## 1995 Paper 12 Question 1

## **Processor Architecture**

A classical RISC five-stage pipeline is depicted below:

instruction	register	execute	memory	register
fetch	fetch		access	write back

Using the above pipeline as a basis for discussion, explain the following:

- (a) What are data bypasses (sometimes called feed-forward paths)? [5 marks]
- (b) The above pipeline is likely to have two bypasses. Between which stages are the bypasses required and why? [5 marks]
- (c) Why do load delay slots arise? [5 marks]
- (d) Which of the following code segments will execute more quickly on the above pipeline and why (you may assume that there are no cache misses)?

$Code\ segment\ 1$	$Code\ segment\ 2$
load r1,4(sp)	load r1,4(sp)
load r2,8(sp)	load r2,8(sp)
load r3,12(sp)	load r3,12(sp)
add r1,r2,r4 # r4=r1+r2	add r2,r3,r4 # r4=r2+r3
add r3,r4,r4 # r4=r3+r4	add r1,r4,r4 # r4=r1+r4

[5 marks]