



SPECIFICATIONS FOR LCD MODULE

| CUSTOMER | |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| CUSTOMER PART NO. | |
| AMPIRE PART NO. | AM-800600GTMQW-T00H |
| APPROVED BY | |
| DATE | |

☑ Approved For Specifications□ Approved For Specifications & Sample

AMPIRE CO., LTD.

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1. Features

8 inch Amorphous-TFT-LCD (Thin Film Transistor Liquid Crystal Display) module. This module is composed of a 8" TFT-LCD panel, LED backlight and T-CON board unit.

(1) Construction: 8" a-Si TFT active matrix, White LED Backlight and Touch Panel.

- (2) Resolution (pixel): 800(R.G.B) X600
- (3) Number of the Colors : 262K colors (R , G , B 6 bit digital each)
- (4) LCD type : Transmissive , normally White
- (5) Interface: 40 pin
- (6) Power Supply Voltage: 3.3V single power input.
- (7) Viewing Direction: 6 O'clock (The direction it's hard to be discolored)

2. PHYSICAL SPECIFICATIONS

| Item | Specifications | unit |
|-------------------|------------------------------|------|
| LCD size | 8 inch (Diagonal) | |
| Resolution | 800 x 3(RGB) x 600 | dot |
| Dot pitch | 0.0675(W) x 0.2025(H) | mm |
| Active area | 162.0(W) x 121.5(H) | mm |
| Module size | 183.0(W) x 141.0(H) x 7.2(D) | mm |
| Surface treatment | Anti-Glare | |
| Color arrangement | RGB-stripe | |
| Interface | Digital | |

3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Itom | Symbol | | Values | | Noto | |
|------------------------------|--------|------|--------|------|------|------|
| nem | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | UNIT | Note |
| Digital Power Supply | VCC | | 3.3 | | V | |
| Digital Operating Current | IVCC | | 120 | 132 | mA | |
| Power Consumption | PLCD | | 396 | 436 | mW | |

3-1 Typical Operation Conditions

3-2 Backlight Driving Conditions

| ltom | Symbol | Values | | | Unit | Noto |
|---------------|--------|--------|--------|------|------|------------------------------------|
| nem | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | NOLE |
| LED Voltage | VL | 9.3 | 9.9 | 10.5 | V | I _{LED} =180mA Ta=25°C |
| LED Current | IL | | 180 | 200 | mA | Ta=25°C |
| LED life time | | | 20,000 | | Hr | Note 1 |

Note 1 : The constant current source is needed for white LED back-light driving. When LCM is operated over 60 deg.C ambient temperature, the I_{LED} of the LED back-light should be adjusted to 150mA max





Note 1: Estimated data, I_{LED} =180mA, Ta=25°C

3-3 Touch Panel Electrical Specification

| Parameter | Condition | Standard Value |
|-----------------------|-----------|------------------------|
| Torminal Posistance | X Axis | 300 ~ 1100 Ω |
| | Y Axis | 150 ~ 650 Ω |
| Insulating Resistance | DC 25 V | More than 20M Ω |
| Linearity | | ±1.5 % |
| Notes life by Pen | Note a | 100,000 times(min) |
| Input life by finger | Note b | 1,000,000 times (min) |

Note A.

Notes area for pen notes life test is 10×9 mm. Size of word is 7.5×6.75 Shape of pen end : R0.8 Load : 250 g

Note B

By Silicon rubber tapping at same point Shape of rubber end : R8 Load : 200g Frequency : 5 Hz

Interface

| No. | Symbol | Function |
|-----|--------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 | Y1 | Touch Panel Bottom Signal in Y Axis |
| 2 | X1 | Touch Panel Left Signal in X Axis |
| 3 | Y2 | Touch Panel Top Signal in Y Axis |
| 4 | X2 | Touch Panel Right Signal in X Axis |

4. Optical Specifications

| ltem | | Symbol | Condition | | Values | | | Noto |
|---------------------|----------|--------------------------------|--|------|--------|------|--------|-------|
| | | Symbol | Condition | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | NOLE |
| | | θL | $\Phi = 180^{\circ}$ (9 o'clock) 70 | | | | | |
| Viewing a | ngle | θR | Φ = 0° (3 o'clock) | | 70 | | | |
| (CR≧1 | 0) | θΤ | Φ = 90° (12 o'clock) | | 60 | | degree | Note1 |
| | | θВ | Φ = 270° (6 o'clock) | | 70 | | | |
| Response | time | T _r +T _f | | | 25 | | msec | Note3 |
| Contrast r | atio | CR | | | 400 | | | Note4 |
| | Red | Rx | | 0.57 | 0.62 | 0.67 | | |
| | | Ry | | 0.29 | 0.34 | 0.39 | | |
| | Green | Gx | | 0.29 | 0.34 | 0.39 | | |
| Color | | Gy | Normal | 0.56 | 0.61 | 0.66 | | Note5 |
| chromaticity | Blue | Bx | θ=Φ=0° | 0.09 | 0.14 | 0.19 | | Note6 |
| | | Ву | | 0.05 | 0.10 | 0.15 | | |
| | | Wx | | 0.27 | 0.32 | 0.37 | | |
| | vvnite | Wy | | 0.31 | 0.36 | 0.41 | | |
| Luminan | се | L | | 200 | 240 | | cd/m² | Note6 |
| Luminan uniformi | ce ty | YU | | 70 | 75 | | % | Note7 |

