

2007 Paper 10 Question 10

Data Structures and Algorithms

- (a) Give a clear description of an efficient algorithm for finding the i^{th} smallest element of an n -element vector. Write some pseudocode for the algorithm and discuss its time complexity. Compare it with other plausible ways of achieving the same result. [Notes: Use zero-based indexing. You may assume for simplicity that all the elements of the vector are different.] [4 marks]
- (b) Give a clear description of an efficient algorithm for finding the k smallest elements of a very large n -element vector. Compare its running time with that of other plausible ways of achieving the same result, including that of applying k times your solution for part (a). [Note that in part (a) the result of the function consists of one element, whereas here it consists of k elements. As above, you may assume for simplicity that all the elements of the vector are different.] [6 marks]
- (c) Give an optimal algorithm for solving part (b) for $k = 1$. Give the worst-case number of comparisons performed by your algorithm as a function of n . [Note: exact *number of comparisons*, not just asymptotic complexity.] [4 marks]
- (d) Same as part (c), but for $k = 2$. [6 marks]