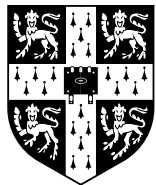


RIP Part III

“in an intelligible form”

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What's in this talk?

- Crypto history
- RIP history
- Safeguards
- Stored data *vs* “On The Wire”
- Some thoughts on Part III
- A way forward?

The Crypto Wars 1966-2000

- Spooks wanted crypto to stay in their sphere
 - Export controls: “crypto is a munition”
- US also attempted to gag academics
 - some success, but ultimately counterproductive
- US “Clipper” was an abject failure
 - failed to sell, and turned out to have flaws anyway
- US industry got export controls dropped
 - industry losing market share
 - Internet bubble demanded strong crypto

Meanwhile in the UK...

- Export controls in place for decades
 - COCOM, then Wassenaar (so you can't export BBC Micros to Yugoslavia or GameBoys to the Middle East, or PlayStations to Saddam)
- US exported their policy, forgot to tell us they'd changed their minds & we started to implement it five years later!
- So clearly we needed “key escrow”...

UK Crypto Policy

- Maundy Thursday 1997
 - “Licensing of Trusted Third Parties for the Provision of Encryption Services”, all keys to be held by TTPs
- COJET (1999) told Blair to drop controls
- Draft Electronic Communications Bill 1999
 - Part I : TTPs (statutory voluntary licensing)
 - Part II: Electronic Signatures & Writing
 - Part III: Access to Keys
 - Part IV: Changes to the Telecommunications Act
 - the telco’s didn’t respond to consultations!

Solomon revisited: Two Bills

- **DTI: Electronic Communications Act 2000**
 - Part I: fall-back provisions for licensing, now defunct
 - Part II: Electronic signatures (yawn)
 - s14 categorically states “No Key Escrow”
- **Home Office: RIP Act 2000**
 - Part I: Interception + Communications Data
 - Part II: Surveillance (for HRA compliance)
 - Part III: Access to Keys
 - Part IV: Lots of Commissioners (etc)

Part III as finally passed

- Emphasis now clearly on decryption or “putting into an intelligible form”
- GAK (Government Access to Keys) needs a Chief Constable’s signature & must be reported PDQ to Interception Commissioner
- Must serve GAK notices at board level
- “Tipping off” clauses can accompany GAK

Code of Practice

- All the hard questions punted to CoP
 - when will GAK be appropriate?
 - do you get to see the unintelligible form?
 - how will key entry for decryption be kept private?
 - what about multi-nationals?
 - what standard of care will keys receive?
 - and many, many more (see Hansard & UKCrypto)
- Home Office has poor record on RIP CoP
 - Part I Chapter I : 637 days, Chapter II: 676 & counting

A clash of cultures

- Spooks are used to symmetric crypto with hierarchical key distribution systems
- They expected to see companies managing keys for their clients (so escrow easy)
- But much crypto uses session keys and a PKI (ad hoc perhaps) to authenticate
 - when companies do have secrets, they protect them!
- Industry just didn't develop as expected

Part III isn't in force

and sky is still up there!

- Lobbying against RIP detailed the risks to industry (master keys stay in NYC or CH)
 - LSE/British Chambers of Commerce (£46 billion)
- Law Enforcement still short of scenarios
 - Turkish lorry driver, paedophile with encrypted disk
 - Cannot recall “The Sun” splashing on this topic...
- Credibility of offence is very limited
 - Won't people just take the 2 years ? (or now, 5)
 - Tories wanted to make it 10 for just that reason!

What law do we need ?

- Main requirement is to decrypt stored data
 - “on the wire” too complex (scenario-wise & technically)
- Perhaps just need an enabling notice?
 - to let the professionals off the hook
- GAK is a great deal of the problem
 - drop GAK and much of the economic risk evaporates
- Too few examples to frame a law yet
 - Main history lesson is that we are legislating too early!

Human Rights Act 1998

- Forcing to decrypt is supposed to be like forcing to provide DNA...
- Home Office lawyers (especially those of the 2000 era) not always mainstream
 - Will the House of Lords see it that way?
 - Will Strassbourg see it that way?
- Would a reworking of the Act's provisions make it more likely to escape challenge ?

What of Part III ?

- Half the world thinks Part III is already in force – that’s damaging, we should scrap it
 - we’re supposed to be best place to do eBusiness
- But “something must be done”
 - deploy lots more crypto; it’s so hard for amateurs to use properly, that the intelligence take will go up!
 - spend the money on a Government run VoIP rendezvous site (it’s the traffic data stupid!)

More at...

<http://www.cl.cam.ac.uk/~rnc1/>