Test Conditions :

- 1. VCC = 3.3V, IL = 20mArms (Backlight current), the ambient temperature is 25° C.
- 2. The test systems refer to Note 2.

Note 1 : Definition of viewing angle range



Note 2 : Definition of optical measurement system.

The optical characteristics should be measured in dark room. After 30 minutes operation, the optical properties are measured at the center point of the LCD screen. (Response time is measured by Photo detector TOPCON BM-7, other items are measured by BM-5A/Field of view : 1° / Height : 500mm.)



Note 3 : Definition of Response time

The response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between "White" state and "Black" state. Rise time (TON) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 90% to 10%. And fall time (TOFF) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 10% to 90%.



Note 4 : Definition of contrast ratio

Contrast ratio (CR) =

Luminance measured when LCD on the "Black" state

Luminance measured when LCD on the "White" state

Note 5 : Definition of color chromaticity (CIE1931)

Color coordinated measured at center point of LCD.

- Note 6 : All input terminals LCD panel must be ground when measuring the center area of the panel.
- Note 7 : Definition of Luminance Uniformity

Active area is divided into 9 measuring areas (Refer to bellow figure). Every measuring point is placed at the center of each measuring area.

Bmin

Luminance Uniformity (Yu) = _____

Bmax

Bmax : The measured maximum luminance of all measurement position.

Bmin : The measured minimum luminance of all measurement position.

L ----- Active area length

W ----- Active area width



5. INTERFACE 5-1 TFT LCD Panel Driving Section

| Pin No. | Symbol | I/O | Description | Note |
|---------|--------|-----|--|--------|
| 1 | GND | Р | Power ground | |
| 2 | GND | Р | Power ground | |
| 3 | NC | | NC | |
| 4 | VCC | I | Power supply for digital circuit(3.3V) | Note 1 |
| 5 | VCC | I | Power supply for digital circuit(3.3V) | Note 1 |
| 6 | VCC | Ι | Power supply for digital circuit(3.3V) | Note 1 |
| 7 | VCC | Ι | Power supply for digital circuit(3.3V) | Note 1 |
| 8 | NC | | NC | |
| 9 | DE | Ι | Data enable | |
| 10 | GND | Р | Power ground | |
| 11 | GND | Р | Power ground | |
| 12 | GND | Ρ | Power ground | |
| 13 | B5 | I | Blue data input (MSB) | |
| 14 | B4 | Ι | Blue data input | |
| 15 | B3 | Ι | Blue data input | |
| 16 | GND | Р | Power ground | |
| 17 | B2 | Ι | Blue data input | |
| 18 | B1 | Ι | Blue data input | |
| 19 | B0 | Ι | Blue data input (LSB) | |
| 20 | GND | Р | Power ground | |
| 21 | G5 | I | Green data input (MSB) | |
| 22 | G4 | Ι | Green data input | |
| 23 | G3 | Ι | Green data input | |
| 24 | GND | Р | Power ground | |
| 25 | G2 | Ι | Green data input | |

| 26 | G1 | Ι | Green data input | |
|----|-----|---|---|--|
| 27 | G0 | Ι | Green data input (LSB) | |
| 28 | GND | Ρ | Power ground | |
| 29 | R5 | Ι | Red data input (MSB) | |
| 30 | R4 | Ι | Red data input | |
| 31 | R3 | I | Red data input | |
| 32 | GND | Ρ | Power ground | |
| 33 | R2 | Ι | Red data input | |
| 34 | R1 | Ι | Red data input | |
| 35 | R0 | Ι | Red data input (LSB) | |
| 36 | GND | Ρ | Power ground | |
| 37 | GND | Ρ | Power ground | |
| 38 | CLK | I | Clock Signal input. Latching data at the Rising edge. | |
| 39 | GND | Р | Power ground | |
| 40 | GND | Ρ | Power ground | |

Note : input, O : output, P : power

Note 1: Typ. Vcc = 3.3V, Min. Vcc = 3.0V, Max. Vcc = 3.6V

5-2 Backlight Unit Section

| Pin No. | Symbol | I/O | Description | Note |
|---------|--------|-----|---------------------------------|-------|
| 1 | Н | Р | Power supply for backlight unit | RED |
| 2 | GND | Р | Ground for backlight unit | BLACK |

