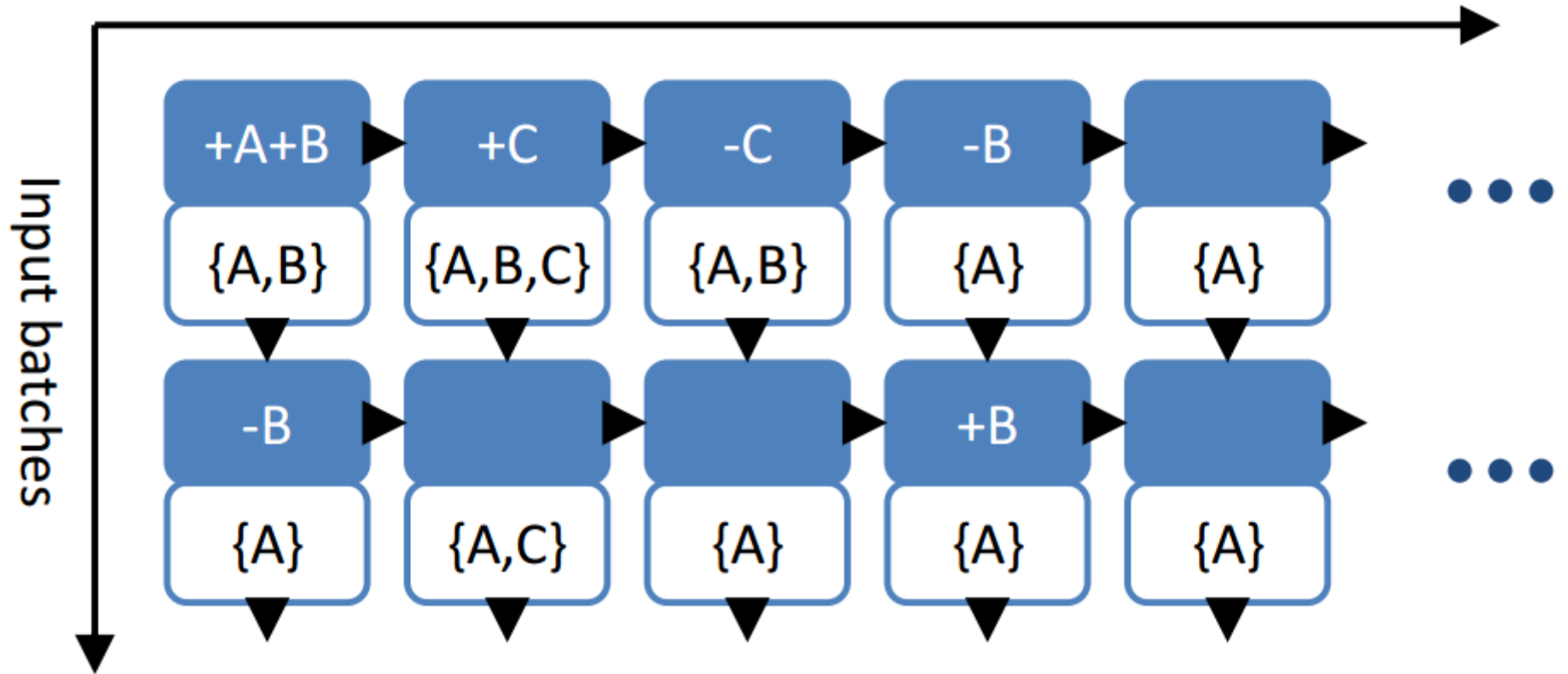


Naiad

- Composable data-parallel computation
 - Iterative
 - i.e. arbitrary dataflow graph
 - Incremental
 - i.e. allows fast recomputation after updates
- “Differential Dataflow”

Fixed-point Iterations



```
ConnectedComponents.cs - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help

/// <summary>
/// propagates integer labels along edges, repeatedly joining labels with edge sources and taking the minimum for each node.
/// we don't start the fixed point from labels, rather introduce them in the concatenation, allowing an initial minimization.
/// </summary>
public static Collection<IntPair, T> PropagateMin<T>(this Collection<IntPair, T> labels, Collection<IntPair, T> edges)
    where T : Lattice<T>
{
    // the Join and Min both use overloads allowing for value selectors.
    return labels.Where(x => false)
        .FixedPoint(x => x.Join(edges.ExtendTime(), n => n.s, e => e.s, (n, e) => new IntPair(e.t, n.t))
            |
            .Concat(labels.ExtendTime())
            .Min(n => n.s, n => n.t),
            n => n.s);
}

/// <summary>
/// Return the same result as PropagateMin, but performs propagation in waves, grouped by the logarithm of the label.
/// </summary>
edges) public static Collection<IntPair, T> PropagateMinPrioritized<T>(this Collection<IntPair, T> labels, Collection<IntPair, T>
    where T : Lattice<T>
    {
        return labels.Prioritize(node => Convert.ToInt32(Math.Log(1 + node.t)),
            l => l.PropagateMin(edges.Prioritize()));
    }
}

/// <summary>
/// Demonstrates a connected components computation using Naiad's FixedPoint operator.
/// </summary>
public class ConnectedComponents : Example
{
```

```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
^C
C:\Users\Karthik\Documents\Naiad-0.1\NaiadExamples\bin\Debug>NaiadExamples.exe c
onectedcomponents 100000 1000000
Logging initialized to console
00:00:00.1187506, Warning: DEBUG build. Not for performance measurements.
00:00:00.1189865, Warning: Using fewer threads than available processors (use -t
to set number of threads).
00:00:00.1190933, Initializing 1 thread
Running connected components on a random graph (100000 nodes, 1000000 edges)
For each size, the number of components of that size (may take a moment):
00:00:15.4639558, Epoch changed from 0 to 1
Time to process: 00:00:15.2525559
[ (100000, 1), 1 ]

Next: sequentially removing 10 random edges (press [enter] to start):

Deleting edge: (72624, 81732)
00:00:44.0996193, Epoch changed from 1 to 2
Time to process: 00:00:00.0040397

Deleting edge: (76802, 55816)
00:00:44.1006162, Epoch changed from 2 to 3
Time to process: 00:00:00.0006315
```