2005 Paper 9 Question 16

Topics in Concurrency

The syntax of parallel commands is given by:

```
c ::= X := a \mid c_0; c_1 \mid c_0 \mid\mid c_1 \mid if b then c \mid while b do c
```

where X ranges over locations, a over arithmetic expressions, and b over boolean expressions.

- (a) Give an operational semantics to parallel commands, assuming an operational semantics for arithmetic and boolean expressions. [5 marks]
- (b) This part is concerned with a Petri net semantics for parallel commands.

There are to be two kinds of conditions: data conditions, pairs of locations and integers, which specify the contents of locations, and control conditions, which specify the local control points in parallel components of commands.

A parallel command is to be represented by a basic net (where every condition has capacity one) in which a subset of control conditions I is to be distinguished as its *initial* conditions and another subset T is to be distinguished as its terminal conditions; the initial conditions are precisely those control conditions which hold at the start of execution of the command; the terminal conditions are precisely those control conditions which hold if and when the command terminates.

A diagrammatic account suffices for answers to the questions below.

- (i) Describe an (infinite) net for X := X + 1. [2 marks]
- (ii) Describe a construction on nets for c_0 ; c_1 . [Hint: Replace the terminal conditions T_0 of c_0 and the initial conditions I_1 of c_1 with their product $T_0 \times I_1$.] [4 marks]
- (iii) Describe a construction on nets for $c_0 \parallel c_1$. [2 marks]
- (iv) Describe a construction on nets for if X > 0 then c. [2 marks]
- (v) Describe a construction on nets for while X > 0 do c. [5 marks]