6. INPUT SIGNAL : (The information as below is to be defined.)

6-1 Timing Condition

| Parameter | Symbol | | Values | Unit | Noto | |
|-----------------------|---------------|------|--------|------|---------------|------|
| Falameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Note |
| CLK Frequency | FCPH | | 39.79 | | MHZ | |
| CLK Period | FCPH | | 25.13 | | ns | |
| CLK Pulse Duty | FCWH | 40 | 50 | 60 | % | |
| DE Period | Fdeh+T DEL | 1000 | 1056 | | ТСРН | |
| DE Pulse Width | FDH | | 800 | | ТСРН | |
| DE Frame Blanking | FHS | 10 | 28 | 110 | FDEH+ TDEL | |
| DE Frame Width | FEP | | 600 | | FDEH+ TDEL | |
| OEV Pulse Width | TOEV | | 150 | | ТСРН | |
| OKV Pulse Width | тски | | 133 | | ТСРН | |
| DE(internal)-STV Time | T1 | | 4 | | ТСРН | |
| DE(internal)-CKV Time | T2 | | 40 | | ТСРН | |
| DE(internal)-OEV Time | Т3 | | 23 | | ТСРН | |
| DE(internal)-POL Time | T4 | | 157 | | ТСРН | |
| STV Pulse Width | - | | 1 | | TH | |

THS+THA<TH



6-3 Block Diagram



| | DEFEC | Т ТҮРЕ | LIMIT | | | Note | |
|----------------------|-------------|---------------------|---|----------|------------|-------|--|
| VISUAL DEFECT | | | φ<0.15mm | | Ignore | | |
| | | SPOT | 0.15 mm $\leq \phi \leq 0.5$ mm | | $N \leq 4$ | Note1 | |
| | | | 0.5mm<φ | | N=0 | | |
| | INTERNAL | FIBER | 0.03 mm <w<math>\leq0.1mm, L\leq5mm</w<math> | | N≦3 | Note1 | |
| | | | 1.0mm <w, 1.5mm<l<="" td=""><td>N=0</td><td></td></w,> | | N=0 | | |
| | | POLARIZER BUBBLE | φ<0.15mm | | Ignore | Note1 | |
| | | | 0.15 mm $\leq \phi \leq 0.5$ mm | | N≦2 | | |
| | | | 0.5mm <q< td=""><td>р</td><td>N=0</td><td></td></q<> | р | N=0 | | |
| | | Mura | It' OK if mura is slight visible throu 6%ND filter | | e through | | |
| | | | A Grade | B Grade | | | |
| ELECTRICAL DEFECT | E | BRIGHT DOT | Total | Total | | Note3 | |
| | | | N≦4 | N≦5 | | Note2 | |
| | | DARK DOT | N≦5 | N≦8 | | | |
| | | TOTAL DOT | N≦9 | N≦12 | | Note2 | |
| | TWO | ADJACENT DOT | N≦4 pair | N≦5 pair | | Note4 | |
| | TH | REE OR MORE | N≦1 | | | | |
| | AD | DJACENT DOT | | | | | |
| | LINE DEFECT | | NOT ALLOWED | | | | |

7 INCOMING INSPECTION STANDARD FOR TFT-LCD PANEL

(1) One pixel consists of 3 sub-pixels, including R,G, and B dot.(Sub-pixel = Dot) (2) LITTLE BRIGHT DOT ACCEPTITABLE UNDER 6 % ND-Filter

[Note1] W : Width[mm], L : Length[mm], N : Number, φ : Average Diameter



1. (White, black) Spot 2. Polarizer Bubble

[Note2] Bright dot is defined through 6% transmission ND Filter as following.



C Area: Outer of display area

[Note4]

[Note3]

Judge defect dot and adjacent dot as following. Allow below (as A, B, C and D status) adjacent defect dots, including bright and dart adjacent dot. And they will be counted 2 defect dots in total quantity.



- (1) The defects that are not defined above and considered to be problem shall be reviewed and discussed by both parties.
- (2) Defects on the Black Matrix, out of Display area, are not considered as a defect or counted.

8. RELIABILITY TEST CONDITIONS

| Test Item | Test Conditions | Note |
|----------------------------|---|------|
| High Temperature Operation | 70±3°C , t=96 hrs | |
| Low Temperature Operation | -20±3°C , t=96 hrs | |
| High Temperature Storage | 80±3°C , t=96 hrs | 1,2 |
| Low Temperature Storage | -30±3°C , t=96 hrs | 1,2 |
| Thermal Shock Test | -20°C ~ 25°C ~ 70°C 30 m in. 5 min. 30 min. (1 cycle) Total 5 cycle | 1,2 |
| Humidity Test | 40 °C, Humidity 90%, 96 hrs | 1,2 |

Note 1 : Condensation of water is not permitted on the module.

