## 2006 Paper 3 Question 2

## **Data Structures and Algorithms**

(a) Briefly explain what a binary search tree (BST) is, listing its properties. Is the following binary tree a BST or not, and why?



[3 marks]

- (b) Describe an optimally efficient algorithm to find the predecessor of a given node n in a BST and explain why it works. [6 marks]
- (c) Describe an optimally efficient algorithm for deleting a node d from a BST when neither of d's subtrees is empty. Explain why it works and prove that what remains is still a BST. [5 marks]
- (d) Assume that node l, whose key is  $k_l$ , is a leaf of a BST and that its parent is node p, with key  $k_p$ . Prove that, of all the keys in the BST,  $k_p$  is either the smallest key greater than  $k_l$  or the largest key smaller than  $k_l$ . [6 marks]