

L90 Practical: Report on Baseline Systems

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¹Adapted from Simone Teufel's slides



Report: Baseline System for Sentiment Classification

- Write a 1,000 word report describing your baseline systems
- Submit to Student Admin on Friday 17 November at 12:00 noon
- I will give you feedback by email by November 24
- Having practiced report writing will improve your final report



- To describe your work as a reimplementation of Pang et al. (2002)
- To explain in detail how you followed the instructions
- To mimic the language and organisation of a research paper



- Introduction
- Background
- Method (reimplementation choices)
- Result (with some discussion)
- Conclusion



- Typeset in two column
- Use latex if you can
- Math notation – define each variable (either in running text, or in a pseudo-legenda after or before the equation)
- Avoid colloquial language – everything can be said in a scientific-sounding way
- Avoid lengthy sequences of actions you did in favour of results / functionality of algorithm. If sequence is necessary give main idea first
- In each paragraph: say the main idea first



Marking-specific tips

- Allocation of space in paper should mirror your (perceived) effort
 - Do not spend space on “obvious” things
 - Spend more space on things that make your solution stand out
 - Or where you spent more effort than expected / than others
- If you don't write it, we cannot give you marks for it



- Here: quite short
- Phrase as a replication experiment
- State that you were “given the data in the framework of a MPhil course in NLP”
- Describe alternatives; e.g., Symbolic – ML (as if it were initially unknown)
- Define Technical terminology you need here



- Special case here: reimplementation
- Entire Background section reserved for Pang et al.
- Introduce all ideas they had first here (because of the timeline of discovery). Do not (in some later section) present anything they already did as if you invented it



Method (your implementation)

- More generally, this is the “My Method” section
- Be specific – in order to analyse your numbers, we need to know the details. In general, in order to reimplement your work, we need details
- Give “intermediate stage results”, e.g., After eliminating all features which occurred less than 2 times, 3,289 features remained



- Tabulate your results in stages; normally in more than one table
- Each table should have a theme (e.g., comparison between symbolic methods, comparison between different ML methods in 2 tables)
- Metric should be clear from table even without having to read the text
- Table caption should be descriptive of the results and the dataset / subset you are using



- Report numerical results with what can be reasonably thought to be significant digits
- Indicate significance (triangular matrix or shortcuts, if possible and/or useful for your message) in tables
- Often enough to say word “significant” only once in text
- First time to state the word “significant”, describe/state test in footnote



Interpretation of results

- Main result first
- The one that corresponds to your main hypothesis
- It worked or it didn't work
- Then maybe: impact of features; ablation tests or feature selection results
- Your comparison ground – baselines and competitor systems
- Notion of “interestingness” of a result – can you connect the result to a related observation that might be slightly non-obvious
- Later in your research careers: Cross-links to other people's results



Null results

- If you find a positive effect of your intervention, it obviously worked
- Something else may have worked better, but it does not matter because you brought positive proof
- If you find a negative effect of your intervention, it may have two reasons: you didn't try hard enough, or the effect is really not there
- You believe the latter, but you have to convince your readers that you tried everything reasonable
- That is why in the “real science world”, null results can be problematic
- Here on the Mphil, they are not



An ideal report

- Precise, scientific-sounding, technical, to the point
- Little general “waffle” /chit-chat
- Not boring – because you don’t explain obvious things too much
- Efficient delivery of (only) the facts that we need to know to understand/reimplement
- Results visually well-presented and described with the correct priority of importance of sub-results
- Insightful analysis – speculation should connect to something interesting and not be too much; the reader “learns something new”
- No typos, no colloquialisms – well-considered language
- This normally means several re-draftings (re-orderings of information)



Thank you!

