "manual", then pushing the Laser key one time, the enabled lasers will splash a fixed time.

8.3.6 Origin set+

When the green block is on this item, push the "Enter" key to show as below:



 Muti origin enable Origin enable1 Origin enable3 			
Origin enable2 Origin enable4			
Set origin:	1		
Next origin:	0		
Press Z/U move item			
Modified press Enter			



Push "Z/U" key to move the green block to the anticipant item, and when the green block is on "enable" items, push "Enter" key to enable or disable the item, when enabled, the small diamonds is green, and when disabled, the small diamonds is grey. When the green block is on the "Set origin" item or the "Next origin" item, push the "X+-" keys to select the value.

Pay attention to if when the green block is on the "Set origin" item, push the "X+-" keys to select a value, then, "Enter" key must be pushed to valid the change, or, the change is invalid. Each item introduced as below:

➤ Multiple Origins Enable: "Yes" or "No" can be selected. If you select "No", the system will use the single-origin logic. You can press the "Origin" key and set the origin, and only this origin can become valid. If you select "Yes", the system will use the multiple- origin logic and the "Origin" key on the keyboard become invalid. In such a case, the parameter of each origin must be set in the menu as follows.

Origin Enable1/2/3/4: after the multiple-origin logic is enabled, the four origins can independently be prohibited and enabled.

Set Origin 1/2/3/4: after the multiple- origin logic is enabled, you can stop the cursor at "Set as Origin 1/2/3/4". Press the "Enter" key on the keyboard and the system will take the coordinate figures of current X/Y axles as the corresponding ones to the origin 1/2/3/4.

> Next Origin: there are such five digits as 0^4 for option, which are the origins to be used for the next figure. Origin 0 means the origin set by the "Origin" key on the panel in the single- origin logic. 1^4 means the serial number of the origins in the multiple-



Prompt

origin logic. Next origin can be modified to any one of origin 1^{4} , so as to control the start location of next work (the premise is that the origin is enabled), but it can't be modified to origin 0.

Once the multiple- origin logic is selected and if the serial number of the next origin is 1 and four origins are enabled, when the memory file function is started or the processing file is uploaded into the PC and this file selects "Take the Original Origin as current Origin", the work started for each time will use different origins. The rotation order of origin is 1->2->3->4->1->2.....

8.3.7 Set Fact Para

After the "Set Fact Para" is selected and the Enter key pressed, the interface will show the specific password to be entered when set as default parameter.

Password: 123456
Password error
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z



Push "X+/-" keys and "Y+/-" keys to select the characters, and push the "Enter" key to valid the characters, when finishing enter the password ,that is to say, the six characters, if the password is error, it prompts there is some error, or, all parameters are stored.

After the manufacturer regulates all parameters of the machine well (including all manufacturer parameters and user parameters), this function can be used to store the well-regulated parameters to help users to recover the original parameters (including all manufacturer parameters and user parameters) through selecting "Recover Para" when they regulate parameters improperly.



8.3.8 Def Fact Para

After the "Def Fact Para" is selected and the Enter key pressed, the "Successful Recovery" dialog box will pop up to prompt that all manufacturer parameters and user parameters are recovered successfully. You can return to the previous menu by press the Enter key.

8.3.9 Auto Focus

When the cursor stops at "Auto Focus", press the Enter key to search for the focus(When there is z axes, and the z axes reset function is enabled, the auto focusing is valid); press the Esc key to return the prior menu.

8.3.10 Language

The item "Language" helps you to select a appropriate langue which is displayed on the pane:



Figure 8.3-7

8.3.11 IP Setup

When the green block is on this item, push the "Enter" key to show as below:



IP address:		
192 . 168 . 1 . 100		
Gateway:		
202 . 96 . 134 . 133		
Press Z/U move item Modified press Enter		



Push "Z/U" key to move the changing item, then push "X+/-" keys and "Y+/-" keys to change the value, when all the IP value and the Gateway value are changed, push "Enter" key to validate the change, or "Esc" key to invalidate the change.

