

# IA Operating Systems: Protection, Memory Management

Lent 2024

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- 1 Suppose we have a system with three users  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$  and ten files  $f_0, f_1, \dots, f_9$ .

Further suppose we have four operations for which we wish to control access: *read*, *append*, *replace* and *modify*.

- (a) Do we require all of these or can some be described by combinations of others?
- (b) Create a nontrivial example set of access tuples of the the form (user, file, permission) and show how it might be represented as:
  - (i) an access matrix,
  - (ii) access control lists,
  - (iii) capability sets

- 2 Indicate if the follow statement is true or false, and explain why:

“A paged virtual memory is smaller than a segmented one.”

- 3 (a) What is the *address binding* problem?
- (b) The address binding problem can be solved at compile time, load time or run time. For *each* case, explain what form the solution takes, and give one advantage and one disadvantage.

4 Most operating systems provide each process with its own *address space* by providing a level of indirection between virtual and physical addresses.

(a) Give *three* benefits of this approach.

(b) Are there any drawbacks? Justify your answer.

5 A processor may support a *paged* or a *segmented* virtual address space.

(a) Sketch the format of a virtual address in each of these cases, and explain using a diagram how this address is translated to a physical one.

(b) In which case is physical memory allocation easier? Justify your answer.

(c) Give *two* benefits of the segmented approach.

6 (a) In the context of memory management, under which circumstances do *external* and *internal* fragmentation occur? How can each be handled?

(b) What is the purpose of a page table? What sort of information might it contain? How does it interact with a TLB?

(c) Describe with the aid of a diagram a two-level page table. Explain the motivation behind the structure and how it operates.

7 Past paper questions

- [y2015p2q4](#) [not the last part of (c) about segment faults]
- [y2013p2q4](#)
- [y2009p2q3](#) [not (b)]
- [y2009p2q4](#)
- [y2011p2q4](#) (a)