# SoC D/M Exercise Sheet, 2014/2015

This sheet contains exercises of various lengths. Many exercises are nominally allocated marks at Tripos examination level (i.e. with 20 marks making a full exam question).

There is some repetition of material between the exercises, so a suitable target is to solve approximately one third of them. Exercises marked with a  $\heartsuit$  form a recommended core. Some sections contain additional preference instructions.

Example answers are available to supervisors.

## 1 SP5: ABD (Assertion-Based Design).

Please look mainly at those exercises marked with  $\heartsuit$  .

ABD1.  $\heartsuit$  : Assertion-based design.

a) What is the difference between a safety and liveness assertion over the behaviour of a system. [4 Marks]

b) How does a declarative safety assertion differ from an imperative assert statement ? [4 Marks]

c) How can safety and liveness assertions be used in dynamic validation ? [5 Marks]

d) Give a short segment of RTL or pseudocode that contains an imperative assertion that holds and give also a pair of valid safety and liveness assertions that hold for your code. [7 Marks]

### ABD2. $\heartsuit$ : Black & White Box Testing

a) Define the terms back box testing and white box testing [4 Marks].

Suppose a controller module has the following connections:

input	clock;	
input	sensor_A;	
input	sensor_B;	
output	actuator_C;	
output	actuator_D;	

b) Give an example saftey assertion that can potentially be used both with black and white-box testing. [4 Marks]

c) Can your assertion be dynamically validated under black-box testing. [4 Marks]

d) Can your assertion be formally proved under black-box testing. [4 Marks]

e) Give an example liveness assertion that can potentially be used both with black and white-box testing. [4 Marks]

f) Can your second assertion be dynamically validated under black-box testing. [4 Marks]

g) Assuming a digital logic implementation of the controller, can your second assertion be formally proved under white-box testing. [4 Marks]

ABD3. : General ABD.

a) What are the benefits of the assertion-based design (ABD) methodology ? [5 Marks]

b) Illustrate how a regular expression can be used as part of a safety assertion? [5 Marks]

c) Using three or more modelling layers, describe the PSL reference model. [5 Marks]

In PSL next-cycle suffix implication uses |=> and same-cycle suffix implication uses |->.

d) Use these two different forms to give a pair of PSL expressions that have identical meaning. [6 Marks] See http://www.esperan.com/tutorial/psl\_simple.html

ABD4. Four-phase handshake.

a) Give a temporal logic expression that defines a four-phase handshake using PSL or a PSL-like language. [12 Marks]

b) Give the synthesisable RTL, SystemC or circuit for a monitor that checks operation of a four-phase handshake. You may assume a high-frequency clock is available that does not alias any transitions. (*Hint: an answer to this is, this-year, in the toyclasses folder.*) [6 Marks]

c) What is automated stimulus generation and consider whether it be practically applied to interfaces such as the four-phase H/S? [3+3 Marks]

ABD5.  $\heartsuit$  : Protocol, Interface and Bus Monitors.

a) What is meant by the terms 'port' and 'interface'? [4 Marks]

b) What is meant by the formal specification of a protocol and what is a bus monitor? [5 Marks]

c) How are bus monitors used in ABD and what sort of error might be detected (safety of liveness etc.) ? [5 Marks]

d) How can a bus monitor be used to generate simulation stimulus ? What coverage might be possible ? [5 Marks]

e) What statistics might a bus monitor collect ? [5 Marks]

#### ABD6. : PSL Operators and Algorithm.

a) Why is it recommended to always use a PSL SERES as part of a suffix implication? [5 Marks]

b) Describe five infix operators defined in PSL. [5 Marks]

c) Outline an algorithm for synthesising a pattern detecting automaton from the main operators in a PSL SERES (regular expression). (*This was not lectured in 09/10 but is briefly included in the additional material.* In 10/11 some ML fragments were flashed up. Candidates ought to be able to do this from Ia RL&FSA material: it's a core competence.) [5 Marks]

#### ABD7. : ABD Methodology.

a) What is meant by 'Assertion Based Design'? [5 Marks]

b) Compare the use of assertions and yes/no test wrappers in regression testing? [5 Marks]

c) Explain how certain assertions can be re-used at different layers of modelling abstraction (and others not). For example, some might be used for TLM modelling as well as for pre-synthesis and post-synthesis forms of an RTL design. [5 Marks]

d) What is meant in testing by the term 'coverage' and can this be applied to set of assertions? [5 Marks]

#### ABD8. : Sequential Equivalence Checker (SEC).

a) What is the combinational equivalence problem ? What is the role of don't cares in it ? [5 Marks]

b) What is meant by sequential equivalence and strong and weak/stuttering bi-simulation? [5 Marks]

c) Why might sequential equivalence be violated in a design flow (i.e. SEC gives a negative result)? [5 Marks]

d) Why might we see false negatives from a SEC ? [5 Marks]

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