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Specification method for cultural conventions

Technologies de l'information —

Méthode de modélisation des conventions culturelles

1

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29 FOREWORD

30
31 ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International
32 Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization.
33 National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of
34 International Standards through technical committees established by the respective
35 organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical
36 committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations,
37 governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the
38 work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint
39 technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

40
41 The main task of a technical committee is to prepare International Standards but in
42 exceptional circumstances, the publication of a Technical Report of one of the following
43 types may be proposed:

- 44
45 - type 1, when the required support cannot be obtained for the publication of an
46 International Standard, despite repeated efforts;
- 47
48 - type 2, when the subject is still under technical development or where for any
49 other reason there is the future but not immediate possibility of an agreement on an
50 International Standard;
- 51
52 - type 3, when a technical committee has collected data of a different kind from
53 that which is normally published as an International Standard ("state of the art", for
54 example).

55
56 Technical Reports are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC
57 Directives, Part 3.

58
59 Technical Reports of types 1 and 2 are subject to review within three years of publication,
60 to decide whether they can be transformed into International Standards. Technical Report
61 of type 3 do not necessarily have to be reviewed until the date they provide are considered
62 to be no longer valid or useful.

63
64 ISO/IEC TR 14652 is a Technical Report type 1, and it was prepared by Joint Technical
65 Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology, Subcommittee 22, Programming
66 languages, their environments and system software interfaces.*

67
68 The Annexes A, B, C and D of this Technical Report are for information only.

69 **Introduction**

71 This Technical Report defines a general mechanism to specify cultural conventions, and it
72 defines formats for a number of specific cultural conventions in the areas of character
73 classification and conversion, sorting, number formatting, monetary formatting, date
74 formatting, message display, paper formats, addressing of persons, postal address
75 formatting, telephone number handling, and a way to specify how much is covered and the
76 status of it.

77 There are a number of benefits coming from this standard:

80 Rigid specification

Using this Technical Report, a user can rigidly specify a
number of the cultural conventions that apply to the
information technology environment of the user.

84 Cultural adaptability

If an application has been designed and built in a
cultural neutral manner, the application may use the
specifications as data to its APIs, and thus the same
application may accommodate different users in a
culturally acceptable way to each of the users, without
change of the binary application.

91 Productivity

This standard specifies those cultural conventions and
how to specify data for them. With those data an
application developer is relieved from getting the
different information to support all the cultural
environments for the expected customers of the product.
The application developer is thus ensured of culturally
correct behavior as specified by the customer, and
possibly more markets may be reached as customers may
have the possibility to provide the data themselves for
markets that were not targeted.

102 Uniform behaviour

When a number of applications share one cultural
specification, which may be supplied from the user or a
built-in nature, their behaviour for cultural adaptation
become uniform.

107 The specification format is independent of platforms and specific encoding, and targeted to
108 be usable from a wide range of programming languages.

110 A number of cultural conventions, such as spelling, hyphenation rules and terminology, are
111 not specifiable with this standard, but the standard provides mechanisms to define new
112 categories and also new keywords within existing categories. An internationalized
113 application may take advantage of information provided with the FDCC-set (such as the
114 language) to provide further internationalized services to the user.

116 This Technical Report defines a format compatible with the one used in the International
117 String Ordering standard, ISO/IEC 14651. This Technical Report is backwards compatible
118 with the ISO/IEC 9945-2:1993 POSIX shell and utilities standard, particularly its clauses

119 2.4 and 2.5. The major extensions from that text are listed in annex A. This Technical
120 Report has enhanced functionality in a number of areas such as ISO/IEC 10646 support,
121 more classification of characters, transliteration, dual (multi) currency support, enhanced
122 date and time formatting, paper size identification, personal name writing, postal address
123 formatting, telephone number handling, and management of categories. There is enhanced
124 support for character sets including ISO/IEC 2022 handling and an enhanced method to
125 separate the specification of cultural conventions from an actual encoding via a description
126 of the character repertoire employed. A standard set of values for all the categories has
127 been defined covering the repertoire of ISO/IEC 10646-1.
128

129 **Information technology — Specification method for cultural 130 conventions**

131 **1 SCOPE**

134 This Technical Report specifies a description format for the specification of cultural
135 conventions, a description format for character sets, and a description format for binding
136 character names to ISO/IEC 10646, plus a set of default values for some of these items.

138 The specification is upward compatible with POSIX locale specifications - a locale
139 conformant to POSIX specifications will also be conformant to the specifications in this
140 Standard, while the reverse condition will not hold. The descriptions are intended to be
141 coded in text files to be used via Application Programming Interfaces, that are expected to
142 be developed for a number of programming languages.

144 **2 NORMATIVE REFERENCES**

146 The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this
147 text, constitute provisions of this Technical Report. For dated references, subsequent
148 amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties
149 to agreements based on this Technical Report are encouraged to investigate the possibility
150 of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For
151 undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies.
152 Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid Technical Reports.

154 ISO 639 (all parts), *Codes for the representation of names of languages*.

156 ISO/IEC 2022, *Information technology - Character code structure and extension tech-*
157 *niques*.

159 ISO 3166 (all parts), *Codes for the representation of names of countries and their*
160 *subdivisions*.

162 ISO 4217, *Codes for the representation of currencies and funds*.

164 ISO 8601, *Data elements and interchange formats - Information interchange - Represen-*
165 *tation of dates and times*.

167 ISO/IEC 9945-2:1993, *Information technology - Portable Operating System Interface*
168 *(POSIX) - Part 2: Shell and Utilities*.

170 ISO/IEC 10646-1:1993, *Information technology - Universal Multiple-Octet Coded Cha-*
171 *racter Set (UCS) - Part 1: Architecture and Basic Multilingual Plane (including Cor.1 and*
172 *AMD 1-9)*.

174 ISO/IEC 14651, *Information technology - International string ordering - Method for*
175 *comparing character strings and description of a default tailorable ordering*.

177 ISO/IEC 15897:1999, *Information technology - Procedures for registration of cultural*
178 *conventions*.

3 TERMS, DEFINITIONS AND NOTATIONS

3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this Technical Report, the terms and definitions given in the following apply.

3.1.1

byte:

An individually addressable unit of data storage that is equal to or larger than an octet, used to store a character or a portion of a character.

A byte is composed of a contiguous sequence of bits, the number of which is implementation defined. The least significant bit is called the low-order bit; the most significant bit is called the high-order bit.

3.1.2

character:

A member of a set of elements used for the organization, control or representation of data.

3.1.3

coded character:

A sequence of one or more bytes representing a single character.

3.1.4

text file:

A file that contains characters organized into one or more lines.

3.1.5

cultural convention:

A data item for information technology that may vary dependent on language, territory, or other cultural habits.

3.1.6

FDCC-set:

A Set of Formal Definitions of Cultural Conventions. The definition of the subset of a user's information technology environment that depends on language and cultural conventions. Note: the FDCC-set is a superset of the "locale" term in C and POSIX.

3.1.7

charmap:

A definition of a mapping between symbolic character names and character codes, plus related information"

3.1.8

repertoiremap:

A definition of a mapping between symbolic character names and characters for the repertoire of characters used in a FDCC-set, further described in clause 6.

3.1.9**character class:**

A named set of characters sharing an attribute associated with the name of the class.

3.1.10**collation:**

The logical ordering of strings according to defined precedence rules.

3.1.11**collating element:**

The smallest entity used to determine logical ordering.

See collating sequence. A collating element shall consist of either a single character, or two or more characters collating as a single entity. The LC_COLLATE category in the associated FDCC-set determines the set of collating elements.

3.1.12**multicharacter collating element:**

A sequence of two or more characters that collate as an entity.

For example, in some languages two characters are sorted as one letter, as in the case for Danish and Norwegian "aa".

3.1.13**collating sequence:**

The relative order of collating elements as determined by the setting of the LC_COLLATE category in the applied FDCC-set.

3.1.14**equivalence class:**

A set of collating elements with the same primary collation weight.

Elements in an equivalence class are typically elements that naturally group together, such as all accented letters based on the same letter.

The collation order of elements within an equivalence class is determined by the weights assigned on any subsequent levels after the primary weight.

3.2 Notations

The following notations and common conventions for specifications apply to this standard:

3.2.1 Notation for defining syntax

In this standard, the description of an individual record in a FDCC-set is done using the syntax notation given in the following.

The syntax notation looks as follows:

"<format>',[<arg1>,<arg2>,...,<argn>]

280 The <format> is given in a format string enclosed in double quotes, followed by a number
 281 of parameters, separated by commas. It is similar to the format specification defined in
 282 clause 2.12 in the ISO/IEC 9945-2:1993 standard and the format specification used in C
 283 language printf() function. The format of each parameter is given by an escape sequence
 284 as follows:

285
 286 %*s* specifies a string
 287 %*d* specifies a decimal integer
 288 %*c* specifies a character
 289 %*o* specifies an octal integer
 290 %*x* specifies a hexadecimal integer

291
 292 A " " (an empty character position) in the syntax string represent one or more <blank>
 293 characters.

294
 295 All other characters in the format string except

296
 297 % % specifies a single %
 298 \n specifies an end-of-line

300 represent themselves.

301
 302 The notation "..." is used to specify that repetition of the previous specification is optional,
 303 and this is done in both the format string and in the parameter list.

3.2.3 Portable character set

308 A set of symbolic names for characters in Table 1, which is called the portable character
 309 set, is used in character description text of this specification. The first eight entries in
 310 Table 1 are defined in ISO/IEC 6429 and others are defined in ISO/IEC 10646-1.

311
 312 **Table 1: Portable character set**

313 314 Symbolic name	315 316 Glyph	317 318 UCS	319 320 Description
<NUL>		<U0000>	NULL (NUL)
<alert>		<U0007>	BELL (BEL)
<backspace>		<U0008>	BACKSPACE (BS)
<tab>		<U0009>	CHARACTER TABULATION (HT)
<carriage-return>		<U000D>	CARRIAGE RETURN (CR)
<newline>		<U000A>	LINE FEED (LF)
<vertical-tab>		<U000B>	LINE TABULATION (VT)
<form-feed>		<U000C>	FORM FEED (FF)
<space>		<U0020>	SPACE
<exclamation-mark>	!	<U0021>	EXCLAMATION MARK
<quotation-mark>	"	<U0022>	QUOTATION MARK
<number-sign>	#	<U0023>	NUMBER SIGN
<dollar-sign>	\$	<U0024>	DOLLAR SIGN
<percent-sign>	%	<U0025>	PERCENT SIGN
<ampersand>	&	<U0026>	AMPERSAND
<apostrophe>	,	<U0027>	APOSTROPHE
<left-parenthesis>	(<U0028>	LEFT PARENTHESIS
<right-parenthesis>)	<U0029>	RIGHT PARENTHESIS
<asterisk>	*	<U002A>	ASTERISK
<plus-sign>	+	<U002B>	PLUS SIGN
<comma>	,	<U002C>	COMMA
<hyphen-minus>	-	<U002D>	HYPHEN-MINUS
<hyphen>	-	<U002D>	HYPHEN-MINUS
<full-stop>	.	<U002E>	FULL STOP

340	<period>	.	<U002E>	FULL STOP
341	<slash>	/	<U002F>	SOLIDUS
342	<solidus>	/	<U002F>	SOLIDUS
343	<zero>	0	<U0030>	DIGIT ZERO
344	<one>	1	<U0031>	DIGIT ONE
345	<two>	2	<U0032>	DIGIT TWO
346	<three>	3	<U0033>	DIGIT THREE
347	<four>	4	<U0034>	DIGIT FOUR
348	<five>	5	<U0035>	DIGIT FIVE
349	<six>	6	<U0036>	DIGIT SIX
350	<seven>	7	<U0037>	DIGIT SEVEN
351	<eight>	8	<U0038>	DIGIT EIGHT
352	<nine>	9	<U0039>	DIGIT NINE
353	<colon>	:	<U003A>	COLON
354	<:semicolon>	:	<U003B>	SEMICOLON
355	<less-than-sign>	<	<U003C>	LESS-THAN SIGN
356	<equals-sign>	=	<U003D>	EQUALS SIGN
357	<greater-than-sign>	>	<U003E>	GREATER-THAN SIGN
358	<question-mark>	?	<U003F>	QUESTION MARK
359	<commercial-at>	@	<U0040>	COMMERCIAL AT
360	<A>	A	<U0041>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A
361		B	<U0042>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER B
362	<C>	C	<U0043>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C
363	<D>	D	<U0044>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D
364	<E>	E	<U0045>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E
365	<F>	F	<U0046>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER F
366	<G>	G	<U0047>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G
367	<H>	H	<U0048>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H
368	<I>	I	<U0049>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I
369	<J>	J	<U004A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J
370	<K>	K	<U004B>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K
371	<L>	L	<U004C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L
372	<M>	M	<U004D>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER M
373	<N>	N	<U004E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N
374	<O>	O	<U004F>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O
375	<P>	P	<U0050>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER P
376	<Q>	Q	<U0051>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Q
377	<R>	R	<U0052>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R
378	<S>	S	<U0053>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S
379	<T>	T	<U0054>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T
380	<U>	U	<U0055>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U
381	<V>	V	<U0056>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER V
382	<W>	W	<U0057>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W
383	<X>	X	<U0058>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER X
384	<Y>	Y	<U0059>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y
385	<Z>	Z	<U005A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z
386	<left-square-bracket>	[<U005B>	LEFT SQUARE BRACKET
387	<backslash>	\	<U005C>	REVERSE SOLIDUS
388	<reverse-solidus>	\	<U005C>	REVERSE SOLIDUS
389	<right-square-bracket>]	<U005D>	RIGHT SQUARE BRACKET
390	<circumflex-accent>	^	<U005E>	CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT
391	<circumflex>	^	<U005E>	CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT
392	<low-line>	—	<U005F>	LOW LINE
393	<underscore>	—	<U005F>	LOW LINE
394	<grave-accent>	`	<U0060>	GRAVE ACCENT
395	<a>	a	<U0061>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A
396		b	<U0062>	LATIN SMALL LETTER B
397	<c>	c	<U0063>	LATIN SMALL LETTER C
398	<d>	d	<U0064>	LATIN SMALL LETTER D
399	<e>	e	<U0065>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E
400	<f>	f	<U0066>	LATIN SMALL LETTER F
401	<g>	g	<U0067>	LATIN SMALL LETTER G
402	<h>	h	<U0068>	LATIN SMALL LETTER H
403	<i>	i	<U0069>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I
404	<j>	j	<U006A>	LATIN SMALL LETTER J
405	<k>	k	<U006B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER K
406	<l>	l	<U006C>	LATIN SMALL LETTER L
407	<m>	m	<U006D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER M
408	<n>	n	<U006E>	LATIN SMALL LETTER N
409	<o>	o	<U006F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O
410	<p>	p	<U0070>	LATIN SMALL LETTER P
411	<q>	q	<U0071>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Q
412	<r>	r	<U0072>	LATIN SMALL LETTER R
413	<s>	s	<U0073>	LATIN SMALL LETTER S
414	<t>	t	<U0074>	LATIN SMALL LETTER T
415	<u>	u	<U0075>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U
416	<v>	v	<U0076>	LATIN SMALL LETTER V
417	<w>	w	<U0077>	LATIN SMALL LETTER W
418	<x>	x	<U0078>	LATIN SMALL LETTER X

419	<y>	Y	<U0079>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y
420	<z>	Z	<U007A>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Z
421	<left-brace>	{	<U007B>	LEFT CURLY BRACKET
422	<left-curly-bracket>	{	<U007B>	LEFT CURLY BRACKET
423	<vertical-line>		<U007C>	VERTICAL LINE
424	<right-brace>	}	<U007D>	RIGHT CURLY BRACKET
425	<right-curly-bracket>	}	<U007D>	RIGHT CURLY BRACKET
426	<tilde>	~	<U007E>	TILDE

427

This Technical Report may use other symbolic character names than the above in examples, to illustrate the use of the range of symbols allowed by the syntax specified in 4.1.1.

431

4 FDCC-set

433

A FDCC-set is the definition of the subset of a user's information technology environment that depends on language and cultural conventions. It is made up from one or more categories. Each category is identified by its name and controls specific aspects of the behaviour of components of the system. This Technical Report defines the following categories:

439

440	LC_IDENTIFICATION	Versions and status of categories
441	LC_CTYPE	Character classification, case conversion and code transformation.
442	LC_COLLATE	Collation order.
443	LC_TIME	Date and time formats.
444	LC_NUMERIC	Numeric, non-monetary formatting.
445	LC_MONETARY	Monetary formatting.
446	LC_MESSAGES	Formats of informative and diagnostic messages and interactive responses.
447	LC_PAPER	Paper format
448	LC_NAME	Format of writing personal names
449	LC_ADDRESS	Format of postal addresses
450	LC_TELEPHONE	Format for telephone numbers, and other telephone information

454

In future editions of this Technical Report further categories may be added. Other category names beginning with the 3 characters "LC_" are intended for future standardization, except for category names beginning with the five characters "LC_X_" which shall not be used for future addition of categories specified in this Technical Report. An application may thus use category names beginning with the five characters "LC_X_" for application defined categories to avoid clashes with future standardized categories.

461

This Technical Report also defines an FDCC-set named "i18n" with values for some of the above categories in order to simplify FDCC-set descriptions for a number of cultures. The contents of "i18n" categories should not necessarily be considered as the most commonly accepted values, while it in many cases could be the recommended values.

466

4.1 FDCC-set definition

468

FDCC-sets are described with the syntax presented in this subclause. For the purposes of this Technical Report, the text is referred to as the FDCC-set definition text or FDCC-set source text.

The **FDCC-set definition text** shall contain one or more FDCC-set category source definitions, and shall not contain more than one definition for the same FDCC-set category. If the text contains source definitions for more than one category, application-defined categories, if present, shall appear after the categories defined by this clause. A category source definition shall contain either the definition of a category or a copy directive. In the event that some of the information for a FDCC-set category, as specified in this Technical Report, is missing from the FDCC-set source definition, the behaviour of that category, if it is referenced, is unspecified. A FDCC-set category is the normal way of specifying a single FDCC.

There are no **naming conventions** for FDCC-sets specified in this Technical Report, but ISO/IEC 15897:1999 specifies naming rules for POSIX locales, charmaps and repertoiremaps, that may also be applied to FDCC-sets, charmaps and repertoiremaps specified according to this Technical Report.

A **category source definition** shall consist of a category header, a category body, and a category trailer. A category header shall consist of the character string naming of the category, beginning with the characters "LC_". The category trailer shall consist of the string "END", followed by one or more "blank"s and the string used in the corresponding category header.

The **category body** shall consist of one or more lines of text. Each line shall be one of the following:

- a line containing an identifier, optionally followed by one or more operands. Identifiers shall be either keywords, identifying a particular FDCC, or collating elements, or section symbols,
- one of transliteration statements defined in 4.3.

In addition to the keywords defined in this Technical Report, the source can contain application-defined keywords. Each **keyword** within a category shall have a unique name (i.e., two categories can have a commonly-named keyword); no keyword shall start with the characters "LC_". Identifiers shall be separated from the operands by one or more "blank"s.

Operands shall be characters, collating elements, section symbols, or strings of characters. Strings shall be enclosed in double-quotes. Literal double-quotes within strings shall be preceded by the <escape character>, described below. When a keyword is followed by more than one operand, the operands shall be separated by semicolons; "blank"s shall be allowed before and/or after a semicolon.

4.1.1 Character representation

Individual characters, characters in strings, and collating elements shall be represented using symbolic names, UCS notation or characters themselves, or as octal, hexadecimal, or decimal constants as defined below. When constant notation is used, the resultant FDCC-set definitions need not be portable between systems.

(0) The left angle bracket (<) is a reserved symbol, denoting the start of a symbolic name; when used to represent itself

outside a symbolic name it shall be preceded by the escape character.

(1) A character can be represented via a **symbolic name**, enclosed within angle brackets (< and >). The symbolic name, including the angle brackets, shall exactly match a symbolic name defined in a charmap or a repertoiremap to be used, and shall be replaced by a character value determined from the value associated with the symbolic name in the charmap or a value associated via a repertoiremap. Repertoiremaps have predefined symbolic names for UCS characters, see clause 6. A FDCC-set may also use the UCS notation of clause 6 to represent characters, without a repertoiremap being defined for the FDCC-set. Use of the escape character or a right angle bracket within a symbolic name shall be invalid unless the character is preceded by the escape character.

Example: <c>;<c-cedilla> "<M><a><y>"

The items (2), (3), (4) and (5) are deprecated and are retained for compatibility with the POSIX standard. FDCC-sets should be specified in a coded character set independent way, using symbolic names. To make actual use of the FDCC-set, it shall be used together with charmaps and/or repertoiremaps, so that the symbolic character names can be resolved into the actual character encoding used.

(2) A character can be represented by the character itself, in which case the value of the character is application-defined. Within a string, the double-quote character, the escape character, and the right angle bracket character shall be escaped (preceded by the escape character) to be interpreted as the character itself. Outside strings, the characters

, ; < > escape char

shall be escaped to be interpreted as the character itself.

Example: c ä "May"

(3) A character can be represented as an octal constant. An octal constant shall be specified as the escape character followed by two or more octal digits. Each constant shall represent a byte value.

Example: \143; \347; "\115"

(4) A character can be represented as a hexadecimal constant. A hexadecimal constant shall be specified as the escape character followed by an x followed by two or more hexadecimal digits. Each constant shall represent a byte value.

574 Example: \x63;\xe7;
575
576 (5) A character can be represented as a decimal constant. A
577 decimal constant shall be specified as the escape character
578 followed by a d followed by two or more decimal digits.
579 Each constant shall represent a byte value.

580
581 Example: \d99; \d231;
582
583 (6) Multibyte characters can be represented by concatenated
584 constants specified in byte order with the last constant
585 specifying the least significant byte of the character.
586 Concatenated constants can include a mix of the above
587 character representations.

588
589 Example: \143\xe7; "\115\xe7\d171"
590
591 Only characters existing in the character set for which the FDCC-set definition is created
592 shall be specified, whether using symbolic names, the characters themselves, or octal,
593 decimal, or hexadecimal constants. If a charmap is present, only characters defined in the
594 charmap can be specified using octal, decimal, or hexadecimal constants. Symbolic names
595 not present in the charmap can be specified and shall be ignored, as specified under item
596 (1) above.

597 4.1.2 Continuation of lines

600 A line in a specification can be continued by placing an escape character as the last visible
601 graphic character on the line; this continuation character shall be discarded from the input.
602 The line is continued to the next non-comment line.

603 4.1.3 Names for copy keyword

606 In most of the categories a "copy" keyword is allowed. The name specified wth this copy
607 keyword shall be one of:

- 609 - "i18n" which indicate the "i18n" FDCC-set defined in this specification,
610 - the name of a FDCC-set or POSIX locale registered by the process defined in ISO/IEC
611 15897,
612 - any other name which may be recognized in some local context - not being
613 recommended as an international specification.

614 4.1.4 Pre-category statements

617 In a FDCC-set the following statements can precede category specifications, and they
618 apply to all categories in the specified FDCC-set.

620 4.1.4.1 comment_char

622 The following line in a FDCC-set modifies the comment character. It shall have the
623 following syntax, starting in column 1:
624

625 "comment_char %c\n", <comment_character>

626
627 The comment character shall default to the number-sign (#). All examples in this
628 Technical Report use "%" as the <comment_character>, except where otherwise noted.
629 Blank lines and lines containing the <comment_character> in the first position shall be
630 ignored. In collating statements a <comment_character> occurring where the delimiter ";"
631 may occur, terminates the collating statement.

632
633 **4.1.4.2 escape_char**

634
635 The following line in a FDCC-set modifies the escape character to be used in the text. It
636 shall have the following syntax, starting in column 1:

637
638 "escape_char %c\n", <escape_character>

639
640 The escape character is used for representing characters in 4.1.1 and for continuing lines.
641 The escape character shall default to backslash "\". All examples in this Technical Report
642 uses "/" as the escape character, except where otherwise noted.

643
644 **4.1.4.3 repertoiremap**

645
646 The following line in a FDCC-set specifies the name of a repertoiremap used to define the
647 symbolic character names in the FDCC-set. There may be at most one "repertoiremap"
648 line. It shall have the following syntax, starting in column 1:

649
650 "repertoiremap %s\n", <repertoiremap>

651
652 The name shall be one of:

- 653 - "i18nrep" which indicate the "i18nrep" repertoiremap defined in this specification,
- 654 - the name of a <repertoiremap> registered by the process defined in ISO/IEC 15897,
- 655 - any other name which may be recognized in some local context - not being
656 recommended as an international specification.

657
658 **4.1.4.4 charmap**

659
660 The following line in a FDCC-set specifies the name of a charmap which may be used
661 with the FDCC-set. It shall have the following syntax, starting in column 1:

662
663 "charmap %s\n",<charmap>

664
665 This keyword gives a hint on which charmaps a FDCC-set is meant to be supported by.
666 There may be more than one charmap specification useful with a FDCC-set. It is an
667 application's responsibility to decide what charmap specification is to be used with that
668 application.

669
670 The name shall be one of:

- 671 - the name of a <charmap> registered by the process defined in ISO/IEC 15897,
- 672 - any other name which may be recognized in some local context - not being
673 recommended as an international specification.

4.2 LC_IDENTIFICATION

The LC_IDENTIFICATION category defines properties of the FDCC-set, and which specification methods the FDCC-set is conforming to. All keywords are mandatory unless otherwise noted, and the operands are strings. The following keywords shall be defined:

681 title	Title of the FDCC-set.
682 source	Organization name of provider of the source.
683 address	Organization postal address.
684 contact	Name of contact person. This keyword is optional.
685 email	Electronic mail address of the organization, or contact person.
686 tel	Telephone number for the organization, in international format.
688 fax	Fax number for the organization, in international format.
690 language	Natural language to which the FDCC-set applies, as specified in ISO 639.
692 territory	The geographic extent where the FDCC-set applies (need not be a national extent), as two-letter form of ISO 3166.
694 audience	If not for general use, an indication of the intended user audience. This keyword is optional.
696 application	If for use of a special application, a description of the application. This keyword is optional.
698 abbreviation	Short name for provider of the source. This keyword is optional.
700 revision	Revision number consisting of digits and zero or more full stops (".").
702 date	Revision date in the format according to this example: "1995-02-05" meaning the 5th of February, 1995.

If any of the above information is non-existent, it must be stated in each case; the corresponding string is then the empty string. If required information is not present in ISO 639 or ISO 3166, the relevant Maintenance Authority should be approached to get the needed item registered.

Note: Only one language can be addressed with the concepts of a FDCC-set; to address for example a bilingual culture, one need to have 2 FDCC-sets.

713 category	Shall be used to define that a category is present and what specification the category is claiming conformance to. The first operand is a string in double-quotes that describes the specification that the category is claiming conformance to, and the following values shall be defined: "i18n:1999" "posix:1993"
720	The second operand is a string with the category name, where the category names of clause 4 shall be defined. More than one "category" keyword may be given, but only one per category name.

The "i18n" LC_IDENTIFICATION category is:

```

726    LC_IDENTIFICATION
727    % This is the ISO/IEC TR 14652 "i18n" definition for
728    % the LC_IDENTIFICATION category.
729    %
730    title          "ISO/IEC 14652 i18n FDCC-set"
731    source         "ISO/IEC Copyright Office"
732    address        "Case postale 56, CH-1211 Geneve 20, Switzerland"
733    contact        ""
734    email          ""
735    tel            ""
736    fax            ""
737    language       ""
738    territory      "ISO"
739    revision       "1.0"
740    date           "1999-12-20"
741    %
742    category      "i18n:1999";LC_IDENTIFICATION
743    category      "i18n:1999";LC_CTYPE
744    category      "i18n:1999";LC_COLLATE
745    category      "i18n:1999";LC_TIME
746    category      "i18n:1999";LC_NUMERIC
747    category      "i18n:1999";LC_MONETARY
748    category      "i18n:1999";LC_MESSAGES
749    category      "i18n:1999";LC_PAPER
750    category      "i18n:1999";LC_NAME
751    category      "i18n:1999";LC_ADDRESS
752    category      "i18n:1999";LC_TELEPHONE
753
754 END LC_IDENTIFICATION
755
756

```

4.3 LC_CTYPE

The LC_CTYPE category defines character classification, case conversion, character transformation, and other character attribute mappings. Support for the portable character set is required.

A series of characters in a specification can be represented by the hexadecimal symbolic ellipsis symbol ".." (two dots), the decimal symbolic ellipses symbols "...." (4 dots), the double increment hexadecimal symbolic ellipses "..(2)..", or the absolute ellipses "..." (3 dots).

The **hexadecimal symbolic ellipsis ("..")** specification is only valid between symbolic character names. The symbolic names shall consist of zero or more nonnumeric characters from the set shown with visible glyphs in Table 1, followed by an integer formed by one or more hexadecimal digits, using uppercase letters only for the range "A" to "F". The characters preceding the hexadecimal integer shall be identical in the two symbolic names, and the integer formed by the hexadecimal digits in the second symbolic name shall be identical to or greater than the integer formed by the hexadecimal digits in the first name. This shall be interpreted as a series of symbolic names formed from the common part and each of the integers in hexadecimal format using uppercase letters only between the first and the second integer, inclusive, and with a length of the symbolic names generated that is equal to the length of the first (and also the second) symbolic name. As an example, <U010E>..U0111> is interpreted as the symbolic names <U010E>, <U010F>, <U0110>, and <U0111>, in that order.

The **decimal symbolic ellipsis ("....")** specification is only valid between symbolic character names. The symbolic names shall consist of zero or more nonnumeric characters from the set shown with visible glyphs in Table 1, followed by an integer formed by one or more decimal digits. The characters preceding the decimal integer shall be identical in the two symbolic names, and the integer formed by the decimal digits in the second

symbolic name shall be identical to or greater than the integer formed by the decimal digits in the first name. This shall be interpreted as a series of symbolic names formed from the common part and each of the integers in decimal format between the first and the second integer, inclusive, and with a length of the symbolic names generated that is equal to the length of the first (and also the second) symbolic name. As an example, <j0101>....<j0104> is interpreted as the symbolic names <j0101>, <j0102>, <j0103>, and <j0104>, in that order.

The **double increment hexadecimal symbolic ellipses** ("..(2)..") works like the hexadecimal symbolic ellipses, but generates only every other of the symbolic character names. As an example. <U01AC>..(2)..<U01B2> is interpreted as the symbolic character names <U01AC>, <U01AE>, <U01B0>, and <U01B2>, in that order.

The **absolute ellipsis** specification is only valid within a single encoded character set. An ellipsis shall be interpreted as including in the list all characters with an encoded value higher than the encoded value of the character preceding the ellipsis and lower than the encoded value of the character following the ellipsis. The absolute ellipsis specification is deprecated, as this is only relevant to FDCC-sets not using symbolic characters. As an example, \x30;...;\x39 includes in the character class all characters with encoded values between the endpoints.

4.3.1 Basic keywords

The following keywords shall be recognized. In the descriptions, the term "automatically included" means that it shall not be an error to either include the referenced characters or to omit them; the interpreting system shall provide them if missing and accept them silently if present.

copy	Specify the name of an existing FDCC-set to be used as the source for the definition of this category. If this keyword is specified, no other keyword shall be specified.
upper	Define characters to be classified as uppercase letters. No character specified for the keywords "cntrl", "digit", "punct", or "space" shall be specified. The uppercase letters A through Z of the portable character set, shall automatically belong to this class, with application-defined character values. The keyword may be omitted.
lower	Define characters to be classified as lowercase letters. No character specified for the keywords "cntrl", "digit", "punct", or "space" shall be specified. The lowercase letters a through z of the portable character set, shall automatically belong to this class, with application-defined character values. The keyword may be omitted.
alpha	Define characters to be classified as used to spell out the words for natural languages; such as letters, syllabic or ideographic characters. No character specified for the keywords "cntrl", "digit", "punct", or "space" shall be specified. In addition, characters classified as either "upper" or "lower" shall automatically belong to this class. The keyword may be omitted.
digit	Define the characters to be classified as numeric digits. Digits corresponding to the values 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 can be specified in groups of 10 digits, and in ascending order of the values they represent. The digits of the portable character set are automatically included. If this keyword is not specified, the digits 0 through 9 of the portable character set

838	shall automatically belong to this class, with application-defined character values. The "digit" keyword is used to specify which characters are accepted as digits in input to an application, such as characters typed in or scanned in from an input text file, and should list digits used with all the scripts supported by the FDCC-set. The keyword may be omitted.
843	outdigit Define the characters to be classified as numeric digits for output from an application, such as to a printer or a display or a output text file. Digits corresponding to the values <0>, <1>, <2>, <3>, <4>, <5>, <6>, <7>, <8>, and <9> can be specified, and in ascending order of the values they represent. The intended use is for all places where digits are used for output, including numeric and monetary formatting, and date and time formatting. Only one set of 10 digits may be specified. If this keyword is not specified, the digits 0 through 9 of the portable character set shall automatically belong to this class, with application-defined character values. The keyword may be omitted.
853	blank Define characters to be classified as "blank" characters. If this keyword is unspecified, the characters <space> and <tab>, with application-defined character values, shall belong to this character class.
856	space Define characters to be classified as white-space characters, to find syntactical boundaries. No character specified for the keywords "upper", "lower", "alpha", "digit", "graph", or "xdigit" shall be specified. If this keyword is not specified, the characters <space>, <form-feed>, <newline>, <carriage-return>, <tab>, and <vertical-tab>, shall automatically belong to this class, with application-defined character values. Any characters included in the class "blank" shall be automatically included. The class should not include the NO-BREAK spaces characters <U00A0>, <U2007>, <UFEFF>, as these characters should not be used for word boundaries. The keyword may be omitted.
866	cntrl Define characters to be classified as control characters. No character specified for the keywords "upper", "lower", "alpha", "digit", "punct", "graph", "print", or "xdigit" shall be specified. The keyword shall be specified.
870	punct Define characters to be classified as punctuation characters. No character specified for the keywords "upper", "lower", "alpha", "digit", "cntrl", "xdigit", or as the <space> character shall be specified. The keyword shall be specified.
874	xdigit Define the characters to be classified as hexadecimal digits. Only the characters defined for the class "digit" shall be specified, in ascending sequence by numerical value, followed by one or more sets of six characters representing the hexadecimal digits 10 through 15, with each set in ascending order (for example <A>, , <C>, <D>, <E>, <F>, <a>, , <c>, <d>, <e>, <f>). If this keyword is not specified, the digits <0> through <9>, the uppercase letters "A" through <F>, and the lowercase letters <a> through <f>, shall automatically belong to this class, with application-defined character values.
883	graph Define characters to be classified as printable characters, not including the <space> character. If this keyword is not specified, characters specified for the keywords "upper", "lower", "alpha", "digit", "xdigit", and "punct" shall belong to this character class. No character specified for the keyword "cntrl" shall be specified.

