

1995 Paper 2 Question 27

Regular Languages and Finite Automata

Prove or disprove each of the following statements, stating clearly any well known results that you use.

- (a) The set of strings over the alphabet $\{0, 1\}$ that contain exactly twice as many occurrences of 0 as of 1 is a regular language;
- (b) Let L be a regular language over an alphabet Σ . Then the language consisting of those $u \in \Sigma^*$ such that there is some $v \in \Sigma^*$ with $uv \in L$, is also a regular language;
- (b) Any finite subset of $\{a, b\}^*$ is a regular language;
- (d) For any regular expressions \mathbf{r} and \mathbf{s} , the regular expressions $(\mathbf{r}^*\mathbf{s}^*)^*$ and $(\mathbf{r}|\mathbf{s})^*$ always denote the same language.

[20 marks]