8.3.12 Diagnoses

If the "Diagnoses" item is pressed, the system will show as below:



Figure 8.3-9

This interface shows some system input information, such as limiter status, the status of the water protecting, and the status of the foot switch etc.. When the input is validated, the color frame will be green, otherwise it's gray.



8.3.13 Screen Origin

If the "Screen Origin" item is pressed, the system will show as below:

Origin locat:	Top left <>
To modify press	\leftarrow / \rightarrow
Modified press l	Enter

Figure 8.3-10

There are four entries to be selected: Top Left, Top Right, Bottom Left and Bottom Right. When one is selected, the previewed graph on the screen would be enantiomorphous based on X or Y direction.



This item is only used to preview the file on the screen, and it is no meaning to the machine's movement.

8.4 File Key

8.4.1 Memory File

On the main interface, if "File" key is pressed, it will show as below:



File: Count:	Read mem file	File:	01		
01 400		Speed: 300mm,		/s	
02 200		MaxPow:	30.0%/30.0%		
03 100	Other+	X:	150.2	mm	
	Run	Y:	153.5	mm	
	Track	Z:	3000	mm	
	Work time				
	Clear count				
	Delete				
	Copy to udisk				
Idle 00.00.00 Count: 99 X: 180.5 mm Y: 235.6 mm connect					



When showing this menu, the system would read the memory file firstly, the file name and the work times would be listed in the area, and the selected file is previewed in the bottom right area. "Y+/-" keys could be used to move the cursor on the file name list. When the cursor is on a target file name, presses the "Enter" key, the selected file will be previewed on the main interface, and then if "Esc" key is pushed, the preview will disappear.

"X+/-" keys could be used to move the cursor left and right. All the item show as below:

- Read mem file: read the memory file list;
- Udisk: read the U disk file list;
- **Other**: the other operation of the memory files;
- **Run**: To run the selected file;
- Track: To track the selected file, and the track mode is optional;
- Work time: To forecast the running time of the selected file, and the time is accurate to 1ms;
- Clear count: To clear the running times of the selected file;
- **Delete**: To delete the selected file in the memory;
- Copy to Udisk: To copy the selected file to Udisk;

If the "Other" entry is pressed, the system will show as below:





- **Current work time**: To forecast the running time of the current file(the current file No. is showed on the main interface), and the time is accurate to 1ms.
- Clear all count: To clear the running times of every file in the memory
- **Delete all file**: To delete all memory files
- Format speedily: To format memory speedily, and then all the files in memory will be deleted.
- **Format drastically**: To format memory drastically, and then all the files in memory will be deleted.
- **Total**: the total running times of all the files.

8.4.2 U Disk File

If the "Udisk" entry in figure 8.4-1 is pressed, the system will show as figure 8.4-3, and the operation method is all the same as figure 8.4-1.





Figure 8.4-3

- Read Udisk: read the file list in the Udisk;
- Copy to memory: copy the target Udisk file to the memory;
- **Delete**: delete the selected Udisk file;

Prompt This system supports such file formats of Udisk as FAT32 and FAT16, but it can identify them when the files are put under the root directory of Udisk. The file name of more than 8 characters will automatically be cut out by the system. The file name that has only English letters and digits will not show when they are copied to the mainboard. The files copied from the mainboard to Udisk will be placed under the root directory of Udisk.

8.5 Introduction to some alarm info

When users are operating the system, or when the machine is running, some alarm information such as water protecting error maybe shows as below:



Water error	
Esc	Enter



Push "Enter" key or "Esc" key, the system will execute some relative steps.



Section9 Manufacturer/User Parameters Explanation

CONTENTS:

Manufacturer parameters

User parameters



9.1 Manufacturer parameters

(1) Motor parameters

X/Y/Z/U axle parameters

> **Direction Polarity**: Modification of direction polarity can move the motor to the opposite direction. The modification purpose can move this axle to the origin on resetting. If this axle moves far from the origin on resetting, it means the direction polarity of this axle is wrong in setting and should be modified.

> **Spacing Polarity**: it is used to set the high and low level mode of spacing signal. When the motion axle arrives at the spacing position and input a low-level signal to the mainboard, the spacing polarity at this time should be set to be minus.

