

# Lecture 3:

# Goal-oriented interaction

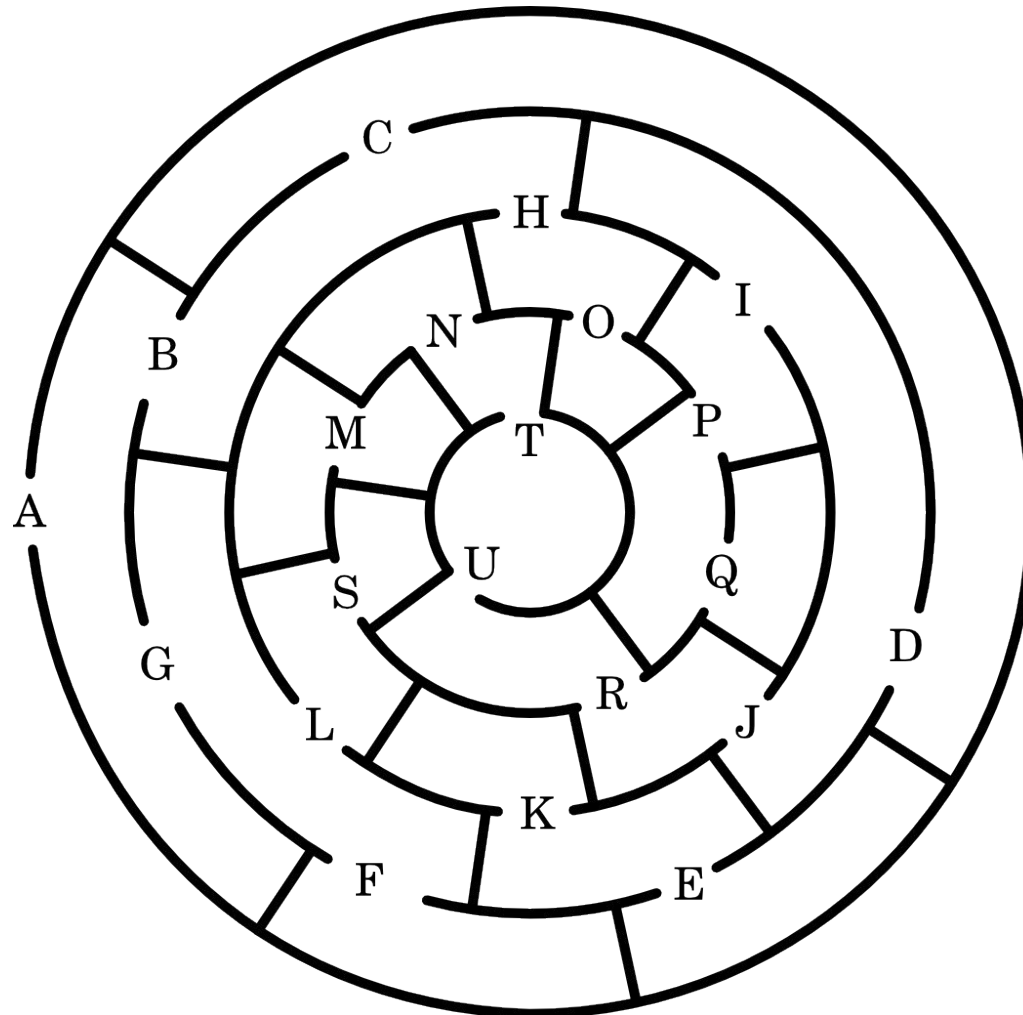
Using cognitive theories of planning, learning and understanding to understand user behaviour, and what they find hard.

# Overview of the course

- Theory driven approaches to HCI
- Design of visual displays
- **Goal-oriented interaction**
- Designing efficient systems
- Designing smart systems (guest lecturer)
- Designing meaningful systems (guest lecturer)
- Evaluating interactive system designs
- Designing complex systems

***A Metatheory (in first-wave HCI):***  
**User interaction can be modelled as  
search**

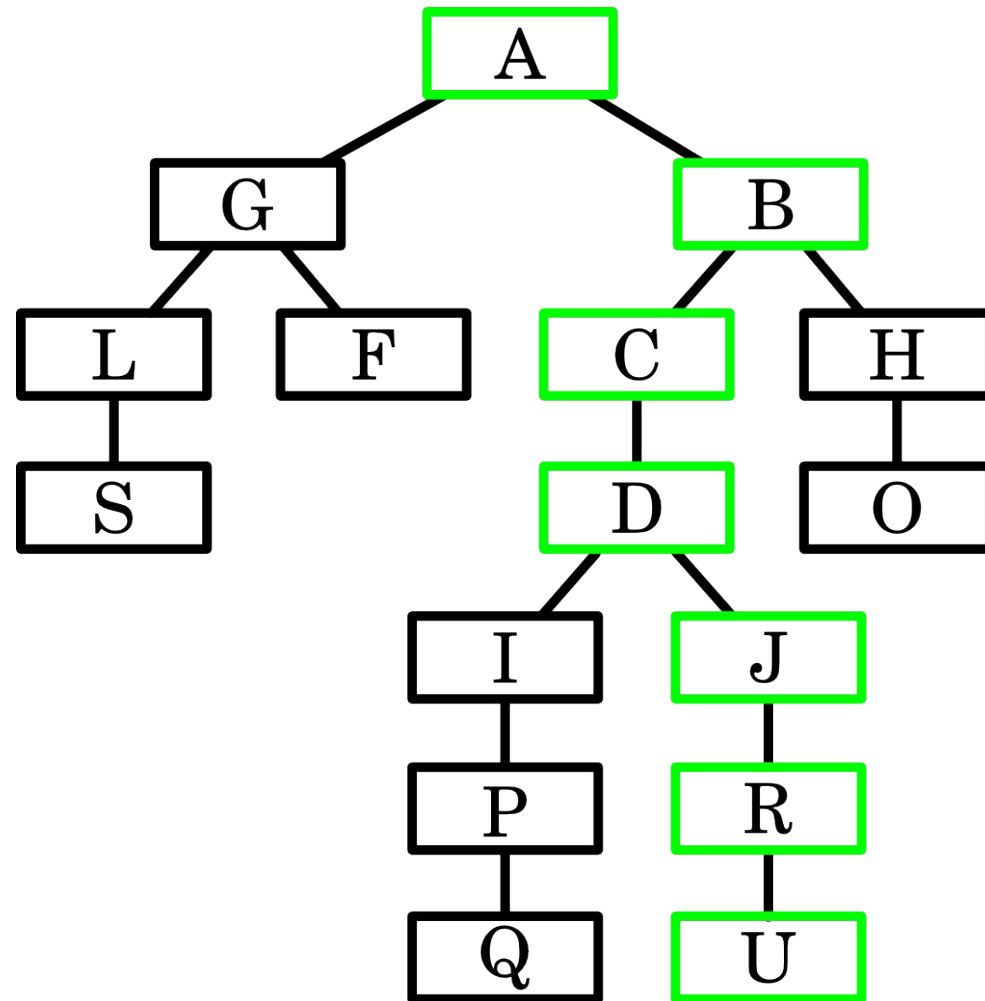
# Reminder from Prolog course: problem solving using graph search



From Rice &  
Beresford



# Turn the problem into a graph



# Encode as Prolog facts to solve

route(a,g).

route(g,l).

route(l,s).