888	print	Define characters to be classified as printable characters, including the <space> character. If this keyword is not provided, characters specified for the keywords upper, lower, alpha, digit, xdigit, punct, graph, and the <space> character shall belong to this character class. No character specified for the keyword "cntrl" shall be specified.
893	toupper	Define the mapping of lowercase letters to uppercase letters. The operand shall consist of character pairs, separated by semicolons. The characters in each character pair shall be separated by a comma and the pair enclosed by parentheses. The first character in each pair shall be the lowercase letter, the second the corresponding uppercase letter. Only characters specified for the keywords "lower" and "upper" shall be specified. If this keyword is not specified, the lowercase letters <a> through <z>, and their corresponding uppercase letters <A> through <Z>, shall automatically be included, with application-defined character values.
902	tolower	Define the mapping of uppercase letters to lowercase letters. The operand shall consist of character pairs, separated by semicolons. The characters in each character pair are separated by a comma and the pair enclosed by parentheses. The first character in each pair shall be the uppercase letter, the second the corresponding lowercase letter. Only characters specified for the keywords "lower" and "upper" shall be specified. If this keyword is speci- fied, the uppercase letters <A> through <Z>, and their corresponding lowercase letter, shall be specified. If this keyword is not specified, the mapping shall be the reverse mapping of the one specified for toupper.
911	class	Define characters to be classified in the class with the name given in the first operand, which is a string. This string shall only contain characters of the portable character set that either has the string "LETTER" in its description, or is a digit or <hyphen-minus> or <low-line>. The following operands are characters. This keyword is optional. The keyword can only be specified once per named class. The following two names shall be recognized: combining Characters to form composite graphic symbols, such as characters listed in ISO/IEC 10646:1993 annex B.1. combining_level3 Characters to form composite graphic symbols, that may also be represented by other characters, such as characters listed in ISO/IEC 10646-1:1993 annex B.2. The class names "upper", "lower", "alpha", "digit", "space", "cntrl", "punct", "graph", "print", "xdigit", and "blank" are taken to mean the classes defined by the respective keywords.
926	map	Define the mapping of characters. The first operand is a string, defining the name of the mapping. The string shall only contain letters, digits and <hyphen-minus> and <low-line> from the portable character set. The following operands shall consist of character pairs, separated by semicolons. The characters in each character pair shall be separated by a comma and the pair enclosed by parentheses. The first character in each pair shall be the character to map from, the second the corresponding character to map to. This keyword is optional. The keyword can only be specified once per named mapping. The mapping names "toupper", and "tolower" are taken to mean the mapping defined by the respective keywords.

939 Example of use of the "map" keyword:

940
941 map "kana",(<U30AB>,<U304B>);(<U30AC>,<U304C>);(<U30AD>,<U304D>)

942
943 This example introduces a new mapping "kana" that maps three Katakana characters to corresponding Hiragana
944 characters.

945
946 Table 2 shows the allowed character class combinations.

949 **Table 2: Valid Character Class Combinations**

951 Class	upper	lower	alpha	digit	space	cntrl	punct	graph	print	xdigit	blank
953 upper	+	A	X	X	X	X	A	A	A	+	X
954 lower	+		A	X	X	X	A	A	A	+	X
955 alpha	+	+		X	X	X	A	A	A	+	X
956 digit	X	X	X		X	X	A	A	A	A	X
957 space	X	X	X	X		+	*	*	*	X	+
958 cntrl	X	X	X	X	+		X	X	X	X	+
959 punct	X	X	X	X	+	X		A	A	X	+
960 graph	+	+	+	+	+	X	+		A	+	+
961 print	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+		+	+
962 xdigit	+	+	+	+	X	X	X	A	A		X
963 blank	X	X	X	A	+	*	*	*	*		X

964
965 NOTES:

966 Note 1: Explanation of codes:

967 A Automatically included; see text

968 + Permitted

969 x Mutually exclusive

970 * See note 2

971
972 Note 2: The <space> character, which is part of the "space" and "blank" class, cannot
973 belong to "punct" or "graph", but automatically shall belong to the "print" class. Other
974 "space" or "blank" characters can be classified as "punct", "graph", and/or "print".

976 **4.3.2 Character string transliteration**

977
978 The following keywords may be used to transliterate strings, by transforming substrings in
979 the source to substrings in the target string. The capabilities are limited to simple
980 transliteration based on substring substitution, while more advanced transliteration
981 schemes, for example based on pattern matching, is either cumbersome to specify, or not
982 addressed. The transliteration may for example be from the Cyrillic script to the Latin
983 script.

984
985 Transliteration is often language dependent, transliterating one specific language to another
986 specific language. For example transliteration from Russian to English, and from Serbian
987 to German would normally be quite different, although the same repertoire of characters
988 would be transliterated. Even transliteration of two languages using the same script into
989 one language (for example from Russian to Danish and from Serbian to Danish), or
990 transliteration of the same language (for example Russian into English or German) may be

different. The language to be transliterated to is identified with the FDCC-set, which may also be used to identify a specific language to be transliterated from. Transliteration may also be to a specific repertoire of characters, determined for example by limitations of displaying equipment, or what the user can intelligibly read. The capabilities here allows for multiple fallback, so that the specification can be valid for all target character repertoires, eliminating the need for specific data for each target repertoire. Transliteration of an incoming character string to a character string in a FDCC-set can be specified with the following keywords and transliteration statements.

991	different. The language to be transliterated to is identified with the FDCC-set, which may
992	also be used to identify a specific language to be transliterated from. Transliteration may
993	also be to a specific repertoire of characters, determined for example by limitations of
994	displaying equipment, or what the user can intelligibly read. The capabilities here allows
995	for multiple fallback, so that the specification can be valid for all target character
996	repertoires, eliminating the need for specific data for each target repertoire. Transliteration
997	of an incoming character string to a character string in a FDCC-set can be specified with
998	the following keywords and transliteration statements.
999	
1000	translit_start
1001	The "translit_start" keyword is followed by one or more
1002	transliteration statements assigning character transliteration
1003	values to transliterating elements, and include statements
1004	copying transliteration specifications from other FDCC-sets.
1005	translit_end
1006	The end of the transliteration statements.
1007	include
1008	The name of the FDCC-set in text form to transliterate from,
1009	and the repertoiremap for the FDCC-set to be used for the
1010	definition of the transliteration statements. Other transliteration
1011	statements may follow to replace specification of the copied
1012	FDCC-set. This keyword is optional.
1013	default_missing
1014	defines a string of one or more characters to be used if no
1015	transliteration statement can be applied to a input
1016	<transliteration-source>.
1017	translit_ignore
1018	defines a set of characters, separated by semicolons, that are
1019	to be ignored in the incoming character string. The characters
1020	may use the notations defined in 4.3 for lists of characters.
1021	redefine
1022	This keyword introduces a list of transliteration statements
1023	where each of the <transliteration_source> strings have been
1024	defined previously in the specification, and the new
1025	transliteration statements then replaces the old transliteration
1026	statements for the <transliteration_source> strings specified.
1027	
1028	
1029	
1030	
1031	
1032	
1033	
1034	
1035	
1036	
1037	
1038	
1039	
1040	
1041	

4.3.2.1 Transliteration statements

The "translit_start" keyword may be followed by transliteration statements. The syntax for a transliteration statement is:

"%s %s;%s;...;%s\n",<transliteration_source>,<transliteration_string>,...

Each <transliteration_source> shall consist of one or more characters (in any of the forms defined in 4.1.1). The <transliteration_source> that is the longest in terms of number of characters that match the input string is the one selected for transliteration.

If a transliteration statement contains more than one <transliteration_string>, the order that each <transliteration_string> occurs in the transliteration statement defines the precedence order for choosing a particular <transliteration_string> to substitute for the <transliteration_source>. When a process makes use of a transliteration statement to transliterate text, and that transliteration statement contains more than one <transliteration_string>, that process shall choose the first <transliteration_string>, in the defined precedence order, that satisfies the requirements of the transliteration.

Note: the exact definition of the concept of satisfying the requirements of the

transliteration is outside the context of this Technical Report. If, for example, a transliteration involves a change in the coded character set of a string, a <transliteration_string> must be chosen, all of whose elements are members of that coded character set. In order to determine this, it would be expected that a repertoire describing which characters are to be present in the resulting transformed string be available to the transliteration API. Also, a transliteration may involve requirements such as that string length not change under transliteration. Such requirements may also affect the choice among alternative <transliteration_string> values.

If more than one transliteration statement is given for a given <transliteration_source> this is an error, and duplicate transliteration statements are ignored. Tailoring of transliteration statements may be done via the "redefine" keyword.

4.3.2.2 "include" keyword

The "include" keyword specifies a set of transliteration statements in text form to be included in the applied transliteration.

The syntax of the "include" statement is:

"include %s;%s\n", <FDCC-set>, <repertoiremap>

<FDCC-set> is a string identifying the FDCC-set to be included from.

<repertoiremap> is a string identifying the repertoiremap used in the FDCC-set being included, and is used to map character specifications from the specified FDCC-set into the current FDCC-set.

4.3.2.3 Example of use of transliteration

```

1073    translit_start
1074    include "de_DE";"de_repmap"
1075    default_missing <?>
1076    translit_ignore <U3200>..<UFAFF>
1077    <ae>      <a:>;<e*>;"<a><e>";"<e>""
1078    <s>        <s*>;<s=>
1079    "<K><O>"  <KO>
1080    translit_end
1081

```

The "translit_start" keyword introduces the transliteration section in the LC_CTYPE category.

The "include" keyword specifies that the FDCC-set "de_DE" is copied and that the repertoiremap "de_repmap" is used to define the symbolic character names in the FDCC-set "de_DE".

The "default_missing" keyword introduces the character sequence "<?>" as the string to transform into for input characters that cannot be transformed into other strings, because no transliteration statement is applicable to the character.

The "translit_ignore" keyword specifies that a set of Ideographic characters (the range <U3200>..<UFAFF>) shall be ignored for the transliteration.

The next 3 lines are transliteration statements.

The first transliteration statement defines a number of transliterations for the LATIN LETTER AE, including into LATIN LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS, GREEK LETTER EPSILON, the two Latin letters A and E, and finally the LATIN LETTER E.

1100 The second transliteration statement defines transliteration of the LATIN LETTER S into GREEK LETTER
1101 SIGMA, and CYRILLIC LETTER ES.

1102
1103 The third transliteration statement transliterates the two Latin letters K and O into the Japanese Hiragana character
1104 KO.

1105
1106 The transliteration sections is terminated via the "translit_end" keyword in the above example.
1107

1108 4.3.3 "i18n" LC_CTYPE category

1109 The "i18n" FDCC-set for the LC_CTYPE is defined as follows:
1110

```
1111 LC_CTYPE
1112 % The following is the 14652 i18n fdcc-set LC_CTYPE category.
1113 % It covers ISO/IEC 10646-1 including Cor.1 and AMD 1 thru 9
1114 % The "upper" class reflects the uppercase characters of class "alpha"
1115 upper /
1116 % TABLE 1 BASIC LATIN
1117 <U0041>..<U005A>;/
1118 % TABLE 2 LATIN-1 SUPPLEMENT
1119 <U00C0>..<U00D6>;<U00D8>..<U00DE>;/
1120 % TABLE 3 LATIN EXTENDED-A
1121 <U0100>..(2)..<U0136>;/
1122 <U0139>..(2)..<U0147>;/
1123 <U014A>..(2)..<U0178>;/
1124 <U0179>..(2)..<U017D>;/
1125 % TABLE 4 LATIN EXTENDED-B
1126 <U0181>;<U0182>..(2)..<U0186>;<U0187>;/
1127 <U0189>..<U018B>;<U018E>..<U0191>;<U0193>;<U0194>;/
1128 <U0196>..<U0198>;<U019C>;<U019D>;<U019F>;/
1129 <U01A0>..(2)..<U01A4>;/
1130 <U01A7>;<U01A9>;<U01AC>;<U01AE>;<U01AF>;<U01B1>..<U01B3>;/
1131 <U01B5>;<U01B7>;<U01B8>;<U01BC>;<U01C4>;<U01C5>;<U01C7>;<U01C8>;/
1132 <U01CA>;<U01CB>;/
1133 <U01CD>..(2)..<U01DB>;/
1134 <U01DE>..(2)..<U01EE>;/
1135 <U01F1>;<U01F2>;<U01F4>;<U01FA>..(2)..<U01FE>;
1136 % TABLE 5 LATIN EXTENDED-B
1137 <U0200>..(2)..<U0216>;/
1138 % TABLE 6 IPA EXTENSIONS
1139 <U0262>;<U026A>;<U0274>;<U0276>;/
1140 <U0280>;<U0281>;<U028F>;<U0299>;<U029B>;<U029C>;<U029F>;/
1141 % TABLE 9 BASIC GREEK
1142 <U0386>;<U0388>..<U038A>;<U038C>;<U038E>;<U038F>;<U0391>..<U03A1>;/
1143 <U03A3>..<U03AB>;/
1144 % TABLE 10 GREEK SYMBOLS AND COPTIC
1145 <U03E3>..(2)..<U03EF>;/
1146 % TABLE 11 CYRILLIC
1147 <U0401>..<U040C>;<U040E>..<U042F>;<U0460>..(2)..<U047E>;/
1148 % TABLE 12 CYRILLIC
1149 <U0480>;<U0490>..(2)..<U04BE>;<U04C1>;<U04C3>;<U04C7>;<U04CB>;/
1150 <U04D0>..(2)..<U04EA>;<U04EE>..(2)..<U04F4>;<U04F8>;/
1151 % TABLE 13 ARMENIAN
1152 <U0531>..<U0556>;/
1153 % TABLE 28 GEORGIAN
1154 <U10A0>..<U10C5>;/
1155 % TABLE 31 LATIN EXTENDED ADDITIONAL
1156 <U1E00>..(2)..<U1E7E>;/
1157 % TABLE 32 LATIN EXTENDED ADDITIONAL
1158 <U1E80>..(2)..<U1E94>;/
1159 <U1EA0>..(2)..<U1EF8>;/
1160 % TABLE 33 GREEK EXTENDED
1161 <U1F08>..<U1F0F>;<U1F18>..<U1F1D>;<U1F28>..<U1F2F>;<U1F38>..<U1F3F>;/
1162 <U1F48>..<U1F4D>;<U1F59>..(2)..<U1F5F>;<U1F68>..<U1F6F>;/
1163 % TABLE 34 GREEK EXTENDED
1164 <U1F88>..<U1F8F>;<U1F98>..<U1F9F>;<U1FA8>..<U1FAF>;<U1FB8>..<U1FBC>;/
1165 <U1FC8>..<U1FCB>;<U1FD8>..<U1FDB>;<U1FE8>..<U1FEC>;<U1FF8>..<U1FFC>;
1166 % TABLE 28 GEORGIAN is not addressed as the letters does not have
1167 % a uppercase/lowercase relation
1168 %
1169 %
1170 % The "lower" class reflects the lowercase characters of class "alpha"
1171 lower /
1172 % TABLE 1 BASIC LATIN
1173 <U0061>..<U007A>;/
1174 % TABLE 2 LATIN-1 SUPPLEMENT
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1175 <U00DF>..<U00F6>;<U00F8>..<U00FF>;/
1176 % TABLE 3 LATIN EXTENDED-A
1177 <U0101>..(2)..<U0137>;<U0138>..(2)..<U0148>;/
1178 <U0149>..(2)..<U0177>;<U017A>..(2)..<U017E>;<U017F>;/
1179 % TABLE 4 LATIN EXTENDED-B
1180 <U0180>;<U0183>;<U0185>;<U0188>;<U018C>;<U018D>;<U0192>;<U0195>;/
1181 <U0199>..<U019B>;<U019E>;<U01A1>;<U01A3>;<U01A5>;<U01A8>;<U01AB>;<U01AD>;/
1182 <U01B0>;<U01B4>;<U01B6>;<U01B9>;<U01BA>;<U01BD>;<U01C5>;<U01C6>;/
1183 <U01C8>;<U01C9>;<U01CB>;<U01CC>..(2)..<U01DC>;/
1184 <U01DD>;..(2)..<U01F2>;<U01F3>;<U01F5>;<U01FB>;<U01FD>;<U01FF>;/
1185 % TABLE 5 LATIN EXTENDED-B
1186 <U0201>..(2)..<U0217>;/
1187 % TABLE 6 IPA EXTENSIONS
1188 <U0250>..<U0293>;<U0299>..<U02A0>;<U02A3>..<U02A8>;/
1189 % TABLE 9 BASIC GREEK
1190 <U0390>;<U03AC>..<U03CE>;/
1191 % TABLE 10 GREEK SYMBOLS AND COPTIC
1192 <U03E2>..(2)..<U03EE>/
1193 % TABLE 11 CYRILLIC
1194 <U0430>..<U044F>;<U0451>..<U045C>;<U045E>;<U045F>;<U460>..(2)..<U047F>;/
1195 % TABLE 12 CYRILLIC
1196 <U04801>;<U0490>..(2)..<U04BF>;<U04C2>;<U04C4>;<U04C8>;<U04CC>;/
1197 <U04D1>..(2)..<U04EB>;<U04EF>..(2)..<U04F5>;<U04F9>;/
1198 % TABLE 13 ARMENIAN
1199 <U0561>..<U0587>;/
1200 % TABLE 28 GEORGIAN
1201 <U10D0>..<U10F6>;/
1202 % TABLE 31 and 32 LATIN EXTENDED ADDITIONAL
1203 <U1E01>..(2)..<U1E95>;<U1EA1>..(2)..<U1EF9>;/
1204 % TABLE 33 and 34 GREEK EXTENDED
1205 <U1F08>..<U1F0F>;<U1F18>..<U1F1D>;<U1F28>..<U1F2F>;<U1F38>..<U1F3F>;/
1206 <U1F48>..<U1F4D>;<U1F59>..(2)..<U1F5F>;<U1F68>..<U1F6F>;/
1207 % TABLE 34 GREEK EXTENDED
1208 <U1F00>..<U1F07>;<U1F10>..<U1F15>;<U1F20>..<U1F27>;<U1F30>..<U1F37>;/
1209 <U1F40>..<U1F45>;<U1F50>..<U1F57>;<U1F60>..<U1F67>;<U1F70>..<U1F7D>;/
1210 <U1F80>..<U1F87>;<U1F90>..<U1F97>;<U1FA0>..<U1FA7>;<U1FB0>..<U1FB4>;/
1211 <U1FB6>;<U1FB7>;<U1FC2>..<U1FC4>;<U1FC6>;<U1FC7>;<U1FD0>..<U1FD3>;/
1212 <U1FD6>;<U1FD7>;<U1FE0>..<U1FE7>;<U1FF2>..<U1FF4>;<U1FF6>;<U1FF7>;
1213 % TABLE 35 SUPERSCRIPTS AND SUBSCRIPTS, CURRENCY SYMBOLS
1214 <U207F>
1215 %
1216 % The "alpha" class of the "i18n" FDCC-set is reflecting
1217 % the recommendations in TR 10176 annex A
1218 alpha /
1219 % TABLE 1 BASIC LATIN
1220 <U0041>..<U005A>;<U0061>..<U007A>;/
1221 % TABLE 2 LATIN-1 SUPPLEMENT
1222 <U00AA>;<U00BA>;<U00C0>..<U00D6>;<U00D8>..<U00F6>;<U00F8>..<U00FF>;/
1223 % TABLE 3 LATIN EXTENDED-A
1224 <U0100>..<U017F>;/
1225 % TABLE 4 and 5 LATIN EXTENDED-B
1226 <U0180>..<U01F5>;<U01FA>..<U0217>;/
1227 % TABLE 6 IPA EXTENSIONS
1228 <U0250>..<U02A8>;/
1229 % TABLE 31 and 32 LATIN EXTENDED ADDITIONAL
1230 <U1E00>..<U1E9B>;<U1EA0>..<U1EF9>;/
1231 % TABLE 35 SUPERSCRIPTS AND SUBSCRIPTS, CURRENCY SYMBOLS
1232 <U207F>;/
1233 % TABLE 9 BASIC GREEK
1234 <U0386>;<U0388>..<U038A>;<U038C>;<U038E>..<U03A1>;<U03A3>..<U03CE>;/
1235 % TABLE 10 GREEK SYMBOLS AND COPTIC
1236 <U03D0>..<U03D6>;<U03DA>;<U03DC>;<U03DE>;<U03E0>;<U03E2>..<U03F3>;/
1237 % TABLE 33 and 34 GREEK EXTENDED
1238 <U1F00>..<U1F15>;<U1F18>..<U1F1D>;<U1F20>..<U1F45>;<U1F48>..<U1F4D>;/
1239 <U1F50>..<U1F57>;<U1F59>;<U1F5B>;<U1F5D>;<U1F5F>..<U1F7D>;/
1240 <U1F80>..<U1FB4>;<U1FB6>..<U1FBC>;<U1FC2>..<U1FC4>;<U1FC6>..<U1FCC>;/
1241 <U1FD0>..<U1FD3>;<U1FD6>..<U1FDB>;<U1FE0>..<U1FEC>;<U1FF2>..<U1FF4>;/
1242 <U1FF6>..<U1FFC>;/
1243 % TABLE 11 and 12 CYRILLIC
1244 <U0401>..<U040C>;<U040E>..<U044F>;<U0451>..<U045C>;<U045E>..<U0481>;/
1245 <U0490>..<U04C4>;<U04C7>..<U04C8>;<U04CB>..<U04CC>;<U04D0>..<U04EB>;/
1246 <U04EE>..<U04F5>;<U04F8>..<U04F9>;/
1247 % TABLE 13 ARMENIAN
1248 <U0531>..<U0556>;<U0561>..<U0587>;/
1249 % TABLE 14 HEBREW
1250 <U05B0>..<U05B9>;<U05BB>..<U05BD>;<U05BF>;<U05C1>..<U05C2>;/
1251 <U05D0>..<U05EA>;<U05F0>..<U05F2>;/
1252 % TABLE 15 and 16 ARABIC
1253 <U0621>..<U063A>;<U0640>..<U0652>;<U0670>..<U06B7>;<U06BA>..<U06BE>;/

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1254 <U06C0>..<U06CE>;<U06D0>..<U06D3>;<U06D5>..<U06DC>;<U06E5>..<U06E8>;/
1255 <U06EA>..<U06ED>;/
1256 % TABLE 17 DEVANAGARI
1257 <U0901>..<U0903>;<U0905>..<U0939>;<U093E>..<U094D>;<U0950>..<U0952>;/
1258 <U0958>..<U0963>;/
1259 % TABLE 18 BENGALI
1260 <U0981>..<U0983>;<U0985>..<U098C>;<U098F>..<U0990>;/
1261 <U0993>..<U09A8>;<U09AA>..<U09B0>;<U09B2>;<U09B6>..<U09B9>;/
1262 <U09BE>..<U09C4>;<U09C7>..<U09C8>;<U09CB>..<U09CD>;<U09DC>..<U09DD>;/
1263 <U09DF>..<U09E3>;<U09F0>..<U09F1>;/
1264 % TABLE 19 GURMUKHI
1265 <U0A02>;<U0A05>..<U0A0A>;<U0A0F>..<U0A10>;<U0A13>..<U0A28>;/
1266 <U0A2A>..<U0A30>;<U0A32>..<U0A33>;<U0A35>..<U0A36>;<U0A38>..<U0A39>;/
1267 <U0A3E>..<U0A42>;<U0A47>..<U0A48>;<U0A4B>..<U0A4D>;<U0A59>..<U0A5C>;/
1268 <U0A5E>;<U0A74>;/
1269 % TABLE 20 GUJARATI
1270 <U0A81>..<U0A83>;<U0A85>..<U0A8B>;<U0A8D>;<U0A8F>..<U0A91>;/
1271 <U0A93>..<U0AA8>;<U0AAA>..<U0AB0>;<U0AB2>..<U0AB3>;<U0AB5>..<U0AB9>;/
1272 <U0ABD>..<U0AC5>;<U0AC7>..<U0AC9>;<U0ACB>..<U0ACD>;<U0AD0>;<U0AE0>;/
1273 % TABLE 21 ORIYA
1274 <U0B01>..<U0B03>;<U0B05>..<U0B0C>;<U0B0F>..<U0B10>;<U0B13>..<U0B28>;/
1275 <U0B2A>..<U0B30>;<U0B32>..<U0B33>;<U0B36>..<U0B39>;<U0B3E>..<U0B43>;/
1276 <U0B47>..<U0B48>;<U0B4B>..<U0B4D>;<U0B5C>..<U0B5D>;<U0B5F>..<U0B61>;/
1277 % TABLE 22 TAMIL
1278 <U0B82>..<U0B83>;<U0B85>..<U0B8A>;<U0B8E>..<U0B90>;<U0B92>..<U0B95>;/
1279 <U0B99>..<U0B9A>;<U0B9C>;<U0B9E>..<U0B9F>;<U0BA3>..<U0BA4>;/
1280 <U0BA8>..<U0BAA>;<U0BAE>..<U0BB5>;<U0BB7>..<U0BB9>;<U0BBE>..<U0BC2>;/
1281 <U0BC6>..<U0BC8>;<U0BCA>..<U0BCD>;/
1282 % TABLE 23 TELUGU
1283 <U0C01>..<U0C03>;<U0C05>..<U0C0C>;<U0C0E>..<U0C10>;<U0C12>..<U0C28>;/
1284 <U0C2A>..<U0C33>;<U0C35>..<U0C39>;<U0C3E>..<U0C44>;<U0C46>..<U0C48>;/
1285 <U0C4A>..<U0C4D>;<U0C60>..<U0C61>;/
1286 % TABLE 24 KANNADA
1287 <U0C82>..<U0C83>;<U0C85>..<U0C8C>;<U0C8E>..<U0C90>;<U0C92>..<U0CA8>;/
1288 <U0CAA>..<U0CB3>;<U0CB5>..<U0CB9>;<U0CBE>..<U0CC4>;<U0CC6>..<U0CC8>;/
1289 <U0CCA>..<U0CCD>;<U0CDE>;<U0CE0>..<U0CE1>;/
1290 % TABLE 25 MALAYALAM
1291 <U0D02>..<U0D03>;<U0D05>..<U0D0C>;<U0D0E>..<U0D10>;<U0D12>..<U0D28>;/
1292 <U0D2A>..<U0D39>;<U0D3E>..<U0D43>;<U0D46>..<U0D48>;<U0D4A>..<U0D4D>;/
1293 <U0D60>..<U0D61>;/
1294 % TABLE 26 THAI
1295 <U0E01>..<U0E3A>;<U0E40>..<U0E4E>;<U0E50>..<U0E59>;/
1296 % TABLE 27 LAO
1297 <U0E81>..<U0E82>;<U0E84>;<U0E87>..<U0E88>;<U0E8A>;<U0E8D>;/
1298 <U0E94>..<U0E97>;<U0E99>..<U0E9F>;<U0EA1>..<U0EA3>;<U0EA5>;<U0EA7>;/
1299 <U0EAA>..<U0EAB>;<U0EAD>..<U0EAE>;<U0EB0>..<U0EB9>;<U0EBB>..<U0EBD>;/
1300 <U0EC0>..<U0EC4>;<U0EC6>;<U0EC8>..<U0ECD>;<U0EDC>..<U0EDD>;/
1301 % TIBETAN Amendment 6
1302 <U0F00>;<U0F18>..<U0F19>;<U0F35>;<U0F37>;<U0F39>;<U0F40>..<U0F47>;/
1303 <U0F49>..<U0F69>;/
1304 <U0F71>..<U0F84>;<U0F86>..<U0F8B>;<U0F90>..<U0F95>;<U0F97>;/
1305 <U0F99>..<U0FAD>;<U0FB1>..<U0FB7>;<U0FB9>;/
1306 % TABLE 28 GEORGIAN
1307 <U10A0>..<U10C5>;<U10D0>..<U10F6>;/
1308 % TABLE 50 HIRAGANA
1309 <U3041>..<U3093>;<U309B>..<U309C>;/
1310 % TABLE 51 KATAKANA
1311 <U30A1>..<U30F6>;<U30FB>..<U30FC>;/
1312 % TABLE 52 BOPOMOFO
1313 <U3105>..<U312C>;/
1314 % CJK unified ideographs
1315 <U4E01>..<U9FA5>;/
1316 % HANGUL amendment 5
1317 <UAC00>..<UD7A3>;/
1318 % Miscellaneous
1319 <U00B5>;<U00B7>;<U02B0>..<U02B8>;<U02BB>;<U02BD>..<U02C1>;/
1320 <U02D0>..<U02D1>;<U02E0>..<U02E4>;<U037A>;<U0559>;<U093D>;<U0B3D>;/
1321 <U1FBE>;<U203F>..<U2040>;<U2102>;<U2107>;<U210A>..<U2113>;<U2115>;/
1322 <U2118>..<U211D>;<U2124>;<U2126>;<U2128>;<U212A>..<U2131>;/
1323 <U2133>..<U2138>;<U2160>..<U2182>;<U3005>..<U3006>;<U3021>..<U3029>;
1324 %
1325 % The "digit" class of the "i18n" FDCC-set is reflecting
1326 % the recommendations in TR 10176 annex A
1327 digit /
1328 % TABLE 1 BASIC LATIN
1329 <U0030>..<U0039>;/
1330 % TABLE 15 and 16 ARABIC
1331 <U0660>..<U0669>;<U06F0>..<U06F9>;/
1332 % TABLE 17 DEVANAGARI

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1333      <U0966>..<U096F>;/
1334      % TABLE 18 BENGALI
1335      <U09E6>..<U09EF>;/
1336      % TABLE 19 GURMUKHI
1337      <U0A66>..<U0A6F>;/
1338      % TABLE 20 GUJARATI
1339      <U0AE6>..<U0AEF>;/
1340      % TABLE 21 ORIYA
1341      <U0B66>..<U0B6F>;/
1342      % TABLE 22 TAMIL
1343      <0>;<U0BE7>..<U0BEF>;/
1344      % TABLE 23 TELUGU
1345      <U0C66>..<U0C6F>;/
1346      % TABLE 24 KANNADA
1347      <U0CE6>..<U0CEF>;/
1348      % TABLE 25 MALAYALAM
1349      <U0D66>..<U0D6F>;/
1350      % TABLE 26 THAI
1351      <U0E50>..<U0E59>;/
1352      % TABLE 27 LAO
1353      <U0ED0>..<U0ED9>;/
1354      % TIBETAN Amendment 6
1355      <U0F20>..<U0F29>
1356      %
1357      outdigit <U0030>..<U0039>
1358      %
1359      space /
1360      % ISO/IEC 6429
1361      <U0008>;<U000A>..<U000D>;
1362      % TABLE 1 BASIC LATIN
1363      <U0020>;/
1364      % TABLE 35 GENERAL PUNCTUATION
1365      <U2000>..<U2006>;<U2008>..<U200B>;/
1366      % TABLE 50 CJK SYMBOLS AND PUNCTUATION, HIRAGANA
1367      <U3000>
1368      %
1369      cntrl   <U0000>..<U001F>;<U0077>..<U009F>
1370      %
1371      punct /
1372      % TABLE 1 BASIC LATIN
1373      <U0021>..<U002F>;<U003A>..<U0040>;<U005B>..<U0060>;/
1374      <U007B>..<U007E>;/
1375      % TABLE 2 LATIN-1 SUPPLEMENT
1376      <U00A0>..<U00A9>;<U00AB>..<U00B9>;<U00BB>..<U00BF>;<U00D7>;<U00F7>;/
1377      <U02C7>;<U02D8>..<U02DD>;/
1378      <U037E>;<U0482>;<U055A>..<U055F>;<U0589>;<U05BE>;<U05C0>;<U05C3>;/
1379      <U05F3>;<U05F4>;<U060C>;<U061B>;<U061F>;<U0640>;<U064B>..<U0652>;/
1380      <U066A>..<U066D>;<U06D4>;<U06DD>..<U06E1>;<U06E9>..<U06EC>;<U10FB>;/
1381      <U2010>..<U2029>;<U2030>..<U2046>;<U20A0>..<U20AA>;<U2100>..<U210B>;/
1382      <U210D>..<U2110>;<U2112>..<U211B>;<U211D>..<U2127>;<U212A>..<U212C>;/
1383      <U212E>..<U2138>;<U2200>..<U22F1>;<U2300>;<U2302>..<U237A>;<U2400>..<U2424>;/
1384      <U2440>..<U244A>;<U2580>..<U2595>;<U25A0>..<U25EF>;<U2600>..<U2613>;/
1385      <U261A>..<U266F>;<U2701>..<U2704>;<U2706>..<U2709>;<U270C>..<U2727>;/
1386      <U2729>..<U274B>;<U274D>;<U274F>..<U2752>;<U2756>;<U2758>..<U275E>;/
1387      <U2761>..<U2767>;<U3000>..<U3020>;<U3030>;<U3036>;<U3037>;<U303F>;<U3164>;/
1388      <U3190>..<U319F>;<U3200>..<U321C>;<U3220>..<U3243>;<U3260>..<U327B>;/
1389      <U327F>..<U32B0>;<U32C0>..<U32CB>;<U32D0>..<U32FE>;<U3300>..<U3376>;/
1390      <U337B>..<U33DD>;<U33E0>..<U33FE>;<UFD3E>;<UFD3F>;<UFE49>..<UFE52>;/
1391      <UFE54>..<UFE66>;<UFE68>..<UFE6B>;<UFEFF>;<UFF01>..<UFF0F>;<UFF1A>..<UFF20>;/
1392      <UFF3B>..<UFF40>;<UFF5B>..<UFF5E>;<UFF61>..<UFF65>;<UFF70>;<UFF9E>..<UFFA0>;/
1393      <UFFE0>..<UFFE6>;<UFFE8>..<UFFEE>;<UFFFD>
1394      %
1395      graph /
1396      <U0021>..<U007E>;<U00A0>..<U01F5>;<U01FA>..<U0217>;/
1397      <U0250>..<U02A8>;<U02B0>..<U02DE>;<U02E0>..<U02E9>;<U0300>..<U0345>;/
1398      <U0360>;<U0361>;<U0374>;<U0375>;<U037A>;<U037E>;<U0384>..<U038A>;<U038C>;/
1399      <U038E>..<U03A1>;<U03A3>..<U03CE>;<U03D0>..<U03D6>;<U03DA>;<U03DC>;<U03DE>;/
1400      <U03E0>;<U03E2>..<U03F3>;<U0401>..<U040C>;<U040E>..<U044F>;/
1401      <U0451>..<U045C>;<U045E>..<U0486>;<U0490>..<U04C4>;<U04C7>;<U04C8>;/
1402      <U04CB>;<U04CC>;<U04D0>..<U04EB>;<U04EE>..<U04F5>;<U04F8>;<U04F9>;/
1403      <U0531>..<U0556>;<U0559>..<U055F>;<U0561>..<U0587>;<U0589>;/
1404      <U0591>..<U05A1>;<U05A3>..<U05AF>;<U05B0>..<U05B9>;/
1405      <U05BB>..<U05C4>;<U05D0>..<U05EA>;<U05F0>..<U05F4>;<U060C>;<U061B>;<U061F>;/
1406      <U0621>..<U063A>;<U0640>..<U0652>;<U0660>..<U066D>;<U0670>..<U06B7>;/
1407      <U06BA>..<U06BE>;<U06C0>..<U06CE>;<U06D0>..<U06ED>;<U06F0>..<U06F9>;/
1408      <U0901>..<U0903>;<U0905>..<U0939>;<U093C>..<U094D>;<U0950>..<U0954>;/
1409      <U0958>..<U0970>;<U0981>..<U0983>;<U0985>..<U098C>;<U098F>;<U0990>;/
1410      <U0993>..<U09A8>;<U09AA>..<U09B0>;<U09B2>;<U09B6>..<U09B9>;<U09BC>;/
1411      <U09BE>..<U09C4>;<U09C7>;<U09C8>;<U09CB>..<U09CD>;<U09D7>;<U09DC>;<U09DD>;/

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1412 <U09DF>..<U09E3>;<U09E6>..<U09FA>;<U0A02>;<U0A05>..<U0A0A>;<U0A0F>;<U0A10>;/
1413 <U0A13>..<U0A28>;<U0A2A>..<U0A30>;<U0A32>;<U0A33>;<U0A35>;<U0A36>;/
1414 <U0A38>;<U0A39>;<U0A3C>;<U0A3E>..<U0A42>;<U0A47>;<U0A48>;<U0A4B>..<U0A4D>;/
1415 <U0A59>..<U0A5C>;<U0A5E>;<U0A66>..<U0A74>;<U0A81>..<U0A83>;<U0A85>..<U0A8B>;/
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1736 (<U10A4>,<U10D4>);(<U10A5>,<U10D5>);(<U10A6>,<U10D6>);(<U10A7>,<U10D7>);/
1737 (<U10A8>,<U10D8>);(<U10A9>,<U10D9>);(<U10AA>,<U10DA>);(<U10AB>,<U10DB>);/
1738 (<U10AC>,<U10DC>);(<U10AD>,<U10DD>);(<U10AE>,<U10DE>);(<U10AF>,<U10DF>);/
1739 (<U10B0>,<U10E0>);(<U10B1>,<U10E1>);(<U10B2>,<U10E2>);(<U10B3>,<U10E3>);/
1740 (<U10B4>,<U10E4>);(<U10B5>,<U10E5>);(<U10B6>,<U10E6>);(<U10B7>,<U10E7>);/
1741 (<U10B8>,<U10E8>);(<U10B9>,<U10E9>);(<U10BA>,<U10EA>);(<U10BB>,<U10EB>);/
1742 (<U10BC>,<U10EC>);(<U10BD>,<U10ED>);(<U10BE>,<U10EE>);(<U10BF>,<U10EF>);/
1743 (<U10C0>,<U10F0>);(<U10C1>,<U10F1>);(<U10C2>,<U10F2>);(<U10C3>,<U10F3>);/
1744 (<U10C4>,<U10F4>);(<U10C5>,<U10F5>);/
1745 (<U1E00>,<U1E01>);/
1746 (<U1E02>,<U1E03>);(<U1E04>,<U1E05>);(<U1E06>,<U1E07>);(<U1E08>,<U1E09>);/
1747 (<U1E0A>,<U1E0B>);(<U1E0C>,<U1E0D>);(<U1E0E>,<U1E0F>);(<U1E10>,<U1E11>);/
1748 (<U1E12>,<U1E13>);(<U1E14>,<U1E15>);(<U1E16>,<U1E17>);(<U1E18>,<U1E19>);/
1749 (<U1E1A>,<U1E1B>);(<U1E1C>,<U1E1D>);(<U1E1E>,<U1E1F>);(<U1E20>,<U1E21>);/
1750 (<U1E22>,<U1E23>);(<U1E24>,<U1E25>);(<U1E26>,<U1E27>);(<U1E28>,<U1E29>);/
1751 (<U1E2A>,<U1E2B>);(<U1E2C>,<U1E2D>);(<U1E2E>,<U1E2F>);(<U1E30>,<U1E31>);/
1752 (<U1E32>,<U1E33>);(<U1E34>,<U1E35>);(<U1E36>,<U1E37>);(<U1E38>,<U1E39>);/
1753 (<U1E3A>,<U1E3B>);(<U1E3C>,<U1E3D>);(<U1E3E>,<U1E3F>);(<U1E40>,<U1E41>);/
1754 (<U1E42>,<U1E43>);(<U1E44>,<U1E45>);(<U1E46>,<U1E47>);(<U1E48>,<U1E49>);/
1755 (<U1E4A>,<U1E4B>);(<U1E4C>,<U1E4D>);(<U1E4E>,<U1E4F>);(<U1E50>,<U1E51>);/
1756 (<U1E52>,<U1E53>);(<U1E54>,<U1E55>);(<U1E56>,<U1E57>);(<U1E58>,<U1E59>);/
1757 (<U1E5A>,<U1E5B>);(<U1E5C>,<U1E5D>);(<U1E5E>,<U1E5F>);(<U1E60>,<U1E61>);/
1758 (<U1E62>,<U1E63>);(<U1E64>,<U1E65>);(<U1E66>,<U1E67>);(<U1E68>,<U1E69>);/
1759 (<U1E6A>,<U1E6B>);(<U1E6C>,<U1E6D>);(<U1E6E>,<U1E6F>);(<U1E70>,<U1E71>);/
1760 (<U1E72>,<U1E73>);(<U1E74>,<U1E75>);(<U1E76>,<U1E77>);(<U1E78>,<U1E79>);/
1761 (<U1E7A>,<U1E7B>);(<U1E7C>,<U1E7D>);(<U1E7E>,<U1E7F>);(<U1E80>,<U1E81>);/
1762 (<U1E82>,<U1E83>);(<U1E84>,<U1E85>);(<U1E86>,<U1E87>);(<U1E88>,<U1E89>);/
1763 (<U1E8A>,<U1E8B>);(<U1E8C>,<U1E8D>);(<U1E8E>,<U1E8F>);(<U1E90>,<U1E91>);/
1764 (<U1E92>,<U1E93>);(<U1E94>,<U1E95>);(<U1EA0>,<U1EA1>);(<U1EA2>,<U1EA3>);/
1765 (<U1EA4>,<U1EA5>);(<U1EA6>,<U1EA7>);(<U1EA8>,<U1EA9>);(<U1FAA>,<U1EAB>);/
1766 (<U1EAC>,<U1EAD>);(<U1EAE>,<U1EAF>);(<U1EB0>,<U1EB1>);(<U1EB2>,<U1EB3>);/
1767 (<U1EB4>,<U1EB5>);(<U1EB6>,<U1EB7>);(<U1EB8>,<U1EB9>);(<U1EBA>,<U1EBB>);/
1768 (<U1EBC>,<U1EBD>);(<U1EBE>,<U1EBF>);(<U1EC0>,<U1EC1>);(<U1EC2>,<U1EC3>);/
1769 (<U1EC4>,<U1EC5>);(<U1EC6>,<U1EC7>);(<U1EC8>,<U1EC9>);(<U1ECA>,<U1ECB>);/
1770 (<U1ECC>,<U1ECD>);(<U1ECE>,<U1ECF>);(<U1ED0>,<U1ED1>);(<U1ED2>,<U1ED3>);/
1771 (<U1ED4>,<U1ED5>);(<U1ED6>,<U1ED7>);(<U1ED8>,<U1ED9>);(<U1EDA>,<U1EDB>);/
1772 (<U1EDC>,<U1EDD>);(<U1EDE>,<U1EDF>);(<U1EE0>,<U1EE1>);(<U1EE2>,<U1EE3>);/
1773 (<U1EE4>,<U1EE5>);(<U1EE6>,<U1EE7>);(<U1EE8>,<U1EE9>);(<U1EEA>,<U1EEB>);/
1774 (<U1EEC>,<U1EED>);(<U1EEE>,<U1EEF>);(<U1EF0>,<U1EF1>);(<U1EF2>,<U1EF3>);/
1775 (<U1EF4>,<U1EF5>);(<U1EF6>,<U1EF7>);(<U1EF8>,<U1EF9>);(<U1F08>,<U1F00>);/
1776 (<U1F09>,<U1F01>);(<U1FOA>,<U1FO2>);(<U1FOB>,<U1FO3>);(<U1FOC>,<U1F04>);/
1777 (<U1F0D>,<U1F05>);(<U1FOE>,<U1FO6>);(<U1FOF>,<U1FO7>);(<U1F18>,<U1F10>);/
1778 (<U1F19>,<U1F11>);(<U1F1A>,<U1F12>);(<U1F1B>,<U1F13>);(<U1F1C>,<U1F14>);/
1779 (<U1F1D>,<U1F15>);(<U1F28>,<U1F20>);(<U1F29>,<U1F21>);(<U1F2A>,<U1F22>);/
1780 (<U1F2B>,<U1F23>);(<U1F2C>,<U1F24>);(<U1F2D>,<U1F25>);(<U1F2E>,<U1F26>);/
1781 (<U1F2F>,<U1F27>);(<U1F38>,<U1F30>);(<U1F39>,<U1F31>);(<U1F3A>,<U1F32>);/
1782 (<U1F3B>,<U1F33>);(<U1F3C>,<U1F34>);(<U1F3D>,<U1F35>);(<U1F3E>,<U1F36>);/
1783 (<U1F3F>,<U1F37>);(<U1F48>,<U1F40>);(<U1F49>,<U1F41>);(<U1F4A>,<U1F42>);/
1784 (<U1F4B>,<U1F43>);(<U1F4C>,<U1F44>);(<U1F4D>,<U1F45>);(<U1F59>,<U1F51>);/
1785 (<U1F5B>,<U1F53>);(<U1F5D>,<U1F55>);(<U1F5F>,<U1F57>);(<U1F68>,<U1F60>);/
1786 (<U1F69>,<U1F61>);(<U1F6A>,<U1F62>);(<U1F6B>,<U1F63>);(<U1F6C>,<U1F64>);/
1787 (<U1F6D>,<U1F65>);(<U1F6E>,<U1F66>);(<U1F6F>,<U1F67>);(<U1FBA>,<U1F70>);/
1788 (<U1FB2>,<U1F71>);(<U1FC8>,<U1F72>);(<U1FC9>,<U1F73>);(<U1FCA>,<U1F74>);/
1789 (<U1FCB>,<U1F75>);(<U1FDA>,<U1F76>);(<U1FDB>,<U1F77>);(<U1FF8>,<U1F78>);/
1790 (<U1FF9>,<U1F79>);(<U1FEA>,<U1F7A>);(<U1FEB>,<U1F7B>);(<U1FFA>,<U1F7C>);/
1791 (<U1FFB>,<U1F7D>);(<U1F88>,<U1F80>);(<U1F89>,<U1F81>);(<U1F8A>,<U1F82>);/
1792 (<U1F8B>,<U1F83>);(<U1F8C>,<U1F84>);(<U1F8D>,<U1F85>);(<U1F8E>,<U1F86>);/
1793 (<U1F8F>,<U1F87>);(<U1F98>,<U1F90>);(<U1F99>,<U1F91>);(<U1F9A>,<U1F92>);/
1794 (<U1F9B>,<U1F93>);(<U1F9C>,<U1F94>);(<U1F9D>,<U1F95>);(<U1F9E>,<U1F96>);/
1795 (<U1F9F>,<U1F97>);(<U1FA8>,<U1FA0>);(<U1FA9>,<U1FA1>);(<U1FAA>,<U1FA2>);/
1796 (<U1FAB>,<U1FA3>);(<U1FAC>,<U1FA4>);(<U1FAD>,<U1FA5>);(<U1FAE>,<U1FA6>);/
1797 (<U1FAF>,<U1FA7>);(<U1FB8>,<U1FB0>);(<U1FB9>,<U1FB1>);(<U1FBC>,<U1FB3>);/
1798 (<U1FCC>,<U1FC3>);(<U1FD8>,<U1FD0>);(<U1FD9>,<U1FD1>);(<U1FE8>,<U1FE0>);/
1799 (<U1FE9>,<U1FE1>);(<U1FEC>,<U1FE5>);(<U1FFC>,<U1FF3>)
1800 %
1801 % The "combining" class reflects ISO/IEC 10646-1 annex B.1
1802 % That is, all combining characters (level 2+3).
1803 class "combining"; /
1804   <U0300>..<U036F>; <U20D0>..<U20FF>; <UFE20>..<UFE2F>; /
1805   <U0483>..<U0486>; <U0591>..<U05A1>; <U05A3>..<U05B9>; /
1806   <U05BB>..<U05BD>; <U05BF>; <U05C1>; <U05C2>; <U05C4>; <U064B>..<U0652>; <U0670>; /