➤ scope: it means the farthest distance that the motion axle can move, which is determined in accordance with the actual condition of the machine.

➤ **Distance from Origin to Hard Spacing**: if this axle enables hard-spacing protection, generally this value should be set to be 2~5mm; if it is set to be 0, when this motion axle moves to the smallest coordinate, i.e. 0, this spacing may be validate, which may wrongly triggers the hard-spacing protection and scram the machine. If the hard-spacing protection is not enabled, this value can be set to be 0~5mm.

> **Control Mode**: Double pulse or direction+single pulse are optional, in general, direction+single pulse is selected.

> Motor Stepping: it means the impulse equivalent, the absolute distance gone by the corresponding motion axle when a pulse is delivered to the motor. Prior to the correct setting of this value, a large rectangle can be cut with the machine (the larger the figure is, the smaller the difference is). The motor stepping can automatically be calculated according to the figure length and measuring length.

► **Hard-spacing Protection**: it is used for whether the hard-spacing protection of this axle is enabled.

> **PWM Rising edge valid**: To set the motor driver's pulse signal rising edge valid or falling edge valid. If this item is disabled, the pulse is falling edge valid, or, it's rising edge valid.

➢ Reset Enable: if the machine is provided with this axle, its "Reset Enable" should be opened; if no, its "Reset Enable" should be prohibited.

> **Takeoff Speed**: it means the speed of the motion axle in direct start from the idle condition. If this value is excessively large, it will make the motor lose steps, jar and even squeak; if small, it will reduce the running speed of the whole figure. If the inertia of the motion axle is larger (the axle is heavier), you can set a smaller takeoff speed; if smaller (the axle is lighter), you can increase the takeoff speed. For example, the typical value is 5~30mm/s.

> Maximum Speed: it means the maximum limit of motion speed that this



axle can bear. This parameter has something to do with the driving force of motor, the inertia of motion axle and its drive ratio. For example, the typical value is 200~500mm/s.

> Maximum Acceleration: it means the maximum acceleration of the motion axle in accelerated or decelerated motion. If the acceleration is set too large, it will make the motor lose steps, jar and even squeak; if too small, it will cause the reduction of acceleration so as to reduce the running speed of the whole figure. For the axles with larger inertia, such as Y axle corresponding to the beam, its typical setting range is 800~3000mm/s2; for the axles with smaller inertia, such as X axle corresponding to the car, its typical setting range is 8000~20000mm/s2.

➤ Scram Acceleration: if this axle enables the hard-spacing protection, when this axle moves to the spacing position, it will scram operation at the scram acceleration. This value can be 2~3 times of the maximum acceleration for this axle.

Key parameters

> Key Move Takeoff Speed: it means the starting speed to move this axle by way of the keys on the keyboard, which can't be higher than the takeoff speed.

> **Key Move Acceleration**: it means the acceleration to move this axle by way of the keys on the keyboard, which can't be higher than the maximum acceleration of this axle.

> **Key Polarity**: it is used to control the movement direction of the axle that is moved through manual operation of the keys. After the direction polarity is correctly set, if you press the directional keys on the operating panel, this axle will move to the opposite direction. In such a case the polarity of keys should be modified.

(2) Laser parameters

> Laser Configuration: single laser and double lasers are available for option and set in accordance with the laser-tube quantity provided by the manufacturer.

► **Laser Type**: glass tube, RF laser (not need pre-ignition pulse) and RF laser (needing pre-ignition pulse) available for option.

Laser Attenuation Quotiety

➤ **Laser Enable**: When double lasers are used, then each laser can be respectively enabled or disabled.

- > Minimum Power
- > Maximum Power
- > Laser PWM Frequency
- > Pre-generation Frequency
- > Pre-generation pulse scale: When the laser is RF-laser and it's need



to pre-generate PWM, then set the Pre-generation Frequency and the Pre-generation pulse scale.

> Water Protector Enabled: When the water protector is enabled, the mainboard will detect the input port of water protector. If this port is of low level, it will be deemed normal; if this port is of high level, the mainboard will forcibly close the laser to suspend the work in progress and the system will warn. If the water protector is not enabled, the mainboard will not detect the input port of water protector and so the water protector can be unconnected.