...

travel(A,A).

travel(A,C) :- route(A,B),travel(B,C).

solve :- start(A),finish(B), travel(A,B).

start(a).

finish(u).

HCI example of a **User Goal**:

“How much did my use of Google Cloud Platform cost me last month?”

Google Cloud Computing, Hos x Luke

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Google Cloud Platform

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## Why Google Cloud Platform?



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## Why Google Cloud Platform?

Home - [tab] x Luke

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Google Cloud Platform

DASHBOARD ACTIVITY CUSTOMIZE

- Home
- Compute Engine
- App Engine
- Datastore
- Storage

PRODUCTS

- Cloud Launcher
- Billing
- APIs & Services
- Support
- IAM & admin
- Getting started

COMPUTE

- App Engine
- Compute Engine
- Kubernetes Engine
- Cloud Functions

STORAGE

- Bigtable

### Project info

Go to project settings

### Resources

- App Engine: 2 versions
- Compute Engine: 1 instance
- Cloud Storage: 2 buckets

### Trace

Latency percentiles of most requested URIs

| URI  | 50th | 90th |
|------|------|------|
| /rpc | 63   | 116  |

Go to latency overview

### Getting Started

### App Engine

Summary (count/sec)

http/server/response\_count:

Go to the App Engine dashboard

### Compute Engine

CPU (%)

instance/cpu/utilization:

Go to the Compute Engine dashboard

### Google Cloud Platform status

All services normal

Go to Cloud status dashboard

### Billing

Estimated charges USD \$93.12  
For the billing period Jan 1 - 12, 2018

View detailed charges

### Error Reporting

No application errors in the last 24 hours

Go to Error Reporting

### News

- Stateful and ML workloads now run better on Google Kubernetes Engine with the latest version 1.9  
3 hours ago
- Three ways to configure robust firewall rules  
6 hours ago
- Why you should pick strong consistency, whenever possible  
1 day ago

Home - [tab] x  
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Google Cloud Platform

Home

- Compute Engine
- App Engine
- Datastore
- Storage

PRODUCTS

- Cloud Launcher
- Billing**
- APIs & Services
- Support
- IAM & admin
- Getting started

COMPUTE

- App Engine
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STORAGE

DASHBOARD

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Go to project settings

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Trace

Latency percentiles of most requested URIs

| URI  | 50th | 90th |
|------|------|------|
| /rpc | 63   | 116  |

Go to latency overview

Getting Started

App Engine

Summary (count/sec)

10:30 10:45 11 PM 11:15

http/server/response\_count: 10.52

Go to the App Engine dashboard

Google Cloud Platform status

All services normal

Go to Cloud status dashboard

Billing

Estimated charges USD \$93.12  
For the billing period Jan 1 - 12, 2018

View detailed charges

Error Reporting

No application errors in the last 24 hours

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1 day ago

Compute Engine

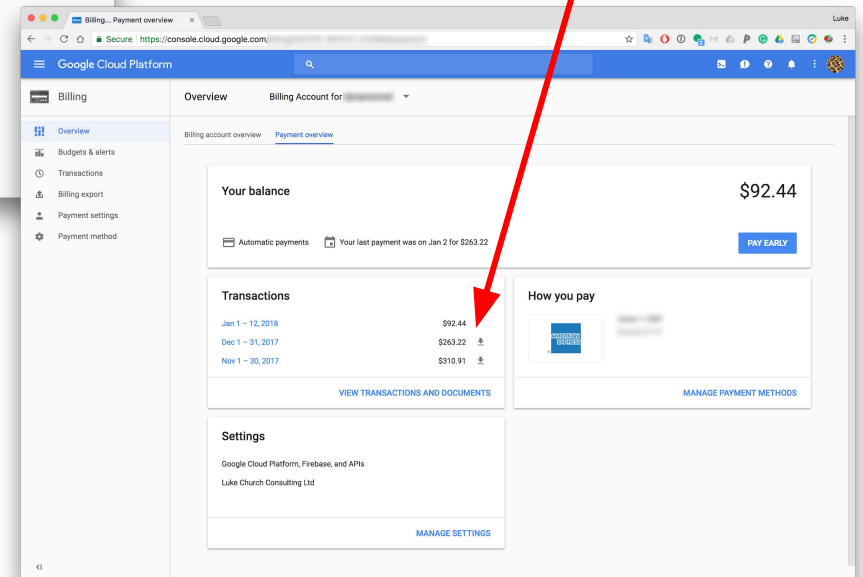
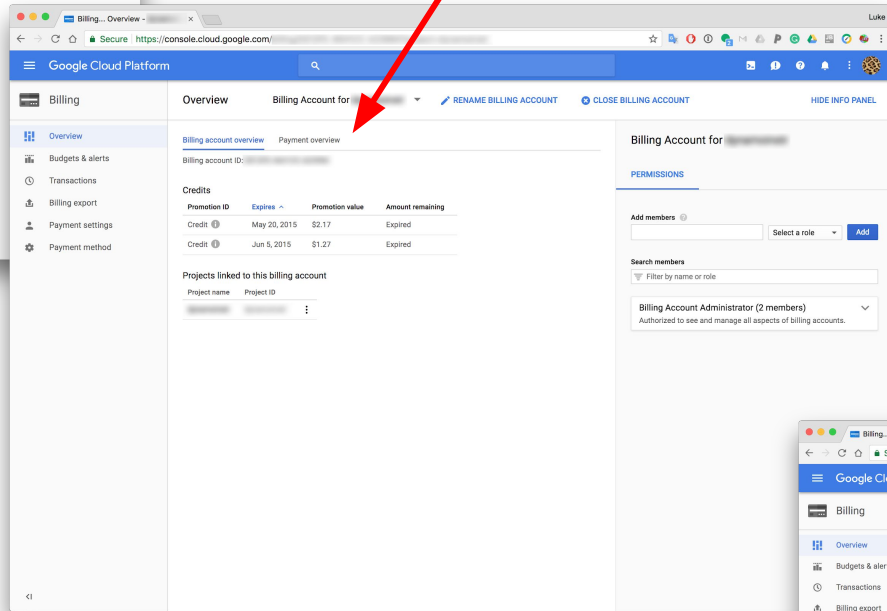
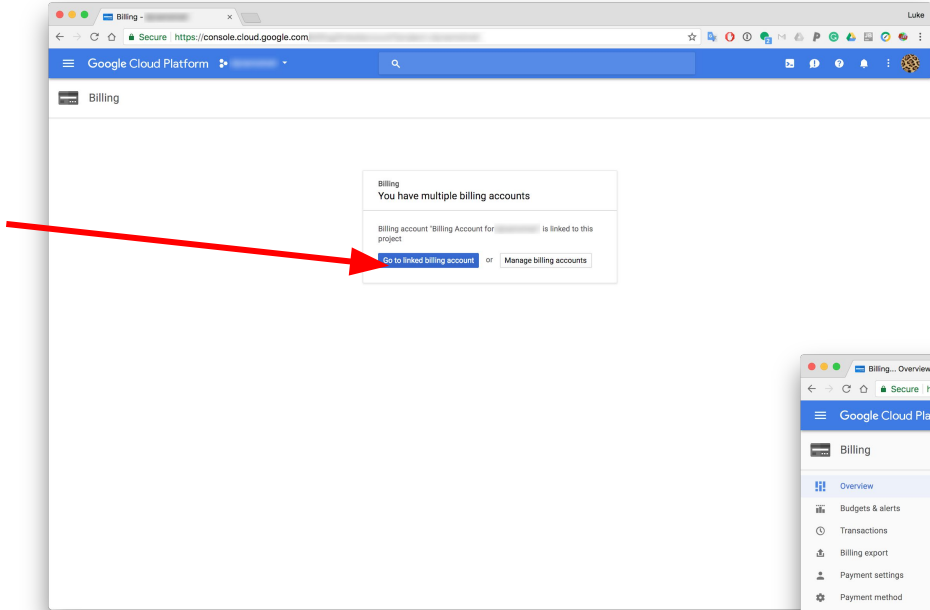
CPU (%)