```

```

1807 <U06D7>..<U06E4>;<U06E7>;<U06E8>;<U06EA>..<U06ED>;<U0901>..<U0903>;<U093C>;/
1808 <U093E>..<U094D>;<U0951>..<U0954>;<U0962>;<U0963>;<U0981>..<U0983>;<U09BC>;/
1809 <U09BE>..<U09C4>;<U09C7>;<U09C8>;<U09CB>..<U09CD>;<U09D7>;<U09E2>;<U09E3>;/
1810 <U0A02>;<U0A3C>;<U0A3E>..<U0A42>;<U0A47>;<U0A48>;<U0A4B>..<U0A4D>;/
1811 <U0A70>;<U0A71>;<U0A81>..<U0A83>;<U0ABC>;<U0ABE>..<U0AC5>;<U0AC7>..<U0AC9>;/
1812 <U0ACB>..<U0ACD>;<U0B01>..<U0B03>;<U0B3C>;<U0B3E>..<U0B43>;<U0B47>;<U0B48>;/
1813 <U0B4B>..<U0B4D>;<U0B56>;<U0B57>;<U0B82>;<U0B83>;<U0BBE>..<U0BC2>;/
1814 <U0BC6>..<U0BC8>;<U0BCA>..<U0BCD>;<U0BD7>;<U0C01>..<U0C03>;<U0C3E>..<U0C44>;/
1815 <U0C46>..<U0C48>;<U0C4A>..<U0C4D>;<U0C55>;<U0C56>;<U0C82>;<U0C83>;/
1816 <U0CBE>..<U0CC4>;<U0CC6>..<U0CC8>;<U0CCA>..<U0CCD>;<U0CD5>;<U0CD6>;/
1817 <U0D02>;<U0D03>;<U0D3E>..<U0D43>;<U0D46>..<U0D48>;<U0D4A>..<U0D4D>;<U0D57>;/
1818 <U0E31>;<U0E34>..<U0E3A>;<U0E47>..<U0E4E>;<U0EB1>;<U0EB4>..<U0EB9>;/
1819 <U0EBB>;<U0EBC>;<U0EC8>..<U0ECD>;<U0F18>;<U0F19>;<U0F35>;<U0F37>;<U0F39>;/
1820 <U0F3E>;<U0F3F>;<U0F71>..<U0F84>;<U0F86>..<U0F89>;<U0F8B>;<U0F90>..<U0F95>;/
1821 <U0F97>;<U0F99>..<U0FAD>;<U0FB1>..<U0FB7>;<U0FB9>;<U302A>..<U302F>;/
1822 <U3099>;<U309A>;<UFB1E>
1823 %
1824 % The "combining_level3" class reflects ISO/IEC 10646-1 annex B.2
1825 % That is, combining characters of level 3.
1826 class "combining_level3" /
1827   <U0300>..<U036F>;<U20D0>..<U20FF>;<U1100>..<U11FF>;<UFE20>..<UFE2F>;/
1828   <U0483>..<U0486>;<U0591>..<U05A1>;<U05A3>..<U05AE>;<U05C4>;/
1829   <U05AF>;<U093C>;<U0953>;<U0954>;<U09BC>;<U09D7>;<U0A3C>;/
1830   <U0A70>;<U0A71>;<U0ABC>;<U0B3C>;<U0B56>;<U0B57>;<U0BD7>;<U0C55>;<U0C56>;/
1831   <U0CD5>;<U0CD6>;<U0D57>;<U0F39>;<U302A>..<U302F>;<U3099>;<U309A>
1832 %
1833
1834 END LC_CTYPE
1835
1836
1837 4.4 LC_COLLATE
1838

```

A collation sequence definition defines the relative order between collating elements (characters and multicharacter collating elements) in the FDCC-set. This order is expressed in terms of collation values; i.e., by assigning each element one or more collation values (also known as collation weights). This does not imply that applications shall assign such values, but that ordering of strings using the resultant collation definition in the FDCC-set shall behave as if such assignment is done and used in the collation process. The collation sequence definition is used by regular expressions, pattern matching, and sorting. The following capabilities are provided:

- (1) Multicharacter collating elements. Specification of multicharacter collating elements (i.e., sequences of two or more characters to be collated as an entity).
- (2) User-defined ordering of collating elements. Each collating element shall be assigned a collation value defining its order in the character (or basic) collation sequence. This ordering is used by regular expressions and pattern matching and, unless collation weights are explicitly specified, also as the collation weight to be used in sorting.
- (3) Multiple weights and equivalence classes. Collating elements can be assigned one or more (up to the limit (COLL_WEIGHTS_MAX)) collating weights for use in sorting. The first weight is hereafter referred to as the primary weight.
- (4) One-to Many mapping. A single character is mapped into a string of collating elements.
- (5) Many-to-Many substitution. A string of one or more characters is substituted by another string (or an empty string, i.e., the character or characters shall be ignored for collation purposes).
- (6) Equivalence class definition. Two or more collating elements have the same collation value (primary weight).
- (7) Ordering by weights. When two strings are compared to determine their relative order, the two strings are first broken up into a series of collating elements, and

- 1867 each successive pair of elements are compared according to the relative primary
1868 weights for the elements. If equal, and more than one weight has been assigned,
1869 then the pairs of collating elements are recompared according to the relative
1870 subsequent weights, until either a pair of collating elements compare unequal or the
1871 weights are exhausted.
- 1872 (8) Easy reordering of characters. ISO/IEC 14651 has a template for collation
1873 specification that with just a few modifications can be culturally correct for a
1874 specific culture. Here the "reorder-after" keyword gives a convenient way to
1875 modify a FDCC-set template.
- 1876 (9) Easy reordering of sections. The template in ISO/IEC 14651 gives an ordering of
1877 the sections that may not be culturally acceptable in certain cultures. The keyword
1878 "reorder-section-after" gives a convenient way to modify the order of sections in a
1879 FDCC-set template.

1880
1881 The following keywords shall be recognized in a collation sequence definition. Some of
1882 them are described in detail in the following subclauses.

1883	copy	Specify the name of an existing FDCC-set to be used 1884 as the source for the definition of this category. If 1885 this keyword is specified, only the "reorder-after", 1886 "reorder-end", "reorder-sections-after" and "reorder- 1887 sections-end" keywords may also be specified. The 1888 FDCC-set shall be copied in source form.
1890	coll_weight_max	Define as a decimal number the number of collation 1891 levels that an interpreting system needs to support 1892 for this FDCC-set, this value is elsewhere referred as 1893 the COLL_WEIGHT_MAX limit. An interpreting 1894 system shall cater for up to 7 collating levels.
1895	section-symbol	Define a section symbol representing a set of 1896 collation order statements. The section is defined 1897 with the "order_start" keyword until the next 1898 "order_start" or "order_end" keyword. This keyword 1899 is optional.
1900	collating-element	Define a collating-element symbol representing a 1901 multicharacter collating element. This keyword is 1902 optional.
1903	collating-symbol	Define one or more collating symbols for use in 1904 collation order statements. This keyword is optional.
1905	symbol-equivalence	Define a collating-symbol to be equivalent to another 1906 defined collating-symbol.
1907	order_start	Define collation rules. This statement is followed by 1908 one or more collation order statements, assigning 1909 character collation values and collation weights to 1910 collating elements.
1911	order_end	Specify the end of the collation-order statements.
1912	reorder-after	Redefine collating rules. Specify after which 1913 collating element the redefinition of collation order 1914 shall take order. This statement is followed by one or 1915 more collation order statements, reassigning character 1916 collation values and collation weights to collating 1917 elements.

1918	reorder-end	Specify the end of the "reorder-after" collating order statements.
1919		
1920	reorder-section-after	Redefine the order of sections. This statement is followed by one or more section symbols, reassigning character collation values and collation weights to collating elements.
1921		
1922		
1923		
1924	reorder-section-end	Specify the end of the "reorder-sections" section order statements.
1925		
1926		

4.4.1 Collation statements

The "order_start" and "replace-after" keywords shall be followed by collating statements.

The syntax for the collating statements is

"%s %s;%s;...;%s\n",<collating-identifier>,<weight>,<weight>,...

Each <collating-identifier> shall consist of either a character (in any of the forms defined in 4.1.1), a <collating-element>, a <collating-symbol>, an ellipsis, or the special symbol "UNDEFINED". The weights for each of the collation elements determines the character collation sequence - such that each collation statement does not need to be in collation order, and weights could be rearranged via for example the "replace-after" keyword. No character has any specific predetermined placement in the collation sequence. The order in which collating elements are specified determines the character collation sequence, such that each collating element shall compare less than the elements following it.

A <collating-element> shall be used to specify multicharacter collating elements, and indicates that the character sequence specified via the <collating-element> is to be collated as a unit and in the relative order specified by its place.

A <collating-symbol> shall be used to define a position in the relative order for use in weights.

The absolute ellipsis symbol ("...") specifies that a sequence of characters shall collate according to their encoded character values. It shall be interpreted as indicating that all characters with a coded character set value higher than the value of the character in the preceding line, and lower than the coded character set value for the character in the following line, in the current coded character set, shall be placed in the character collation order between the previous and the following character in ascending order according to their coded character set values. An initial ellipsis shall be interpreted as if the preceding line specified the <NUL> character, and a trailing ellipsis as if the following line specified the highest coded character set value in the current coded character set. An ellipsis shall be treated as invalid if the preceding or following lines do not specify characters in the current coded character set. The use of the ellipsis symbol ties the definition to a specific coded character set and may preclude the definition from being portable between applications, and is deprecated. Symbolic ellipses may be used as the ellipses symbol, but generating symbolic character names, and thus have a better chance of portability between applications.

The symbolic ellipses (".." or "....") specifies a sequence of collating statements. It shall be interpreted as indicating that all characters with symbolic names higher than the

1968 symbolic name of the character in the preceding line, and lower than the coded character
1969 set value for the character in the following line, shall be placed in the character collation
1970 order between the previous and the following character in ascending order.
1971
1972 The symbol "UNDEFINED" shall be interpreted as including all coded character set values
1973 not specified explicitly or via the ellipsis or one of the symbolic ellipses symbols. Such
1974 characters shall be inserted in the character collation order at the point indicated by the
1975 symbol, and in ascending order according to their coded character set values. If no
1976 "UNDEFINED" symbol is specified, and the current coded character set contains
1977 characters not specified in this clause, the utility shall issue a warning message and place
1978 such characters at the end of the character collation order.
1979
1980 The optional operands for each collation-element shall be used to define the primary,
1981 secondary, or subsequent weights for the collating element. The first operand specifies the
1982 relative primary weight, the second the relative secondary weight, and so on. Two or more
1983 collation-elements can be assigned the same weight; they belong to the same equivalence
1984 class if they have the same primary weight. Collation shall behave as if, for each weight
1985 level, "IGNORE"d elements are removed. Then each successive pair of elements shall be
1986 compared according to the relative weights for the elements. If the two strings compare
1987 equal, the process shall be repeated for the next weight level, up to the limit
1988 "COLL_WEIGHTS_MAX" of the associated FDCC-set.
1989
1990 Weights shall be expressed as characters (in any of the forms specified here), <collating-
1991 symbol>s, <collating-element>s, an ellipsis, or the special symbol "IGNORE". A single
1992 character, a <collating-symbol>, or a <collating-element> shall represent the relative order
1993 in the character collating sequence of the character or symbol, rather than the character or
1994 characters themselves.
1995
1996 One-to-many mapping is indicated by specifying two or more concatenated characters or
1997 symbolic names. Thus, if the character <ss> is given the string <s><s> as a weight,
1998 comparisons shall be performed as if all occurrences of the character <ss> are replaced by
1999 <s><s>. If it is desirable to define <ss> and <s><s> as an equivalence class, then a
2000 collating-element must be defined for the string "ss", as in the example below.
2001
2002 All characters specified via an ellipsis shall by default be assigned unique weights, equal
2003 to the relative order of characters. Characters specified via an explicit or implicit
2004 "UNDEFINED" special symbol shall by default be assigned the same primary weight (i.e.,
2005 belong to the same equivalence class). An ellipsis symbol as a weight shall be interpreted
2006 to mean that each character in the sequence shall have unique weights, equal to the
2007 relative order of their character in the character collation sequence. Secondary and
2008 subsequent weights have unique values. The use of the ellipsis as a weight shall be treated
2009 as an error if the collating element is neither an ellipsis nor the special symbol
2010 "UNDEFINED".
2011
2012 The special keyword "IGNORE" as a weight shall indicate that when strings are compared
2013 using the weights at the level where "IGNORE" is specified, the collating element shall be
2014 ignored; i.e., as if the string did not contain the collating element. In regular expressions
2015 and pattern matching, all characters that are "IGNORE"d in their primary weight form an
2016 equivalence class.
2017
2018 A <comment_character> occurring where the delimiter ";" may occur, terminates the

2019 collating statement.
 2020
 2021 An empty operand shall be interpreted as the collating-element itself.
 2022
 2023 For example, the collation statement
 2024
 2025 <a> <a>;<a>
 2026
 2027 is equal to
 2028
 2029 <a>
 2030
 2031 An ellipsis (absolute or symbolic) can be used as an operand if the collating-element was
 2032 an ellipsis, and shall be interpreted as the value of each character defined by the ellipsis.

2033
 2034 Example:

```
2035      collating-element <ch> from "<c><h>"  

2036      collating-element <Ch> from "<C><h>"  

2037      order_start forward;backward  

2038      UNDEFINED IGNORE;IGNORE  

2039      <LOW>  

2040      <space>     <LOW>;<space>  

2041      ...        <LOW>;  

2042      <a>        <a>;<a>  

2043      <a'>       <a>;<a'>  

2044      <A>        <a>;<A>  

2045      <A'>       <a>;<A'>  

2046      <ch>       <ch>;<ch>  

2047      <Ch>       <ch>;<Ch>  

2048      <s>        <s>;<s>  

2049      <ss>       <s><s>; "<ss><ss>" ; "<ss><ss>"  

2050  

2051      order_end
```

2052
 2053 This example is interpreted as follows:

- 2054 (1) The UNDEFINED means that all characters not specified in this definition (explicitly or via the ellipsis) shall be ignored.
- 2055 (2) <LOW> defines the first collating weight, and thus the lowest weight in this example.
- 2056 (3) All characters between <space> and <a> shall have the same primary equivalence class <LOW> and individual secondary weights based on their ordinal encoded values. (The use of absolute ellipses is deprecated, but used here to illustrate generic use of ellipses. Symbolic ellipses should be used instead).
- 2057 (4) All characters based on the upper or lowercase character "a" belong to the same primary equivalence class.
- 2058 (5) The multicharacter collating element <c><h> is represented by the collating symbol <ch> and belongs to the same primary equivalence class as the multicharacter collating element <C><h>.
- 2059 (6) The <ss> collating element has two weights on the primary level, and it is in the same primary equivalence class as two consecutive <s>-es; on the secondary level the collating element has two weights of the equivalence class <ss>.

2060
 2061 **4.4.2 "copy" keyword**

2062 This keyword specifies the name of an existing FDCC-set to be used as the source for the definition of this category. The syntax is

2063 "copy %s\n", <FDCC-set-name>

2064
 2065 The <FDCC-set-name> shall consist of one or more characters (in any of the forms defined in 4.1.1). If this keyword is specified, only the "reorder-after", "reorder-end", "reorder-sections-after" and "reorder-sections-end" keywords may also be specified. The FDCC-set shall be copied in source form.

4.4.3 "col_weight_max" keyword

This keyword defines as a decimal number the number of collation levels that an interpreting system needs to support, this value is elsewhere referred as the COLL_WEIGHT_MAX limit. The minimum value is 7. The syntax is

```
"col_weight_max %d\n", <value>
```

4.4.4 "section-symbol" keyword

This keyword shall be used to define symbols for use in section related statements; such as the "order_start", and "reorder-sections-after" keywords and section-reordering statements. The syntax is

```
"section-symbol %s\n", <section-symbol>
```

The <section-symbol> shall be a symbolic name, enclosed between angle brackets (< and >), and shall not duplicate any symbolic name in the current charmap (if any), or any other symbolic name defined in this collation definition. A <section-symbol> defined via this keyword is only defined with the LC_COLLATE category.

Example:

```
section-symbol <LATIN>
section-symbol <ARABIC>
```

4.4.5 "collating-element" keyword

In addition to the collating elements in the character set, the collating-element keyword shall be used to define multicharacter collating elements. The syntax is

```
"collating-element %s from %s\n",<collating-symbol>,<string>
```

The <collating-symbol> operand shall be a symbolic name, enclosed between angle brackets (< and >), and shall not duplicate any symbolic name in the current charmap or repertoiremap file (if any), or any other symbolic name defined in this collation definition. The string operand shall be a string of two or more characters that shall collate as an entity. A <collating-element> defined via this keyword is only defined within the LC_COLLATE category.

Example with ISO/IEC 10646:

```
collating-element <ch> from "<c><h>"
collating-element <e-acute> from "<e><combining-acute>"
collating-element <aa> from "<a><a>"
```

Note: The problem of comparing a fully composed character of ISO/IEC 10646 with a decomposed representation of the same text is normally handled by the two strings comparing equal up to level 3 (the case level) of ISO/IEC 14651, but distinguishing the two at the 4th level.

4.4.6 "collating-symbol" keyword

This keyword shall be used to define symbols for use in collation sequence statements; e.g., between the order_start and the order_end keywords. The syntax is

2135 "collating-symbol %s;%s;...%s\n", <collating-symbol>, <collating-symbol> ...
 2136

2137 The <collating-symbol> shall be a symbolic name, enclosed between angle brackets (< and
 2138 >), and shall not duplicate any symbolic name in the current charmap (if any), or any
 2139 other symbolic name defined in this collation definition. A <collating-symbol> defined via
 2140 this keyword is only defined with the LC_COLLATE category. More than one <collating-
 2141 symbol> may be defined with one "collating-symbol" keyword, and symbolic ellipses may
 2142 be used.

2143 Example:
 2144 collating-symbol <CAPITAL>
 2145 collating-symbol <HIGH>

2147 4.4.7 "symbol-equivalence" keyword

2150 This keyword shall be used to define symbols for use in collation sequence statements;
 2151 and assign the same weight as another defined symbol. The syntax is

2153 "symbol-equivalence %s %s\n", <collating-symbol-1>, <collating-symbol-2>
 2154

2155 The <collating-symbol-1> and <collating-symbol-2> shall be symbolic names, enclosed
 2156 between angle brackets (< and >). <collating-symbol-1> shall not duplicate any symbolic
 2157 name in the current charmap (if any), or any other symbolic name defined in this collation
 2158 definition. <collating-symbol-2> is defined elsewhere in the LC_COLLATE category as a
 2159 collating-symbol. The use of <collating-symbol-2> shall be equivalent to using the
 2160 <collating-symbol-2> in the LC_COLLATE category. A <collating-symbol-1> defined via
 2161 this keyword is only defined with the LC_COLLATE category.

2163 Example
 2164 collating-symbol <CAP>
 2165 symbol-equivalence <CAPITAL> <CAP>

2166 4.4.8 "order_start" keyword

2169 The "order_start" keyword shall precede collation order entries and also defines the
 2170 number of weights for this collation sequence definition, the collation section name and
 2171 other collation rules.

2173 The syntax of the "order_start" keyword has two forms:

2175 "order_start %s;%s;...;%s\n", <sort-rules>, <sort-rules> ...
 2176 and

2177 "order_start %s;%s;...;%s\n", <section-symbol>, <sort-rules>, <sort-rules> ...
 2178

2179 The operands to the order_start keyword are optional. If present, the operands define rules
 2180 to be applied when strings are compared. The first operand may be a <section-symbol>
 2181 surrounded by "<" and ">" and the set of collating statements following the "order_start"
 2182 keyword until the "order_end" keyword are identified with this <section_symbol> or
 2183 another "order_start" keyword is encountered. The remaining number of operands define
 2184 how many weights each element is assigned; if no operands are present, one forward
 2185 operand is assumed. If present, the first operand defines rules to be applied when

2186 comparing strings using the first (primary) weight; the second when comparing strings
2187 using the second weight, and so on. Operands shall be separated by semicolons (;). Each
2188 operand shall consist of one or more collation directives, separated by commas (,). If the
2189 number of operands exceeds the (COLL_WEIGHTS_MAX) limit, a utility parsing the
2190 FDCC-set description shall issue a warning message. The following directives shall be
2191 supported:

2192 **forward** Specifies that the direction of scanning a part of a string at a given point in a
2193 string is done towards the logical end of the whole string for this weight level.

2194 **backward** Specifies that the direction of scanning a part of a
2195 string at a given point in a string is done towards the
2196 logical beginning of the whole string for this weight
2197 level.

2198 **position** Specifies that comparison operations for the weight level will consider the
2199 relative position of non-"IGNORE"ed elements in the strings. The string
2200 containing a non-"IGNORE"ed element after the fewest IGNOREd collating
2201 elements from the start of the compare shall collate first. If both strings contain
2202 a non-"IGNORE"ed character in the same relative position, the collating values
2203 assigned to the elements shall determine the ordering. In case of equality,
2204 subsequent non-IGNOREd characters shall be considered in the same manner.

2205 The directives "forward" and "backward", and "backward" and "position", are mutually
2206 exclusive at a given level.

2207 Examples:

2208 order_start forward;backward
2209 order_start <CYRILLIC>;forward;forward

2210 If no operands are specified, a single forward operand shall be assumed.

2211 4.4.9 "order_end" keyword

2212 The collating order entries shall be terminated with an order_end keyword.

2213 4.4.10 "reorder-after" keyword

2214 The "reorder-after" keyword shall be used to specify a modification to a copied collation
2215 specification of an existing FDCC-set. There can be more than one "reorder-after"
2216 statement in a collating specification. The syntax shall be:

2217 "reorder-after %s\n",<collating-symbol>

2218 The <collating-symbol> operand shall be a symbolic name, enclosed between angle
2219 brackets, and shall be present in the source FDCC-set copied via the "copy" keyword.
2220 The "reorder-after" statement is followed by one or more collation statements as described
2221 in the "Collating Order" clause (4.4.5), with the exception that the ellipsis symbol (...)
2222 shall not be used.

