## 2003 Paper 2 Question 9

## Regular Languages and Finite Automata

(a) Let $L$ be the set of all strings over the alphabet $\{a, b\}$ that end in $a$ and do not contain the substring $b b$. Describe a deterministic finite automaton whose language of accepted strings is $L$. Justify your answer.
(b) Explain what is meant by a regular expression $\mathbf{r}$ over an alphabet $\Sigma$ and by the language $L(\mathbf{r})$ determined by $\mathbf{r}$.

If a regular expression $\mathbf{r}$ does not contain any occurrence of the symbol $\emptyset$, is it possible for $L(\mathbf{r})$ to be empty?

Explain why it is always possible, given a regular expression $\mathbf{r}$ over $\Sigma$, to find a regular expression $\sim \mathbf{r}$ with the property that $L(\sim \mathbf{r})$ is the set of all strings over $\Sigma$ that are not in $L(\mathbf{r})$. Any standard results you use should be carefully stated, but need not be proved.

