Databases

- (a) Define the ACID properties of a transaction. [6 marks]
- (b) Define what is meant by *strict two-phase locking* (strict 2PL). [4 marks]
- (c) Assume that in addition to traditional Read and Write actions a DBMS supports increment and decrement actions: Inc and Dec (both are assumed to perform blind writes).

Consider the following two transactions.

T1: [Inc(A), Dec(B), Read(C)]T2: [Inc(B), Dec(A), Read(C)]

- (i) By considering some possible schedules of the above transactions, describe carefully the concurrency permitted by strict 2PL using just shared/read and exclusive/write locks.
 [3 marks]
- (*ii*) Detail a way to gain more interleaving whilst still maintaining strict 2PL. [7 marks]