2223 Each collation statement reassigns character collation values and collation weights to
2224 collating elements existing in the copied collation specification, by removing the collating

statement from the copied specification, and inserting the collating element in the collating sequence with the new collation weights after the preceding collating element of the "reorder-after" specification, the first collating element in the collation sequence being the <collating-symbol> specified on the "reorder-after" statement.

A "reorder-after" specification is terminated by another "reorder-after" specification or the "reorder-end" statement.

4.4.10.1 Example of "reorder-after"

```

reorder-after <y8>
<U:>      <Y>;<U:>;<CAPITAL>
<u:>      <Y>;<U:>;<SMALL>
reorder-after <z8>
<AE>      <AE>;<NONE>;<CAPITAL>
<ae>      <AE>;<NONE>;<SMALL>
<A:>      <AE>;<DIAERESIS>;<CAPITAL>
<a:>      <AE>;<DIAERESIS>;<SMALL>
<O/>      <O/>;<NONE>;<CAPITAL>
<o/>      <O/>;<NONE>;<SMALL>
<AA>      <AA>;<NONE>;<CAPITAL>
<aa>      <AA>;<NONE>;<SMALL>
reorder-end

```

The example is interpreted as follows (using the "i18nrep" repertoiremap):

1. The collating element <U:> is removed from the copied collating sequence and inserted after <y8> in the collating sequence with the new weights. The collating element <u:> is removed from the copied collating sequence and inserted in the resulting collation sequence after <U:> with the new weights. <y8> is used to indicate the last entry of the <y> letters.
2. The second "reorder-after" statement terminates the first list of reordering collation identifier entries, and initiates a second list, rearranging the order and weights for the <AE>, <ae>, <A:>, <a:>, <O/>, and <o/> collating elements after the <z8> collating symbol in the copied specification. <z8> is used to indicate the last entry of the <z> letters.
3. The "reorder-end" statement terminates the second list of reordering entries.
4. Thus for the original sequence

... (U u Ü ü) V v W w X x Y y Z z

this example reordering gives

... U u V v W w X x (Y y Ü ü) Z z (Ä æ Å ä) Ø ø Å å

where the parenthesis indicate ordering with the same weight on the first level for multiple upper/lowercase pairs.

4.4.11 "reorder-end" keyword

The "reorder-end" keyword shall specify the end of a list of collating statements, initiated by the "reorder-after" keyword.

4.4.12 "reorder-sections-after" keyword

The "reorder-sections-after" keyword shall be used to specify a modification to a copied

2294 collation specification of an existing FDCC-set. The "reorder-sections-after" statement is
2295 followed by one or more statements consisting of section reordering statements.
2296

2297 4.4.12.1 section reordering statements

2299 The section reordering statements rearranges the set of collating entries and changes
2300 sorting rules for the set of collating entries identified by a section symbol in a preceding
2301 "order_start" statement. Each section reorder statement has the syntax:
2302

```
2303 "%s %s;...%s\n", <section-symbol>, <sort-rules>, <sort-rules> ...  
2304
```

2305 The <section-symbol> identifies the set of collating entries, and shall be defined via a
2306 "section-symbol" keyword.
2307

2308 The <sort-rules> are as described for the "order_start" keyword. Specified <sort-rules>
2309 replace the specification for the ordering of the section given on the "order_start"
2310 statement identified by the <section-symbol>. The <sort-rules> are optional and <sort-
2311 rules> not to be changed may be given by empty specifications.
2312

2313 The order of the section reordering statements rearranges the assignment of collation
2314 entries for the sets of collation entries identified by the <section-symbols> to the order
2315 that the <section-symbols> occur after the "reorder-sections-after" statement.
2316

2317 The section reordering statements are terminated by a "reorder-sections-end" statement.
2318

2319 4.4.12.2 Example of section reordering

```
2320 copy "i18n"  
2321 reorder-sections-after <DIGITS>  
2322 <ARABIC>  
2323 <LATIN> forward;backward;forward;forward,position  
2324 reorder-sections-end  
2325
```

2326 This example is interpreted as follows: The LC_COLLATE category of the "i18n" FDCC-set is copied. Then a
2327 reordering of all collating statements for the sections <ARABIC> and <LATIN> is done, leaving the rest of the
2328 sections as they were in the "i18n" FDCC-set. The <ARABIC> section is placed immediately after the <DIGITS>
2329 section, and the <LATIN> section immediately following the <ARABIC> section. The ordering rules are kept as
2330 they were in the "i18n" FDCC-set, while the <LATIN> section gets new ordering rules as indicated. The
2331 "reorder-sections-end" keyword terminates the section reordering statements.
2332

2333 4.4.13 "reorder-sections-end" keyword

2334 The "reorder-sections-end" keyword shall specify the end of a list of section symbols,
2335 initiated by the "reorder-sections-after" keyword.
2336

2337 4.4.14 "i18n" LC_COLLATE category

2338 The "i18n" LC_COLLATE category is defined as the following, which includes the
2339 tailororable template in ISO/IEC 14651.
2340

```
2341 LC_COLLATE  
2342 % Case collating symbols  
2343 collating-symbol <RES-1>  
2344 collating-symbol <BLK>  
2345 collating-symbol <MIN> % SMALL  
2346 collating-symbol <WIDE> % WIDE  
2347 collating-symbol <COMPAT>
```

```

2352 collating-symbol <FONT>
2353 collating-symbol <CIRCLE>
2354 collating-symbol <RES-2>
2355 collating-symbol <CAP> % CAPITAL
2356 collating-symbol <WIDECAP>
2357 collating-symbol <COMPATCAP>
2358 collating-symbol <FONTCAP>
2359 collating-symbol <CIRCLECAP>
2360 collating-symbol <HIRA-SMALL>
2361 collating-symbol <HIRA>
2362 collating-symbol <SMALL>
2363 collating-symbol <SMALL-NARROW>
2364 collating-symbol <KATA>
2365 collating-symbol <NARROW>
2366 collating-symbol <CIRCLE-KATA>
2367 collating-symbol <MNN>
2368 collating-symbol <MNS>
2369 collating-symbol <VERTICAL>
2370 % Arabic forms
2371 collating-symbol <AINI>
2372 collating-symbol <AMED>
2373 collating-symbol <AFIN>
2374 collating-symbol <AISO>
2375 %
2376 collating-symbol <NOBREAK>
2377 collating-symbol <SQUARED>
2378 collating-symbol <SQUAREDCAP>
2379 collating-symbol <FRACTION>
2380 collating-symbol <BLANK>
2381 collating-symbol <CAPITAL-SMALL>
2382 collating-symbol <SMALL-CAPITAL>
2383 collating-symbol <BOTH>
2384 % accents
2385 collating-symbol <LOWLINE> % LOW LINE
2386 collating-symbol <MACRO> % MACRON
2387 collating-symbol <OBLIK> % STROKE
2388 collating-symbol <AIGUT> % ACUTE ACCENT
2389 collating-symbol <GRAVE> % GRAVE ACCENT
2390 collating-symbol <BREVE> % BREVE
2391 collating-symbol <CIRCF> % CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT
2392 collating-symbol <CARON> % CARON
2393 collating-symbol <CRCLE> % RING ABOVE
2394 collating-symbol <TREMA> % DIAERESIS
2395 collating-symbol <2AIGU> % DOUBLE ACUTE ACCENT
2396 collating-symbol <TILDE> % TILDE
2397 collating-symbol <POINT> % DOT ABOVE
2398 collating-symbol <CEDIL> % CEDILLA
2399 collating-symbol <OGONK> % OGONEK
2400 collating-symbol <OVERLINE> % OVERLINE
2401 collating-symbol <CROOK> % HOOK ABOVE
2402 collating-symbol <TONOS> % VERTICAL LINE ABOVE
2403 collating-symbol <D030E> % DOUBLE VERTICAL LINE ABOVE
2404 collating-symbol <2GRAV> % DOUBLE GRAVE ACCENT
2405 collating-symbol <D0310> % CANDRABINDU
2406 collating-symbol <BREVR> % INVERTED BREVE
2407 collating-symbol <D0312> % TURNED COMMA ABOVE
2408 collating-symbol <PSILI> % COMMA ABOVE
2409 collating-symbol <DASIA> % REVERSED COMMA ABOVE
2410 collating-symbol <D0315> % COMMA ABOVE RIGHT
2411 collating-symbol <D0316> % GRAVE ACCENT BELOW
2412 collating-symbol <D0317> % ACUTE ACCENT BELOW
2413 collating-symbol <D0318> % LEFT TACK BELOW
2414 collating-symbol <D0319> % RIGHT TACK BELOW
2415 collating-symbol <D031A> % LEFT ANGLE ABOVE
2416 collating-symbol <HORNU> % HORN
2417 collating-symbol <D031C> % LEFT HALF RING BELOW
2418 collating-symbol <D031D> % UP TACK BELOW
2419 collating-symbol <D031E> % DOWN TACK BELOW
2420 collating-symbol <D031F> % PLUS SIGN BELOW
2421 collating-symbol <D0320> % MINUS SIGN BELOW
2422 collating-symbol <PALCR> % PALATALIZED HOOK BELOW
2423 collating-symbol <RETCR> % RETROFLEX HOOK BELOW
2424 collating-symbol <POINS> % DOT BELOW
2425 collating-symbol <TREMS> % DIAERESIS BELOW
2426 collating-symbol <CRCLS> % RING BELOW
2427 collating-symbol <COMMS> % COMMA BELOW
2428 collating-symbol <D0329> % VERTICAL LINE BELOW
2429 collating-symbol <D032A> % BRIDGE BELOW
2430 collating-symbol <D032B> % INVERTED DOUBLE ARCH BELOW

```

2431	collating-symbol <D032C>	% CARON BELOW
2432	collating-symbol <CIRCS>	% CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT BELOW
2433	collating-symbol <BREVS>	% BREVE BELOW
2434	collating-symbol <D032F>	% INVERTED BREVE BELOW
2435	collating-symbol <TILDS>	% TILDE BELOW
2436	collating-symbol <MACRS>	% MACRON BELOW
2437	collating-symbol <D0333>	% DOUBLE LOW LINE
2438	collating-symbol <TILDX>	% TILDE OVERLAY
2439	collating-symbol <BARRE>	% SHORT STROKE OVERLAY
2440	collating-symbol <D0336>	% LONG STROKE OVERLAY
2441	collating-symbol <D0337>	% SHORT SOLIDUS OVERLAY
2442	collating-symbol <CRCL2>	% RIGHT HALF RING BELOW
2443	collating-symbol <D033A>	% INVERTED BRIDGE BELOW
2444	collating-symbol <D033B>	% SQUARE BELOW
2445	collating-symbol <D033C>	% SEAGULL BELOW
2446	collating-symbol <D033D>	% X ABOVE
2447	collating-symbol <D033E>	% VERTICAL TILDE
2448	collating-symbol <D033F>	% DOUBLE OVERLINE
2449	collating-symbol <PERIS>	% GREEK PERISPOMENI
2450	collating-symbol <YPOGE>	% GREEK YPOGEGRAMMENI
2451	collating-symbol <D0360>	% DOUBLE TILDE
2452	collating-symbol <D0361>	% DOUBLE INVERTED BREVE
2453	collating-symbol <DFE20>	% LIGATURE LEFT HALF
2454	collating-symbol <DFE21>	% LIGATURE RIGHT HALF
2455	collating-symbol <DFE22>	% DOUBLE TILDE LEFT HALF
2456	collating-symbol <DFE23>	% DOUBLE TILDE RIGHT HALF
2457	collating-symbol <D0483>	% CYRILLIC TITLO
2458	collating-symbol <D0484>	% CYRILLIC PALATALIZATION
2459	collating-symbol <D0485>	% CYRILLIC DASIA PNEUMATA
2460	collating-symbol <D0486>	% CYRILLIC PSILI PNEUMATA
2461	collating-symbol <SHEVA>	% HEBREW POINT SHEVA
2462	collating-symbol <HTFSG>	% HEBREW POINT HATAF SEGOL
2463	collating-symbol <HTFPPT>	% HEBREW POINT HATAF PATAH
2464	collating-symbol <HTFQM>	% HEBREW POINT HATAF QAMATS
2465	collating-symbol <HIRIQ>	% HEBREW POINT HIRIQ
2466	collating-symbol <TSERE>	% HEBREW POINT TSERE
2467	collating-symbol <SEGOL>	% HEBREW POINT SEGOL
2468	collating-symbol <PATAH>	% HEBREW POINT PATAH
2469	collating-symbol <QAMAT>	% HEBREW POINT QAMATS
2470	collating-symbol <HOLAM>	% HEBREW POINT HOLAM
2471	collating-symbol <QUBUT>	% HEBREW POINT QUBUTS
2472	collating-symbol <DAGES>	% HEBREW POINT DAGESH OR MAPIQ
2473	collating-symbol <RAPHE>	% HEBREW POINT RAFE
2474	collating-symbol <SHINP>	% HEBREW POINT SHIN DOT
2475	collating-symbol <SINPT>	% HEBREW POINT SIN DOT
2476	collating-symbol <VARIKA>	% HEBREW POINT JUDEO-SPANISH VARIKA
2477	collating-symbol <FATHATAN>	% ARABIC FATHATAN
2478	collating-symbol <DAMMATAN>	% ARABIC DAMMATAN
2479	collating-symbol <KASRATAN>	% ARABIC KASRATAN
2480	collating-symbol <FATHA>	% ARABIC FATHA
2481	collating-symbol <DAMMA>	% ARABIC DAMMA
2482	collating-symbol <KASRA>	% ARABIC KASRA
2483	collating-symbol <SHADDA>	% ARABIC SHADDA
2484	collating-symbol <SUKUN>	% ARABIC SUKUN
2485	collating-symbol <SUPERALEF>	% ARABIC LETTER SUPERSCRIPT ALEF
2486	collating-symbol <D06D6>	% ARABIC SMALL HIGH LIGATURE SAD WITH LAM WITH ALEF MAKSLA
2487	collating-symbol <D06D7>	% ARABIC SMALL HIGH LIGATURE QAF WITH LAM WITH ALEF MAKSLA
2488	collating-symbol <D06D8>	% ARABIC SMALL HIGH MEEM INITIAL FORM
2489	collating-symbol <D06D9>	% ARABIC SMALL HIGH LAM ALEF
2490	collating-symbol <D06DA>	% ARABIC SMALL HIGH JEEM
2491	collating-symbol <D06DB>	% ARABIC SMALL HIGH THREE DOTS
2492	collating-symbol <D06DC>	% ARABIC SMALL HIGH SEEN
2493	collating-symbol <D06E1>	% ARABIC SMALL HIGH DOTLESS HEAD OF KHAH
2494	collating-symbol <D06E2>	% ARABIC SMALL HIGH MEEM ISOLATED FORM
2495	collating-symbol <D06E3>	% ARABIC SMALL LOW SEEN
2496	collating-symbol <AMADD>	% ARABIC SMALL HIGH MADDA
2497	collating-symbol <D06E7>	% ARABIC SMALL HIGH YEH
2498	collating-symbol <D06E8>	% ARABIC SMALL HIGH NOON
2499	collating-symbol <D06ED>	% ARABIC SMALL LOW MEEM
2500	collating-symbol <D093C>	% DEVANAGARI SIGN NUKTA
2501	collating-symbol <D0951>	% DEVANAGARI STRESS SIGN UDATTA
2502	collating-symbol <D0952>	% DEVANAGARI STRESS SIGN ANUDATTA
2503	collating-symbol <D0953>	% DEVANAGARI GRAVE ACCENT
2504	collating-symbol <D0954>	% DEVANAGARI ACUTE ACCENT
2505	collating-symbol <D09BC>	% BENGALI SIGN NUKTA
2506	collating-symbol <D0A3C>	% GURMUKHI SIGN NUKTA
2507	collating-symbol <D0ABC>	% GUJARATI SIGN NUKTA
2508	collating-symbol <D0B3C>	% ORIYA SIGN NUKTA
2509	collating-symbol <D0E48>	% THAI CHARACTER MAI EK

```

2510 collating-symbol <D0E49> % THAI CHARACTER MAI THO
2511 collating-symbol <D0E4A> % THAI CHARACTER MAI TRI
2512 collating-symbol <D0E4B> % THAI CHARACTER MAI CHATTAWA
2513 collating-symbol <D0EC8> % LAO TONE MAI EK
2514 collating-symbol <D0EC9> % LAO TONE MAI THO
2515 collating-symbol <D0ECA> % LAO TONE MAI TI
2516 collating-symbol <D0ECB> % LAO TONE MAI CATAWA
2517 collating-symbol <D0F39> % TIBETAN MARK TSA -PHRU
2518 collating-symbol <D0F3E> % TIBETAN SIGN YAR TSSES
2519 collating-symbol <D0F3F> % TIBETAN SIGN MAR TSSES
2520 collating-symbol <D302A> % IDEOGRAPHIC LEVEL TONE MARK
2521 collating-symbol <D302B> % IDEOGRAPHIC RISING TONE MARK
2522 collating-symbol <D302C> % IDEOGRAPHIC DEPARTING TONE MARK
2523 collating-symbol <D302D> % IDEOGRAPHIC ENTERING TONE MARK
2524 collating-symbol <D302E> % HANGUL SINGLE DOT TONE MARK
2525 collating-symbol <D302F> % HANGUL DOUBLE DOT TONE MARK
2526 collating-symbol <KNVCE> % KATAKANA-HIRAGANA VOICED SOUND MARK
2527 collating-symbol <KNSMV> % KATAKANA-HIRAGANA SEMI-VOICED SOUND MARK
2528 collating-symbol <D20D0> % LEFT HARPOON ABOVE
2529 collating-symbol <D20D1> % RIGHT HARPOON ABOVE
2530 collating-symbol <D20D2> % LONG VERTICAL LINE OVERLAY
2531 collating-symbol <D20D3> % SHORT VERTICAL LINE OVERLAY
2532 collating-symbol <D20D4> % ANTICLOCKWISE ARROW ABOVE
2533 collating-symbol <D20D5> % CLOCKWISE ARROW ABOVE
2534 collating-symbol <D20D6> % LEFT ARROW ABOVE
2535 collating-symbol <D20D7> % RIGHT ARROW ABOVE
2536 collating-symbol <D20D8> % RING OVERLAY
2537 collating-symbol <D20D9> % CLOCKWISE RING OVERLAY
2538 collating-symbol <D20DA> % ANTICLOCKWISE RING OVERLAY
2539 collating-symbol <D20DB> % THREE DOTS ABOVE
2540 collating-symbol <D20DC> % FOUR DOTS ABOVE
2541 collating-symbol <D20DD> % ENCLOSING CIRCLE
2542 collating-symbol <D20DE> % ENCLOSING SQUARE
2543 collating-symbol <D20DF> % ENCLOSING DIAMOND
2544 collating-symbol <D20E0> % ENCLOSING CIRCLE BACKSLASH
2545 collating-symbol <D20E1> % LEFT RIGHT ARROW ABOVE
2546 collating-symbol <NEGATIVE>
2547 collating-symbol <SANSERIF>
2548 collating-symbol <NEGSANSERIF>
2549 collating-symbol <ARABIC>
2550 collating-symbol <EXTARABIC>
2551 collating-symbol <NAGAR>
2552 collating-symbol <BENGL>
2553 collating-symbol <BENGALINUMERATOR>
2554 collating-symbol <GURMU>
2555 collating-symbol <GUJAR>
2556 collating-symbol <ORIYA>
2557 collating-symbol <TAMIL>
2558 collating-symbol <TELGU>
2559 collating-symbol <KNNDA>
2560 collating-symbol <MALAY>
2561 collating-symbol <SINHALA>
2562 collating-symbol <THAII>
2563 collating-symbol <LAAOO>
2564 collating-symbol <BODKA>
2565 collating-symbol <CJKVS>
2566 collating-symbol <S0200>..<S1100> % 0x0200..0x1100
2567
2568 collating-symbol <S4E00>..<S9FA5> % Symbols for Han
2569
2570 collating-symbol <SAC00>..<SD7A3> % Symbols for Hangul
2571
2572 collating-symbol <SFA0E>..<SFA29> % Symbols for Compatibility Han
2573
2574 % equivalences
2575 symbol-equivalence <NONE> <BLANK>
2576 symbol-equivalence <CAPITAL> <CAP>
2577 symbol-equivalence <MACRON> <MACRO>
2578 symbol-equivalence <STROKE> <OBLIK>
2579 symbol-equivalence <ACUTE> <AIGUT>
2580 symbol-equivalence <CIRCUMFLEX> <CIRCF>
2581 symbol-equivalence <RING> <CRCLE>
2582 symbol-equivalence <DIAERESIS> <TREMA>
2583 symbol-equivalence <DOT> <POINT>
2584 symbol-equivalence <CEDILLA> <CEDIL>
2585 symbol-equivalence <OGONEK> <OGONK>
2586 symbol-equivalence <HOOK> <CROOK>
2587 symbol-equivalence <HORN> <HORNU>
2588 symbol-equivalence <DOT-BELOW> <POINS>

```

```
2589 order_start <Latin>;forward;backward;forward;forward,position  
2590  
2591 % Copy the template from ISO/IEC 14651  
2592 copy "iso14651t1"  
2593  
2594 order_end  
2595  
2596 END LC_COLLATE  
2597
```

4.5 LC_MONETARY

The LC_MONETARY category defines the rules and symbols that shall be used to format monetary numeric information. The operands are strings. For some keywords, the strings can contain only integers. More than one set of monetary values may be provided, and for each set a period of validity and conversion rate may be given. Keywords that are not provided, string values set to the empty string "", or integer keywords set to -1, shall be used to indicate that the value is unspecified, and then no default is taken. The following keywords shall be defined:

2608 copy	Specify the name of an existing FDCC-set to be used as the source for the definition of this category. If this keyword is specified, no other keyword shall be specified.
2611 valid_from	One or more strings separated by semicolons, representing a Gregorian date in the form "YYYYMMDD" according to ISO 8601, specifying the beginning date (inclusive from the beginning of day local time) of the validity of a currency. The position of the string in the list corresponds to the position of operands in other keywords in the LC_MONETARY category. The currencies should be ordered in terms of validity dates, and for each validity period with the currency that the amounts are stored in first. If not specified, it is taken to be the beginning of time.
2621 valid_to	One or more strings separated by semicolons, representing a Gregorian date in the form "YYYYMMDD" according to ISO 8601, specifying the end date (inclusive to the end of day local time) of the validity of a currency. If not specified, it is taken to be the end of time.
2626 conversion_rate	one or more pairs of integers separated by a <semicolon> specifying the fixed conversion rate between the current currency (determined by the parameter number) and the first currency that is valid, determined by a date provided by the application. If the currency is not the first valid currency for the period in question, the first integer is for multiplying the first valid currency, and the second for dividing this result to get the amount in the current currency. The currency to be the current currency is selected by the application from the date applicable and the currency number (first, second, third etc valid currency at that date); and whether domestic or international formatting is used is also determined by the application. Each pair of integers are separated by a <slash>. The default value is "1/100". This keyword is optional.
2640 int_curr_symbol	One or more strings separated by semicolons that shall be used as the international currency symbols. Each operand shall be a four character string, with the first three characters

2643	containing the alphabetic international currency symbol in accordance with those specified in ISO 4217, <i>Codes for the representation of currencies and funds</i> . The fourth character shall be the character used to separate the international currency symbol from the monetary quantity. The keyword shall be specified, unless the "copy" keyword is used.
2644	
2645	
2646	
2647	
2648	
2649	currency_symbol
2650	
2651	mon_decimal_point
2652	
2653	
2654	
2655	
2656	
2657	mon_thousands_sep
2658	
2659	
2660	
2661	
2662	
2663	
2664	mon_grouping
2665	
2666	
2667	
2668	
2669	
2670	
2671	
2672	
2673	
2674	
2675	positive_sign
2676	
2677	
2678	negative_sign
2679	
2680	
2681	int_frac_digits
2682	
2683	
2684	
2685	
2686	frac_digits
2687	
2688	
2689	
2690	
2691	p_cs_precedes
2692	

2693		formatted monetary quantity, and set to 0 if the symbol
2694		succeeds the value. The keyword shall be specified, unless
2695		the "copy" keyword is used.
2696	p_sep_by_space	One or more integers separated by semicolons, set to 0 if no space separates the "currency_symbol" from the value for a nonnegative formatted monetary quantity, set to 1 if a space separates the symbol from the value, and set to 2 if a space separates the symbol and the sign string, if adjacent. The keyword shall be specified, unless the "copy" keyword is used.
2703	n_cs_precedes	One or more integers separated by semicolons, set to 1 if the "currency_symbol" precedes the value for a negative formatted monetary quantity, and set to 0 if the symbol succeeds the value. The keyword shall be specified, unless the "copy" keyword is used.
2708	n_sep_by_space	One or more integers separated by semicolons, set to 0 if no space separates the "currency_symbol" from the value for a negative formatted monetary quantity, set to 1 if a space separates the symbol from the value, and set to 2 if a space separates the symbol and the sign string, if adjacent. The keyword shall be specified, unless the "copy" keyword is used.
2715	int_p_cs_precedes	One or more integers separated by semicolons; set to 1 if the "int_curr_symbol" precedes the value for a nonnegative formatted monetary quantity, and set to 0 if the symbol succeeds the value. If not specified, the value of "p_cs_precedes" is taken.
2720	int_p_sep_by_space	One or more integers separated by semicolons; set to 0 if no space separates the "int_curr_symbol" from the value for a nonnegative formatted monetary quantity, set to 1 if a space separates the symbol from the value, and set to 2 if a space separates the symbol and the sign string, if adjacent. If not specified, the value of "p_sep_by_space" is taken.
2726	int_n_cs_precedes	One or more integers separated by semicolons; set to 1 if the "int_curr_symbol" precedes the value for a negative formatted monetary quantity, and set to 0 if the symbol succeeds the value. If not specified, the value of "n_cs_precedes" is taken.
2731	int_n_sep_by_space	One or more integers separated by semicolons; set to 0 if no space separates the "int_curr_symbol" from the value for a negative formatted monetary quantity, set to 1 if a space separates the symbol from the value, and set to 2 if a space separates the symbol and the sign string, if adjacent. If not specified, the value of "n_sep_by_space" is taken.
2737	p_sign_posn	One or more integers separated by semicolons, set to a value indicating the positioning of the "positive_sign" for a nonnegative formatted monetary quantity using the "currency_symbol". The following integer values shall be defined:
2743	0	Parentheses enclose the quantity and the

2744		"currency_symbol".
2745	1	The sign string precedes the quantity and the "currency_symbol".
2746	2	The sign string succeeds the quantity and the "currency_symbol".
2747	3	The sign string immediately precedes the "currency_symbol".
2748	4	The sign string immediately succeeds the "currency_symbol".
2749		The keyword shall be specified, unless the "copy" keyword is used.
2750		
2751		
2752		
2753		
2754		
2755		
2756	n_sign_posn	One or more integers separated by semicolons, set to a value indicating the positioning of the "negative_sign" for a negative formatted monetary quantity using the "currency_symbol". The following integer values shall be defined:
2757	0	Parentheses enclose the quantity and the "currency_symbol".
2758	1	The sign string precedes the quantity and the "currency_symbol".
2759	2	The sign string succeeds the quantity and the "currency_symbol".
2760	3	The sign string immediately precedes the "currency_symbol".
2761	4	The sign string immediately succeeds the "currency_symbol".
2762		The keyword shall be specified, unless the "copy" keyword is used.
2763		
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2773		
2774		
2775	int_p_sign_posn	One or more integers separated by semicolons, set to a value indicating the positioning of the "positive_sign" for a nonnegative formatted international monetary quantity. The following integer values shall be defined:
2776	0	Parentheses enclose the quantity and the "int_curr_symbol".
2777	1	The sign string precedes the quantity and the "int_curr_symbol".
2778	2	The sign string succeeds the quantity and the "int_curr_symbol".
2779	3	The sign string immediately precedes the "int_curr_symbol".
2780	4	The sign string immediately succeeds the "int_curr_symbol".
2781		If no "int_p_sign_posn" is present the value of the "p_sign_posn" is taken.
2782		
2783		
2784		
2785		
2786		
2787		
2788		
2789		
2790		
2791		
2792		
2793	int_n_sign_posn	One or more integers separated by semicolons, set to a value

2794 indicating the positioning of the "negative_sign" for a
 2795 negative formatted international monetary quantity. The
 2796 following integer values shall be defined:
 2797

- 2798 0 Parentheses enclose the quantity and the
 2799 "int_curr_symbol".
 2800 1 The sign string precedes the quantity and the
 2801 "int_curr_symbol".
 2802 2 The sign string succeeds the quantity and the
 2803 "int_curr_symbol".
 2804 3 The sign string immediately precedes the
 2805 "int_curr_symbol".
 2806 4 The sign string immediately succeeds the
 2807 "int_curr_symbol".

2808 If no "int_n_sign_posn" is present the value of the
 2809 "n_sign_posn" is taken.
 2810

2811 The "i18n" FDCC-set is defined as follows for the LC_MONETARY category.
 2812

```
2813 LC_MONETARY
2814 % This is the 14652 i18n fdcc-set definition for
2815 % the LC_MONETARY category.
2816 %
2817 int_curr_symbol      ""
2818 currency_symbol     ""
2819 mon_decimal_point   "<,>"
2820 mon_thousands_sep    ""
2821 mon_grouping        -1
2822 positive_sign       ""
2823 negative_sign       ""
2824 int_frac_digits     -1
2825 frac_digits         -1
2826 p_cs_precedes      -1
2827 p_sep_by_space      -1
2828 n_cs_precedes      -1
2829 n_sep_by_space      -1
2830 p_sign_posn        -1
2831 n_sign_posn        -1
2832 %
2833 END LC_MONETARY
```

2836 4.6 LC_NUMERIC

2837 The LC_NUMERIC category defines the rules and symbols that shall be used to format
 2838 nonmonetary numeric information. The operands are strings. For some keywords, the
 2839 strings only can contain integers. Keywords that are not provided, string values set to the
 2840 empty string (""), or integer keywords set to -1, shall be used to indicate that the value is
 2841 unspecified. The following keywords shall be defined:
 2842

2844 copy	Specify the name of an existing FDCC-set to be used as the source for the definition of this category. If this keyword is specified, no other keyword shall be specified.
2847 decimal_point	The operand is a string containing the symbol that shall be used as the decimal delimiter in numeric, nonmonetary formatted quantities. This keyword cannot be omitted and cannot be set to the empty string. In contexts where other standards limit the decimal point to a single byte, the result of specifying a multibyte operand is unspecified.

2853	thousands_sep	The operand is a string containing the symbol that shall be used as a separator for groups of digits to the left of the decimal delimiter in numeric, nonmonetary formatted monetary quantities. In contexts where other standards limit the "thousands_sep" to a single byte, the result of specifying a multibyte operand is unspecified.
2859	grouping	Define the size of each group of digits in formatted non-monetary quantities. The operand is a sequence of integers separated by semicolons. Each integer specifies the number of digits in each group, with the initial integer defining the size of the group immediately preceding the decimal delimiter, and the following integers defining the preceding groups. If the last integer is not -1, then the size of the previous group (if any) shall be repeatedly used for the remainder of the digits. If the last integer is -1, then no further grouping shall be performed.

2869 The "i18n" FDCC-set is for the LC_NUMERIC category:

```

2871 LC_NUMERIC
2872 % This is the 14652 i18n fdcc-set definition for
2873 % the LC_NUMERIC category.
2874 %
2875 decimal_point    "<,>"
2876 thousands_sep    ""
2877 grouping        -1
2878 %
2879 END LC_NUMERIC
2880
2881

```

4.7 LC_TIME

2884 The LC_TIME category defines the rules and symbols that shall be used to format date
2885 and time information. The following keywords shall be defined:

2887	copy	Specify the name of an existing FDCC-set to be used as the source for the definition of this category. If this keyword is specified, no other keyword shall be specified.
2890	abday	Define the abbreviated weekday names for calendar systems with weeks of constant length, to be referenced by the %a field descriptor. The length of the week and a gregorian date for the first weekday is defined by the "week" keyword. The operand shall consist of semicolon-separated strings. The first string shall be the abbreviated name of the day corresponding to the first day of the week (default Sunday), the second the abbreviated name of the day corresponding to the second day of the week (default Monday), and so on.
2898	day	Define the full weekday names for calendar systems with weeks of constant length, to be referenced by the %A field descriptor. The length of the week and a gregorian date for the first weekday is defined by the "week" keyword. The operand shall consist of semicolon-separated strings. The first string shall be the full name of the day corresponding to the first day of the week (default Sunday), the second the full name of the day corresponding to the second day of the week (default Monday), and so on.
2906	week	Shall be used to define the number of days in a week, and which

2907		weekday is the first weekday (the first weekday has the value 1), and
2908		which week is to be considered the first in a year. The first operand
2909		is an integer specifying the number of days in the week. The second
2910		operand is an integer specifying the Gregorian date in the format
2911		YYYYMMDD with a leading <hyphen-minus> if before Christ. The
2912		third operand is an integer specifying the weekday number to be
2913		contained in the first week of the year. If the keyword is not
2914		specified the values are taken as 7, 19971130 (a Sunday), and 7
2915		(Saturday), respectively. ISO 8601 conforming applications should
2916		use the values 7, 19971201 (a Monday), and 4 (Thursday),
2917		respectively. This keyword is optional.
2918	abmon	Define the abbreviated month names, to be referenced by the %b
2919		field descriptor. The operand shall consist of twelve or thirteen
2920		semicolon-separated strings. The first string shall be the abbreviated
2921		name of the first month of the year (January), the second the
2922		abbreviated name of the second month, and so on.
2923	mon	Define the full month names, to be referenced by the %B field
2924		descriptor. The operand shall consist of twelve or thirteen semicolon-
2925		separated strings. The first string shall be the full name of the first
2926		month of the year (January), the second the full name of the second
2927		month, and so on.
2928	d_t_fmt	Define the appropriate date and time representation, to be referenced
2929		by the %c field descriptor. The operand shall consist of a string, and
2930		can contain any combination of characters and field descriptors. In
2931		addition, the string can contain escape sequences defined in Table 3.
2932	d_fmt	Define the appropriate date representation, to be referenced by the
2933		%x field descriptor. The operand shall consist of a string, and can
2934		contain any combination of characters and field descriptors. In
2935		addition, the string can contain escape sequences defined in Table 3.
2936	t_fmt	Define the appropriate time representation, to be referenced by the
2937		%X field descriptor. The operand shall consist of a string, and can
2938		contain any combination of characters and field descriptors. In
2939		addition, the string can contain escape sequences defined in Table 3.
2940	am_pm	Define the appropriate representation of the ante meridiem and post
2941		meridiem strings, to be referenced by the %p field descriptor. The
2942		operand shall consist of two strings, separated by a semicolon. The
2943		first string shall represent the antemeridiem designation, the last
2944		string the postmeridiem designation. The keyword is optional. If
2945		unspecified, the %p field descriptor shall refer to the empty string.
2946	t_fmt_ampm	Define the appropriate time representation in the 12-hour clock
2947		format with "am_pm", to be referenced by the %r field descriptor.
2948		The operand shall consist of a string and can contain any
2949		combination of characters and field descriptors. If the string is empty,
2950		the 12-hour format is not supported in the FDCC-set.

