Enriched Lawvere Theories for Operational Semantics

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How do we integrate syntax and semantics?

object type morphism term * 2-morphism rewrite * Enriched Lawvere Theories for Operational Semantics

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algebraic theories : denotational semantics

$$(ab)c = a(bc)$$

enriched theories : operational semantics



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Let V be monoidal. A V-enriched category has hom-objects in V; composition and identity are morphisms in V, as are the components of a V-functor and a V-natural transformation:

V-category
$$C(a,b) \in V$$

V-functor
$$F_{ab}: C(a, b) \rightarrow D(F(a), F(b)) \in V$$

V-transformation $\varphi_a \colon 1_V \to D(F(a), G(a)) \in V.$

These form the 2-category VCat.

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Our enriching category

Let V be a cartesian closed category:

 $\mathsf{V}(\mathsf{a} \times \mathsf{b}, \mathsf{c}) \cong \mathsf{V}(\mathsf{a}, [\mathsf{b}, \mathsf{c}]).$

Then $\underline{V} \in VCat$.

Let $V \in CCC_{fc(1)}$, meaning assume and choose:

$$\begin{split} n_{\mathsf{V}} &:= \sum_n \mathbf{1}_{\mathsf{V}}.\\ \text{Let} \quad \mathsf{N}_{\mathsf{V}} &:= \{n_{\mathsf{V}} | n \in \mathsf{N}\} \subset_{\textit{full}} \mathsf{V}\\ \text{and} \quad \mathsf{A}_{\mathsf{V}} &:= \underline{\mathsf{N}}_{\mathsf{V}}^{\mathrm{op}} \quad - \text{ our "arities"} \end{split}$$

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Enriched products

The V-**product** of $(a_i) \in C$ is an object $\prod_i a_i \in C$ equipped with a V-natural isomorphism

$$C(-,\prod_i a_i) \cong \prod_i C(-,a_i).$$

A V-functor $F: C \rightarrow D$ preserves V-products if the "projections" induce a V-natural isomorphism:

$$D(-, F(\prod_i a_i)) \cong \prod_i D(-, F(a_i)).$$

Let $VCat_{fp}$ be the 2-category of V-categories with finite V-products and V-functors preserving them.

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Enriched Lawvere theories

Definition

A V-**theory** is a V-category $T \in VCat_{fp}$ whose objects are finite V-products of a distinguished object.

A morphism of V-theories is a V-functor $F: T \rightarrow T' \in VCat_{fp}$. These and V-natural transformations form the 2-category of V-theories, VLaw. Enriched Lawvere Theories for Operational Semantics

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Definition

A **context** is a V-category $C \in VCat_{fp}$. A **model** of T is a V-functor

$$\mu \colon \mathsf{T} \to \mathsf{C} \in \mathsf{VCat}_{\textit{fp}}.$$

The category of models is $Mod(T, C) := VCat_{fp}(T, C)$.

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Example: monoidal categories

Let V = Cat. Th(PsMon) type M pseudomonoid operations $\otimes : M^2 \rightarrow M$ multiplication $I: 1 \rightarrow M$ identity

rewrites



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Example: cartesian object

Let V = Cat.

Th(Cart)

type

operations

 $\begin{array}{ll} m \colon & \mathsf{X}^2 \to \mathsf{X} \\ e \colon & 1 \to \mathsf{X} \end{array}$

Х

product terminal element

cartesian object

rewrites

 $\begin{array}{lll} \bigtriangleup\colon & \operatorname{id}_{\mathsf{X}} \Longrightarrow m \circ \Delta_{\mathsf{X}} & \text{unit of } m \vdash \Delta_{\mathsf{X}} \\ \pi \colon & \Delta_{\mathsf{X}} \circ m \Longrightarrow \operatorname{id}_{\mathsf{X}^2} & \text{counit of } m \vdash \Delta_{\mathsf{X}} \\ \top \colon & \operatorname{id}_{\mathsf{X}} \Longrightarrow e \circ !_{\mathsf{X}} & \text{unit of } e \vdash !_{\mathsf{X}} \\ \epsilon \colon & !_{\mathsf{X}} \circ e \Longrightarrow \operatorname{id}_1 & \text{counit of } e \vdash !_{\mathsf{X}} \end{array}$

triangle identities

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Conclusion

equations

Let $F: V \to W$ preserve finite products, and $C \in VCat$.