10:30 10:45 11 PM 11:15

instance/cpu/utilization: 0.03

Go to the Compute Engine dashboard





What search algorithm is being used here?

Breadth first/Depth first?

Click  
targets

The screenshot shows the Google Cloud Platform website with several elements circled in red to indicate click targets:

- Navigation menu items: Why Google, Products, Solutions, Launcher, Pricing, Customers, Documentation, Support, Partners.
- Top right buttons: CONSOLE, a menu icon, and CONTACT SALES.
- Main content area buttons: GO TO CONSOLE and CONTACT SALES.
- Three featured articles, each with a LEARN MORE button and a right-pointing arrow.

**Build What's Next  
Better software. Faster.**

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**Why Google Cloud Platform?**

# Click targets

The screenshot shows the Google Cloud Platform console dashboard. The interface is divided into a left-hand navigation menu and a main content area. The navigation menu includes sections for Home, PRODUCTS, COMPUTE, and STORAGE. The main content area is titled 'DASHBOARD' and 'ACTIVITY', and contains several widgets: Project info, App Engine summary, Google Cloud Platform status, Billing, Error Reporting, News, Resources, Trace, and Compute Engine CPU usage. Red circles highlight various interactive elements across the page, including navigation items, status indicators, and action buttons.

**Navigation Menu:**

- Home
- Compute Engine
- App Engine
- Datastore
- Storage
- PRODUCTS
- Cloud Launcher
- Billing
- APIs & Services
- Support
- IAM & admin
- Getting started
- COMPUTE
- App Engine
- Compute Engine
- Kubernetes Engine
- Cloud Functions
- STORAGE
- Bigtable

**Main Content Area:**

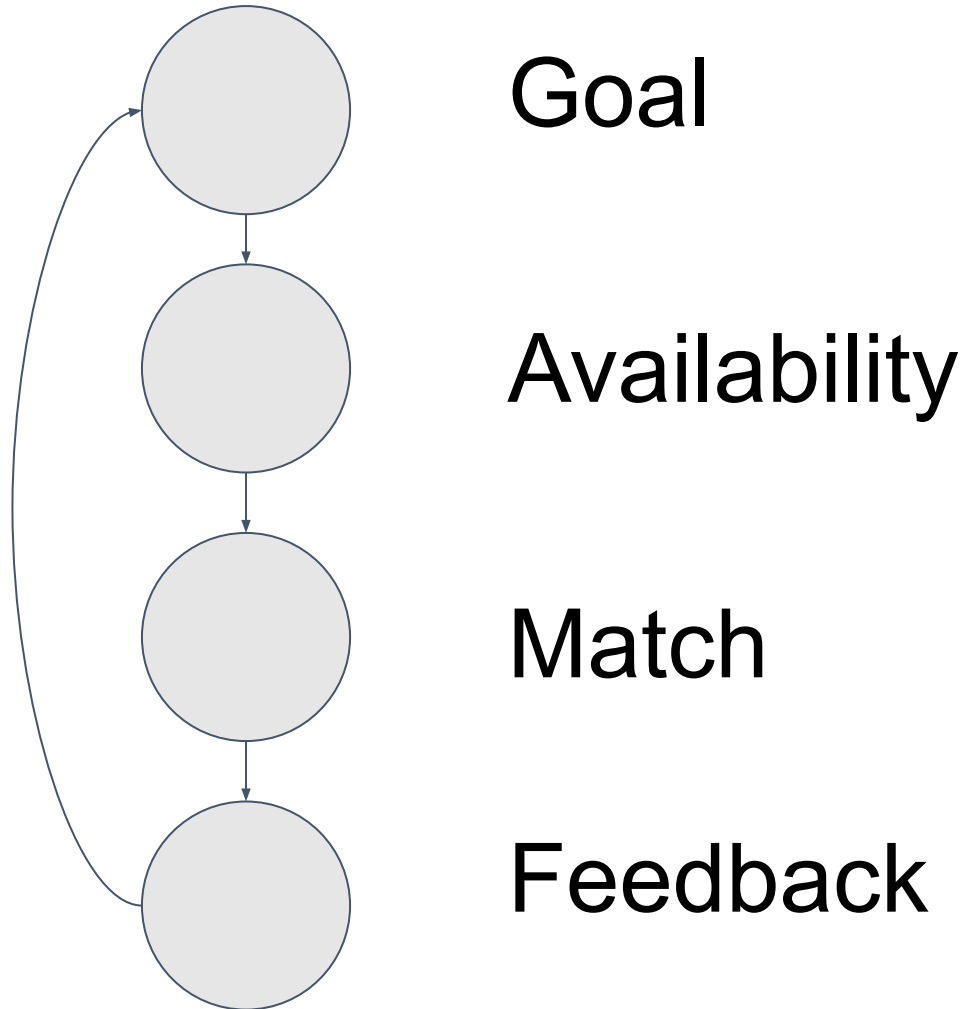
- Project info:** Go to project settings
- App Engine Summary (count/sec):** Go to the App Engine dashboard
- Google Cloud Platform status:** Go to Cloud status dashboard
- Billing:** View detailed charges
- Error Reporting:** Go to Error Reporting
- Resources:** App Engine (2 versions), Compute Engine (1 instance), Cloud Storage (2 buckets)
- Trace:** Go to latency overview
- Compute Engine CPU (%):** Go to the Compute Engine dashboard