2951 The following keywords are all optional

2953	era	Shall be used to define alternate Eras, corresponding to the %E field
2954		descriptor modifier. The format of the operand is unspecified, but
2955		shall support the definition of the %EC and %Ey field descriptors,
2956		and may also define the "era_year" format (%EY).

2958	era_year	Shall be used to define the format of the year in alternate Era format, corresponding to the %EY field descriptor.
2959		
2960	era_d_fmt	Shall be used to define the format of the date in alternate Era notation, corresponding to the %Ex field descriptor.
2961		
2962	alt_digits	Shall be used to define alternate symbols for digits, corresponding to the %O field descriptor modifier. The operand shall consist of semicolon-separated strings. The first string shall be the alternate symbol corresponding with zero, the second string the symbol corresponding with one, and so on. Up to 100 alternate symbol strings can be specified. The %O modifier indicates that the string corresponding to the value specified via the field descriptor shall be used instead of the value.
2963		
2964		
2965		
2966		
2967		
2968		
2969		
2970	first_weekday	Shall be used to define the first day to be displayed, for example in a calendar display utility. The operand is an integer specifying the day number (1 = first) according to the information specified with the "day" keyword. The keyword may be omitted, and then the value 1 is taken, corresponding to Sunday for a week beginning Sunday, or to Monday for a week beginning Monday.
2971		
2972		
2973		
2974		
2975		
2976	first_workday	Shall be used to define the first workday as an integer according to the day numbering specified with the "week" keyword.
2977		
2978	cal_direction	Shall be used to define the direction of the display of dates, for example in a calendar display utility. The operand is an integer, and the following values are defined:
2979		
2980		
2981		1 left-right from top
2982		2 top-down from left
2983		3 right-left from top
2984		The keyword may be omitted, and then the value 1 is taken.
2985	timezone	Shall be used to define a set of timezones, each defined by a string. In the following the characters <, >, [and] are used as metacharacters. Only characters with a visible glyph from the portable character set may be used, except in the <std> and <dst> fields. The syntax of the string is:
2986		
2987		
2988		
2989		
2990		
2991		<code><std><offset><dst>[<offset>][,<rule>[,<rule>...]]</code>
2992		
2993		where
2994		
2995		<code><std></code> and <code><dst></code> Indicates no less than three, nor more than 10 characters that are the designation for the standard <code><std></code> or summer <code><dst></code> time zone. only <code><std></code> is required; if <code><dst></code> is missing, then summer time does not apply in this category. Upper- and lowercase letters are explicitly allowed. Any characters except a leading colon <:> or digits, the comma <,>, the minus <->, the plus <+>, and the null character are permitted to appear in these fields, but their meaning is unspecified.
2996		
2997		
2998		
2999		
3000		
3001		
3002		
3003		
3004		
3005		
3006		
3007		
	<code><offset></code>	Indicates the value one must add to the local time to arrive at the Coordinated Universal

3008	Time. The <offset> has the form:
3009	
3010	hh[:mm[:ss]]
3011	
3012	The minutes (mm) and seconds (ss) are
3013	optional. The hour (hh) shall be required and
3014	may be a single digit. The <offset> following
3015	<std> shall be required. If no <offset> follows
3016	<dst>, summer time is assumed to be one hour
3017	ahead of standard time. One or more digits may
3018	be used; the value is always interpreted as a
3019	decimal number. The hour shall be between
3020	zero and 24, and the minutes (and seconds) - if
3021	present - shall be between zero and 59. If
3022	preceded by a "-", the time zone shall be east
3023	of the Prime Meridian; otherwise it shall be
3024	west of (which may be indicated by an optional
3025	preceding "+").
3026	<rule>
3027	Indicates when to change to and back from
3028	summer time. The <rule> has the form:
3029	<date>[/<time>/<year>],<date>[/<time>]
3030	where the first <date> describes when the
3031	change from standard time to summer time
3032	occurs, and the second <date> describes when
3033	the change back happens. Each <time> field
3034	describes when, in current local time, the
3035	change to the other time is made. The first
3036	<year> field defines the beginning of the
3037	validity of this rule, and the second <year>
3038	field defines the end of the validity of the rule.
3039	A number of rules may be given.
3040	
3041	The format of <date> shall be one of the
3042	following:
3043	
3044	J<n> The Julian day <n> (1 <= n
3045	<= 365) Leap years shall not
3046	be counted. That is, in all
3047	years - including leap years -
3048	February 28 is day 59 and
3049	March 1 is day 60. It is
3050	impossible to explicitly refer
3051	to the occasional February 29.
3052	<n> The zero-based Julian day (0
3053	<= n <= 365). Leap years
3054	shall be counted and it is
3055	possible to refer to February
3056	29.
3057	M<m>.<n>.<d>
3058	the <d>th day (0 <= d <= 7)

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 3108

of week <n> of month <m> (1
 $\leq n \leq 5$, 1 $\leq m \leq 12$,
 where week 5 means "the last
<d> day in month <m>"
 which may occur in either the
 fourth or fifth week). Week 1
 is the first week in which the
<d>th day occurs. Day zero
 and day seven is Sunday.

The <time> has the same format as <offset>
 except that no leading sign ("-" or "+") shall be
 allowed. The default, if <time> is not given,
 shall be "02:00:00".

The <year> has the format YYYY.

NOTE: This way of specifying the timezone is compatible with the
 format for the environment variable TZ described in Section 8.1.1 of
 POSIX.1.

4.7.1 Date Field Descriptors

The LC_TIME category defines the interpretation of a number of field descriptors. The
 field descriptors are also available in the definitions with the following LC_TIME
 keywords: "d_t_fmt", "d_fmt", "t_fmt", "t_fmt_ampm", "era", and "era_d_fmt". A field
 descriptor may not be used with the LC_TIME keywords defining it.

Table 3: Escape sequences for the date field

%a	FDCC-set's abbreviated weekday name.
%A	FDCC-set's full weekday name.
%b	FDCC-set's abbreviated month name.
%B	FDCC-set's full month name.
%c	FDCC-set's appropriate date and time representation.
%C	Century (a year divided by 100 and truncated to integer) as decimal number (00-99).
%d	Day of the month as a decimal number (01-31).
%D	Date in the format mm/dd/yy.
%e	Day of the month as a decimal number (1-31 in a two-digit field with leading <space> fill).
%F	is replaced by the date in the format YYYY-MM-DD (ISO 8601 format)
%h	A synonym for %b.
%H	Hour (24-hour clock) as a decimal number (00-23).
%I	Hour (12-hour clock) as a decimal number (01-12).
%j	Day of the year as a decimal number (001-366).
%m	Month as a decimal number (01-13).
%M	Minute as a decimal number (00-59).
%n	A <newline> character.
%p	FDCC-set's equivalent of either AM or PM.

3109	%r	12-hour clock time (01-12) using the AM/PM notation.
3110	%S	Seconds as a decimal number (00-61).
3111	%t	A <tab> character.
3112	%T	24-hour clock time in the format HH:MM:SS.
3113	%u	Weekday as a decimal number (1(Monday)-7).
3114	%U	Week number of the year (Sunday as the first day of the week) as a decimal number (00-53). All days in a new year preceding the first Sunday shall be considered to be in week 0.
3115		
3116		
3117	%v	Week number of the year as a decimal number with two digits including a possible leading zero, according to "week" keyword.
3118		
3119	%V	Week of the year (Monday as the first day of the week) as a decimal number (01-53). The method for determining the week number shall be as specified by ISO 8601.
3120		
3121		
3122	%w	Weekday as a decimal number (0(Sunday)-6).
3123	%W	Week number of the year (Monday as the first day of the week) as a decimal number (00-53).
3124		
3125	%x	FDCC-set's appropriate date representation.
3126	%X	FDCC-set's appropriate time representation.
3127	%y	Year (offset from %C) as a decimal number (00-99).
3128	%Y	Year with century as a decimal number.
3129	%Z	Time-zone name, or no characters if no time zone is determinable.
3130	%%	A <percent-sign> character.
3131		

4.7.2 Modified Field Descriptors

Some field descriptors can be modified by the E and O modifier characters to indicate a different format or specification as specified in the LC_TIME FDCC-set description. If the corresponding keyword (see "era", "era_year", "era_d_fmt", and "alt_digits") is not specified for the current FDCC-set, the unmodified field descriptor value shall be used.

3139	%Ec	FDCC-set's alternate date and time representation.
3140	%EC	The name of the base year (period) in the FDCC-set's alternate representation.
3141		
3142	%Ex	FDCC-set's alternate date representation.
3143	%Ey	Offset from %EC (year only) in the FDCC-set's alternate representation.
3144	%EY	Full alternate year representation.
3145	%Od	Day of month using the FDCC-set's alternate numeric symbols.
3146	%Oe	Day of month using the FDCC-set's alternate numeric symbols.
3147	%Of	Weekday as a decimal number according to alt_day (1 is first day).
3148	%OH	Hour (24-hour clock) using the FDCC-set's alternate numeric symbols.
3149	%OI	Hour (12-hour clock) using the FDCC-set's alternate numeric symbols.
3150	%Om	Month using the FDCC-set's alternate numeric symbols.
3151	%OM	Minutes using the FDCC-set's alternate numeric symbols.
3152	%OS	Seconds using the FDCC-set's alternate numeric symbols.
3153	%Ou	Weekday as a number in the alternate representation of the FDCC-set (Monday=1).
3154		
3155	%OU	Week number of the year (Sunday as the first day of the week) using the FDCC-set's alternate numeric symbols.
3156		
3157	%OV	Week number of the year (Monday as the first day of the week, ISO 8601 rules) using the alternate numeric symbols of the FDCC-set.
3158		
3159	%Ow	Weekday as number in the FDCC-set's alternate representation

3160 (Sunday=0).
3161 %OW Week number of the year (Monday as the first day of the week) using the
3162 FDCC-set's alternate numeric symbols.
3163 %Oy Year (offset from %C) in alternate representation.

4.7.3 "i18n" LC_TIME category

3167 The "i18n" LC_TIME category is (following ISO 8601):

```

3169 LC_TIME
3170 % This is the ISO/IEC 14652 "i18n" definition for
3171 % the LC_TIME category.
3172 %
3173 % Weekday and week numbering according to ISO 8601
3174 abday "<1>" ; "<2>" ; "<3>" ; "<4>" ; "<5>" ; "<6>" ; <7>" "
3175 day "<1>" ; "<2>" ; "<3>" ; "<4>" ; "<5>" ; "<6>" ; <7>" "
3176 week 7;19971201;4
3177 abmon "<0><1>" ; "<0><2>" ; "<0><3>" ; "<0><4>" ; "<0><5>" ; "<0><6>" ; /
3178 " " ; "<0><7>" ; "<0><8>" ; "<0><9>" ; "<1><0>" ; "<1><1>" ; "<1><2>" "
3179 mon "<0><1>" ; "<0><2>" ; "<0><3>" ; "<0><4>" ; "<0><5>" ; "<0><6>" ; /
3180 " " ; "<0><7>" ; "<0><8>" ; "<0><9>" ; "<1><0>" ; "<1><1>" ; "<1><2>" "
3181 am_pm " " "
3182 % Date formats following ISO 8601
3183 % Appropriate date and time representation (%c)
3184 % " "%F "%T"
3185 d_t_fmt "<%><F><SP><%><T>" "
3186 %
3187 % Appropriate date representation (%x) " "%F"
3188 d_fmt "<%><F>" "
3189 %
3190 % Appropriate time representation (%X) " "%T"
3191 t_fmt "<%><T>" "
3192 t_fmt_ampm " "
3193 %
3194 END LC_TIME

```

4.8 LC_MESSAGES

3199 The LC_MESSAGES category shall define the format and values for affirmative and
3200 negative responses. The operands shall be strings or extended regular expressions to
3201 specify which response strings that should be considered matches; see ISO/IEC 9945-
3202 2:1993 clause 2.8.4 for a definition of extended regular expressions. The following
3203 keywords shall be defined:

3205	copy	Specify the name of an existing FDCC-set to be used as the source for the definition of this category. If this keyword is specified, no other keyword shall be specified.
3206		
3207		
3208	yesexpr	The operand shall consist of an extended regular expression that describes the acceptable affirmative response to a question expecting an affirmative or negative response.
3209		
3210		
3211	noexpr	The operand shall consist of an extended regular expression that describes the acceptable negative response to a question expecting an affirmative or negative response.
3212		
3213		

The "i18n" LC_MESSAGES category is:

```
3216
3217     LC_MESSAGES
3218     % This is the ISO/IEC 14652 "i18n" definition for
3219     % the LC_MESSAGES category.
3220     %
3221     yesexpr "<U005B><+><1><U005D>"  
3222     noexpr   "<U005B><-><0><U005D>"
```

3223 END LC_MESSAGES
3224

3225 **4.9 LC_PAPER**

3227 The LC_PAPER category defines the default size of paper used for documents. The
3228 following keywords shall be defined:

3230 **copy** Specify the name of an existing FDCC-set to be used as the source for the
3231 definition of this category. If this keyword is specified, no other keyword
3232 shall be specified.

3233 **height** Shall be used to specify the vertical dimension of the paper. The operand
3234 is an integer and the value is the height measured in millimetres.

3235 **width** Shall be used to specify the horizontal dimension of the paper. The
3236 operand is an integer and the value is the width measured in millimetres.

3238 NOTE: If the height is greater than the width, it is called to be in portrait
3239 position, else it is called to be in landscape position.

3241 The "i18n" LC_PAPER category is:

3243 LC_PAPER
3244 % This is the ISO/IEC 14652 "i18n" definition for
3245 % the LC_PAPER category.
3246 %
3247 height 297
3248 width 210
3249 END LC_PAPER

3251 **4.10 LC_NAME**

3253 The LC_NAME category defines formats to be used in addressing a person, e.g. in a
3254 postal address or in a letter. The following keywords shall be defined:

3256 **copy** Specify the name of an existing FDCC-set to be used as the source for the
3257 definition of this category. If this keyword is specified, no other keyword
3258 shall be specified.

3259 **name_fmt** Define the appropriate representation of a person's name and title. The
3260 operand shall consist of a string, and can contain any combination of
3261 characters and field descriptors. In addition, the string can contain escape
3262 sequences defined below.

3263 **name_gen** The operand is a string defining a salutation valid for all persons,
3264 example: the Japanese "-sama" salutation in a letter.

3265 **name_miss** The operand is a string defining a salutation valid for unmarried females.

3266 **name_mr** The operand is a string defining a salutation valid for males.

3267 **name_mrs** The operand is a string defining a salutation valid for married females.

3268 **name_ms** The operand is a string defining a salutation valid for all females.

3270 NOTE: There are a number of variations for addressing a person among the cultures.
3271 Middle names are not used in many countries and even the family name is not used in
3272 some countries. The specification below should be regarded as a starting point for this
3273 problem.

3275 The LC_NAME category defines the interpretation of a number of escape sequences. The
3276 escape sequences are also available in the definitions with the following LC_NAME

3277 keywords: "name_fmt".
 3278
 3279 Escape sequences for the "name_fmt" keyword:
 3280
 3281 %f Family names.
 3282 %F Family names in uppercase.
 3283 %g First given name.
 3284 %G First given initial.
 3285 %l First given name with latin letters.
 3286 %o Other shorter name, eg. "Bill".
 3287 %m Middle names.
 3288 %M Middle initial.
 3289 %p Profession.
 3290 %s Salutation, such as "Doctor"
 3291 %S Abbreviated salutation, such as "Mr." or "Dr."
 3292 %d Salutation, using the FDCC-sets conventions, with 1 for the name_gen, 2
 3293 for name_mr, 3 for name_mrs, 4 for name_miss, 5 for name_ms. The
 3294 vaule may be stored in the database with the person information.
 3295 %t If the preceding escape sequence resulted in an empty string, then the
 3296 empty string, else a <space>. 3297

3298 Each escape sequence may have an <R> after the <%> to specify that the information is
 3299 taken from a Romanized version string of the entity.
 3300

3301 The "i18n" LC_NAME category is:
 3302
 3303 LC_NAME
 3304 % This is the ISO/IEC 14652 "i18n" definition for
 3305 % the LC_NAME category.
 3306 %
 3307 name_fmt "<%><p><%><t><%><g><%><t><%><m><%><t><%><f>"
 3308 END LC_NAME
 3309

4.11 LC_ADDRESS

3312 The LC_ADDRESS category defines formats to be used in specifying a location like a
 3313 person's living or office, for use in a postal address or in a letter, and other items related
 3314 to geography. All keywords are optional. The following keywords shall be recognized:
 3315

3316 **copy** Specify the name of an existing FDCC-set to be used as the source
 3317 for the definition of this category. If this keyword is specified, no
 3318 other keyword shall be specified.
 3319 **postal_fmt** Define the appropriate representation of a postal address such as
 3320 street and city. The proper formatting of a person's name and title is
 3321 done with the "name_fmt" keyword of the LC_NAME category. The
 3322 operand shall consist of a string, and can contain any combination of
 3323 characters and field descriptors. In addition, the string can contain
 3324 escape sequences defined below.
 3325 **country_name** The operand is a string with the name of the country in the language
 3326 of the FDCC-set.
 3327 **country_post** The operand is a string with the abbreviation of the country, used for
 3328 postal addresses, for example by CEPT-MAILCODE.
 3329 **country_ab2** The operand is a string with the two-letter abbreviation of the

3330		country, according to ISO 3166.
3331	country_ab3	The operand is a string with the three-letter abbreviation of the country, according to ISO 3166.
3332		
3333	country_num	The operand is an integer with the three-digit number of the country, according to ISO 3166.
3334		
3335	country_car	The operand is a string with the abbreviation of the country, used for motor vehicles and traffic, according to the Genève convention 1949:68.
3336		
3337		
3338	country_isbn	The operand is a string with the abbreviation of the country, used for book numbering (ISBN), according to ISO 2108. ISBN numbers are allocated according to country.
3339		
3340		
3341	lang_name	The operand is a string with the name of the language in the language of the FDCC-set.
3342		
3343	lang_ab	The operand is a string with the two-letter abbreviation of the language, according to ISO 639.
3344		
3345	lang_term	The operand is a string with the three-letter abbreviation of the language for terminology use, according to ISO 639-2.
3346		
3347	lang_lib	The operand is a string with the three-letter abbreviation of the language for library use, according to ISO 639-2. If not specified, the value of the "lang_term" keyword is taken.
3348		
3349		
3350		

3351 The LC_ADDRESS category defines the interpretation of a number of escape sequences.
 3352 The escape sequences are also available in the definitions with the following
 3353 LC_ADDRESS keywords: "postal_fmt".

3354

3355 Escape sequences for the "postal_fmt" keyword:

3356

3357	%a	C/O address.
3358	%f	Firm name.
3359	%d	department name.
3360	%b	Building name.
3361	%s	street or block (eg. Japanese) name.
3362	%h	house number or designation.
3363	%N	if any graphical characters have been specified then an end of line is made.
3364		
3365	%t	if the preceding escape sequence resulted in an empty string, then the empty string, else a <space>.
3366		
3367	%r	room number, door designation.
3368	%e	floor number.
3369	%C	country designation, from the <country_post> keyword.
3370	%z	zip number, postal code.
3371	%T	town, city.
3372	%S	state, province, or prefecture.
3373	%c	country.
3374		

3375 Each escape sequence may have an <R> after the <%> to specify that the information is
 3376 taken from a Romanized version string of the entity.

3377

3378 NOTE: There are a number of variations for specifying a location among the cultures.
 3379 Some of the information, like the middle names, or even the family name, is not used
 3380 in some cultures. The specification here should be regarded as a start point for this

3381 problem.

3382

3383 The "i18n" LC_ADDRESS category is:

3384

```
3385 LC_ADDRESS
3386 % This is the ISO/IEC 14652 "i18n" definition for
3387 % the LC_ADDRESS category.
3388 %
3389 postal_fmt    "<%><a><%><N><%><f><%><N><%><d><%><N><%><b><%><N> /
3390 <%><s><SP><%><h><SP><%><e><SP><%><r><%><N> /
3391 <%><C><-><%><z><SP><%><T><%><N><%><c><%><N> "
3392 END LC_ADDRESS
3393
3394
```

3395 4.12 LC_TELEPHONE

3396

3397 The LC_TELEPHONE category defines formats to be used with telephone services. All
3398 keywords are optional. The following keywords shall be defined:

3399

3400 **copy** Specify the name of an existing FDCC-set to be used as the source
3401 for the definition of this category. If this keyword is specified, no
3402 other keyword shall be specified.

3403

3404 **tel_int_fmt** Define the appropriate representation of a telephone number for
3405 international use. The operand shall consist of a string, and can
3406 contain any combination of characters and field descriptors. In
3407 addition, the string can contain escape sequences defined below.

3408

3409 **tel_dom_fmt** Define the appropriate representation of a telephone number for
3410 domestic use. The operand shall consist of a string, and can contain
3411 any combination of characters and field descriptors. In addition, the
3412 string can contain escape sequences defined below.

3413

3414 **int_select** The operand is a string with the digits used to call international
3415 telephone numbers.

3416

3417 The LC_TELEPHONE category defines the interpretation of a number of escape
3418 sequences. The escape sequences are also available in the definitions with the following
3419 LC_TELEPHONE keywords: "tel_int_fmt" and "tel_dom_fmt".

3420

3421 %a	area code without prefix (prefix is often <0>).
3422 %A	area code including prefix (prefix is often <0>).
3423 %l	local number.
3424 %c	country code
3425 %C	alternative carrier service code used for dialling abroad

3426

3427 The "i18n" LC_TELEPHONE category is:

3428

```
3429 LC_TELEPHONE
3430 % This is the ISO/IEC 14652 "i18n" definition for
3431 % the LC_TELEPHONE category.
3432 %
3433 tel_int_fmt    "<+><%><c><SP><%><a><SP><%><l>"
3434 END LC_TELEPHONE
3435
```

3436

3437 5. CHARMAP

A character set description may exist for each coded character set supported by an application. This text is referred elsewhere in this Technical Report as a charmap.

A conforming charmap to be used with a FDCC-set shall support the portable character set specified in Table 1.

Conforming charmaps shall specify certain character and character set attributes, as defined in 5.1.

5.1 Character Set Description Text

The character set description text (charmap) describes the mapping between symbolic character names and actual encoding of a coded character set. It is used to bind the symbolic character names in a FDCC-set to an actual encoding, so an application can process data in this encoding.

The following declarations can precede the character definitions. Each shall consist of the symbol shown in the following list, starting in column 1, including the surrounding brackets, followed by one or more "blank"s, followed by the value to be assigned to the symbol. If any of the declarations are included, they shall be specified in the order shown in the following list:

<code_set_name> The name of the coded character set for which the character set description text is defined. The characters of the name shall be taken from the set of characters with visible glyphs defined in Table 1.

<mb_cur_max> The maximum number of bytes in a multibyte character. This shall default to 1.

<mb_cur_min> An unsigned positive integer value that shall define the minimum number of bytes in a character for the encoded character set. The value shall be less or equal to "mb_cur_max". If not specified, the minimum number shall be equal to "mb_cur_max".

<escape_char> The escape character used to indicate that the characters following shall be interpreted in a special way, as defined later in this subclause. This shall default to backslash (\). The character slash (/) is used in all the following text and examples, unless otherwise noted.

<comment_char> The character that when placed in column 1 of a charmap line, is used to indicate that the line shall be ignored. The default character shall be the number sign (#). The character percent-sign (%) is used in all the following text and examples, unless otherwise noted.

<repertoiremap> The name of the repertoiremap used to define the symbolic character names in the charmap. The characters of the name shall be taken from the set of characters with visible glyphs

3489 defined in Table 1.

3490
 3491 <escseq> defines the escape sequences for ISO 2022 shifting for the coded
 3492 character set defined by the charmap. The semicolon-separated
 3493 operands are all strings with characters taken from the set of
 3494 characters with visible glyphs defined in table 1. The first
 3495 operand defines the g-set or c-set to be defined, and the
 3496 following values are defined: c0, c1, g0, g1, g2, g3. The second
 3497 operand defines what range of characters in the charmap is
 3498 affected, and the values defined are: c0, c1, g0, g1. The third
 3499 operand is the escape sequence that is defined.
 3500

3501 <addset> the name of the charmap to be added to the current coded character
 3502 set and to be selected by the escape sequences defined by
 3503 <escseq> of the added charmap.
 3504

3505 <include> include the encoding of another charmap in the current charmap.
 3506 The semicolon-separated operands are all strings with characters
 3507 taken from the set of characters with visible glyphs defined in
 3508 table 1. The first operand defines the g-set or c-set to be defined
 3509 in the current charmap, and the following values are defined: c0,
 3510 c1, g0, g1, g2, g3. The second operand defines a range of
 3511 characters in the referenced charmap, and the values defined are:
 3512 c0, c1, g0, g1. The third operand is the name of the charmap to
 3513 be included. The coded character sets are defined initially for the
 3514 encoding, and therefore do not need escape sequences for
 3515 identification. If two g0 sets are defined, the second is switched
 3516 to using the SHIFT OUT control character, while the first is
 3517 shifted to using the SHIFT IN control character.
 3518

3519 The character set mapping definitions shall be all the lines immediately following an
 3520 identifier line containing the string "CHARMAP" starting in column 1, and preceding a
 3521 trailer line containing the string "END CHARMAP" starting in column 1. Empty lines
 3522 and lines containing a <comment_char> in the first column shall be ignored. Each
 3523 noncomment line of the character set mapping definition (i.e., between the "CHARMAP"
 3524 and "END CHARMAP" lines of the text) shall be in one of the following syntaxes.
 3525
 3526

3527 "%s %s %s\n", <symbolic-name>,<encoding>,<comments>

3528 "%s...%s %s %s\n", <symbolic-name>,<symbolic-name>,<encoding>,<comments>

3531 "%s....%s %s %s\n", <symbolic-name>,<symbolic-name>,<encoding>,<comments>

3533 "%s..%s %s %s\n", <symbolic-name>,<symbolic-name>,<encoding>,<comments>

3535 In the first syntax, the line of the character set mapping definition shall start with the
 3536 symbolic name, immediately preceded by a <less-than> character and immediately
 3537 followed by a <greater-than> character. Symbolic names shall only contain characters
 3538 from the set shown with a visible glyph in Table 1.

3539 The same symbolic name may occur several times, with different values. The first value is
3540 the one used when generating an encoding, while the other values are accepted in
3541 decoding. Symbolic names may be included to identify values that can overlap with each
3542 other or with the values of the symbolic names shown in Table 1. It is possible to specify
3543 symbolic names for which no encoding exists in the encoded character set, by not
3544 specifying a value.

3545
3546 In the second and third syntax (symbolic decimal ellipsis), the line in the character set
3547 mapping defines a range of one or more symbolic names. The difference between the
3548 second and the third syntax is the number of dots in the ellipsis: the second has 3 dots, the
3549 third has 4 dots. In these forms the symbolic names shall consist of zero or more
3550 nonnumeric characters from the set shown with visible glyphs in Table 1, followed by an
3551 integer formed by one or more decimal digits. The characters preceding the integer shall
3552 be identical in the two symbolic names, and the integer formed by the digits in the second
3553 symbolic name shall be identical to or greater than the integer formed by the digits in the
3554 first name. This shall be interpreted as a series of symbolic names formed from the
3555 common part and each of the integers in decimal format between the first and the second
3556 integer, inclusive, and with a length of the symbolic names generated that is equal to the
3557 length of the first (and also the second) symbolic name. As an example,
3558 <j0101>....<j0104> is interpreted as the symbolic names <j0101>, <j0102>, <j0103>, and
3559 <j0104>, in that order.

3560
3561 Note: The rationale to allow both a 3-dot and a 4-dot symbol for symbolic decimal
3562 ellipses is that in the POSIX standard the decimal symbolic ellipses was defined by a 3-
3563 dot symbol for charmaps, while the 3-dot symbol was an absolute ellipses for POSIX
3564 locales, and this International standard specifies a 4-dot symbol for the decimal
3565 symbolic ellipses. The 3-dot symbolic decimal ellipses in charmaps is deprecated.
3566

3567 In the fourth syntax (symbolic hexadecimal ellipsis, with two dots), the line in the
3568 character set mapping defines a range of one or more symbolic names. In this form the
3569 symbolic names shall consist of zero or more nonnumeric characters from the set shown
3570 with visible glyphs in Table 1, followed by an integer formed by one or more hexadecimal
3571 digits, using uppercase letters only for the range "A" to "F". The characters preceding the
3572 hexadecimal integer shall be identical in the two symbolic names, and the integer formed
3573 by the hexadecimal digits in the second symbolic name shall be identical to or greater than
3574 the integer formed by the hexadecimal digits in the first name. This shall be interpreted as
3575 a series of symbolic names formed from the common part and each of the integers in
3576 hexadecimal format using uppercase letters only between the first and the second integer,
3577 inclusive, and with a length of the symbolic names generated that is equal to the length of
3578 the first (and also the second) symbolic name. As an example, <U010E>..<U0111> is
3579 interpreted as the symbolic names <U010E>, <U010F>, <U0110>, and <U0111>, in that
3580 order.

3581
3582 The encoding part shall be expressed as one (for single-byte values) or more concatenated
3583 decimal, octal or hexadecimal constants. Decimal constants shall be represented by two or
3584 three decimal digits, preceded by the escape character and the lowercase letter "d"; for
3585 example /d05, /d97, or /d143. Hexadecimal constants shall be represented by two
3586 hexadecimal digits, preceded by the escape character and the lowercase letter "x"; for
3587 example /x05, /x61, or /x8f. Octal constants shall be represented by two or three octal
3588 digits, preceded by the escape character; for example /05, /141, or /217. In a charmap,
3589 each constant should represent an 8 bit byte for portability reasons. Applications

supporting other byte sizes may allow constants to represent values larger than those that can be represented in 8 bit bytes, and to allow additional digits in constants. When constants are concatenated for multibyte character values, they may be of different types, and interpreted in byte order from the first to the last with the least significant byte of the multibyte character specified by the last byte. The manner in which these constants are represented in the character stored in the system is application defined. Omitting bytes from a multibyte character produces undefined results.

In lines defining ranges of symbolic names, the encoded value is the value for the first symbolic name in the range (the symbolic name preceding the ellipsis). Subsequent symbolic names defined by the range shall have encoding values in increasing order. For example the line

```
<j0101>....<j0104> /d129/d254
```

shall be interpreted as

```
<j0101> /d129/d254
<j0102> /d129/d255
<j0103> /d130/d000
<j0104> /d130/d001
```

The comments parameter is optional.

Example of using ISO 2022 techniques:

The following example defines two coded character sets, a 7-bit and a 14-bit. They are then merged into one encoding. It is an example on how encodings used in Eastern Asia could be specified.

The 7-bit charmap

```
<escape_char> /
<comment_char> %
% The 7bit charmap defines both control and graphic characters
<code_set_name> "eastern7bit"
<escseq> "c0";"c0" "/x21/x40"
<escseq> "g0";"g0" "/x28/x48"
<escseq> "g1";"g0" "/x29/x48"
<escseq> "g2";"g0" "/xA/x48"
<escseq> "g3";"g0" "/xB/x48"
```

CHARMAP

```
<tab> /x08
<newline> /x0D
<a> /x61
```

% more character encodings to be defined here

END CHARMAP

The 14-bit charmap

```
<escape_char> /
<comment_char> %
<code_set_name> "eastern14bit"
<mb_cur_max> 2
```

```

3646      <esqseq>      "g0";"g0";"/x24/x40"
3647      <esqseq>      "g1";"g0";"/x24/x29/x40"
3648      <esqseq>      "g2";"g0";"/x24/x2A/x40"
3649      <esqseq>      "g3";"g0";"/x24/x2B/x40"
3650      CHARMAP
3651      <U0365>      /d036/d055 % the character codes are only examples
3652      <U0744>      /d036/d056
3653      % more character encodings to be defined here
3654      END CHARMAP
3655
3656
3657 The merged encoding
3658
```

```

3659      <escape_char> /
3660      <comment_char> %
3661      <code_set_name>  "shift-eastern"
3662      <mb_cur_max>    2
3663      <mb_cur_min>    1
3664      <include>       "c0";"c0";"eastern7bit"
3665      <include>       "g0";"g0";"eastern7bit"
3666      <include>       "g1";"g0";"eastern14bit"
3667      % This defines the g0 values of "eastern14bit" (without the 8th
3668      % bit set) to be the g1 in this encoding (with the 8th bit set).
3669      %
3670      % So the bytes without the 8th bit set is from the "shift7bit"
3671      % coded character set, while bytes with the 8th bit set are from
3672      % the 14-bit set.
3673
```

3674 Another merged encoding using the same charmaps:

```

3675
3676      <escape_char> /
3677      <comment_char> %
3678      <code_set_name>  "EUC-eastern"
3679      <mb_cur_max>    2
3680      <mb_cur_min>    1
3681      <include>       "c0";"c0";"eastern7bit"
3682      <include>       "g0";"g0";"eastern7bit"
3683      <include>       "g0";"g0";"eastern14bit"
3684      % As there are two "g0" sets defined, the first referenced is the
3685      % initial g0 set, while the second can be shifted to via the SHIFT OUT
3686      % control character. The first can then be shifted to by the SHIFT IN
3687      % control character.
3688
3689
```

6 REPERTOIREMAP

3690 FDCC-set and Charmap sources may be specified in a coded character set independent
 3691 way, using symbolic character names. The relation between the symbolic character names
 3692 and characters may be specified via a Repertoiremap, which defines the repertoire of
 3693 characters defined for a FDCC-set, and the symbolic character names and corresponding
 3694 abstract character (by a reference to ISO/IEC 10646).

3695 The repertoire mapping is defined by specifying the symbolic character name and the
 3696 ISO/IEC 10646 code position in hexadecimal form (with a preceding 'U') and optionally
 3697 the long ISO/IEC 10646 character name in the following syntax:

```

3701
3702      "%s %s %s\n",<symbolic-name>,<10646-short-identifier>,<comments>
3703
```

3704 The symbolic character name and the ISO/IEC 10646 short identifier are each surrounded
 3705 by angle brackets <>, and the fields shall be separated by one or more spaces or tabs on a
 3706 line. If a right angle bracket or an escape character is used within a symbolic name, it
 3707 shall be preceded by the escape character. Characters not in ISO/IEC 10646 may be
 3708 referenced by the symbolic character names <P00000000>..<PF8FFFFFFF>.

