## 1999 Paper 10 Question 10

## Mathematics for Computation Theory

Let $A, B$ be sets. Define:
(a) the Cartesian product $(A \times B)$
(b) the set of relations $R$ between $A$ and $B$
(c) the identity relation $\Delta_{A}$ on the set $A$

Suppose $S, T$ are relations between $A$ and $B$, and between $B$ and $C$, respectively. Define the inverse relation $S^{-1}$ and the product relation $S \circ T$. Prove that $(S \circ T)^{-1}=T^{-1} \circ S^{-1}$.

Let $f$ be a relation between $A$ and $B$, and $R$ be a relation on $A$. Characterise the following conditions in terms of the algebra of relations:
(a) $f$ is a partial function
(b) $R$ is reflexive
(c) $R$ is symmetric
(d) $R$ is transitive

If condition (a) holds, let $Q=f \circ f^{-1}$. Which of conditions ( $b-d$ ) must $Q$ satisfy? In what circumstances is $Q$ an equivalence relation?
[8 marks]

