## **Computer Systems Modelling**

- (a) Explain what is meant by a birth-death model with birth rates  $\lambda_i$  and death rates  $\mu_i$  in states  $i = 0, 1, \ldots$  You should include in your explanation the necessary probabilistic assumptions. [4 marks]
- (b) Write down the *detailed balance* equations for an equilibrium distribution,  $p_i$ , of being in state *i* in the birth-death model. Use these equations to determine the  $p_i$  and clarify when such an equilibrium distribution exists. [4 marks]
- (c) Consider the M/M/m/m model of a loss system with m servers. Describe how this system can be used to model the behaviour of a telephone link consisting of C circuits with an arrival rate of  $\lambda$  calls per second and a mean holding time of  $\frac{1}{\mu}$  seconds. [4 marks]
- (d) Use your general results from part (b) to derive the equilibrium distribution of the number of free circuits on a telephone link and hence deduce *Erlang's* formula for the probability that there are no free circuits available. What are the conditions for the equilibrium distribution to exist? [4 marks]
- (e) Comment on any numerical problems that could arise in calculating Erlang's formula when C is large. How might you overcome these difficulties?

[4 marks]