3709
 3710 The escape character can be redefined from the default reverse solidus () with the first
 3711 line of the Repertoiremap containing the string "escape_char" followed by one or more
 3712 spaces or tabs and then the escape character.

3713
 3714 Several symbolic character names can refer to the same abstract character, and are then
 3715 used as synonyms in FDCC-sets and charmaps. The set of <U0000>..<UFFFF> and
 3716 <U00000000>..<U7FFFFFFF> symbolic names (no lowercase letters) are predefined and
 3717 refers to the corresponding code points of ISO/IEC 10646 with the same short identifier.

3718
 3719 The "i18nrep" repertoiremap is defined to accommodate prior art, such as defined in the
 3720 ISO/IEC 9945-2:1993 standard annex G, and used by ISO and IEC member bodies in their
 3721 national POSIX locale specifications, and as used in POSIX locales distributed by the
 3722 ISO/IEC POSIX working group and X/Open. Many POSIX charmaps registered with
 3723 ISO/IEC 15897 use these symbolic names. It also reflects use on the Internet, and many of
 3724 the Internet registered charsets are specified using these symbolic names. The "i18nrep"
 3725 repertoiremap thus facilitates reuse of both POSIX locale data and POSIX charmaps with
 3726 data from this Technical Report. The contents of the "i18nrep" repertoiremap is as follows:

```
3727
3728 escape_char /
3729 <NUL>           <U0000>  NULL (NUL)
3730 <SOH>           <U0001>  START OF HEADING (SOH)
3731 <STX>           <U0002>  START OF TEXT (STX)
3732 <ETX>           <U0003>  END OF TEXT (ETX)
3733 <EOT>           <U0004>  END OF TRANSMISSION (EOT)
3734 <ENQ>           <U0005>  ENQUIRY (ENQ)
3735 <ACK>           <U0006>  ACKNOWLEDGE (ACK)
3736 <alert>          <U0007>  BELL (BEL)
3737 <BEL>           <U0007>  BELL (BEL)
3738 <backspace>     <U0008>  BACKSPACE (BS)
3739 <tab>            <U0009>  CHARACTER TABULATION (HT)
3740 <newline>        <U000A>  LINE FEED (LF)
3741 <vertical-tab>   <U000B>  LINE TABULATION (VT)
3742 <form-feed>      <U000C>  FORM FEED (FF)
3743 <carriage-return> <U000D>  CARRIAGE RETURN (CR)
3744 <DLE>            <U0010>  DATALINK ESCAPE (DLE)
3745 <DC1>            <U0011>  DEVICE CONTROL ONE (DC1)
3746 <DC2>            <U0012>  DEVICE CONTROL TWO (DC2)
3747 <DC3>            <U0013>  DEVICE CONTROL THREE (DC3)
3748 <DC4>            <U0014>  DEVICE CONTROL FOUR (DC4)
3749 <NAK>            <U0015>  NEGATIVE ACKNOWLEDGE (NAK)
3750 <SYN>            <U0016>  SYNCHRONOUS IDLE (SYN)
3751 <ETB>            <U0017>  END OF TRANSMISSION BLOCK (ETB)
3752 <CAN>            <U0018>  CANCEL (CAN)
3753 <SUB>            <U001A>  SUBSTITUTE (SUB)
3754 <ESC>            <U001B>  ESCAPE (ESC)
3755 <IS4>            <U001C>  FILE SEPARATOR (IS4)
3756 <IS3>            <U001D>  GROUP SEPARATOR (IS3)
3757 <intro>          <U001D>  GROUP SEPARATOR (IS3)
3758 <IS2>            <U001E>  RECORD SEPARATOR (IS2)
3759 <IS1>            <U001F>  UNIT SEPARATOR (IS1)
3760 <DEL>            <U007F>  DELETE (DEL)
3761 <space>          <U0020>  SPACE
3762 <exclamation-mark> <U0021>  EXCLAMATION MARK
3763 <quotation-mark>  <U0022>  QUOTATION MARK
3764 <number-sign>    <U0023>  NUMBER SIGN
3765 <dollar-sign>    <U0024>  DOLLAR SIGN
3766 <percent-sign>   <U0025>  PERCENT SIGN
3767 <ampersand>     <U0026>  AMPERSAND
3768 <apostrophe>    <U0027>  APOSTROPHE
3769 <left-parenthesis> <U0028>  LEFT PARENTHESIS
3770 <right-parenthesis> <U0029>  RIGHT PARENTHESIS
3771 <asterisk>       <U002A>  ASTERISK
3772 <plus-sign>      <U002B>  PLUS SIGN
3773 <comma>          <U002C>  COMMA
3774 <hyphen>         <U002D>  HYPHEN-MINUS
3775 <hyphen-minus>   <U002D>  HYPHEN-MINUS
```

3776	<period>	<U002E> FULL STOP
3777	<full-stop>	<U002E> FULL STOP
3778	<slash>	<U002F> SOLIDUS
3779	<solidus>	<U002F> SOLIDUS
3780	<zero>	<U0030> DIGIT ZERO
3781	<one>	<U0031> DIGIT ONE
3782	<two>	<U0032> DIGIT TWO
3783	<three>	<U0033> DIGIT THREE
3784	<four>	<U0034> DIGIT FOUR
3785	<five>	<U0035> DIGIT FIVE
3786	<six>	<U0036> DIGIT SIX
3787	<seven>	<U0037> DIGIT SEVEN
3788	<eight>	<U0038> DIGIT EIGHT
3789	<nine>	<U0039> DIGIT NINE
3790	<colon>	<U003A> COLON
3791	<:semicolon>	<U003B> SEMICOLON
3792	<less-than-sign>	<U003C> LESS-THAN SIGN
3793	<equals-sign>	<U003D> EQUALS SIGN
3794	<greater-than-sign>	<U003E> GREATER-THAN SIGN
3795	<question-mark>	<U003F> QUESTION MARK
3796	<commercial-at>	<U0040> COMMERCIAL AT
3797	<left-square-bracket>	<U005B> LEFT SQUARE BRACKET
3798	<backslash>	<U005C> REVERSE SOLIDUS
3799	<reverse-solidus>	<U005C> REVERSE SOLIDUS
3800	<right-square-bracket>	<U005D> RIGHT SQUARE BRACKET
3801	<circumflex>	<U005E> CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT
3802	<circumflex-accent>	<U005E> CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT
3803	<underscore>	<U005F> LOW LINE
3804	<low-line>	<U005F> LOW LINE
3805	<grave-accent>	<U0060> GRAVE ACCENT
3806	<left-brace>	<U007B> LEFT CURLY BRACKET
3807	<left-curly-bracket>	<U007B> LEFT CURLY BRACKET
3808	<vertical-line>	<U007C> VERTICAL LINE
3809	<right-brace>	<U007D> RIGHT CURLY BRACKET
3810	<right-curly-bracket>	<U007D> RIGHT CURLY BRACKET
3811	<tildes>	<U007E> TILDE
3812		
3813	<a8>	<U0252> Weight indicating the position of the last a
3814	<b8>	<U0182> Weight indicating the position of the last b
3815	<c8>	<U0255> Weight indicating the position of the last c
3816	<d8>	<U018D> Weight indicating the position of the last d
3817	<e8>	<U0264> Weight indicating the position of the last e
3818	<f8>	<U0191> Weight indicating the position of the last f
3819	<g8>	<U01A2> Weight indicating the position of the last g
3820	<h8>	<U02BD> Weight indicating the position of the last h
3821	<i8>	<U0196> Weight indicating the position of the last i
3822	<j8>	<U0284> Weight indicating the position of the last j
3823	<k8>	<U029E> Weight indicating the position of the last k
3824	<l8>	<U028E> Weight indicating the position of the last l
3825	<m8>	<U0271> Weight indicating the position of the last m
3826	<n8>	<U014A> Weight indicating the position of the last n
3827	<o8>	<U0277> Weight indicating the position of the last o
3828	<p8>	<U0278> Weight indicating the position of the last p
3829	<q8>	<U0138> Weight indicating the position of the last q
3830	<r8>	<U02B6> Weight indicating the position of the last r
3831	<s8>	<U0286> Weight indicating the position of the last s
3832	<t8>	<U0287> Weight indicating the position of the last t
3833	<u8>	<U01B1> Weight indicating the position of the last u
3834	<v8>	<U028C> Weight indicating the position of the last v
3835	<w8>	<U028D> Weight indicating the position of the last w
3836	<x8>	<U216B> Weight indicating the position of the last x
3837	<y8>	<U01B3> Weight indicating the position of the last y
3838	<z8>	<U0293> Weight indicating the position of the last z
3839		
3840	<NU>	<U0000> NULL (NUL)
3841	<SH>	<U0001> START OF HEADING (SOH)
3842	<SX>	<U0002> START OF TEXT (STX)
3843	<EX>	<U0003> END OF TEXT (ETX)
3844	<ET>	<U0004> END OF TRANSMISSION (EOT)
3845	<EQ>	<U0005> ENQUIRY (ENQ)
3846	<AK>	<U0006> ACKNOWLEDGE (ACK)
3847	<BL>	<U0007> BELL (BEL)
3848	<BS>	<U0008> BACKSPACE (BS)
3849	<HT>	<U0009> CHARACTER TABULATION (HT)
3850	<LF>	<U000A> LINE FEED (LF)
3851	<VT>	<U000B> LINE TABULATION (VT)
3852	<FF>	<U000C> FORM FEED (FF)
3853	<CR>	<U000D> CARRIAGE RETURN (CR)
3854	<SO>	<U000E> SHIFT OUT (SO)
3855	<SI>	<U000F> SHIFT IN (SI)
3856	<DL>	<U0010> DATALINK ESCAPE (DLE)
3857	<D1>	<U0011> DEVICE CONTROL ONE (DC1)
3858	<D2>	<U0012> DEVICE CONTROL TWO (DC2)
3859	<D3>	<U0013> DEVICE CONTROL THREE (DC3)
3860	<D4>	<U0014> DEVICE CONTROL FOUR (DC4)
3861	<NK>	<U0015> NEGATIVE ACKNOWLEDGE (NAK)
3862	<SY>	<U0016> SYNCHRONOUS IDLE (SYN)
3863	<EB>	<U0017> END OF TRANSMISSION BLOCK (ETB)
3864	<CN>	<U0018> CANCEL (CAN)

3865		<U0019>	END OF MEDIUM (EM)
3866	<SB>	<U001A>	SUBSTITUTE (SUB)
3867	<EC>	<U001B>	ESCAPE (ESC)
3868	<FS>	<U001C>	FILE SEPARATOR (IS4)
3869	<GS>	<U001D>	GROUP SEPARATOR (IS3)
3870	<RS>	<U001E>	RECORD SEPARATOR (IS2)
3871	<US>	<U001F>	UNIT SEPARATOR (IS1)
3872	<DT>	<U007F>	DELETE (DEL)
3873	<PA>	<U0080>	PADDING CHARACTER (PAD)
3874	<HO>	<U0081>	HIGH OCTET PRESET (HOP)
3875	<BH>	<U0082>	BREAK PERMITTED HERE (BPH)
3876	<NH>	<U0083>	NO BREAK HERE (NBB)
3877	<IN>	<U0084>	INDEX (IND)
3878	<NL>	<U0085>	NEXT LINE (NEL)
3879	<SA>	<U0086>	START OF SELECTED AREA (SSA)
3880	<ES>	<U0087>	END OF SELECTED AREA (ESA)
3881	<HS>	<U0088>	CHARACTER TABULATION SET (HTS)
3882	<HJ>	<U0089>	CHARACTER TABULATION WITH JUSTIFICATION (HTJ)
3883	<VS>	<U008A>	LINE TABULATION SET (VTS)
3884	<PD>	<U008B>	PARTIAL LINE FORWARD (PLD)
3885	<PU>	<U008C>	PARTIAL LINE BACKWARD (PLU)
3886	<RI>	<U008D>	REVERSE LINE FEED (RI)
3887	<S2>	<U008E>	SINGLE-SHIFT TWO (SS2)
3888	<S3>	<U008F>	SINGLE-SHIFT THREE (SS3)
3889	<DC>	<U0090>	DEVICE CONTROL STRING (DCS)
3890	<P1>	<U0091>	PRIVATE USE ONE (PU1)
3891	<P2>	<U0092>	PRIVATE USE TWO (PU2)
3892	<TS>	<U0093>	SET TRANSMIT STATE (STS)
3893	<CC>	<U0094>	CANCEL CHARACTER (CCH)
3894	<MW>	<U0095>	MESSAGE WAITING (MW)
3895	<SG>	<U0096>	START OF GUARDED AREA (SPA)
3896	<EG>	<U0097>	END OF GUARDED AREA (EPA)
3897	<SS>	<U0098>	START OF STRING (SOS)
3898	<GC>	<U0099>	SINGLE GRAPHIC CHARACTER INTRODUCER (SGCI)
3899	<SC>	<U009A>	SINGLE CHARACTER INTRODUCER (SCI)
3900	<CI>	<U009B>	CONTROL SEQUENCE INTRODUCER (CSI)
3901	<ST>	<U009C>	STRING TERMINATOR (ST)
3902	<OC>	<U009D>	OPERATING SYSTEM COMMAND (OSC)
3903	<PM>	<U009E>	PRIVACY MESSAGE (PM)
3904	<AC>	<U009F>	APPLICATION PROGRAM COMMAND (APC)
3905	<SP>	<U0020>	SPACE
3906	<!>	<U0021>	EXCLAMATION MARK
3907	<">	<U0022>	QUOTATION MARK
3908	<Nb>	<U0023>	NUMBER SIGN
3909	<DO>	<U0024>	DOLLAR SIGN
3910	<%>	<U0025>	PERCENT SIGN
3911	<&>	<U0026>	AMPERSAND
3912	<'>	<U0027>	APOSTROPHE
3913	<(>	<U0028>	LEFT PARENTHESIS
3914	<)>	<U0029>	RIGHT PARENTHESIS
3915	<*>	<U002A>	ASTERISK
3916	<+>	<U002B>	PLUS SIGN
3917	<, >	<U002C>	COMMA
3918	<->	<U002D>	HYPHEN-MINUS
3919	<. >	<U002E>	FULL STOP
3920	<//>	<U002F>	SOLIDUS
3921	<0>	<U0030>	DIGIT ZERO
3922	<1>	<U0031>	DIGIT ONE
3923	<2>	<U0032>	DIGIT TWO
3924	<3>	<U0033>	DIGIT THREE
3925	<4>	<U0034>	DIGIT FOUR
3926	<5>	<U0035>	DIGIT FIVE
3927	<6>	<U0036>	DIGIT SIX
3928	<7>	<U0037>	DIGIT SEVEN
3929	<8>	<U0038>	DIGIT EIGHT
3930	<9>	<U0039>	DIGIT NINE
3931	<:>	<U003A>	COLON
3932	<;>	<U003B>	SEMICOLON
3933	<<>	<U003C>	LESS-THAN SIGN
3934	<=>	<U003D>	EQUALS SIGN
3935	</>>	<U003E>	GREATER-THAN SIGN
3936	<?>	<U003F>	QUESTION MARK
3937	<At>	<U0040>	COMMERCIAL AT
3938	<A>	<U0041>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A
3939		<U0042>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER B
3940	<C>	<U0043>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C
3941	<D>	<U0044>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D
3942	<E>	<U0045>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E
3943	<F>	<U0046>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER F
3944	<G>	<U0047>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G
3945	<H>	<U0048>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H
3946	<I>	<U0049>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I
3947	<J>	<U004A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J
3948	<K>	<U004B>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K
3949	<L>	<U004C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L
3950	<M>	<U004D>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER M
3951	<N>	<U004E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N
3952	<O>	<U004F>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O
3953	<P>	<U0050>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER P

3954	<Q>	<U0051>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Q
3955	<R>	<U0052>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R
3956	<S>	<U0053>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S
3957	<T>	<U0054>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T
3958	<U>	<U0055>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U
3959	<V>	<U0056>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER V
3960	<W>	<U0057>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W
3961	<X>	<U0058>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER X
3962	<Y>	<U0059>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y
3963	<Z>	<U005A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z
3964	<<(>	<U005B>	LEFT SQUARE BRACKET
3965	<///>	<U005C>	REVERSE SOLIDUS
3966	<)/>	<U005D>	RIGHT SQUARE BRACKET
3967	<'>/>	<U005E>	CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT
3968	<_>	<U005F>	LOW LINE
3969	<'>	<U0060>	GRAVE ACCENT
3970	<a>	<U0061>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A
3971		<U0062>	LATIN SMALL LETTER B
3972	<c>	<U0063>	LATIN SMALL LETTER C
3973	<d>	<U0064>	LATIN SMALL LETTER D
3974	<e>	<U0065>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E
3975	<f>	<U0066>	LATIN SMALL LETTER F
3976	<g>	<U0067>	LATIN SMALL LETTER G
3977	<h>	<U0068>	LATIN SMALL LETTER H
3978	<i>	<U0069>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I
3979	<j>	<U006A>	LATIN SMALL LETTER J
3980	<k>	<U006B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER K
3981	<l>	<U006C>	LATIN SMALL LETTER L
3982	<m>	<U006D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER M
3983	<n>	<U006E>	LATIN SMALL LETTER N
3984	<o>	<U006F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O
3985	<p>	<U0070>	LATIN SMALL LETTER P
3986	<q>	<U0071>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Q
3987	<r>	<U0072>	LATIN SMALL LETTER R
3988	<s>	<U0073>	LATIN SMALL LETTER S
3989	<t>	<U0074>	LATIN SMALL LETTER T
3990	<u>	<U0075>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U
3991	<v>	<U0076>	LATIN SMALL LETTER V
3992	<w>	<U0077>	LATIN SMALL LETTER W
3993	<x>	<U0078>	LATIN SMALL LETTER X
3994	<y>	<U0079>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y
3995	<z>	<U007A>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Z
3996	<(!>	<U007B>	LEFT CURLY BRACKET
3997	<!>	<U007C>	VERTICAL LINE
3998	<!>	<U007D>	RIGHT CURLY BRACKET
3999	<'?>	<U007E>	TILDE
4000	<NS>	<U00A0>	NO-BREAK SPACE
4001	<!I>	<U00A1>	INVERTED EXCLAMATION MARK
4002	<CT>	<U00A2>	CENT SIGN
4003	<Pd>	<U00A3>	POUND SIGN
4004	<Cu>	<U00A4>	CURRENCY SIGN
4005	<Ye>	<U00A5>	YEN SIGN
4006	<BB>	<U00A6>	BROKEN BAR
4007	<SE>	<U00A7>	SECTION SIGN
4008	<';:>	<U00A8>	DIAERESIS
4009	<Co>	<U00A9>	COPYRIGHT SIGN
4010	<-a>	<U00AA>	FEMININE ORDINAL INDICATOR
4011	<<>>	<U00AB>	LEFT-POINTING DOUBLE ANGLE QUOTATION MARK
4012	<NO>	<U00AC>	NOT SIGN
4013	<-->	<U00AD>	SOFT HYPHEN
4014	<Rg>	<U00AE>	REGISTERED SIGN
4015	<'m>	<U00AF>	MACRON
4016	<DG>	<U00B0>	DEGREE SIGN
4017	<+->	<U00B1>	PLUS-MINUS SIGN
4018	<2S>	<U00B2>	SUPERSCRIPT TWO
4019	<3S>	<U00B3>	SUPERSCRIPT THREE
4020	<'>	<U00B4>	ACUTE ACCENT
4021	<My>	<U00B5>	MICRO SIGN
4022	<PI>	<U00B6>	PILCROW SIGN
4023	<_M>	<U00B7>	MIDDLE DOT
4024	<'_>	<U00B8>	CEDILLA
4025	<1S>	<U00B9>	SUPERSCRIPT ONE
4026	<-o>	<U00BA>	MASCULINE ORDINAL INDICATOR
4027	</>/>	<U00BB>	RIGHT-POINTING DOUBLE ANGLE QUOTATION MARK
4028	<14>	<U00BC>	VULGAR FRACTION ONE QUARTER
4029	<12>	<U00BD>	VULGAR FRACTION ONE HALF
4030	<34>	<U00BE>	VULGAR FRACTION THREE QUARTERS
4031	<?I>	<U00BF>	INVERTED QUESTION MARK
4032	<A!>	<U00C0>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH GRAVE
4033	<A'>	<U00C1>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH ACUTE
4034	<A/>	<U00C2>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4035	<A?>	<U00C3>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH TILDE
4036	<A:>	<U00C4>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS
4037	<AA>	<U00C5>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE
4038	<AE>	<U00C6>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER AE (ash)
4039	<C,>	<U00C7>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA
4040	<E!>	<U00C8>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH GRAVE
4041	<E'>	<U00C9>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH ACUTE
4042	<E/>	<U00CA>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX

4043	<E:>	<U00CB>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS
4044	<I!>	<U00CC>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH GRAVE
4045	<I'>	<U00CD>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH ACUTE
4046	<I/>>	<U00CE>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4047	<I:>	<U00CF>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS
4048	<D->	<U00D0>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER ETH (Icelandic)
4049	<N?>	<U00D1>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH TILDE
4050	<O!>	<U00D2>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH GRAVE
4051	<O'>	<U00D3>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH ACUTE
4052	<O/>>	<U00D4>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4053	<O?>	<U00D5>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH TILDE
4054	<O:>	<U00D6>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS
4055	<*X>	<U00D7>	MULTIPLICATION SIGN
4056	<O//>	<U00D8>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH STROKE
4057	<U!>	<U00D9>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH GRAVE
4058	<U'>	<U00DA>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH ACUTE
4059	<U/>>	<U00DB>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4060	<U:>	<U00DC>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS
4061	<Y'>	<U00DD>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH ACUTE
4062	<TH>	<U00DE>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER THORN (Icelandic)
4063	<ss>	<U00DF>	LATIN SMALL LETTER SHARP S (German)
4064	<a!>	<U00E0>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH GRAVE
4065	<a'>	<U00E1>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH ACUTE
4066	<a/>>	<U00E2>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4067	<a?>	<U00E3>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH TILDE
4068	<a:>	<U00E4>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS
4069	<aa>	<U00E5>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE
4070	<ae>	<U00E6>	LATIN SMALL LETTER AE (ash)
4071	<c,>	<U00E7>	LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA
4072	<e!>	<U00E8>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH GRAVE
4073	<e'>	<U00E9>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH ACUTE
4074	<e/>>	<U00EA>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4075	<e:>	<U00EB>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS
4076	<i!>	<U00EC>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH GRAVE
4077	<i'>	<U00ED>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH ACUTE
4078	<i/>>	<U00EE>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4079	<i:>	<U00EF>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS
4080	<d->	<U00F0>	LATIN SMALL LETTER ETH (Icelandic)
4081	<n?>	<U00F1>	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH TILDE
4082	<o!>	<U00F2>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH GRAVE
4083	<o'>	<U00F3>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH ACUTE
4084	<o/>>	<U00F4>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4085	<o?>	<U00F5>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH TILDE
4086	<o:>	<U00F6>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS
4087	<-:>	<U00F7>	DIVISION SIGN
4088	<o//>	<U00F8>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE
4089	<u!>	<U00F9>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH GRAVE
4090	<u'>	<U00FA>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH ACUTE
4091	<u/>>	<U00FB>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4092	<u:>	<U00FC>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS
4093	<y'>	<U00FD>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH ACUTE
4094	<th>	<U00FE>	LATIN SMALL LETTER THORN (Icelandic)
4095	<y:>	<U00FF>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH DIAERESIS
4096	<A->	<U0100>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH MACRON
4097	<a->	<U0101>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH MACRON
4098	<A(>	<U0102>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH BREVE
4099	<a(>	<U0103>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH BREVE
4100	<A;*>	<U0104>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH OGONEK
4101	<a;>	<U0105>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH OGONEK
4102	<C'>	<U0106>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH ACUTE
4103	<c'>	<U0107>	LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH ACUTE
4104	<C/>>	<U0108>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4105	<c/>>	<U0109>	LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4106	<C.>	<U010A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH DOT ABOVE
4107	<c.>	<U010B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH DOT ABOVE
4108	<C<>	<U010C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH CARON
4109	<c<>	<U010D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH CARON
4110	<D<>	<U010E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D WITH CARON
4111	<d<>	<U010F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH CARON
4112	<D//>	<U0110>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D WITH STROKE
4113	<d//>	<U0111>	LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH STROKE
4114	<E->	<U0112>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH MACRON
4115	<e->	<U0113>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH MACRON
4116	<E(>	<U0114>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH BREVE
4117	<e(>	<U0115>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH BREVE
4118	<E,>	<U0116>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH DOT ABOVE
4119	<e,>	<U0117>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH DOT ABOVE
4120	<E;>	<U0118>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH OGONEK
4121	<e;*>	<U0119>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH OGONEK
4122	<E<>	<U011A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CARON
4123	<e<>	<U011B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CARON
4124	<G//>	<U011C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4125	<g//>	<U011D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER G WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4126	<G(>	<U011E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G WITH BREVE
4127	<g(>	<U011F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER G WITH BREVE
4128	<G,>	<U0120>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G WITH DOT ABOVE
4129	<g,>	<U0121>	LATIN SMALL LETTER G WITH DOT ABOVE
4130	<G,>	<U0122>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G WITH CEDILLA
4131	<g,>	<U0123>	LATIN SMALL LETTER G WITH CEDILLA

4132	<H/>	<U0124>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4133	<h/>	<U0125>	LATIN SMALL LETTER H WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4134	<H//>	<U0126>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H WITH STROKE
4135	<h//>	<U0127>	LATIN SMALL LETTER H WITH STROKE
4136	<i?>	<U0128>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH TILDE
4137	<i?>	<U0129>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH TILDE
4138	<I->	<U012A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH MACRON
4139	<i->	<U012B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH MACRON
4140	<I(>	<U012C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH BREVE
4141	<i(>	<U012D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH BREVE
4142	<I;>	<U012E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH OGONEK
4143	<i;>	<U012F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH OGONEK
4144	<I.>	<U0130>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH DOT ABOVE
4145	<i.>	<U0131>	LATIN SMALL LETTER DOTLESS I
4146	<IJ>	<U0132>	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE IJ
4147	<i;j>	<U0133>	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE IJ
4148	<J/>	<U0134>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4149	<j/>	<U0135>	LATIN SMALL LETTER J WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4150	<K,>	<U0136>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K WITH CEDILLA
4151	<k,>	<U0137>	LATIN SMALL LETTER K WITH CEDILLA
4152	<kk>	<U0138>	LATIN SMALL LETTER KRA (Greenlandic)
4153	<L'>	<U0139>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH ACUTE
4154	<l'>	<U013A>	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH ACUTE
4155	<L,>	<U013B>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH CEDILLA
4156	<l,>	<U013C>	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH CEDILLA
4157	<L<>	<U013D>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH CARON
4158	<l<>	<U013E>	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH CARON
4159	<L,>	<U013F>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH MIDDLE DOT
4160	<l,>	<U0140>	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH MIDDLE DOT
4161	<L//>	<U0141>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH STROKE
4162	<l//>	<U0142>	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH STROKE
4163	<N'>	<U0143>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH ACUTE
4164	<n'>	<U0144>	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH ACUTE
4165	<N,>	<U0145>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH CEDILLA
4166	<n,>	<U0146>	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH CEDILLA
4167	<N<>	<U0147>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH CARON
4168	<n<>	<U0148>	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH CARON
4169	<'n>	<U0149>	LATIN SMALL LETTER N PRECEDED BY APOSTROPHE
4170	<NG>	<U014A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER ENG (Sami)
4171	<ng>	<U014B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER ENG (Sami)
4172	<O->	<U014C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH MACRON
4173	<o-->	<U014D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH MACRON
4174	<O(>	<U014E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH BREVE
4175	<o(>	<U014F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH BREVE
4176	<O">	<U0150>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH DOUBLE ACUTE
4177	<o">	<U0151>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH DOUBLE ACUTE
4178	<OE>	<U0152>	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE OE
4179	<oe>	<U0153>	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE OE
4180	<R'>	<U0154>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH ACUTE
4181	<r'>	<U0155>	LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH ACUTE
4182	<R,>	<U0156>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH CEDILLA
4183	<r,>	<U0157>	LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH CEDILLA
4184	<R<>	<U0158>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH CARON
4185	<r<>	<U0159>	LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH CARON
4186	<S'>	<U015A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH ACUTE
4187	<s'>	<U015B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH ACUTE
4188	<S//>	<U015C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4189	<s//>	<U015D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4190	<S,>	<U015E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH CEDILLA
4191	<s,>	<U015F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH CEDILLA
4192	<S<>	<U0160>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH CARON
4193	<s<>	<U0161>	LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH CARON
4194	<T,>	<U0162>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T WITH CEDILLA
4195	<t,>	<U0163>	LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH CEDILLA
4196	<T<>	<U0164>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T WITH CARON
4197	<t<>	<U0165>	LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH CARON
4198	<T//>	<U0166>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T WITH STROKE
4199	<t//>	<U0167>	LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH STROKE
4200	<U?>	<U0168>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH TILDE
4201	<u?>	<U0169>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH TILDE
4202	<U->	<U016A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH MACRON
4203	<u->	<U016B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH MACRON
4204	<U(>	<U016C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH BREVE
4205	<u(>	<U016D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH BREVE
4206	<U0>	<U016E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH RING ABOVE
4207	<u0>	<U016F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH RING ABOVE
4208	<U">	<U0170>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DOUBLE ACUTE
4209	<u">	<U0171>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DOUBLE ACUTE
4210	<U;>	<U0172>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH OGONEK
4211	<u;>	<U0173>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH OGONEK
4212	<W//>	<U0174>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4213	<w//>	<U0175>	LATIN SMALL LETTER W WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4214	<Y//>	<U0176>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4215	<y//>	<U0177>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4216	<Y;>	<U0178>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH DIAERESIS
4217	<z'>	<U0179>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH ACUTE
4218	<z'>	<U017A>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH ACUTE
4219	<z.>	<U017B>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH DOT ABOVE
4220	<z.>	<U017C>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH DOT ABOVE

4221	<Z>	<U017D>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH CARON
4222	<z>	<U017E>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH CARON
4223	<s1>	<U017F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER LONG S
4224	<b //>	<U0180>	LATIN SMALL LETTER B WITH STROKE
4225	<B2>	<U0181>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER B WITH HOOK
4226	<C2>	<U0187>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH HOOK
4227	<c2>	<U0188>	LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH HOOK
4228	<F2>	<U0191>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER F WITH HOOK
4229	<f2>	<U0192>	LATIN SMALL LETTER F WITH HOOK
4230	<K2>	<U0198>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K WITH HOOK
4231	<k2>	<U0199>	LATIN SMALL LETTER K WITH HOOK
4232	<O9>	<U01A0>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH HORN
4233	<o9>	<U01A1>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH HORN
4234	<OI>	<U01A2>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER OI
4235	<oi>	<U01A3>	LATIN SMALL LETTER OI
4236	<yr>	<U01A6>	LATIN LETTER YR
4237	<U9>	<U01AF>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH HORN
4238	<u9>	<U01B0>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH HORN
4239	<Z //>	<U01B5>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH STROKE
4240	<z //>	<U01B6>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH STROKE
4241	<ED>	<U01B7>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER EZH
4242	<DZ >>	<U01C4>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER DZ WITH CARON
4243	<Dz >>	<U01C5>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D WITH SMALL LETTER Z WITH CARON
4244	<dz >>	<U01C6>	LATIN SMALL LETTER DZ WITH CARON
4245	<Lj3>	<U01C7>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER LJ
4246	<lj3>	<U01C8>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH SMALL LETTER J
4247	<lj3>	<U01C9>	LATIN SMALL LETTER LJ
4248	<NJ3>	<U01CA>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER NJ
4249	<Nj3>	<U01CB>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH SMALL LETTER J
4250	<nj3>	<U01CC>	LATIN SMALL LETTER NJ
4251	<A >>	<U01CD>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH CARON
4252	<a >>	<U01CE>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH CARON
4253	<I >>	<U01CF>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH CARON
4254	<i >>	<U01D0>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH CARON
4255	<O >>	<U01D1>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH CARON
4256	<o >>	<U01D2>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH CARON
4257	<U >>	<U01D3>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH CARON
4258	<u >>	<U01D4>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH CARON
4259	<U: ->	<U01D5>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS AND MACRON
4260	<u: ->	<U01D6>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS AND MACRON
4261	<U: ' >	<U01D7>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS AND ACUTE
4262	<u: ' >	<U01D8>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS AND ACUTE
4263	<U: <>	<U01D9>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS AND CARON
4264	<u: <>	<U01DA>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS AND CARON
4265	<U: !>	<U01DB>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS AND GRAVE
4266	<u: !>	<U01DC>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS AND GRAVE
4267	<e1>	<U01DD>	LATIN SMALL LETTER TURNED E
4268	<A1>	<U01DE>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS AND MACRON
4269	<a1>	<U01DF>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS AND MACRON
4270	<A7>	<U01E0>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH DOT ABOVE AND MACRON
4271	<a7>	<U01E1>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH DOT ABOVE AND MACRON
4272	<A3>	<U01E2>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER AE WITH MACRON (ash)
4273	<a3>	<U01E3>	LATIN SMALL LETTER AE WITH MACRON (ash)
4274	<G />	<U01E4>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G WITH STROKE
4275	<g />	<U01E5>	LATIN SMALL LETTER G WITH STROKE
4276	<G >>	<U01E6>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G WITH CARON
4277	<g >>	<U01E7>	LATIN SMALL LETTER G WITH CARON
4278	<K >>	<U01E8>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K WITH CARON
4279	<k >>	<U01E9>	LATIN SMALL LETTER K WITH CARON
4280	<O >>	<U01FA>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH OGONEK
4281	<o >>	<U01EB>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH OGONEK
4282	<O1>	<U01EC>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH OGONEK AND MACRON
4283	<o1>	<U01ED>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH OGONEK AND MACRON
4284	<EZ>	<U01EE>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER EZH WITH CARON
4285	<ez>	<U01EF>	LATIN SMALL LETTER EZH WITH CARON
4286	<j >>	<U01F0>	LATIN SMALL LETTER J WITH CARON
4287	<DZ3>	<U01F1>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER DZ
4288	<Dz3>	<U01F2>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D WITH SMALL LETTER Z
4289	<dz3>	<U01F3>	LATIN SMALL LETTER DZ
4290	<G ' >	<U01F4>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G WITH ACUTE
4291	<g ' >	<U01F5>	LATIN SMALL LETTER G WITH ACUTE
4292	<AA' >	<U01FA>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE AND ACUTE
4293	<aa' >	<U01FB>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE AND ACUTE
4294	<AE' >	<U01FC>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER AE WITH ACUTE (ash)
4295	<ae' >	<U01FD>	LATIN SMALL LETTER AE WITH ACUTE (ash)
4296	<O //>	<U01FE>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH STROKE AND ACUTE
4297	<O // />	<U01FF>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE AND ACUTE
4298	<A !! >	<U0200>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH DOUBLE GRAVE
4299	<a !! >	<U0201>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH DOUBLE GRAVE
4300	<A) >	<U0202>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH INVERTED BREVE
4301	<a) >	<U0203>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH INVERTED BREVE
4302	<E !! >	<U0204>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH DOUBLE GRAVE
4303	<e !! >	<U0205>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH DOUBLE GRAVE
4304	<E) >	<U0206>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH INVERTED BREVE
4305	<e) >	<U0207>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH INVERTED BREVE
4306	<I !! >	<U0208>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH DOUBLE GRAVE
4307	<i !! >	<U0209>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH DOUBLE GRAVE
4308	<I) >	<U020A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH INVERTED BREVE
4309	<i) >	<U020B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH INVERTED BREVE