**Other Elements:**

- Search bar
- Notifications and help icons
- CUSTOMIZE button
- News section: Stateful and ML workloads now run better on Google Kubernetes Engine with the latest version 1.9 (3 hours ago), Three ways to configure robust firewall rules (6 hours ago), Why you should pick strong consistency, whenever possible (1 day ago)



# [Simplified] Cognitive Walkthrough

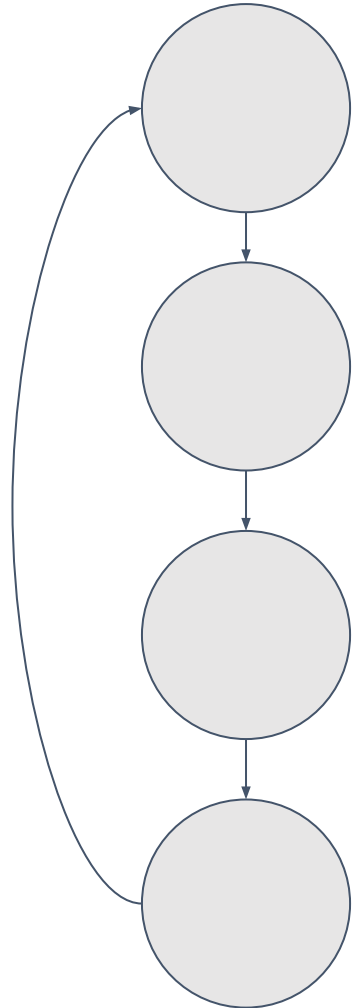


See:

<https://www.colorado.edu/ics/sites/default/files/attached-files/93-07.pdf>

For a detailed description

# Finding your bill?

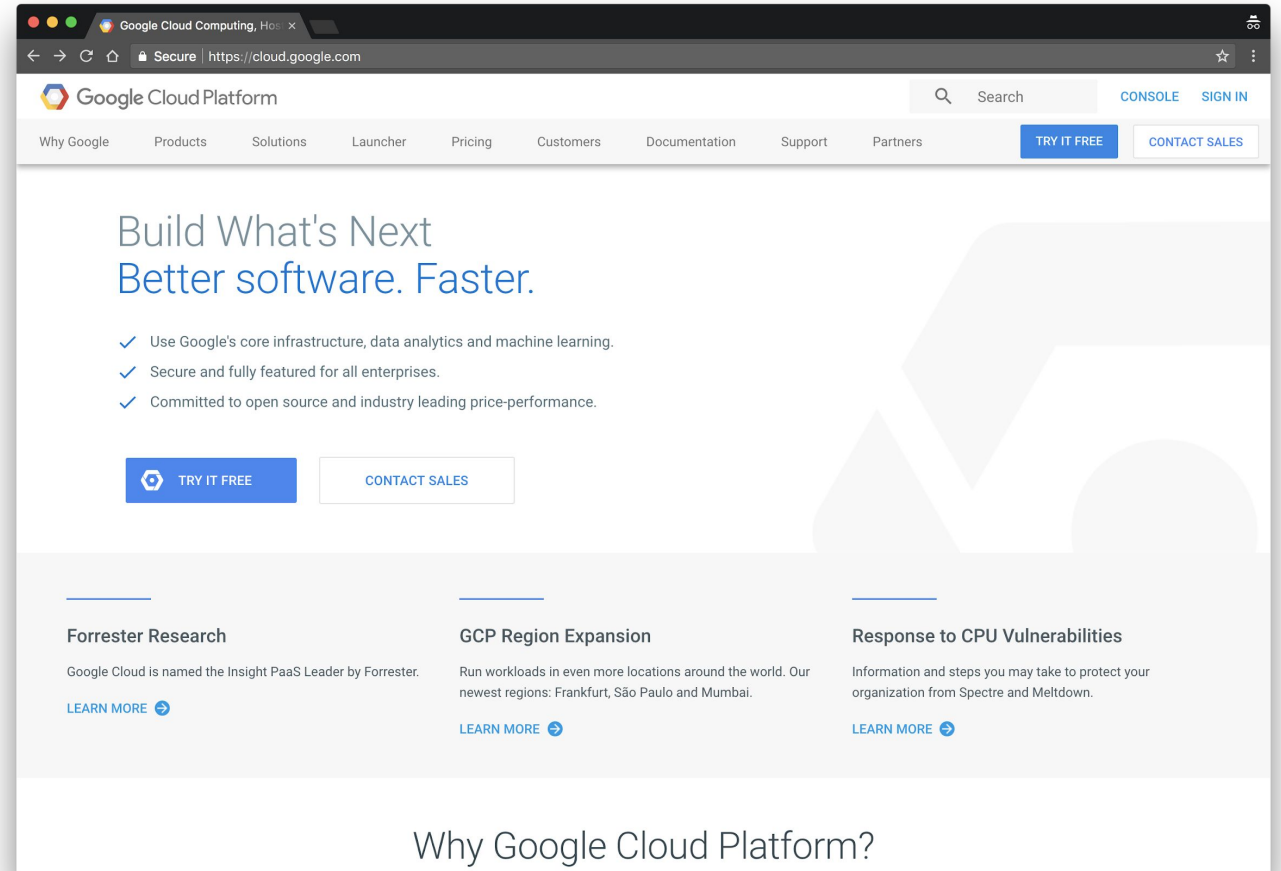


Goal

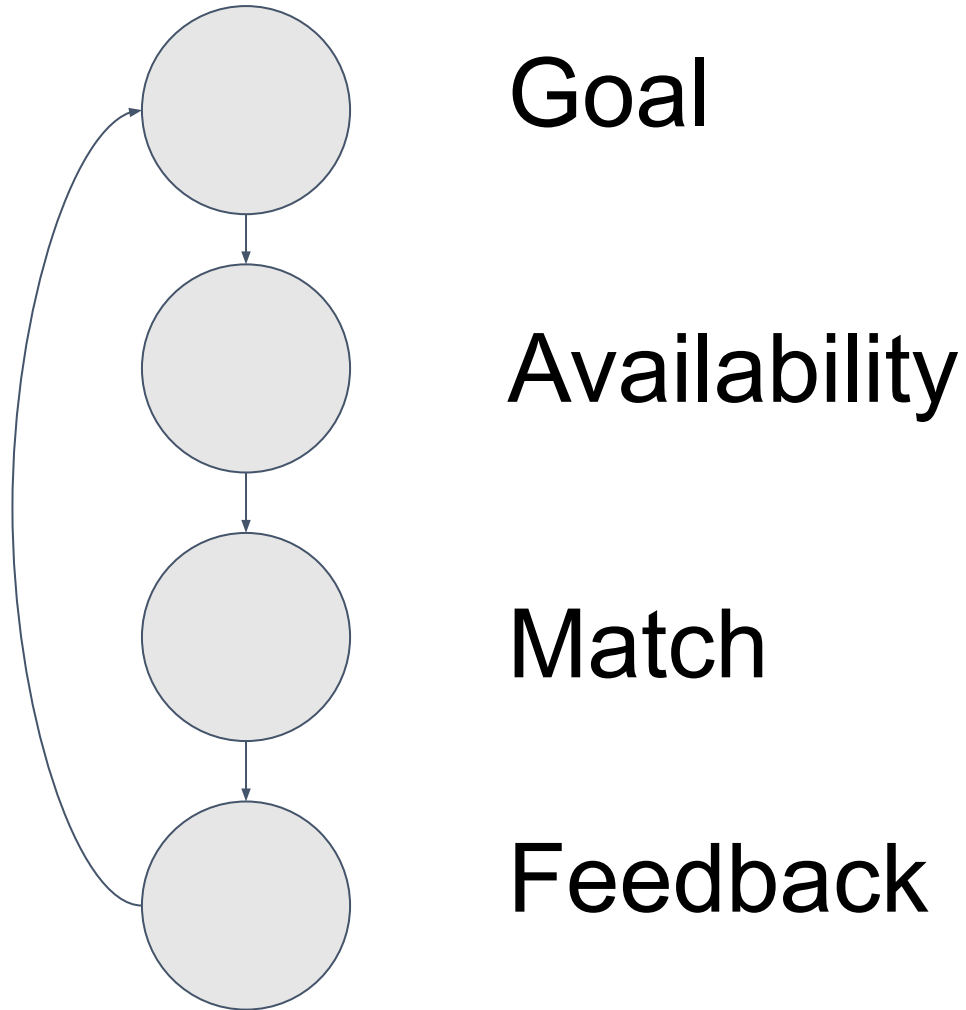
Availability

Match

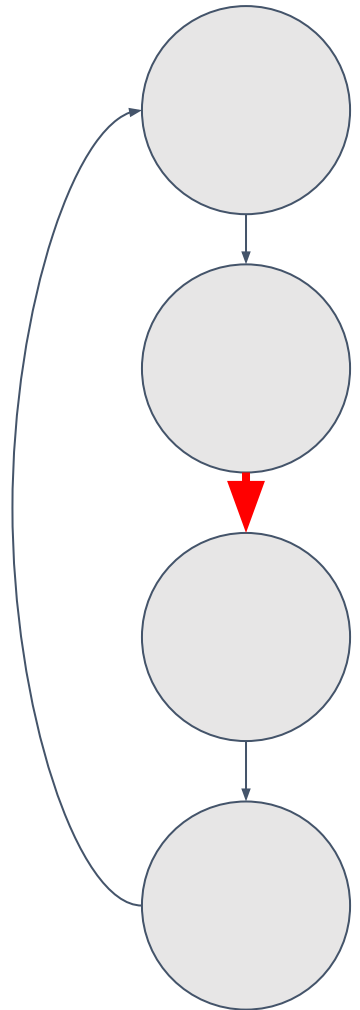
Feedback



# Example: Walkthrough of an API (demo)



# Example problem: Discovery



Goal

I want to delete a file

Availability

Type "File." and auto complete gives

Match

```
void main() {  
  File.  
}  
  fromRawPath()  
  fromUri()
```

*There's a conceptual mismatch on whether file is a static method or you have to get a file and then delete it*

Feedback

# Example problem: 'yak shaving'

Goal

To write a line to a file

Open a file

Complete a future to get the file

Convert a string to a bytearray

Iterate over the bytearray

Write the block

Complete on the future for writing

Close the file

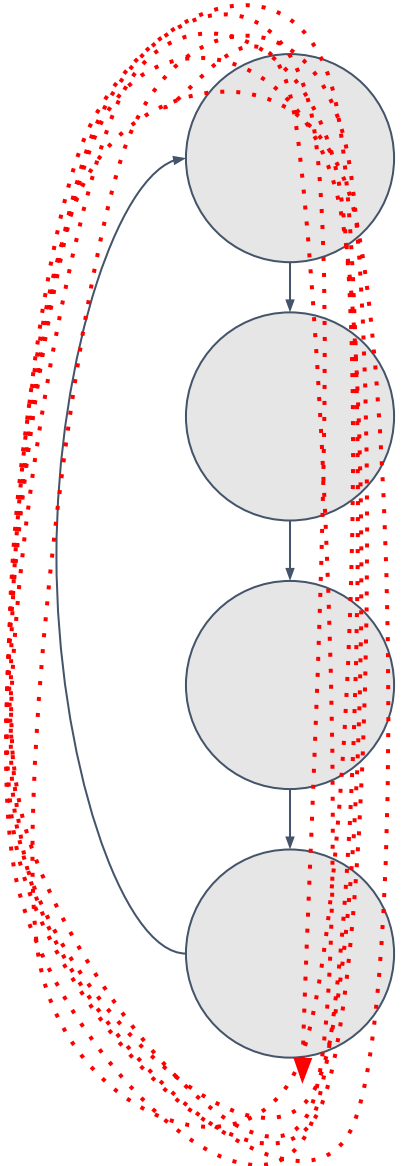
Complete the future for closing the file

