

2011 Paper 2 Question 1

Digital Electronics

(a) Simplify the following expressions using Boolean algebra:

$$(i) F = A \cdot \bar{B} \cdot \bar{C} + \bar{A} \cdot B \cdot \bar{C} + \bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} \cdot C + A \cdot B \cdot C$$

$$(ii) F = (X + Y) \cdot (\bar{X} + Y + Z) \cdot (\bar{X} + Y + \bar{Z})$$

$$(iii) F = (A \cdot D + \bar{A} \cdot C) \cdot [\bar{B} \cdot (C + B \cdot \bar{D})]$$

[6 marks]

(b) Give the truth table for an encoder that accepts a sign bit, S , and two magnitude bits X_0, X_1 and gives a three-bit output Y_2, Y_1, Y_0 that are the two's complement encoding of the input. [4 marks]

(c) Using a Karnaugh map, simplify the following expression to yield a solution in a sum-of-products form:

$$Y = \bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} \cdot \bar{C} \cdot D + A \cdot \bar{B} \cdot \bar{C} \cdot D + A \cdot \bar{D} + \bar{A} \cdot B \cdot \bar{D}$$

What problem may exist with a practical realisation of this solution, and how may it be cured? [5 marks]

(d) Simplify the following expression using a Karnaugh map to yield a solution in product-of-sums form and implement it using only NOR gates assuming complemented input variables are available:

$$Y = (B + \bar{C} + \bar{D}) \cdot (\bar{A} + B + \bar{C}) \cdot (A + B + \bar{D}) \cdot (A + \bar{B} + \bar{C})$$

Neglect any potential problems in the practical realisation of your solution. [5 marks]