Laser PWM Frequency is used to set the pulse frequency of control signal used by this laser, in general, glass tube is about 20KHZ, RF laser is about 5KHZ; the maximum/minimum power (%) is used to set the limit power of this laser, that is to say, during the operation, the maximum power set by the user can't be higher than that set here and the minimum power set by the user can't be less than that set here, either. When a laser's power is attenuated, then the laser attenuation quotiety may be set



If it is only provided with the single laser, it can show the one-path parameter.

(3) Other manufacturer parameters

Machine configuration

> **Machine Type**: In most cases, the general engraving machine should be selected and other types used for specific purposes.

> **Transmission Mode**: generally the "Belt Stepping Type" should be made choice of. The control algorithm will be changed a little when other types are selected.

➤ **Feeding Mode**: it has single-way mode and two-way mode for option. If it is of single-way feeding, it is unnecessary to check the coordinates. Feeding can be conducted in the single-way mode; if it is of two-way feeding, the system will check the maximum and minimum coordinates. The odd sequence means feeding should be done to one direction and the even sequence means feeding done to the other direction. The initial direction for the first time can be changed through setting the directional polarity or modifying the plus and minus values of the feeding length.

➢ Power-Off-Restart Delay: it can be set to be 0~3000ms. After the power-off of the electricity grid, the power supply of the system will not drop to 0 at once. There is a delay during this time. The delay value set here should basically consistent with the actual off-delay value. If the deviation of set value is larger, on the de-energizing for continuous engraving, either the figure processed for the second time is not closed with that before the cutoff, or it is coincided with that too much.





After the configuration parameters in the manufacturer parameters, such as directional polarity, control mode, laser type and laser PWM frequency, are modified, the system should be reset. Such a modification can function upon the resetting of the system.

Enable parameters

> **Door Opening Protection**: If this item is enabled, then the door opening protection must be connected to the controller, or, the machine will not run.

> Whether to enable the blower: If using wind out port to control the blower by the graph layer parameter, this item must be enabled, or, the wind output is a signal for other using.

9.2 User parameters

(1) Cutting parameters(Only affect cutting arts)

➤ Idle Move Speed: this parameter decides the highest speed of all non-lighting lines for the machine in the movement process.

➤ Idle Move Acceleration: it means the highest acceleration of all non-lighting lines. Idle stroke speed and idle stroke acceleration can be set higher to reduce the working time of the whole figure, but if they are set too high, it may cause the jarring of track, so comprehensive consideration should be given to the setting.

> **Idle Move Delay:** If this parameter is zero, then after idle moving there is no delay, or, there is delay and the speed will decrease to turn off speed.

Turning Speed: it means the speed of turning at the acute-angle corner, which is also the highest speed in the whole cutting process.

> **Turning Acceleration**: it means the acceleration of turning at the acute-angle corner when cutting. If the two speeds are set too high, jarring will happen to the turning; if set too low, it will influence the cutting speed. This acceleration is the least value of the whole graph.

> **Cutting Acceleration**: it means the highest acceleration value in the whole cutting process.

> Acc Factor: This parameter indicates how speedy the cutting acceleration is changing.

> **G0 Acc Factor**: This parameter indicates how speedy the idle move acceleration is changing.

> **Speed Factor**: This parameter indicates the cutting speed of the arc of various curvatures.

• **Key Setting**: This is a button but not a parameter, this button is used to recommend some experiential cutting parameters.

- (2) Scanning parameters(Only affect scanning arts)
 - > X-axle Starting Speed
 - > Y-axle Starting Speed
 - > X-axle Acceleration
 - > Y-axle Acceleration

The above four parameters are used to set the starting speed and acceleration of two axles on the scanning. The higher the two speeds are, the quicker the scanning is.

> Scanning Line-feed Speed: this parameter is specially used to control the highest speed at which that the previous line vertically moves to the next line in the scanning mode. If the space between lines is larger during the scanning or if the distance of each block is larger during the scanning and deblocking of figure, it is necessary to position each line or block accurately. In such a case the speed of scanning line-feed can be set as a lower value.