Availability

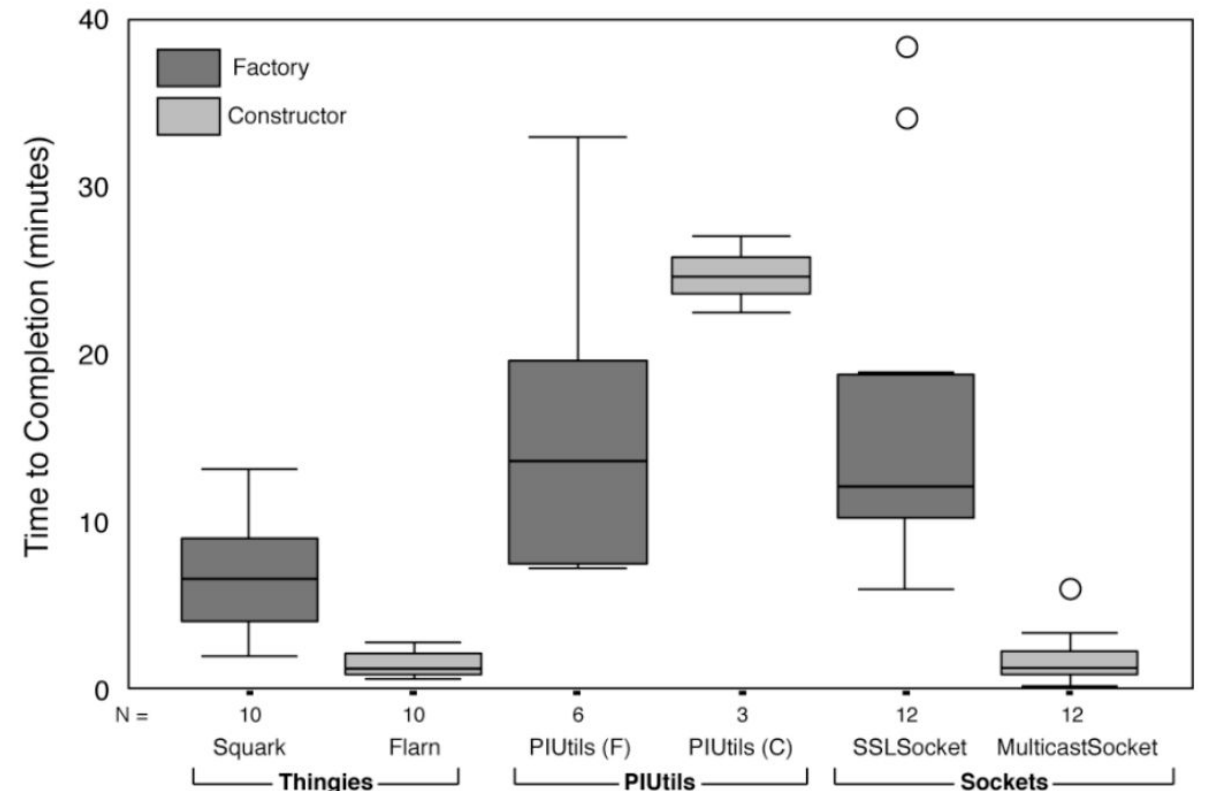
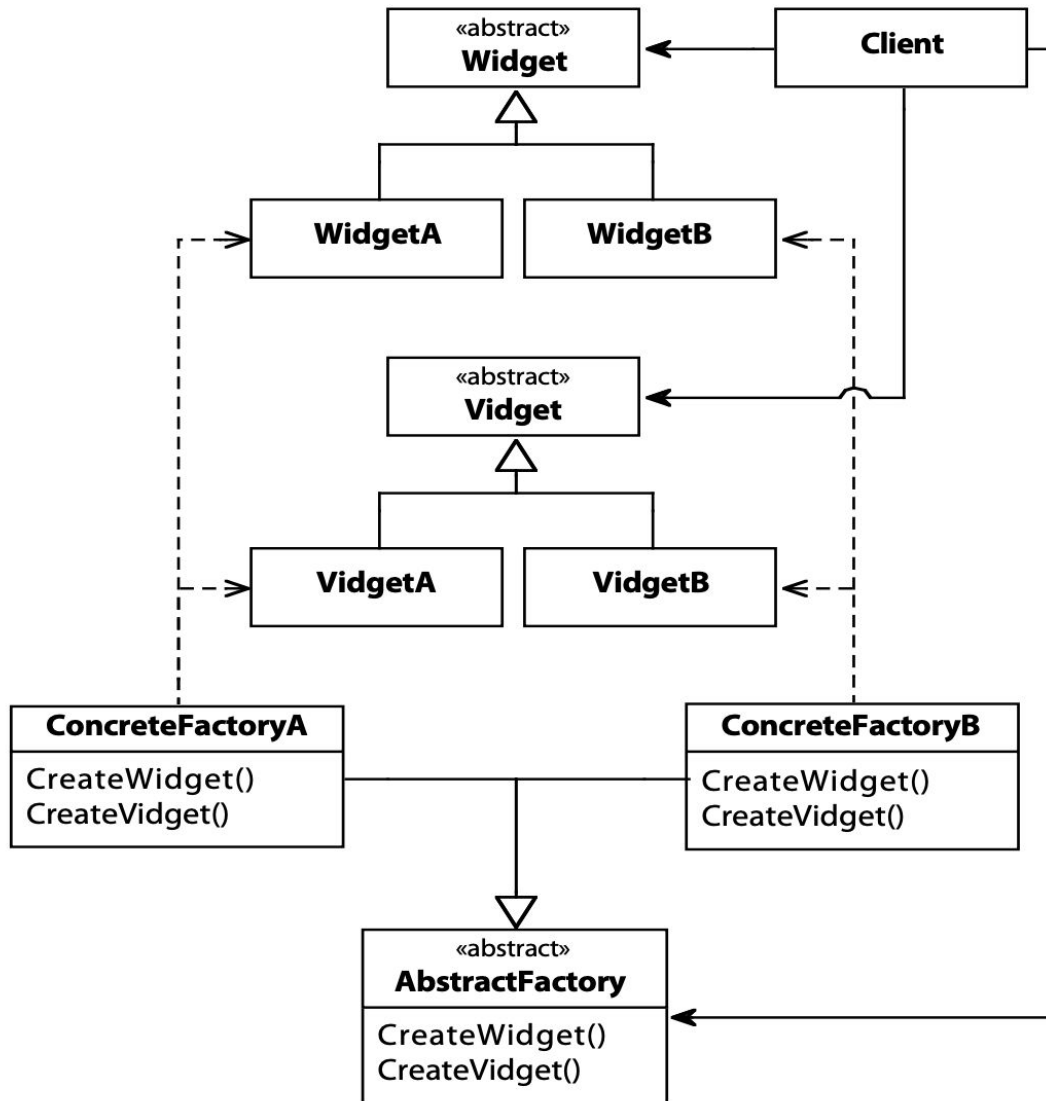
Match

