## 1995 Paper 13 Question 12

## Introduction to Functional Programming

Here is the specification of a dictionary package, based on a type T, whose values are data structures that represent finite maps from keys of type string to values of type int.

exception Dict
empty : T
lookup : T \* string -> int
update : T \* string \* int -> T
delete : T \* string -> T
merge : T \* T -> T

Value empty represents the empty map. Expression lookup(t, a) returns the value bound to the key a in t, if one exists; otherwise it raises the exception Dict. Expression update(t, a, i) returns a map that binds key a to the value i, and on other keys acts the same as t. Expression delete(t, a) returns the map that is the same as t except that key a is unbound. Expression  $merge(t_1, t_2)$  is a map that binds a key a if it is bound in  $t_1$  or  $t_2$ . If it binds a, it binds a to the value given by  $t_1$ , if it exists, otherwise to the value given by  $t_2$ .

We may represent dictionaries using lists, where T is (string \* int) list. Using this representation, write ML definitions for the values empty, lookup, update, delete and merge. [8 marks]

Repeat using a functional representation where T is string -> int. [8 marks]

Discuss the performance of lookup in your two implementations. Briefly explain how to obtain a better performance by changing the definition of T. [4 marks]