1997 Paper 10 Question 9

Mathematics for Computation Theory

(a) Let A be a set of basic symbols, $\Phi = \{\phi_i\}_{i=1}^k$ be a finite set of operators, each of finite arity $r_i = ar(\phi_i)$. Define the language (A, Φ) of algebraic expressions over A. [4 marks]

State the Principle of Structural Induction for a predicate P defined on $L = (A, \Phi)$. [4 marks]

- (b) Let $S = \{\vdash, X\}$ be an alphabet of two symbols. The language $L \subseteq S^*$ is defined as follows:
 - (i) $\vdash X \in L;$
 - (*ii*) if $\vdash y \in L$ for some string $y \in S^*$, then also $\vdash yy \in L$;
 - (*iii*) if $\vdash y \in L$ for some string $y \in S^*$, then also $\vdash yyy \in L$;
 - (iv) if $\vdash yXXXXX \in L$ for some string $y \in S^*$, then also $\vdash y \in L$;
 - (v) no other string $\in L$.

Determine whether the following strings belong to L:

(1) $\vdash XXXXXXX;$ (2) $\vdash XXXXX.$

[Hint: it may be helpful to consider a predicate of the form "the number of Xs is not divisible by p" for a suitable prime p.] [12 marks]