## 2001 Paper 13 Question 8

## Prolog for Artificial Intelligence

A weighted binary tree can be defined using compound terms in the following way. A node of the tree is represented by the term n(V, L, R), where V stands for the value of the node, and L and R stand for the left and right branches, respectively. A terminal node has the R and L components instantiated to the null list.

Given an input tree T, write a Prolog program that constructs a tree of the same shape as T, but in which the value of each node has been set to the value of the maximum value node in T.

[Note: Maximum marks are available only for programs that perform this task in one recursive descent of the input tree, and which use no more than four clauses.]

[20 marks]