## 2008 Paper 12 Question 5

## Computer Graphics and Image Processing

(a) Describe in detail an algorithm that returns the minimum distance from a point to a line segment in two dimensions. Ensure that you include all of your assumptions and all necessary mathematical calculations.
(b) A quadratic Bézier curve is defined by three points, $P_{1}, P_{2}, P_{3}$, and a parameter, $t$ :

$$
P(t)=(1-t)^{2} P_{1}+2 t(1-t) P_{2}+t^{2} P_{3}, 0 \leq t \leq 1
$$

Describe an algorithm that draws the quadratic Bézier curve, using straight lines only, to within a tolerance $\tau$. You may use the algorithm from part (a) and you may assume that you already have an algorithm for drawing a straight line.
(c) Consider the control of detail in a curve that is represented by a sequence of many straight line segments. Describe how Douglas and Pücker's algorithm can be used to remove superfluous points. You may use the algorithm from part (a).