Note 2 : The module should be inspected after 1 hour storage in normal conditions (15-35 $^{\circ}$ C , 45-65 $^{\circ}$ RH).

Definitions of life end point :

- Current drain should be smaller than the specific value.
- Function of the module should be maintained.
- Appearance and display quality should not have degraded noticeably.
- Contrast ratio should be greater than 50% of the initial value.

9. USE PRECAUTIONS

9-1 Handling precautions

- (1) The polarizing plate may break easily so be careful when handling it. Do not touch, press or rub it with a hard-material tool like tweezers.
- (2) Do not touch the polarizing plate surface with bare hands so as not to make it dirty. If the surface or other related part of the polarizing plate is dirty, soak a soft cotton cloth or chamois leather in benzine and wipe off with it. Do not use chemical liquids such as acetone, toluene and isopropyl alcohol. Failure to do so may bring chemical reaction phenomena and deteriorations.
- (3) Remove any spit or water immediately. If it is left for hours, the suffered part may deform or decolorize.
- (4) If the LCD element breaks and any LC stuff leaks, do not suck or lick it. Also if LC stuff is stuck on your skin or clothing, wash thoroughly with soap and water immediately.

9-2 Installing precautions

- (1) The PCB has many ICs that may be damaged easily by static electricity. To prevent breaking by static electricity from the human body and clothing, earth the human body properly using the high resistance and discharge static electricity during the operation. In this case, however, the resistance value should be approx. $1M\Omega$ and the resistance should be placed near the human body rather than the ground surface. When the indoor space is dry, static electricity may occur easily so be careful. We recommend the indoor space should be kept with humidity of 60% or more. When a soldering iron or other similar tool is used for assembly, be sure to earth it.
- (2) When installing the module and ICs, do not bend or twist them. Failure to do so may crack LC element and cause circuit failure.
- (3) To protect LC element, especially polarizing plate, use a transparent protective plate (e.g., acrylic plate, glass etc) for the product case.
- (4) Do not use an adhesive like a both-side adhesive tape to make LCD surface (polarizing plate) and product case stick together. Failure to do so may cause the polarizing plate to peel off

9-3 Storage precautions

- (1) Avoid a high temperature and humidity area. Keep the temperature between 0°C and 35°C and also the humidity under 60%.
- (2) Choose the dark spaces where the product is not exposed to direct sunlight or fluorescent light.
- (3) Store the products as they are put in the boxes provided from us or in the same conditions as we recommend.

9-4 Operating precautions

- (1) Do not boost the applied drive voltage abnormally. Failure to do so may break ICs. When applying power voltage, check the electrical features beforehand and be careful. Always turn off the power to the LC module controller before removing or inserting the LC module input connector. If the input connector is removed or inserted while the power is turned on, the LC module internal circuit may break.
- (2) The display response may be late if the operating temperature is under the normal standard, and the display may be out of order if it is above the normal standard. But this is not a failure; this will be restored if it is within the normal standard.
- (3) The LCD contrast varies depending on the visual angle, ambient temperature, power voltage etc. Obtain the optimum contrast by adjusting the LC dive voltage.
- (4) When carrying out the test, do not take the module out of the low-temperature space suddenly. Failure to do so will cause the module condensing, leading to malfunctions.
- (5) Make certain that each signal noise level is within the standard (L level: 0.2Vdd or less and H level: 0.8Vdd or more) even if the module has functioned properly. If it is beyond the standard, the module may often malfunction. In addition, always connect the module when making noise level measurements.
- (6) The CMOS ICs are incorporated in the module and the pull-up and pull-down function is not adopted for the input so avoid putting the input signal open while the power is ON.
- (7) The characteristic of the semiconductor element changes when it is exposed to light emissions, therefore ICs on the LCD may malfunction if they receive light emissions. To prevent these malfunctions, design and assemble ICs so that they are shielded from light emissions.
- (8) Crosstalk occurs because of characteristics of the LCD. In general, crosstalk occurs when the regularized display is maintained. Also, crosstalk is affected by the LC drive voltage. Design the contents of the display, considering crosstalk.

9-5 Other

- (1) Do not disassemble or take the LC module into pieces. The LC modules once disassembled or taken into pieces are not the guarantee articles.
- (2) The residual image may exist if the same display pattern is shown for hours. This residual image, however, disappears when another display pattern is shown or the drive is interrupted and left for a while. But this is not a problem on reliability.
- (3) AMIPRE will provide one year warrantee for all products and three months warrantee for all repairing products.

10. OUTLINE DIMENSION



Date : 2009/07/31