Then *F* induces a **change of base**:

 $F_*(\mathsf{C})(a,b) := F(\mathsf{C}(a,b)).$

This gives a 2-functor

 F_* : VCat \rightarrow WCat.

Enrichment provides semantics, so change of base should *preserve* theories to be a *change of semantics*.

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Preservation of theories

Theorem

Let $F : V \to W \in CCC_{fc(1)}$. Then F is a change of semantics:

 F_* preserves theories. For every V-theory $\tau_V \colon A_V \to T$,

$$\tau_{\mathsf{W}} := \mathsf{A}_{\mathsf{W}} \xrightarrow{\sim} F_*(\mathsf{A}_{\mathsf{V}}) \xrightarrow{F_*(\tau_{\mathsf{V}})} F_*(\mathsf{T}) \quad \text{is a W-theory.}$$

 F_* preserves models. For every model $\mu \colon \mathsf{T} \to \mathsf{C}$,

 $F_*(\mu) \colon F_*(\mathsf{T}) \to F_*(\mathsf{C})$ is a model of $(F_*(\mathsf{T}), \tau_\mathsf{W})$.

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Change of semantics

There is a "spectrum" of semantics:



 $\begin{array}{ll} {\rm FC}_{*} & {\rm maps \ small-step \ to \ big-step \ operational \ semantics.} \\ {\rm FP}_{*} & {\rm maps \ big-step \ to \ full-step \ operational \ semantics.} \\ {\rm FS}_{*} & {\rm maps \ full-step \ to \ denotational \ semantics.} \end{array}$

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The theory of SKI

		11(31(1)	
type	t		
terms	S: K: I: ():	$egin{array}{ll} 1 ightarrow t \ 1 ightarrow t \ 1 ightarrow t \ t^2 ightarrow t \end{array}$	
rewrites	σ: κ: ι:	(((S a) b) c) ((K a) b) (I a)	$\Rightarrow ((a c) (b c))$ $\Rightarrow a$ $\Rightarrow a$

Th(SKI)

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A Gph-product preserving Gph-functor μ : Th(SKI) \rightarrow Gph yields a graph $\mu(t)$ of SKI-terms:

$$1 \cong \mu(1) \xrightarrow{\mu(S)} \mu(t) \stackrel{\mu((--))}{\longleftarrow} \mu(t^2) \cong \mu(t)^2.$$

The rewrites are transferred by the enrichment of μ :

 $\mu_{1,t}$: Th(SKI) $(1, t) \rightarrow \text{Gph}(1, \mu(t))$.

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The syntax and semantics of the SKI combinator calculus are given by the free model

 $\mu^{\mathsf{Gph}}_{\mathsf{SKI}} := \mathsf{Th}(\mathsf{SKI})(1,-) \colon \mathsf{Th}(\mathsf{SKI}) \to \mathsf{Gph}.$

The graph $\mu_{SKI}^{Gph}(t)$ is the *transition system* which represents the **small-step operational semantics** of the SKI-calculus:

 $(\mu(a)
ightarrow \mu(b) \in \mu^{\mathsf{Gph}}_{SKI}(t)) \iff (a \Rightarrow b \in \mathsf{Th}(\mathsf{SKI})(1,t)).$

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Change of semantics

FC: Gph \rightarrow Cat preserves products, hence gives a change of semantics from *small-step* to *big-step* operational semantics:



 $FP: \mathsf{Cat} \to \mathsf{Pos}$ gives full-step (Hasse diagram), and FS: $\mathsf{Pos} \to \mathsf{Set}$ gives denotational semantics, collapsing the connected component to a point.

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Enriched theories give a way to unify the structure and behavior of formal languages.

Enriching in category-like structures reifies operational semantics by incorporating rewrites between terms.

Cartesian functors between enriching categories induce change-of-semantics functors between categories of models.

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This paper builds on the ideas of Mike Stay and Greg Meredith presented in "Representing operational semantics with enriched Lawvere theories".

We gratefully acknowledge the support of Pyrofex Corporation, and we appreciate their letting us develop this work for the distributed computing system RChain.



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