Feedback

*Too many subgoals that need completing*

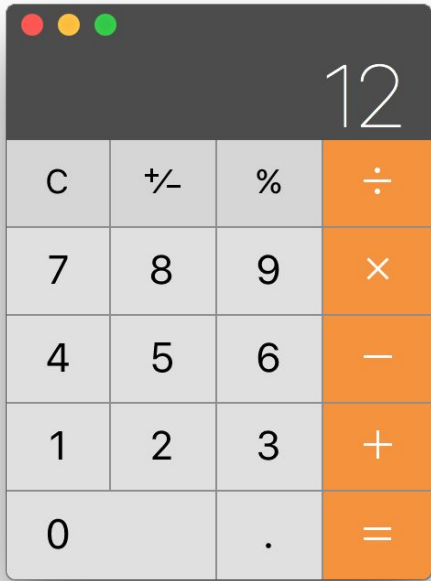


# Example (not-examinable)



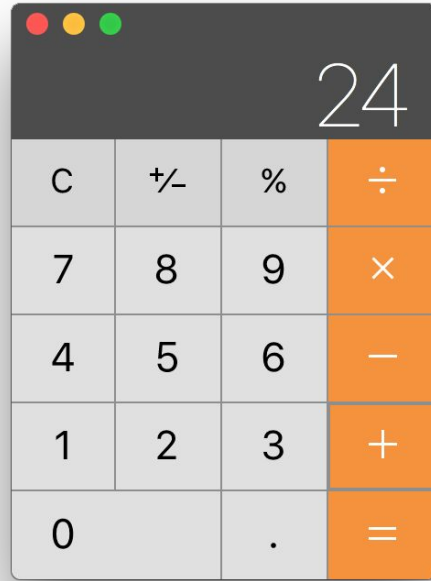
**Figure 2. Time to Completion by Task**

The cost of thinking:  
**Heuristics and Biases**



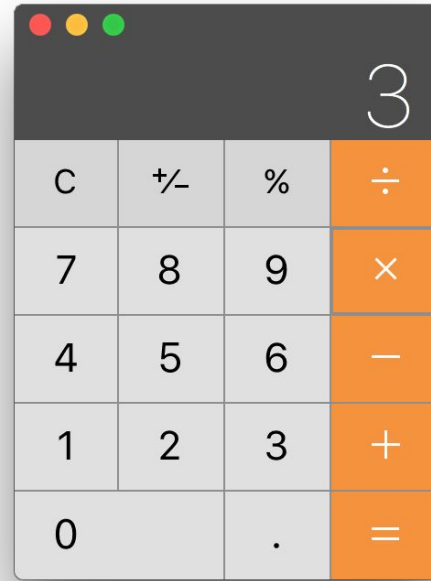
12

+



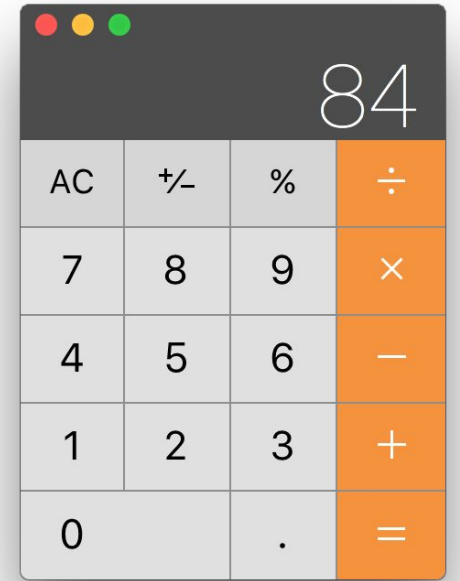
24

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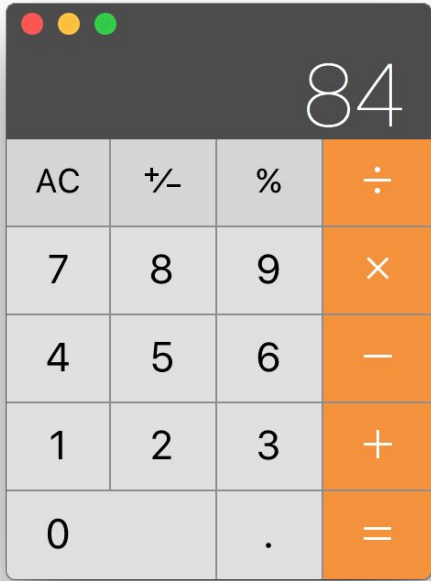


3

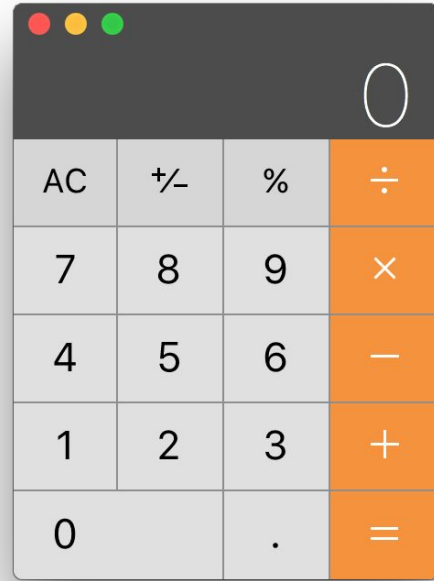
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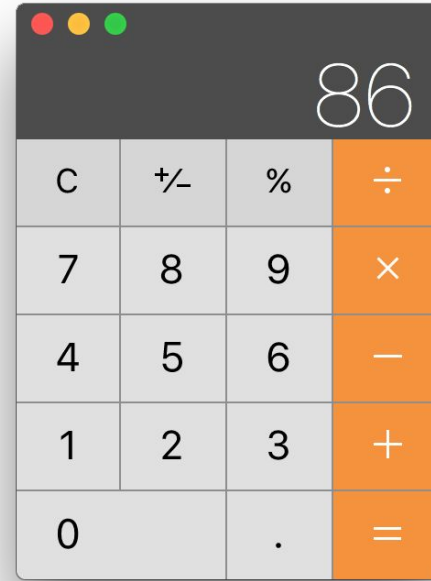


=



AC

+



2

“eh?”

(Example from Richard Young)

How many times should the  
calculator user press AC?

# Classical theories of metareasoning

- Optimal search
  - Find the best possible solution within stated constraints on resources
- Bounded rationality
  - Computation is one of the constraints
- Satisficing
  - Find a satisfactory solution within computation constraints

# Neuro-economic models of reasoning

- Behavioural economics, popularly known as “Nudge”
- Original basis in “prospect theory” (Kahneman & Tversky)
  - General theory of decision making
  - Construct a utility model, based on outcome of possible actions
  - Weight estimated values by likelihood
  - Choose action with optimal utility
  - May include future value discounting
- In practice, the optimisation is more likely to involve satisficing, due to reasoning with bounded rationality constraints
  - In Kahneman’s terms “thinking fast and slow”

# Bounded rationality in humans

- Apply *heuristics* rather than searching for optimal plan
  - Availability heuristic - reason based on examples easily to hand
  - Affect heuristic – base decision on emotion rather than calculating cost / benefit
  - Representativeness heuristic - judge probability based on resemblance
- Apply *biases* to ensure estimation error within tolerable bounds
  - Loss aversion - losses hurt more than gains feel good
  - Expectation bias - researchers (even in HCI) find results they expected
  - Bandwagon effect - do what other people do
- And many others!