Scanning Mode: it is divided into general mode and special mode for option. If special mode is used, the laser power should be increased. The smaller the speckle percentage is, the more the laser power reduces. The laser power to set should be special mode is to reach the same scanning depth. The purpose to select the special mode is to make the laser light at high power and short time. On the depth scanning the effect that the bottom is flatter is obtained, but it should be noticeable that if the speckle adjustment is not appropriate, it can achieve this goal. If the high power remains short, the lighting mode will influence the life of the laser. The system will default the selection of general mode.

➤ **Speckle Size**: When the general mode is selected as the scanning mode, this parameter will become ineffective; when the special mode is selected, this parameter will become effective. The controller will control this parameter among 50%~99%.



The cutting and scanning parameters can't exceed the limited ones in the axle parameters. If so, the setting will become ineffective and the system will automatically cover the parameters with the axle parameters.

(3) Feeding parameters

➢ Before-feeding Time Lag: settable at 0~300s. The lagged time can facilitate user's feeding and picking on the feeding device.

> After-feeding Time Lag: settable at 0~9.9s. It can facilitate the feeding device's delaying in jarring after moving to the correct position and waiting for the 2^{nd} work after the feeding axle stands still completely.

> **Progressive feeding**: If this item is enabled, then the dummy array graph on Y direction will run in the same position, running one line graph, the U axes moving one time to feed, the moving length of U axes is the interval of the two lines graph on Y direction.

> Progressive feeding repay: Because of the imprecision of U axes'



moving, there can set a value to repay the interval of the two lines graph on Y direction.

(4) Reset parameters

- **Reset Speed**: it means the speed of X/Y-axle linkage reset to the origin.
- > X axle start-up reset(Auto home)
- > Y axle start-up reset(Auto home)
- Z axle start-up reset(Auto home)
- U axle start-up reset(Auto home)

You can select "Yes" or "No" in the field of the above four parameters, which is used to confirm whether each axle can be reset on the startup.

(4) Go scale parameters

➢ Go scale Mode: "Blanked Bordering" means idling to start border preview; "Outputted Border Cutting" can manually cut off the well-processed figure; "4-corner Dotting" means to emit the light at four corner points of the frame to make a point and turn off light. The size and position of this figure can be checked intuitively through the four points. The bordering speed is the speed value set on the keyboard when the system is idle. For light output, its minimum/maximum power is the corresponding value set on the keyboard when the system is idle (The lasering power on the 4-corner dotting means the well-set maximum power).

➢ Go scale Blank: It means whether to extend a certain length outside the actual frame of the figure on the preview/cutting of frame.

Prompt

If the frame crosses the border, the interface will prompt it. If the Enter key is pressed at this time, the system will cut the border at the maximum/minimum coordinates first, and then border the figure. This bordering can be given up.

(5) Other user parameters

> Array Mode: Two-way array or one-way array can be selected. Two-way array means the to-and-fro cutting of array in sequence; one-way array means the cutting of array from one direction to another. On selecting one-way array, the elements of each array are the same in action mode and completely uniform in action fluency, which takes a little more time than two-way array. Two-way array is the default option.

➢ Back Position: The origin (the relative origin) and the machine's absolute origin can be selected. This parameter decides the parking position of laser head after each work.

➢ Focus Setting: it means the distance from the focal point of laser head lens to Z-axle origin. When there is no automatic focusing function, this parameter becomes invalid.

- **Backlash X**: The X axes' backlash, accurate to 1um.
- **Backlash Y**: The Y axes' backlash, accurate to 1um.



Thank you for your selection of our production!

All the copyright of this manual is owned by Ruida technology. Any person or company can not copy upload and send the manual without Ruida's permission.

Content will be revised or modified. We will not send message to every users.

If there are any question or suggestion about our products and manuals, please tells us.

Tel: (086)0755-26066687

Fax: (086)0755-26982287

Adress : 3th floor,Technology Building,NO.,1067 Nanhai Avenue,Nanshan district, Shenzhen, Guangdong , China.

Website: www.rd-acs.com