4310	<O!!>	<U020C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH DOUBLE GRAVE
4311	<o!!>	<U020D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH DOUBLE GRAVE
4312	<O>	<U020E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH INVERTED BREVE
4313	<o>	<U020F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH INVERTED BREVE
4314	<R!!>	<U0210>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH DOUBLE GRAVE
4315	<r!!>	<U0211>	LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH DOUBLE GRAVE
4316	<R>	<U0212>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH INVERTED BREVE
4317	<r>	<U0213>	LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH INVERTED BREVE
4318	<U!!>	<U0214>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DOUBLE GRAVE
4319	<u!!>	<U0215>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DOUBLE GRAVE
4320	<U>	<U0216>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH INVERTED BREVE
4321	<u>	<U0217>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH INVERTED BREVE
4322	<r1>	<U027C>	LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH LONG LEG
4323	<ed>	<U0292>	LATIN SMALL LETTER EZH
4324	<;S>	<U02BB>	MODIFIER LETTER TURNED COMMA
4325	<1/>	<U02C6>	MODIFIER LETTER CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT
4326	<'>	<U02C7>	CARON (Mandarin Chinese third tone)
4327	<1->	<U02C9>	MODIFIER LETTER MACRON (Mandarin Chinese first tone)
4328	<1!>	<U02CB>	MODIFIER LETTER GRAVE ACCENT (Mandarin Chinese fourth tone)
4329	<'(>	<U02D8>	BREVE
4330	<'.>	<U02D9>	DOT ABOVE (Mandarin Chinese light tone)
4331	<'0>	<U02DA>	RING ABOVE
4332	<'1>	<U02DB>	OGONEK
4333	<1?>	<U02DC>	SMALL TILDE
4334	<''>	<U02DD>	DOUBLE ACUTE ACCENT
4335	<'G>	<U0374>	GREEK NUMERAL SIGN (Dexia keraia)
4336	<,G>	<U0375>	GREEK LOWER NUMERAL SIGN (Aristeri keraia)
4337	<j3>	<U037A>	GREEK YPOGEGRAMMENI
4338	<?%>	<U037E>	GREEK QUESTION MARK (Erotimatiiko)
4339	<'*>	<U0384>	GREEK TONOS
4340	<%>	<U0385>	GREEK DIALYTIKA TONOS
4341	<A%>	<U0386>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH TONOS
4342	<.*>	<U0387>	GREEK ANO TELEIA
4343	<E%>	<U0388>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER EPSILON WITH TONOS
4344	<Y%>	<U0389>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH TONOS
4345	<I%>	<U038A>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH TONOS
4346	<O%>	<U038C>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMICRON WITH TONOS
4347	<U%>	<U038E>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER UPSILON WITH TONOS
4348	<W%>	<U038F>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH TONOS
4349	<i3>	<U0390>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH DIALYTIKA AND TONOS
4350	<A*>	<U0391>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA
4351	<B*>	<U0392>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER BETA
4352	<G*>	<U0393>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER GAMMA
4353	<D*>	<U0394>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER DELTA
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4355	<Z*>	<U0396>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ZETA
4356	<Y*>	<U0397>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA
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4359	<K*>	<U039A>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER KAPPA
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4362	<N*>	<U039D>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER NU
4363	<C*>	<U039E>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER XI
4364	<O*>	<U039F>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMICRON
4365	<P*>	<U03A0>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER PI
4366	<R*>	<U03A1>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER RHO
4367	<S*>	<U03A3>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER SIGMA
4368	<T*>	<U03A4>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER TAU
4369	<U*>	<U03A5>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER UPSILON
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4371	<X*>	<U03A7>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER CHI
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4373	<W*>	<U03A9>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA
4374	<J*>	<U03AA>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH DIALYTIKA
4375	<V*>	<U03AB>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER UPSILON WITH DIALYTIKA
4376	<a%>	<U03AC>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH TONOS
4377	<e%>	<U03AD>	GREEK SMALL LETTER EPSILON WITH TONOS
4378	<y%>	<U03AE>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH TONOS
4379	<i%>	<U03AF>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH TONOS
4380	<u3>	<U03B0>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH DIALYTIKA AND TONOS
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4388	<h*>	<U03B8>	GREEK SMALL LETTER THETA
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4390	<k*>	<U03BA>	GREEK SMALL LETTER KAPPA
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4394	<c*>	<U03BE>	GREEK SMALL LETTER XI
4395	<o*>	<U03BF>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMICRON
4396	<p*>	<U03C0>	GREEK SMALL LETTER PI
4397	<r*>	<U03C1>	GREEK SMALL LETTER RHO
4398	<*s>	<U03C2>	GREEK SMALL LETTER FINAL SIGMA

4399	<s*>	<U03C3>	GREEK SMALL LETTER SIGMA
4400	<t*>	<U03C4>	GREEK SMALL LETTER TAU
4401	<u*>	<U03C5>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON
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4404	<q*>	<U03C8>	GREEK SMALL LETTER PSI
4405	<w*>	<U03C9>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA
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4409	<u%>	<U03CD>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH TONOS
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4418	<G%>	<U0403>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER GJE
4419	<IE>	<U0404>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER UKRAINIAN IE
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4423	<J%>	<U0408>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER JE
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4426	<Ts>	<U040B>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER TSHE (Serbocroatian)
4427	<KJ>	<U040C>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER KJE
4428	<V%>	<U040E>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER SHORT U (Byelorussian)
4429	<DZ>	<U040F>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER DZHE
4430	<A=>	<U0410>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER A
4431	<B=>	<U0411>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER BE
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4438	<I=>	<U0418>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER I
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4440	<K=>	<U041A>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER KA
4441	<L=>	<U041B>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER EL
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4443	<N=>	<U041D>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER EN
4444	<O=>	<U041E>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER O
4445	<P=>	<U041F>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER PE
4446	<R=>	<U0420>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER ER
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4456	<= ">	<U042A>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER HARD SIGN
4457	<Y=>	<U042B>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER YERU
4458	<% ">	<U042C>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER SOFT SIGN
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4462	<a=>	<U0430>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER A
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4472	<k=>	<U043A>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER KA
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4485	<c%>	<U0447>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER CHE
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4488	<=’>	<U044A>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER HARD SIGN
4489	<y=>	<U044B>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER YERU
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4494	<io>	<U0451>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER IO
4495	<d%’>	<U0452>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER DJE (Serbocroatian)
4496	<g%’>	<U0453>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER GJE
4497	<ie>	<U0454>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER UKRAINIAN IE
4498	<ds>	<U0455>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER DZE
4499	<i>	<U0456>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER BYELORUSSIAN-UKRAINIAN I
4500	<y>	<U0457>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER YI (Ukrainian)
4501	<j%’>	<U0458>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER JE
4502	<l>	<U0459>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER LJE
4503	<n>	<U045A>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER NJE
4504	<ts>	<U045B>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER TSHE (Serbocroatian)
4505	<k>	<U045C>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER KJE
4506	<v%’>	<U045E>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER SHORT U (Byelorussian)
4507	<dz>	<U045F>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER DZHE
4508	<Y>	<U0462>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER YAT
4509	<Y>	<U0463>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER YAT
4510	<O>	<U046A>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER BIG YUS
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4512	<F>	<U0472>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER FITA
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4516	<C>	<U0480>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER KOPPA
4517	<c>	<U0481>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER KOPPA
4518	<G>	<U0490>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER GHE WITH UPTURN
4519	<g>	<U0491>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER GHE WITH UPTURN
4520	<A>	<U05D0>	HEBREW LETTER ALEF
4521		<U05D1>	HEBREW LETTER BET
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4526	<Z>	<U05D6>	HEBREW LETTER ZAYIN
4527	<X>	<U05D7>	HEBREW LETTER HET
4528	<T>	<U05D8>	HEBREW LETTER TET
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4538	<E>	<U05E2>	HEBREW LETTER AYIN
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4541	<Z>	<U05E5>	HEBREW LETTER FINAL TSADI
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4544	<R>	<U05E8>	HEBREW LETTER RESH
4545	<Sh>	<U05E9>	HEBREW LETTER SHIN
4546	<T>	<U05EA>	HEBREW LETTER TAV
4547	<,>	<U060C>	ARABIC COMMA
4548	<;>	<U061B>	ARABIC SEMICOLON
4549	<?>	<U061F>	ARABIC QUESTION MARK
4550	<H’>	<U0621>	ARABIC LETTER HAMZA
4551	<aM>	<U0622>	ARABIC LETTER ALEF WITH MADDHA ABOVE
4552	<aH>	<U0623>	ARABIC LETTER ALEF WITH HAMZA ABOVE
4553	<wH>	<U0624>	ARABIC LETTER WAW WITH HAMZA ABOVE
4554	<ah>	<U0625>	ARABIC LETTER ALEF WITH HAMZA BELOW
4555	<yH>	<U0626>	ARABIC LETTER YEH WITH HAMZA ABOVE
4556	<a>	<U0627>	ARABIC LETTER ALEF
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4560	<tk>	<U062B>	ARABIC LETTER THEH
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4562	<hk>	<U062D>	ARABIC LETTER HAH
4563	<x>	<U062E>	ARABIC LETTER KHAH
4564	<d>	<U062F>	ARABIC LETTER DAL
4565	<dk>	<U0630>	ARABIC LETTER THAL
4566	<r>	<U0631>	ARABIC LETTER REH
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4576	<++>	<U0640>	ARABIC TATWEEL

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4579	<k+>	<U0643>	ARABIC LETTER KAF
4580	<l+>	<U0644>	ARABIC LETTER LAM
4581	<m+>	<U0645>	ARABIC LETTER MEEM
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4586	<y+>	<U064A>	ARABIC LETTER YEH
4587	<: +>	<U064B>	ARABIC FATHATAN
4588	<" +>	<U064C>	ARABIC DAMMATAN
4589	<=+>	<U064D>	ARABIC KASRATAN
4590	<//+>	<U064E>	ARABIC FATHA
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4592	<1+>	<U0650>	ARABIC KASRA
4593	<3+>	<U0651>	ARABIC SHADDA
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4595	<0a>	<U0660>	ARABIC-INDIC DIGIT ZERO
4596	<1a>	<U0661>	ARABIC-INDIC DIGIT ONE
4597	<2a>	<U0662>	ARABIC-INDIC DIGIT TWO
4598	<3a>	<U0663>	ARABIC-INDIC DIGIT THREE
4599	<4a>	<U0664>	ARABIC-INDIC DIGIT FOUR
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4601	<6a>	<U0666>	ARABIC-INDIC DIGIT SIX
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4604	<9a>	<U0669>	ARABIC-INDIC DIGIT NINE
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4606	<p+>	<U067E>	ARABIC LETTER PEH
4607	<hH>	<U0681>	ARABIC LETTER HAH WITH HAMZA ABOVE
4608	<tC>	<U0686>	ARABIC LETTER TCHEH
4609	<zj>	<U0698>	ARABIC LETTER JEH
4610	<v+>	<U06A4>	ARABIC LETTER VEH
4611	<gf>	<U06AF>	ARABIC LETTER GAF
4612	<A-0>	<U1E00>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH RING BELOW
4613	<a-0>	<U1E01>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH RING BELOW
4614	<B->	<U1E02>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER B WITH DOT ABOVE
4615	<b->	<U1E03>	LATIN SMALL LETTER B WITH DOT ABOVE
4616	<B-.>	<U1E04>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER B WITH DOT BELOW
4617	<b-.>	<U1E05>	LATIN SMALL LETTER B WITH DOT BELOW
4618	<B_>	<U1E06>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER B WITH LINE BELOW
4619	<b_>	<U1E07>	LATIN SMALL LETTER B WITH LINE BELOW
4620	<C,'>	<U1E08>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA AND ACUTE
4621	<c,'>	<U1E09>	LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA AND ACUTE
4622	<D->	<U1E0A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D WITH DOT ABOVE
4623	<d->	<U1E0B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH DOT ABOVE
4624	<D-.>	<U1E0C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D WITH DOT BELOW
4625	<d-.>	<U1E0D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH DOT BELOW
4626	<D_->	<U1E0E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D WITH LINE BELOW
4627	<d_->	<U1E0F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH LINE BELOW
4628	<D_>	<U1E10>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D WITH CEDILLA
4629	<d,>	<U1E11>	LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH CEDILLA
4630	<D-/>>	<U1E12>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D WITH CIRCUMFLEX BELOW
4631	<d-/>>	<U1E13>	LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH CIRCUMFLEX BELOW
4632	<E-!>	<U1E14>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH MACRON AND GRAVE
4633	<e-!>	<U1E15>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH MACRON AND GRAVE
4634	<E-'>	<U1E16>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH MACRON AND ACUTE
4635	<e-'>	<U1E17>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH MACRON AND ACUTE
4636	<E-/>>	<U1E18>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX BELOW
4637	<e-/>>	<U1E19>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX BELOW
4638	<E-?>	<U1E1A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH TILDE BELOW
4639	<e-?>	<U1E1B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH TILDE BELOW
4640	<E,(>	<U1E1C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CEDILLA AND BREVE
4641	<e,(>	<U1E1D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CEDILLA AND BREVE
4642	<F->	<U1E1E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER F WITH DOT ABOVE
4643	<f->	<U1E1F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER F WITH DOT ABOVE
4644	<G->	<U1E20>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G WITH MACRON
4645	<g->	<U1E21>	LATIN SMALL LETTER G WITH MACRON
4646	<H->	<U1E22>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H WITH DOT ABOVE
4647	<h->	<U1E23>	LATIN SMALL LETTER H WITH DOT ABOVE
4648	<H-.>	<U1E24>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H WITH DOT BELOW
4649	<h-.>	<U1E25>	LATIN SMALL LETTER H WITH DOT BELOW
4650	<H:>	<U1E26>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H WITH DIAERESIS
4651	<h:>	<U1E27>	LATIN SMALL LETTER H WITH DIAERESIS
4652	<H,>	<U1E28>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H WITH CEDILLA
4653	<h,>	<U1E29>	LATIN SMALL LETTER H WITH CEDILLA
4654	<H-(>	<U1E2A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H WITH BREVE BELOW
4655	<h-(>	<U1E2B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER H WITH BREVE BELOW
4656	<I-?>	<U1E2C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH TILDE BELOW
4657	<i-?>	<U1E2D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH TILDE BELOW
4658	<I:'>	<U1E2E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS AND ACUTE
4659	<i:'>	<U1E2F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS AND ACUTE
4660	<K'>	<U1E30>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K WITH ACUTE
4661	<k'>	<U1E31>	LATIN SMALL LETTER K WITH ACUTE
4662	<K-.>	<U1E32>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K WITH DOT BELOW
4663	<k-.>	<U1E33>	LATIN SMALL LETTER K WITH DOT BELOW
4664	<K_>	<U1E34>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K WITH LINE BELOW
4665	<k_>	<U1E35>	LATIN SMALL LETTER K WITH LINE BELOW

4666	<L-.>	<U1E36>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH DOT BELOW
4667	<l-.>	<U1E37>	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH DOT BELOW
4668	<L--.>	<U1E38>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH DOT BELOW AND MACRON
4669	<l--.>	<U1E39>	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH DOT BELOW AND MACRON
4670	<L_.>	<U1E3A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH LINE BELOW
4671	<l_.>	<U1E3B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH LINE BELOW
4672	<L-/>	<U1E3C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH CIRCUMFLEX BELOW
4673	<l-/>	<U1E3D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH CIRCUMFLEX BELOW
4674	<M'.>	<U1E3E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER M WITH ACUTE
4675	<m'.>	<U1E3F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER M WITH ACUTE
4676	<M.>	<U1E40>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER M WITH DOT ABOVE
4677	<m.>	<U1E41>	LATIN SMALL LETTER M WITH DOT ABOVE
4678	<M-.>	<U1E42>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER M WITH DOT BELOW
4679	<m-.>	<U1E43>	LATIN SMALL LETTER M WITH DOT BELOW
4680	<N.>	<U1E44>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH DOT ABOVE
4681	<n.>	<U1E45>	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH DOT ABOVE
4682	<N-.>	<U1E46>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH DOT BELOW
4683	<n-.>	<U1E47>	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH DOT BELOW
4684	<N_.>	<U1E48>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH LINE BELOW
4685	<n_.>	<U1E49>	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH LINE BELOW
4686	<N-/>	<U1E4A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH CIRCUMFLEX BELOW
4687	<n-/>	<U1E4B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH CIRCUMFLEX BELOW
4688	<O?'>	<U1E4C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH TILDE AND ACUTE
4689	<o?'>	<U1E4D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH TILDE AND ACUTE
4690	<O?:>	<U1E4E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH TILDE AND DIAERESIS
4691	<o?:>	<U1E4F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH TILDE AND DIAERESIS
4692	<O-!>	<U1E50>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH MACRON AND GRAVE
4693	<o-!>	<U1E51>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH MACRON AND GRAVE
4694	<O-'>	<U1E52>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH MACRON AND ACUTE
4695	<o-'>	<U1E53>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH MACRON AND ACUTE
4696	<P'.>	<U1E54>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER P WITH ACUTE
4697	<p'.>	<U1E55>	LATIN SMALL LETTER P WITH ACUTE
4698	<P.>	<U1E56>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER P WITH DOT ABOVE
4699	<p.>	<U1E57>	LATIN SMALL LETTER P WITH DOT ABOVE
4700	<R.>	<U1E58>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH DOT ABOVE
4701	<r.>	<U1E59>	LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH DOT ABOVE
4702	<R-.>	<U1E5A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH DOT BELOW
4703	<r-.>	<U1E5B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH DOT BELOW
4704	<R--.>	<U1E5C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH DOT BELOW AND MACRON
4705	<r--.>	<U1E5D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH DOT BELOW AND MACRON
4706	<R_.>	<U1E5E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH LINE BELOW
4707	<r_.>	<U1E5F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH LINE BELOW
4708	<S.>	<U1E60>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH DOT ABOVE
4709	<s.>	<U1E61>	LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH DOT ABOVE
4710	<S-.>	<U1E62>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH DOT BELOW
4711	<s-.>	<U1E63>	LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH DOT BELOW
4712	<S'.>	<U1E64>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH ACUTE AND DOT ABOVE
4713	<s'.>	<U1E65>	LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH ACUTE AND DOT ABOVE
4714	<S<.>	<U1E66>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH CARON AND DOT ABOVE
4715	<s<.>	<U1E67>	LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH CARON AND DOT ABOVE
4716	<S-.->	<U1E68>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH DOT BELOW AND DOT ABOVE
4717	<s-.->	<U1E69>	LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH DOT BELOW AND DOT ABOVE
4718	<T.>	<U1E6A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T WITH DOT ABOVE
4719	<t.>	<U1E6B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH DOT ABOVE
4720	<T-.>	<U1E6C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T WITH DOT BELOW
4721	<t-.>	<U1E6D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH DOT BELOW
4722	<T_.>	<U1E6E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T WITH LINE BELOW
4723	<t_.>	<U1E6F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH LINE BELOW
4724	<T-/>	<U1E70>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T WITH CIRCUMFLEX BELOW
4725	<t-/>	<U1E71>	LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH CIRCUMFLEX BELOW
4726	<U---:>	<U1E72>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS BELOW
4727	<u---:>	<U1E73>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS BELOW
4728	<U-?>	<U1E74>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH TILDE BELOW
4729	<u-?>	<U1E75>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH TILDE BELOW
4730	<U-/>	<U1E76>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX BELOW
4731	<u-/>	<U1E77>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX BELOW
4732	<U?'>	<U1E78>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH TILDE AND ACUTE
4733	<u?'>	<U1E79>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH TILDE AND ACUTE
4734	<U-:>	<U1E7A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH MACRON AND DIAERESIS
4735	<u-:>	<U1E7B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH MACRON AND DIAERESIS
4736	<V?>	<U1E7C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER V WITH TILDE
4737	<v?>	<U1E7D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER V WITH TILDE
4738	<V-.>	<U1E7E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER V WITH DOT BELOW
4739	<v-.>	<U1E7F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER V WITH DOT BELOW
4740	<W!>	<U1E80>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W WITH GRAVE
4741	<w!>	<U1E81>	LATIN SMALL LETTER W WITH GRAVE
4742	<W'>	<U1E82>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W WITH ACUTE
4743	<w'>	<U1E83>	LATIN SMALL LETTER W WITH ACUTE
4744	<W:>	<U1E84>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W WITH DIAERESIS
4745	<w:>	<U1E85>	LATIN SMALL LETTER W WITH DIAERESIS
4746	<W.>	<U1E86>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W WITH DOT ABOVE
4747	<w.>	<U1E87>	LATIN SMALL LETTER W WITH DOT ABOVE
4748	<W-.>	<U1E88>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W WITH DOT BELOW
4749	<w-.>	<U1E89>	LATIN SMALL LETTER W WITH DOT BELOW
4750	<X.>	<U1E8A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER X WITH DOT ABOVE
4751	<x.>	<U1E8B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER X WITH DOT ABOVE
4752	<X:>	<U1E8C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER X WITH DIAERESIS
4753	<x:>	<U1E8D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER X WITH DIAERESIS
4754	<Y.>	<U1E8E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH DOT ABOVE

4755	<Y.>	<U1E8F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH DOT ABOVE
4756	<Z/>	<U1E90>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4757	<z/>	<U1E91>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4758	<Z-.>	<U1E92>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH DOT BELOW
4759	<z-.>	<U1E93>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH DOT BELOW
4760	<Z_.>	<U1E94>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH LINE BELOW
4761	<z_.>	<U1E95>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH LINE BELOW
4762	<A-.>	<U1EA0>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH DOT BELOW
4763	<a-.>	<U1EA1>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH DOT BELOW
4764	<A2>	<U1EA2>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH HOOK ABOVE
4765	<a2>	<U1EA3>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH HOOK ABOVE
4766	<A/'>	<U1EA4>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND ACUTE
4767	<a/'>	<U1EA5>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND ACUTE
4768	<A/>!>	<U1EA6>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND GRAVE
4769	<a/>!>	<U1EA7>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND GRAVE
4770	<A/>2>	<U1EA8>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND HOOK ABOVE
4771	<a/>2>	<U1EA9>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND HOOK ABOVE
4772	<A/>?>	<U1EAA>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND TILDE
4773	<a/>?>	<U1EAB>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND TILDE
4774	<A/>->	<U1EAC>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND DOT BELOW
4775	<a/>->	<U1EAD>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND DOT BELOW
4776	<A(')>	<U1EAE>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH BREVE AND ACUTE
4777	<a(')>	<U1EAF>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH BREVE AND ACUTE
4778	<A(!)>	<U1EB0>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH BREVE AND GRAVE
4779	<a(!)>	<U1EB1>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH BREVE AND GRAVE
4780	<A(2)>	<U1EB2>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH BREVE AND HOOK ABOVE
4781	<a(2)>	<U1EB3>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH BREVE AND HOOK ABOVE
4782	<A(?)>	<U1EB4>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH BREVE AND TILDE
4783	<a(?)>	<U1EB5>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH BREVE AND TILDE
4784	<A(-)>	<U1EB6>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH BREVE AND DOT BELOW
4785	<a(-)>	<U1EB7>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH BREVE AND DOT BELOW
4786	<E->	<U1EB8>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH DOT BELOW
4787	<e->	<U1EB9>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH DOT BELOW
4788	<E2>	<U1EBA>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH HOOK ABOVE
4789	<e2>	<U1EBB>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH HOOK ABOVE
4790	<E?>	<U1EBC>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH TILDE
4791	<e?>	<U1EBD>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH TILDE
4792	<E/>'>	<U1EBE>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND ACUTE
4793	<e/>'>	<U1EBF>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND ACUTE
4794	<E/>!>	<U1EC0>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND GRAVE
4795	<e/>!>	<U1EC1>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND GRAVE
4796	<E/>2>	<U1EC2>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND HOOK ABOVE
4797	<e/>2>	<U1EC3>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND HOOK ABOVE
4798	<E/>?>	<U1EC4>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND TILDE
4799	<e/>?>	<U1EC5>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND TILDE
4800	<E/>->	<U1EC6>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND DOT BELOW
4801	<e/>->	<U1EC7>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND DOT BELOW
4802	<I2>	<U1EC8>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH HOOK ABOVE
4803	<i2>	<U1EC9>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH HOOK ABOVE
4804	<I-.>	<U1ECA>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH DOT BELOW
4805	<i-.>	<U1ECB>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH DOT BELOW
4806	<O-.>	<U1ECC>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH DOT BELOW
4807	<o-.>	<U1ECD>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH DOT BELOW
4808	<O2>	<U1ECE>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH HOOK ABOVE
4809	<o2>	<U1ECF>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH HOOK ABOVE
4810	<O/>'>	<U1ED0>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND ACUTE
4811	<o/>'>	<U1ED1>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND ACUTE
4812	<O/>!>	<U1ED2>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND GRAVE
4813	<o/>!>	<U1ED3>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND GRAVE
4814	<O/>2>	<U1ED4>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND HOOK ABOVE
4815	<o/>2>	<U1ED5>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND HOOK ABOVE
4816	<O/>?>	<U1ED6>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND TILDE
4817	<o/>?>	<U1ED7>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND TILDE
4818	<O/>->	<U1ED8>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND DOT BELOW
4819	<o/>->	<U1ED9>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND DOT BELOW
4820	<O9'>	<U1EDA>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH HORN AND ACUTE
4821	<o9'>	<U1EDB>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH HORN AND ACUTE
4822	<O9!>	<U1EDC>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH HORN AND GRAVE
4823	<o9!>	<U1EDD>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH HORN AND GRAVE
4824	<O92>	<U1EDE>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH HORN AND HOOK ABOVE
4825	<o92>	<U1EDF>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH HORN AND HOOK ABOVE
4826	<O9?>	<U1EE0>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH HORN AND TILDE
4827	<o9?>	<U1EE1>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH HORN AND TILDE
4828	<O9-.>	<U1EE2>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH HORN AND DOT BELOW
4829	<o9-.>	<U1EE3>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH HORN AND DOT BELOW
4830	<U-.>	<U1EE4>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DOT BELOW
4831	<u-.>	<U1EE5>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DOT BELOW
4832	<U2>	<U1EE6>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH HOOK ABOVE
4833	<u2>	<U1EE7>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH HOOK ABOVE
4834	<U9'>	<U1EE8>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH HORN AND ACUTE
4835	<u9'>	<U1EE9>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH HORN AND ACUTE
4836	<U9!>	<U1EEA>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH HORN AND GRAVE
4837	<u9!>	<U1EEB>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH HORN AND GRAVE
4838	<U92>	<U1ECC>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH HORN AND HOOK ABOVE
4839	<u92>	<U1EED>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH HORN AND HOOK ABOVE
4840	<U9?>	<U1EEE>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH HORN AND TILDE
4841	<u9?>	<U1EEF>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH HORN AND TILDE
4842	<U9-.>	<U1EF0>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH HORN AND DOT BELOW
4843	<u9-.>	<U1EF1>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH HORN AND DOT BELOW

4844	<Y!>	<U1EF2>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH GRAVE
4845	<y!>	<U1EF3>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH GRAVE
4846	<Y-.>	<U1EF4>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH DOT BELOW
4847	<y-.>	<U1EF5>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH DOT BELOW
4848	<Y2>	<U1EF6>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH HOOK ABOVE
4849	<y2>	<U1EF7>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH HOOK ABOVE
4850	<Y?>	<U1EF8>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH TILDE
4851	<y?>	<U1EF9>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH TILDE
4852	<a*,>	<U1F00>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI
4853	<a*;*>	<U1F01>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA
4854	<a*,!>	<U1F02>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI AND VARIA
4855	<a*;!>	<U1F03>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA AND VARIA
4856	<a*,’>	<U1F04>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI AND OXIA
4857	<a*,’>	<U1F05>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA AND OXIA
4858	<a*,?>	<U1F06>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI
4859	<a*,?>	<U1F07>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI
4860	<A*,>	<U1F08>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI
4861	<A*;*>	<U1F09>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA
4862	<A*,!>	<U1F0A>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI AND VARIA
4863	<A*;!>	<U1F0B>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA AND VARIA
4864	<A*,’>	<U1F0C>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI AND OXIA
4865	<A*,’>	<U1F0D>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA AND OXIA
4866	<A*,?>	<U1F0E>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI
4867	<A*,?>	<U1F0F>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI
4868	<e*,>	<U1F10>	GREEK SMALL LETTER EPSILON WITH PSILI
4869	<e*;*>	<U1F11>	GREEK SMALL LETTER EPSILON WITH DASIA
4870	<e*,!>	<U1F12>	GREEK SMALL LETTER EPSILON WITH PSILI AND VARIA
4871	<e*,!>	<U1F13>	GREEK SMALL LETTER EPSILON WITH DASIA AND VARIA
4872	<e*,’>	<U1F14>	GREEK SMALL LETTER EPSILON WITH PSILI AND OXIA
4873	<e*,’>	<U1F15>	GREEK SMALL LETTER EPSILON WITH DASIA AND OXIA
4874	<E*,>	<U1F18>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER EPSILON WITH PSILI
4875	<E*;*>	<U1F19>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER EPSILON WITH DASIA
4876	<E*,!>	<U1F1A>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER EPSILON WITH PSILI AND VARIA
4877	<E*,!>	<U1F1B>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER EPSILON WITH DASIA AND VARIA
4878	<E*,’>	<U1F1C>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER EPSILON WITH PSILI AND OXIA
4879	<E*,’>	<U1F1D>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER EPSILON WITH DASIA AND OXIA
4880	<y*,>	<U1F20>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI
4881	<y*;*>	<U1F21>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA
4882	<y*,!>	<U1F22>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI AND VARIA
4883	<y*,!>	<U1F23>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA AND VARIA
4884	<y*,’>	<U1F24>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI AND OXIA
4885	<y*,’>	<U1F25>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA AND OXIA
4886	<y*,?>	<U1F26>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI
4887	<y*,?>	<U1F27>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI
4888	<Y*,>	<U1F28>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI
4889	<Y*;*>	<U1F29>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA
4890	<Y*,!>	<U1F2A>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI AND VARIA
4891	<Y*,!>	<U1F2B>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA AND VARIA
4892	<Y*,’>	<U1F2C>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI AND OXIA
4893	<Y*,’>	<U1F2D>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA AND OXIA
4894	<Y*,?>	<U1F2E>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI
4895	<Y*,?>	<U1F2F>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI
4896	<i*,>	<U1F30>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH PSILI
4897	<i*;*>	<U1F31>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH DASIA
4898	<i*,!>	<U1F32>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH PSILI AND VARIA
4899	<i*,!>	<U1F33>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH DASIA AND VARIA
4900	<i*,’>	<U1F34>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH PSILI AND OXIA
4901	<i*,’>	<U1F35>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH DASIA AND OXIA
4902	<i*,?>	<U1F36>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI
4903	<i*,?>	<U1F37>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI
4904	<I*,>	<U1F38>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH PSILI
4905	<I*;*>	<U1F39>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH DASIA
4906	<I*,!>	<U1F3A>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH PSILI AND VARIA
4907	<I*,!>	<U1F3B>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH DASIA AND VARIA
4908	<I*,’>	<U1F3C>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH PSILI AND OXIA
4909	<I*,’>	<U1F3D>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH DASIA AND OXIA
4910	<I*,?>	<U1F3E>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI
4911	<I*,?>	<U1F3F>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI
4912	<o*,>	<U1F40>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMICRON WITH PSILI
4913	<o*;*>	<U1F41>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMICRON WITH DASIA
4914	<o*,!>	<U1F42>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMICRON WITH PSILI AND VARIA
4915	<o*,!>	<U1F43>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMICRON WITH DASIA AND VARIA
4916	<o*,’>	<U1F44>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMICRON WITH PSILI AND OXIA
4917	<o*,’>	<U1F45>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMICRON WITH DASIA AND OXIA
4918	<o*,>	<U1F48>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMICRON WITH PSILI
4919	<o*;*>	<U1F49>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMICRON WITH DASIA
4920	<o*,!>	<U1F4A>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMICRON WITH PSILI AND VARIA
4921	<o*,!>	<U1F4B>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMICRON WITH DASIA AND VARIA
4922	<o*,’>	<U1F4C>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMICRON WITH PSILI AND OXIA
4923	<o*,’>	<U1F4D>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMICRON WITH DASIA AND OXIA
4924	<u*,>	<U1F50>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH PSILI
4925	<u*;*>	<U1F51>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH DASIA
4926	<u*,!>	<U1F52>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH PSILI AND VARIA
4927	<u*,!>	<U1F53>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH DASIA AND VARIA
4928	<u*,’>	<U1F54>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH PSILI AND OXIA
4929	<u*,’>	<U1F55>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH DASIA AND OXIA
4930	<u*,?>	<U1F56>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI
4931	<u*;?>	<U1F57>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI
4932	<u*;?>	<U1F59>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER UPSILON WITH DASIA