# Behavioural economics in programming

- “Attention Investment theory” of abstraction use
  - Automation requires abstract specification
    - e.g. defining a regular expression for search and replace
  - Benefit of automation is saving time and concentration in future
  - But abstract specification (programming) takes time and concentration!
    - And powerful abstractions (programs) can go wrong powerfully
  - User may prefer repetitive manual operations - safe and incremental
- So utility function will compare future saving of attention from programming vs costs of concentrating on a risky strategy
  - Biases such as loss aversion will apply
  - Bounded rationality will apply, since deciding what to do takes even more concentration

# **The limitations of goal based HCI**

# It assumes the user doesn't make mistakes

- Would need a cognitive model of why error occurred
  - Information loss due to cognitive limitations
  - Incorrect mental model
  - Misleading design
- Need description of user journey that accounts for problem identification, diagnosis, debugging, testing, iteration etc



# It assumes the user has the right goal

- Persuasive design is a field of HCI that addresses goal formation
- Applications:
  - Reduce energy consumption
  - Promote exercise
  - Manage diet and nutrition
  - Smoking cessation
- May include “nudge” to account for biases
  - But paternalistic / patronising

# It assumes the user knows what the goal is

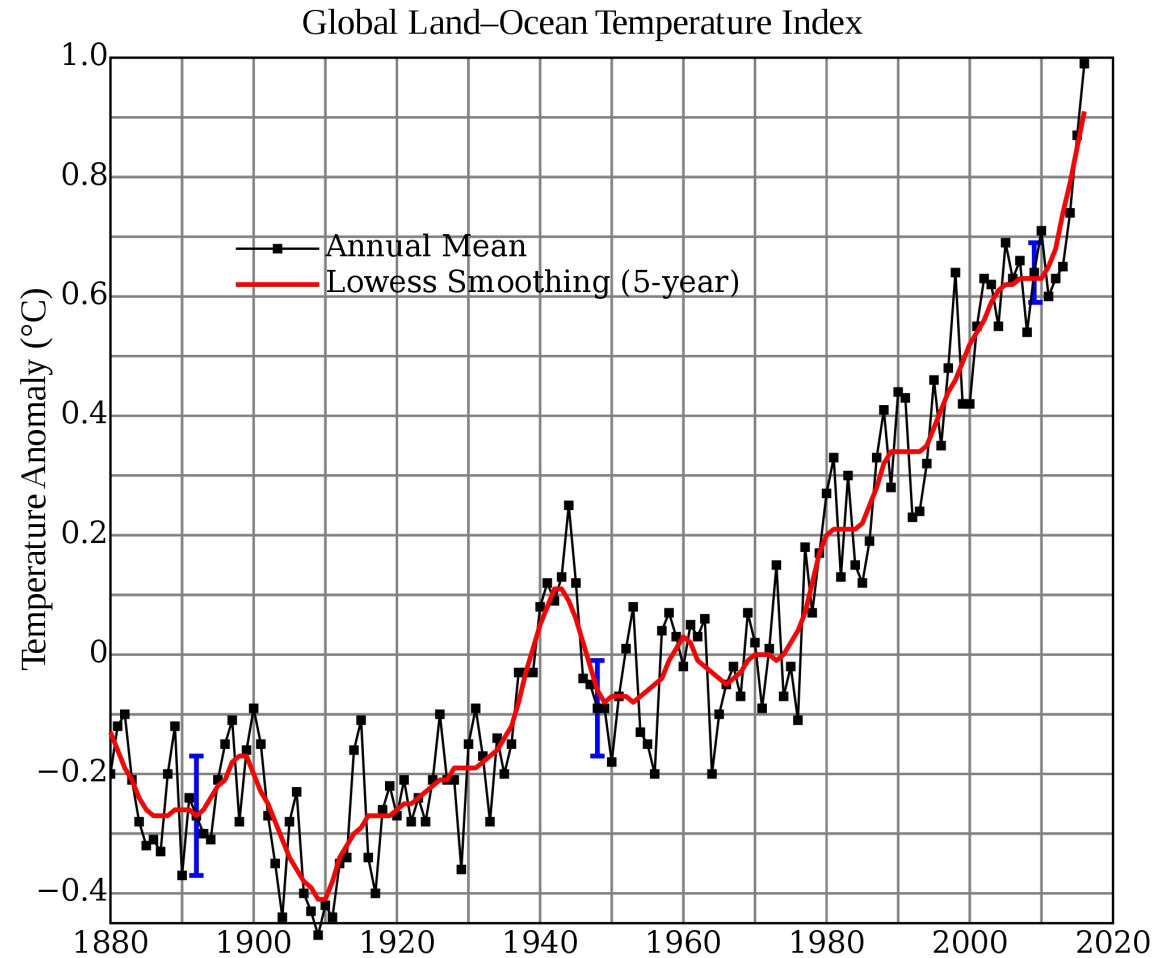
- Not true when the purpose is an experience (third wave HCI)
- Not true in “exploratory design”
  
- More attention to this later in the course
- Some problems can't be decomposed into actions
- Sometimes actions have side effects

# Wicked problems

Including material provided by  
Steven Tanimoto

# A Wicked Problem:

Slowing climate change



# More Wicked Problems

- Stopping the spread of antibiotic-resistant diseases
- Halting nuclear proliferation
- Ending homelessness in Cambridge
- Avoiding species extinction
- Colonizing Mars

# Rittel-Webber Characteristics 1-5 of 10

1. There is no definitive formulation of a wicked problem
2. Wicked problems have no stopping rule
3. Solutions to wicked problems are not true-or-false, but good-or-bad
4. There is no immediate and **no ultimate test of a solution** to a wicked problem
5. Every solution to a wicked problem is a “one-shot operation”; because there is no opportunity to learn by trial-and-error, every attempt counts significantly

# Rittel-Webber Characteristics 6-10 of 10

6. Wicked problems do not have an enumerable (or an exhaustively describable) set of potential solutions, **nor is there a well-described set of permissible operations** that may be incorporated into the plan
7. Every wicked problem is essentially unique
8. Every wicked problem can be considered to be a symptom of another problem
9. The existence of a discrepancy representing a wicked problem can be explained in numerous ways. The choice of explanation determines the nature of the problem's resolution
10. **The planner has no right to be wrong**

# Challenge problem: Moodle

Who is the user: You or me?

For both UIs ... and PLs!

“Student” or “Student observer”?