## The Meaning of Truth—In FOL!

For interpretation  $\mathcal I$  and valuation V, define  $\models_{\mathcal I, V}$  by recursion.

- $\models_{\mathcal{I}, \mathbf{V}} P(t) \qquad \quad \text{if } I[P](\mathcal{I}_{\mathbf{V}}[t]) \text{ equals 1 (is true)}$
- $\models_{\mathcal{I},V} t = \mathfrak{u} \qquad \text{ if } \mathcal{I}_V[t] \text{ equals } \mathcal{I}_V[\mathfrak{u}]$
- $\models_{\mathcal{I},V} A \land B \qquad \text{ if } \models_{\mathcal{I},V} A \text{ and } \models_{\mathcal{I},V} B$
- $\models_{\mathcal{I},V} \exists x \, A \qquad \quad \text{if} \models_{\mathcal{I},V\{m/x\}} A \text{ holds for some } m \in D$

Finally, we define

 $\models_{\mathcal{I}} A \qquad \qquad \text{if } \models_{\mathcal{I},V} A \text{ holds for all } V.$ 

A closed formula A is satisfiable if  $\models_{\mathcal{I}} A$  for some  $\mathcal{I}$ .



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