## 1994 Paper 1 Question 5

Study the following ML function definitions and answer the questions below:

```
[]
                     []
                           = []
fun prefix
  | prefix (x::xs) (y::ys) = (x::y)::prefix xs ys;
                     = [[], []]
fun sep []
                     = [[x], []]
  | sep [x]
  | sep (x::y::rest) = prefix [x,y] (sep rest);
fun merge[[],y]
                         = y : int list
  | merge[x,[ ]]
                         = x
  | merge[x::xs, y::ys)] =
     if x<y then x :: merge[</pre>
                              xs, y::ys]
            else y :: merge[x::xs,
                                      ys];
fun s [] = []
  | s [x] = [x]
  | s x = merge (map s (sep x));
```

Deduce the ML type of the function **prefix** and derive the result of the call:

```
prefix [1, 2, 3] [[4], [5], [6]];
```

[2 marks]

Give a correctly-typed call to **prefix** that will generate an exception when evaluated. [2 marks]

What values do sep[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8] and sep[1,2,3,4,5,6,7] yield? [4 marks]

Deduce the ML type of merge and explain why the omission of ': int list' would lead to an error [2 marks]

Give an ML definition of the standard library function map. [2 marks]

Describe what the function **s** does and explain why it works. [8 marks]