## 2000 Paper 6 Question 1

## Data Structures and Algorithms

Describe an $O(n \log (n))$ algorithm based on a variation of merge sort to find the closest pair of a given set of points lying in a plane. You may assume that the set of points is given as a linked list of $(x, y)$ coordinates.

Carefully prove that your algorithm can never take longer than $O(n \log (n))$.
[6 marks]
Modify, with explanation, your algorithm to find the pair of points with minimum Manhattan distance. The Manhattan distance between points $\left(x_{1}, y_{1}\right)$ and $\left(x_{2}, y_{2}\right)$ is $\left|x_{1}-x_{2}\right|+\left|y_{1}-y_{2}\right|$.
[6 marks]

