COMPUTER SCIENCE TRIPOS Part II - 2019 - Paper 9

13 Quantum Computing (ad260)

A Boolean formula ϕ with *n* variables in it can be seen as defining a function $f : \{0,1\}^n \to \{0,1\}$, and we say that ϕ is satisfiable if there is some $x \in \{0,1\}^n$ such that f(x) = 1.

- (a) Explain how f can be suitably represented as a unitary operation U_f on a complex space of dimension 2^{n+1} . [3 marks]
- (b) Suppose that we are given a blackbox implementing U_f . Describe how this would be used to form the *Grover iterate* which can be repeated to find a value x such that f(x) = 1. [5 marks]
- (c) If there is exactly one value x such that f(x) = 1, how many iterations of the Grover iterate would you use to find this value? What is the probability of finding it? [3 marks]
- (d) If there are M distinct values such that f(x) = 1, how many iterations of the Grover iterate would you use to find one of these values? What is the probability of finding one of them? [3 marks]
- (e) If you are able to turn an arbitrary formula ϕ into an implementation of the corresponding unitary operator U_f , how would you use this to give an algorithm for determining whether ϕ is satisfiable or not? Give an estimate of the running time of your algorithm in terms of n. [6 marks]