

# L108: Category theory and logic

## Exercise sheet 3

Jonas Frey  
jlf46@cl.cam.ac.uk

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### 1. Natural deduction

Write proofs in natural deduction of the judgments

- (a)  $X \Rightarrow Y, Y \Rightarrow Z \vdash X \Rightarrow Z$
- (b)  $Y \vdash (X \Rightarrow Y) \Rightarrow Y$
- (c)  $X \vdash (X \Rightarrow Y) \Rightarrow Y$
- (d)  $((X \Rightarrow Y) \Rightarrow Y) \Rightarrow Y \vdash X \Rightarrow Y$

Write down the corresponding terms of simply typed lambda calculus.

### 2. Finite products

- (a) Define a concept of ' $n$ -ary' product  $A_1 \times \cdots \times A_n$  ( $n \in \mathbb{N}$ ) of objects  $A_1, \dots, A_n \in \text{obj}(\mathbb{C})$  of a category  $\mathbb{C}$ , generalizing the binary products introduced in the lecture.
- (b) For  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  and  $A_1, \dots, A_n \in \text{obj}(\mathbb{C})$ , define a category  $\mathbf{Span}_{\mathbb{C}}(A_1, \dots, A_n)$  whose terminal objects are the  $n$ -ary products of  $A_1, \dots, A_n$ .
- (c) Show that if  $\mathbb{C}$  has binary products and a terminal object, then all  $n$ -ary products exist.
- (d) Given  $A_1, \dots, A_n, B \in \text{obj}(\mathbb{C})$ , construct an isomorphism  $j : (A_1 \times \cdots \times A_n) \times B \xrightarrow{\cong} A_1 \times \cdots \times A_n \times B$  (the left expression is a binary product of a of an  $n$ -ary product and a single object, while the right expression is an  $(n + 1)$ -ary product).

3. Show that the category **Preord** of preorders is cartesian closed, i.e. show that all finite products and exponential objects exist in **Preord**.

### 4. Right monoid actions

Let  $(M, \cdot, e)$  be a monoid. In the following we will write the multiplication in  $M$  as juxtaposition  $mn$  instead of  $m \cdot n$ .

A *right action*<sup>1</sup> of  $M$  on a set  $X$  (also called a *right  $M$ -action*) is a function

$$X \times M \rightarrow X, \quad (x, m) \mapsto x \cdot m$$

such that

- (i)  $\forall x \in X. x \cdot e = x$

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<sup>1</sup>In the literature it is more common to consider *left* actions, but we prefer right ones for reasons that will become clear later in the Lecture.

$$(ii) \forall x \in X \forall m, n \in M. (x \cdot m) \cdot n = x \cdot (mn)$$

Given monoid actions  $X \times M \rightarrow X$ ,  $Y \times M \rightarrow Y$  on sets  $X, Y$ , an *equivariant map* between them is a function  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  such that

$$\forall x \in X \forall m \in M. f(x \cdot m) = f(x) \cdot m.$$

Right  $M$ -actions and equivariant maps form a category  $M\text{-Set}$ .

- (a) Show that  $M\text{-Set}$  has finite products
- (b) Show that the multiplication map  $M \times M \rightarrow M, (m, n) \rightarrow mn$  can be viewed as a right action of  $M$  on itself. To avoid confusion, we denote the corresponding object of  $M\text{-Set}$  by  $\overline{M}$ .
- (c) Given  $m \in M$  show that the function

$$\overline{m}: M \rightarrow M, \quad \overline{m}(n) = mn$$

is an equivariant map of type  $\overline{M} \rightarrow \overline{M}$ .

- (d) Show that every equivariant map of type  $\overline{M} \rightarrow \overline{M}$  is of the form  $\overline{m}$  for some  $m \in M$ .
- (e) Given  $X, Y \in \text{obj}(M\text{-Set})$ , show that the mapping

$$M\text{-Set}(\overline{M} \times X, Y) \times M \rightarrow M\text{-Set}(\overline{M} \times X, Y), \quad (h, m) \mapsto h \circ (\overline{m} \times \text{id}_X)$$

defines a right  $M$ -action on  $M\text{-Set}(\overline{M} \times X, Y)$ .

Show that  $M\text{-Set}(\overline{M} \times X, Y)$  equipped with this  $M$ -action is an exponential object  $Y^X$  in  $M\text{-Set}$ .

We conclude that  $M\text{-Set}$  is a cartesian closed category.