4933	<U*; !>	<U1F5B>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER UPSILON WITH DASIA AND VARIA
4934	<U*; '>	<U1F5D>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER UPSILON WITH DASIA AND OXIA
4935	<U*; ?>	<U1F5F>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER UPSILON WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI
4936	<w*; ,>	<U1F60>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI
4937	<w*; >	<U1F61>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA
4938	<w*; !>	<U1F62>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI AND VARIA
4939	<w*; !>	<U1F63>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA AND VARIA
4940	<w*; '>	<U1F64>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI AND OXIA
4941	<w*; '>	<U1F65>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA AND OXIA
4942	<w*; ?>	<U1F66>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI
4943	<w*; ?>	<U1F67>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI
4944	<W*; ,>	<U1F68>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI
4945	<W*; >	<U1F69>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA
4946	<W*; !>	<U1F6A>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI AND VARIA
4947	<W*; !>	<U1F6B>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA AND VARIA
4948	<W*; '>	<U1F6C>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI AND OXIA
4949	<W*; '>	<U1F6D>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA AND OXIA
4950	<W*; ?>	<U1F6E>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI
4951	<W*; ?>	<U1F6F>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI
4952	<a*!>	<U1F70>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH VARIA
4953	<a*'>	<U1F71>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH OXIA
4954	<e*!>	<U1F72>	GREEK SMALL LETTER EPSILON WITH VARIA
4955	<e*'>	<U1F73>	GREEK SMALL LETTER EPSILON WITH OXIA
4956	<y*!>	<U1F74>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH VARIA
4957	<y*'>	<U1F75>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH OXIA
4958	<i*!>	<U1F76>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH VARIA
4959	<i*'>	<U1F77>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH OXIA
4960	<o*!>	<U1F78>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMICRON WITH VARIA
4961	<o*'>	<U1F79>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMICRON WITH OXIA
4962	<u*!>	<U1F7A>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH VARIA
4963	<u*'>	<U1F7B>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH OXIA
4964	<w*!>	<U1F7C>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH VARIA
4965	<w*'>	<U1F7D>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH OXIA
4966	<a*, j>	<U1F80>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4967	<a*, j>	<U1F81>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4968	<a*, ! j>	<U1F82>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI AND VARIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4969	<a*, ! j>	<U1F83>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA AND VARIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4970	<a*, ! j>	<U1F84>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI AND OXIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4971	<a*, ! j>	<U1F85>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA AND OXIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4972	<a*, ? j>	<U1F86>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4973	<a*, ? j>	<U1F87>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4974	<A*, J>	<U1F88>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
4975	<A*, J>	<U1F89>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
4976	<A*, ! J>	<U1F8A>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI AND VARIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
4977	<A*, ! J>	<U1F8B>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA AND VARIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
4978	<A*, ! J>	<U1F8C>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI AND OXIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
4979	<A*, ! J>	<U1F8D>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA AND OXIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
4980	<A*, ? J>	<U1F8E>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
4981	<A*, ? J>	<U1F8F>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
4982	<y*, J>	<U1F90>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4983	<y*, J>	<U1F91>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4984	<y*, ! j>	<U1F92>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI AND VARIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4985	<y*, ! j>	<U1F93>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA AND VARIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4986	<y*, ' j>	<U1F94>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI AND OXIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4987	<y*, ' j>	<U1F95>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA AND OXIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4988	<y*, ? j>	<U1F96>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4989	<y*, ? j>	<U1F97>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4990	<Y*, J>	<U1F98>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
4991	<Y*, J>	<U1F99>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
4992	<Y*, ! J>	<U1F9A>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI AND VARIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
4993	<Y*, ! J>	<U1F9B>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA AND VARIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
4994	<Y*, ! J>	<U1F9C>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI AND OXIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
4995	<Y*, ! J>	<U1F9D>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA AND OXIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
4996	<Y*, ? J>	<U1F9E>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
4997	<Y*, ? J>	<U1F9F>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
4998	<w*, J>	<U1FA0>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4999	<w*, J>	<U1FA1>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5000	<w*, ! j>	<U1FA2>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI AND VARIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5001	<w*, ! j>	<U1FA3>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA AND VARIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5002	<w*, ' j>	<U1FA4>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI AND OXIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5003	<w*, ' j>	<U1FA5>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA AND OXIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5004	<w*, ? j>	<U1FA6>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5005	<w*, ? j>	<U1FA7>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5006	<W*, J>	<U1FA8>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
5007	<W*, J>	<U1FA9>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
5008	<W*, ! J>	<U1FAA>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI AND VARIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
5009	<W*, ! J>	<U1FAB>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA AND VARIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
5010	<W*, ' J>	<U1FAC>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI AND OXIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
5011	<W*, ' J>	<U1FAD>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA AND OXIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
5012	<W*, ? J>	<U1FAE>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
5013	<W*, ? J>	<U1FAF>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
5014	<a*(>	<U1FB0>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH VRACHY
5015	<a*->	<U1FB1>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH MACRON
5016	<a*! j>	<U1FB2>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH VARIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5017	<a* j>	<U1FB3>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH YPOGEGRAMMENI
5018	<a*' j>	<U1FB4>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH OXIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5019	<a*?>	<U1FB6>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH PERISPOMENI
5020	<a*? j>	<U1FB7>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH PERISPOMENI AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5021	<A*(>	<U1FB8>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH VRACHY

5022	<A*->	<U1FB9>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH MACRON
5023	<A*!>	<U1FBA>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH VARIA
5024	<A*'>	<U1FBB>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH OXIA
5025	<A*J>	<U1FBC>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH PROSGEGRAMMENI
5026	<)*>	<U1FBD>	GREEK KORONIS
5027	<J3>	<U1FBE>	GREEK PROSGEGRAMMENI
5028	<,,>	<U1FBF>	GREEK PSILI
5029	<?*>	<U1FC0>	GREEK PERISPOMENI
5030	<?,:>	<U1FC1>	GREEK DIALYTIKA AND PERISPOMENI
5031	<y*!j>	<U1FC2>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH VARIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5032	<y*j>	<U1FC3>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH YPOGEGRAMMENI
5033	<y*!j>	<U1FC4>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH OXIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5034	<y?*>	<U1FC6>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH PERISPOMENI
5035	<y?j>	<U1FC7>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH PERISPOMENI AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5036	<E*!!>	<U1FC8>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER EPSILON WITH VARIA
5037	<E*'>	<U1FC9>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER EPSILON WITH OXIA
5038	<Y*!>	<U1FCA>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH VARIA
5039	<Y*'>	<U1FCB>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH OXIA
5040	<Y*J>	<U1FCC>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH PROSGEGRAMMENI
5041	<,!>	<U1FCD>	GREEK PSILI AND VARIA
5042	<,'>	<U1FCE>	GREEK PSILI AND OXIA
5043	<?,>	<U1FCF>	GREEK PSILI AND PERISPOMENI
5044	<i*(>	<U1FD0>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH VRACHY
5045	<i*->	<U1FD1>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH MACRON
5046	<i*:!>	<U1FD2>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH DIALYTIKA AND VARIA
5047	<i*:,'>	<U1FD3>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH DIALYTIKA AND OXIA
5048	<i*?>	<U1FD6>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH PERISPOMENI
5049	<i*?>	<U1FD7>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH DIALYTIKA AND PERISPOMENI
5050	<I*(>	<U1FD8>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH VRACHY
5051	<I*->	<U1FD9>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH MACRON
5052	<I*!>	<U1FDA>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH VARIA
5053	<I*'>	<U1FDB>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH OXIA
5054	<!:!>	<U1FDD>	GREEK DASIA AND VARIA
5055	<!:,'>	<U1FDE>	GREEK DASIA AND OXIA
5056	<?,:>	<U1FDF>	GREEK DASIA AND PERISPOMENI
5057	<u*(>	<U1FE0>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH VRACHY
5058	<u*->	<U1FE1>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH MACRON
5059	<u*:!>	<U1FE2>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH DIALYTIKA AND VARIA
5060	<u*:,'>	<U1FE3>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH DIALYTIKA AND OXIA
5061	<r*,,>	<U1FE4>	GREEK SMALL LETTER RHO WITH PSILI
5062	<r*,;>	<U1FE5>	GREEK SMALL LETTER RHO WITH DASIA
5063	<u*?>	<U1FE6>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH PERISPOMENI
5064	<u*?>	<U1FE7>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH DIALYTIKA AND PERISPOMENI
5065	<U*(>	<U1FE8>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER UPSILON WITH VRACHY
5066	<U*->	<U1FE9>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER UPSILON WITH MACRON
5067	<U*!>	<U1FEA>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER UPSILON WITH VARIA
5068	<U*'>	<U1FEB>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER UPSILON WITH OXIA
5069	<R*;,>	<U1FEC>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER RHO WITH DASIA
5070	<!,:>	<U1FED>	GREEK DIALYTIKA AND VARIA
5071	<:,,'>	<U1FEE>	GREEK DIALYTIKA AND OXIA
5072	<!,!>	<U1FEF>	GREEK VARIA
5073	<w*!j>	<U1FF2>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH VARIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5074	<w*j>	<U1FF3>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH YPOGEGRAMMENI
5075	<w*!j>	<U1FF4>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH OXIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5076	<w*?>	<U1FF6>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH PERISPOMENI
5077	<w*?j>	<U1FF7>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH PERISPOMENI AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5078	<O*!>	<U1FF8>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMICRON WITH VARIA
5079	<O*'>	<U1FF9>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMICRON WITH OXIA
5080	<W*!>	<U1FFA>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH VARIA
5081	<W*'>	<U1FFB>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH OXIA
5082	<W*J>	<U1FFC>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH PROSGEGRAMMENI
5083	<//,*>	<U1FFD>	GREEK OXIA
5084	<:,;>	<U1FFE>	GREEK DASIA
5085	<1N>	<U2002>	EN SPACE
5086	<1M>	<U2003>	EM SPACE
5087	<3M>	<U2004>	THREE-PER-EM SPACE
5088	<4M>	<U2005>	FOUR-PER-EM SPACE
5089	<6M>	<U2006>	SIX-PER-EM SPACE
5090	<LR>	<U200E>	LEFT-TO-RIGHT MARK
5091	<RL>	<U200F>	RIGHT-TO-LEFT MARK
5092	<1T>	<U2009>	THIN SPACE
5093	<1H>	<U200A>	HAIR SPACE
5094	<-1>	<U2010>	HYPHEN
5095	<-N>	<U2013>	EN DASH
5096	<-M>	<U2014>	EM DASH
5097	<-3>	<U2015>	HORIZONTAL BAR
5098	<!2>	<U2016>	DOUBLE VERTICAL LINE
5099	<=2>	<U2017>	DOUBLE LOW LINE
5100	<'6>	<U2018>	LEFT SINGLE QUOTATION MARK
5101	<'9>	<U2019>	RIGHT SINGLE QUOTATION MARK
5102	<.9>	<U201A>	SINGLE LOW-9 QUOTATION MARK
5103	<9'>	<U201B>	SINGLE HIGH-REVERSED-9 QUOTATION MARK
5104	<"6>	<U201C>	LEFT DOUBLE QUOTATION MARK
5105	<"9>	<U201D>	RIGHT DOUBLE QUOTATION MARK
5106	<:9>	<U201E>	DOUBLE LOW-9 QUOTATION MARK
5107	<9">	<U201F>	DOUBLE HIGH-REVERSED-9 QUOTATION MARK
5108	<//,->	<U2020>	DAGGER
5109	<//,=>	<U2021>	DOUBLE DAGGER
5110	<sb>	<U2022>	BULLET

5111	<3b>	<U2023>	TRIANGULAR BULLET
5112	<..>	<U2025>	TWO DOT LEADER
5113	<..3>	<U2026>	HORIZONTAL ELLIPSIS
5114	<.->	<U2027>	HYPHENATION POINT
5115	<linesep>	<U2028>	LINE SEPARATOR
5116	<parsep>	<U2029>	PARAGRAPH SEPARATOR
5117	<%>	<U2030>	PER MILLE SIGN
5118	<1'>	<U2032>	PRIME
5119	<2'>	<U2033>	DOUBLE PRIME
5120	<3'>	<U2034>	TRIPLE PRIME
5121	<1">	<U2035>	REVERSED PRIME
5122	<2">	<U2036>	REVERSED DOUBLE PRIME
5123	<3">	<U2037>	REVERSED TRIPLE PRIME
5124	<Ca>	<U2038>	CARET
5125	<<1>	<U2039>	SINGLE LEFT-POINTING ANGLE QUOTATION MARK
5126	</>1>	<U203A>	SINGLE RIGHT-POINTING ANGLE QUOTATION MARK
5127	<:X>	<U203B>	REFERENCE MARK
5128	<!*>2	<U203C>	DOUBLE EXCLAMATION MARK
5129	<'>-	<U203E>	OVERLINE
5130	<-b>	<U2043>	HYPHEN BULLET
5131	</f>	<U2044>	FRACTION SLASH
5132	<0S>	<U2070>	SUPERSCRIPT ZERO
5133	<4S>	<U2074>	SUPERSCRIPT FOUR
5134	<5S>	<U2075>	SUPERSCRIPT FIVE
5135	<6S>	<U2076>	SUPERSCRIPT SIX
5136	<7S>	<U2077>	SUPERSCRIPT SEVEN
5137	<8S>	<U2078>	SUPERSCRIPT EIGHT
5138	<9S>	<U2079>	SUPERSCRIPT NINE
5139	<+S>	<U207A>	SUPERSCRIPT PLUS SIGN
5140	<-S>	<U207B>	SUPERSCRIPT MINUS
5141	<=S>	<U207C>	SUPERSCRIPT EQUALS SIGN
5142	<(S>	<U207D>	SUPERSCRIPT LEFT PARENTHESIS
5143	<) S>	<U207E>	SUPERSCRIPT RIGHT PARENTHESIS
5144	<nS>	<U207F>	SUPERSCRIPT LATIN SMALL LETTER N
5145	<0S>	<U2080>	SUBSCRIPT ZERO
5146	<1s>	<U2081>	SUBSCRIPT ONE
5147	<2s>	<U2082>	SUBSCRIPT TWO
5148	<3s>	<U2083>	SUBSCRIPT THREE
5149	<4s>	<U2084>	SUBSCRIPT FOUR
5150	<5s>	<U2085>	SUBSCRIPT FIVE
5151	<6s>	<U2086>	SUBSCRIPT SIX
5152	<7s>	<U2087>	SUBSCRIPT SEVEN
5153	<8s>	<U2088>	SUBSCRIPT EIGHT
5154	<9s>	<U2089>	SUBSCRIPT NINE
5155	<+s>	<U208A>	SUBSCRIPT PLUS SIGN
5156	<-s>	<U208B>	SUBSCRIPT MINUS
5157	<=s>	<U208C>	SUBSCRIPT EQUALS SIGN
5158	<(S>	<U208D>	SUBSCRIPT LEFT PARENTHESIS
5159	<) S>	<U208E>	SUBSCRIPT RIGHT PARENTHESIS
5160	<Ff>	<U20A3>	FRENCH FRANC SIGN
5161		<U20A4>	LIRA SIGN
5162	<Pt>	<U20A7>	PESETA SIGN
5163	<W=>	<U20A9>	WON SIGN
5164	<"7>	<U20D1>	COMBINING RIGHT HARPOON ABOVE
5165	<OC>	<U2103>	DEGREE CELSIUS
5166	<co>	<U2105>	CARE OF
5167	<oF>	<U2109>	DEGREE FAHRENHEIT
5168	<N0>	<U2116>	NUMERO SIGN
5169	<PO>	<U2117>	SOUND RECORDING COPYRIGHT
5170	<Rx>	<U211E>	PRESCRIPTION TAKE
5171	<SM>	<U2120>	SERVICE MARK
5172	<TM>	<U2122>	TRADE MARK SIGN
5173	<Om>	<U2126>	OHM SIGN
5174	<AO>	<U212B>	ANGSTROM SIGN
5175	<Est>	<U212E>	ESTIMATED SYMBOL
5176	<13>	<U2153>	VULGAR FRACTION ONE THIRD
5177	<23>	<U2154>	VULGAR FRACTION TWO THIRDS
5178	<15>	<U2155>	VULGAR FRACTION ONE FIFTH
5179	<25>	<U2156>	VULGAR FRACTION TWO FIFTHS
5180	<35>	<U2157>	VULGAR FRACTION THREE FIFTHS
5181	<45>	<U2158>	VULGAR FRACTION FOUR FIFTHS
5182	<16>	<U2159>	VULGAR FRACTION ONE SIXTH
5183	<56>	<U215A>	VULGAR FRACTION FIVE SIXTHS
5184	<18>	<U215B>	VULGAR FRACTION ONE EIGHTH
5185	<38>	<U215C>	VULGAR FRACTION THREE EIGHTHS
5186	<58>	<U215D>	VULGAR FRACTION FIVE EIGHTHS
5187	<78>	<U215E>	VULGAR FRACTION SEVEN EIGHTHS
5188	<1R>	<U2160>	ROMAN NUMERAL ONE
5189	<2R>	<U2161>	ROMAN NUMERAL TWO
5190	<3R>	<U2162>	ROMAN NUMERAL THREE
5191	<4R>	<U2163>	ROMAN NUMERAL FOUR
5192	<5R>	<U2164>	ROMAN NUMERAL FIVE
5193	<6R>	<U2165>	ROMAN NUMERAL SIX
5194	<7R>	<U2166>	ROMAN NUMERAL SEVEN
5195	<8R>	<U2167>	ROMAN NUMERAL EIGHT
5196	<9R>	<U2168>	ROMAN NUMERAL NINE
5197	<aR>	<U2169>	ROMAN NUMERAL TEN
5198	 	<U216A>	ROMAN NUMERAL ELEVEN
5199	<cR>	<U216B>	ROMAN NUMERAL TWELVE

5200	<50r>	<U216C>	ROMAN NUMERAL FIFTY
5201	<100r>	<U216D>	ROMAN NUMERAL ONE HUNDRED
5202	<500r>	<U216E>	ROMAN NUMERAL FIVE HUNDRED
5203	<1000r>	<U216F>	ROMAN NUMERAL ONE THOUSAND
5204	<1r>	<U2170>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL ONE
5205	<2r>	<U2171>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL TWO
5206	<3r>	<U2172>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL THREE
5207	<4r>	<U2173>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL FOUR
5208	<5r>	<U2174>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL FIVE
5209	<6r>	<U2175>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL SIX
5210	<7r>	<U2176>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL SEVEN
5211	<8r>	<U2177>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL EIGHT
5212	<9r>	<U2178>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL NINE
5213	<ar>	<U2179>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL TEN
5214	 	<U217A>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL ELEVEN
5215	<cr>	<U217B>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL TWELVE
5216	<50r>	<U217C>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL FIFTY
5217	<100r>	<U217D>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL ONE HUNDRED
5218	<500r>	<U217E>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL FIVE HUNDRED
5219	<1000r>	<U217F>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL ONE THOUSAND
5220	<1000RCD>	<U2180>	ROMAN NUMERAL ONE THOUSAND C D
5221	<5000R>	<U2181>	ROMAN NUMERAL FIVE THOUSAND
5222	<10000R>	<U2182>	ROMAN NUMERAL TEN THOUSAND
5223	<<->	<U2190>	LEFTWARDS ARROW
5224	<-!>	<U2191>	UPWARDS ARROW
5225	<- / >	<U2192>	RIGHTWARDS ARROW
5226	<-v>	<U2193>	DOWNWARDS ARROW
5227	<>/>	<U2194>	LEFT RIGHT ARROW
5228	<UD>	<U2195>	UP DOWN ARROW
5229	<< ! ! >	<U2196>	NORTH WEST ARROW
5230	< / / / / >>	<U2197>	NORTH EAST ARROW
5231	< ! ! / >>	<U2198>	SOUTH EAST ARROW
5232	<< / / / >	<U2199>	SOUTH WEST ARROW
5233	<UD->	<U21A8>	UP DOWN ARROW WITH BASE
5234	</>V>	<U21C0>	RIGHTWARDS HARPOON WITH BARB UPWARDS
5235	<<=>	<U21D0>	LEFTWARDS DOUBLE ARROW
5236	<= / >>	<U21D2>	RIGHTWARDS DOUBLE ARROW
5237	<=>>	<U21D4>	LEFT RIGHT DOUBLE ARROW
5238	<FA>	<U2200>	FOR ALL
5239	<dP>	<U2202>	PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL
5240	<TE>	<U2203>	THERE EXISTS
5241	</>0	<U2205>	EMPTY SET
5242	<DE>	<U2206>	INCREMENT
5243	<NB>	<U2207>	NABLA
5244	<(->	<U2208>	ELEMENT OF
5245	<-)>	<U220B>	CONTAINS AS MEMBER
5246	<FP>	<U220E>	END OF PROOF
5247	<*P>	<U220F>	N-ARY PRODUCT
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5250	<- +>	<U2213>	MINUS-OR-PLUS SIGN
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5252	<* ->	<U2217>	ASTERISK OPERATOR
5253	<Ob>	<U2218>	RING OPERATOR
5254	<Sb>	<U2219>	BULLET OPERATOR
5255	<RT>	<U221A>	SQUARE ROOT
5256	<0(>	<U221D>	PROPORTIONAL TO
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5258	<-L>	<U221F>	RIGHT ANGLE
5259	<-V>	<U2220>	ANGLE
5260	<PP>	<U2225>	PARALLEL TO
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5262	<OR>	<U2228>	LOGICAL OR
5263	<(U>	<U2229>	INTERSECTION
5264	<) U>	<U222A>	UNION
5265	<In>	<U222B>	INTEGRAL
5266	<DI>	<U222C>	DOUBLE INTEGRAL
5267	<IO>	<U222E>	CONTOUR INTEGRAL
5268	<.. :>	<U2234>	THEREFORE
5269	<:: .>	<U2235>	BECAUSE
5270	<: R>	<U2236>	RATIO
5271	<:: :>	<U2237>	PROPORTION
5272	<?1>	<U223C>	TILDE OPERATOR
5273	<CG>	<U223E>	INVERTED LAZY S
5274	<?->	<U2243>	ASYMPTOTICALLY EQUAL TO
5275	<?= >	<U2245>	APPROXIMATELY EQUAL TO
5276	<?2>	<U2248>	ALMOST EQUAL TO
5277	<=?>	<U224C>	ALL EQUAL TO
5278	<HI>	<U2253>	IMAGE OF OR APPROXIMATELY EQUAL TO
5279	<! =>	<U2260>	NOT EQUAL TO
5280	<=3>	<U2261>	IDENTICAL TO
5281	<=<>	<U2264>	LESS-THAN OR EQUAL TO
5282	</>=>	<U2265>	GREATER-THAN OR EQUAL TO
5283	<<*>	<U226A>	MUCH LESS-THAN
5284	<* / >>	<U226B>	MUCH GREATER-THAN
5285	<! <>	<U226E>	NOT LESS-THAN
5286	<! / >>	<U226F>	NOT GREATER-THAN
5287	<(C>	<U2282>	SUBSET OF
5288	<) C>	<U2283>	SUPERSET OF

5289	<(_>	<U2286>	SUBSET OF OR EQUAL TO
5290	<_)>	<U2287>	SUPERSET OF OR EQUAL TO
5291	<0.>	<U2299>	CIRCLED DOT OPERATOR
5292	<02>	<U229A>	CIRCLED RING OPERATOR
5293	<-T>	<U22A5>	UP TACK
5294	<.P>	<U22C5>	DOT OPERATOR
5295	<:3>	<U22EE>	VERTICAL ELLIPSIS
5296	<Eh>	<U2302>	HOUSE
5297	<<7>	<U2308>	LEFT CEILING
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5311	<3h>	<U2441>	OCR CHAIR
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5313	<4h>	<U2443>	OCR INVERTED FORK
5314	<1j>	<U2446>	OCR BRANCH BANK IDENTIFICATION
5315	<2j>	<U2447>	OCR AMOUNT OF CHECK
5316	<3j>	<U2448>	OCR DASH
5317	<4j>	<U2449>	OCR CUSTOMER ACCOUNT NUMBER
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5323	<6-o>	<U2465>	CIRCLED DIGIT SIX
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5325	<8-o>	<U2467>	CIRCLED DIGIT EIGHT
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5364	<7.>	<U248E>	DIGIT SEVEN FULL STOP
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5480	<UR->	<U2517>	BOX DRAWINGS HEAVY UP AND RIGHT
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5501	<dh>	<U252C>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT DOWN AND HORIZONTAL
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5511	<u1R>	<U2536>	BOX DRAWINGS RIGHT HEAVY AND LEFT UP LIGHT
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5519	<v1R>	<U253E>	BOX DRAWINGS RIGHT HEAVY AND LEFT VERTICAL LIGHT
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5522	<uDh>	<U2541>	BOX DRAWINGS DOWN HEAVY AND UP HORIZONTAL LIGHT
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5537	<DR>	<U2554>	BOX DRAWINGS DOUBLE DOWN AND RIGHT
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5542	<Ur>	<U2559>	BOX DRAWINGS UP DOUBLE AND RIGHT SINGLE
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5547	<vR>	<U255E>	BOX DRAWINGS VERTICAL SINGLE AND RIGHT DOUBLE
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5556	<uH>	<U2567>	BOX DRAWINGS UP SINGLE AND HORIZONTAL DOUBLE
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5560	<vh>	<U256B>	BOX DRAWINGS VERTICAL DOUBLE AND HORIZONTAL SINGLE
5561	<VH>	<U256C>	BOX DRAWINGS DOUBLE VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL
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5563	<BD>	<U2572>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT DIAGONAL UPPER LEFT TO LOWER RIGHT
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5565	<LB>	<U2584>	LOWER HALF BLOCK
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5570	<:S>	<U2592>	MEDIUM SHADE
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5575	<Rx>	<U25A3>	WHITE SQUARE CONTAINING BLACK SMALL SQUARE
5576	<RF>	<U25A4>	SQUARE WITH HORIZONTAL FILL
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5903	<aM.>	<UFE82>	ARABIC LETTER ALEF WITH MADDA ABOVE FINAL FORM
5904	<aH.>	<UFE84>	ARABIC LETTER ALEF WITH HAMZA ABOVE FINAL FORM
5905	<ah.>	<UFE88>	ARABIC LETTER ALEF WITH HAMZA BELOW FINAL FORM
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5911	<b+;>	<UFE92>	ARABIC LETTER BEH MEDIAL FORM

5912	<tm->	<UFE93>	ARABIC LETTER TEH MARBUTA ISOLATED FORM
5913	<tm.>	<UFE94>	ARABIC LETTER TEH MARBUTA FINAL FORM
5914	<t+->	<UFE95>	ARABIC LETTER TEH ISOLATED FORM
5915	<t+.>	<UFE96>	ARABIC LETTER TEH FINAL FORM
5916	<t+,>	<UFE97>	ARABIC LETTER TEH INITIAL FORM
5917	<t+;>	<UFE98>	ARABIC LETTER TEH MEDIAL FORM
5918	<tk->	<UFE99>	ARABIC LETTER THEH ISOLATED FORM
5919	<tk.>	<UFE9A>	ARABIC LETTER THEH FINAL FORM
5920	<tk,>	<UFE9B>	ARABIC LETTER THEH INITIAL FORM
5921	<tk;>	<UFE9C>	ARABIC LETTER THEH MEDIAL FORM
5922	<g+->	<UFE9D>	ARABIC LETTER JEEM ISOLATED FORM
5923	<g+.>	<UFE9E>	ARABIC LETTER JEEM FINAL FORM
5924	<g+,>	<UFE9F>	ARABIC LETTER JEEM INITIAL FORM
5925	<g+;>	<UFEA0>	ARABIC LETTER JEEM MEDIAL FORM
5926	<hk->	<UFEA1>	ARABIC LETTER HAH ISOLATED FORM
5927	<hk.>	<UFEA2>	ARABIC LETTER HAH FINAL FORM
5928	<hk,>	<UFEA3>	ARABIC LETTER HAH INITIAL FORM
5929	<hk;>	<UFEA4>	ARABIC LETTER HAH MEDIAL FORM
5930	<x+->	<UFEA5>	ARABIC LETTER KHAH ISOLATED FORM
5931	<x+.>	<UFEA6>	ARABIC LETTER KHAH FINAL FORM
5932	<x+,>	<UFEA7>	ARABIC LETTER KHAH INITIAL FORM
5933	<x+;>	<UFEA8>	ARABIC LETTER KHAH MEDIAL FORM
5934	<d+->	<UFEA9>	ARABIC LETTER DAL ISOLATED FORM
5935	<d+.>	<UFEAA>	ARABIC LETTER DAL FINAL FORM
5936	<dk->	<UFEAB>	ARABIC LETTER THAL ISOLATED FORM
5937	<dk.>	<UFEAC>	ARABIC LETTER THAL FINAL FORM
5938	<r+->	<UFEAD>	ARABIC LETTER REH ISOLATED FORM
5939	<r+.>	<UFEAE>	ARABIC LETTER REH FINAL FORM
5940	<z+->	<UFEAF>	ARABIC LETTER ZAIN ISOLATED FORM
5941	<z+.>	<UFEB0>	ARABIC LETTER ZAIN FINAL FORM
5942	<s+->	<UFEB1>	ARABIC LETTER SEEN ISOLATED FORM
5943	<s+.>	<UFEB2>	ARABIC LETTER SEEN FINAL FORM
5944	<s+,>	<UFEB3>	ARABIC LETTER SEEN INITIAL FORM
5945	<s+;>	<UFEB4>	ARABIC LETTER SEEN MEDIAL FORM
5946	<sn->	<UFEB5>	ARABIC LETTER SHEEN ISOLATED FORM
5947	<sn.>	<UFEB6>	ARABIC LETTER SHEEN FINAL FORM
5948	<sn,>	<UFEB7>	ARABIC LETTER SHEEN INITIAL FORM
5949	<sn;>	<UFEB8>	ARABIC LETTER SHEEN MEDIAL FORM
5950	<c+->	<UFEB9>	ARABIC LETTER SAD ISOLATED FORM
5951	<c+.>	<UFEBA>	ARABIC LETTER SAD FINAL FORM
5952	<c+,>	<UFEBB>	ARABIC LETTER SAD INITIAL FORM
5953	<c+;>	<UFEBC>	ARABIC LETTER SAD MEDIAL FORM
5954	<dd->	<UFEBD>	ARABIC LETTER DAD ISOLATED FORM
5955	<dd.>	<UFEBE>	ARABIC LETTER DAD FINAL FORM
5956	<dd,>	<UFEBF>	ARABIC LETTER DAD INITIAL FORM
5957	<dd;>	<UFECD0>	ARABIC LETTER DAD MEDIAL FORM
5958	<tzj->	<UFECD1>	ARABIC LETTER TAH ISOLATED FORM
5959	<tzj.>	<UFECD2>	ARABIC LETTER TAH FINAL FORM
5960	<tzj,>	<UFECD3>	ARABIC LETTER TAH INITIAL FORM
5961	<tzj;>	<UFECD4>	ARABIC LETTER TAH MEDIAL FORM
5962	<zH->	<UFECD5>	ARABIC LETTER ZAH ISOLATED FORM
5963	<zH.>	<UFECD6>	ARABIC LETTER ZAH FINAL FORM
5964	<zH,>	<UFECD7>	ARABIC LETTER ZAH INITIAL FORM
5965	<zH;>	<UFECD8>	ARABIC LETTER ZAH MEDIAL FORM
5966	<e+->	<UFECD9>	ARABIC LETTER AIN ISOLATED FORM
5967	<e+.>	<UFECA>	ARABIC LETTER AIN FINAL FORM
5968	<e+.>	<UFECB>	ARABIC LETTER AIN INITIAL FORM
5969	<e+;>	<UFECC>	ARABIC LETTER AIN MEDIAL FORM
5970	<i+->	<UFECD0>	ARABIC LETTER GHAIN ISOLATED FORM
5971	<i+.>	<UFECE>	ARABIC LETTER GHAIN FINAL FORM
5972	<i+.>	<UFECF>	ARABIC LETTER GHAIN INITIAL FORM
5973	<i+;>	<UFECD1>	ARABIC LETTER GHAIN MEDIAL FORM
5974	<f+->	<UFECD2>	ARABIC LETTER FEH ISOLATED FORM
5975	<f+.>	<UFECD3>	ARABIC LETTER FEH FINAL FORM
5976	<f+.>	<UFECD4>	ARABIC LETTER FEH INITIAL FORM
5977	<f+;>	<UFECD5>	ARABIC LETTER FEH MEDIAL FORM
5978	<q+->	<UFECD6>	ARABIC LETTER QAF ISOLATED FORM
5979	<q+.>	<UFECD7>	ARABIC LETTER QAF FINAL FORM
5980	<q+,>	<UFECD8>	ARABIC LETTER QAF INITIAL FORM
5981	<q+;>	<UFECD9>	ARABIC LETTER QAF MEDIAL FORM
5982	<k+->	<UFECD0>	ARABIC LETTER KAF ISOLATED FORM
5983	<k+.>	<UFECD1>	ARABIC LETTER KAF FINAL FORM
5984	<k+.>	<UFECD2>	ARABIC LETTER KAF INITIAL FORM
5985	<k+;>	<UFECD3>	ARABIC LETTER KAF MEDIAL FORM
5986	<l+->	<UFECD4>	ARABIC LETTER LAM ISOLATED FORM
5987	<l+.>	<UFECD5>	ARABIC LETTER LAM FINAL FORM
5988	<l+.>	<UFECD6>	ARABIC LETTER LAM INITIAL FORM
5989	<l+;>	<UFECD7>	ARABIC LETTER LAM MEDIAL FORM
5990	<m+->	<UFECD8>	ARABIC LETTER MEEM ISOLATED FORM
5991	<m+.>	<UFECD9>	ARABIC LETTER MEEM FINAL FORM
5992	<m+,>	<UFECD0>	ARABIC LETTER MEEM INITIAL FORM
5993	<m+;>	<UFECD1>	ARABIC LETTER MEEM MEDIAL FORM
5994	<n+->	<UFECD2>	ARABIC LETTER NOON ISOLATED FORM
5995	<n+.>	<UFECD3>	ARABIC LETTER NOON FINAL FORM
5996	<n+,>	<UFECD4>	ARABIC LETTER NOON INITIAL FORM
5997	<n+;>	<UFECD5>	ARABIC LETTER NOON MEDIAL FORM
5998	<h+->	<UFECD6>	ARABIC LETTER HEH ISOLATED FORM
5999	<h+.>	<UFECD7>	ARABIC LETTER HEH FINAL FORM
6000	<h+,>	<UFECD8>	ARABIC LETTER HEH INITIAL FORM

6001	<h+ ;>	<UFEEC>	ARABIC LETTER HEH MEDIAL FORM
6002	<w++>	<UFEED>	ARABIC LETTER WAW ISOLATED FORM
6003	<w+. >	<UFEEE>	ARABIC LETTER WAW FINAL FORM
6004	<j+->	<UFEFF>	ARABIC LETTER ALEF MAKSURA ISOLATED FORM
6005	<j+. >	<UFEF0>	ARABIC LETTER ALEF MAKSURA FINAL FORM
6006	<y+->	<UFEF1>	ARABIC LETTER YEH ISOLATED FORM
6007	<y+. >	<UFEF2>	ARABIC LETTER YEH FINAL FORM
6008	<y+, >	<UFEF3>	ARABIC LETTER YEH INITIAL FORM
6009	<y+, >	<UFEF4>	ARABIC LETTER YEH MEDIAL FORM
6010	<lm->	<UFEF5>	ARABIC LIGATURE LAM WITH ALEF WITH MADDA ABOVE ISOLATED FORM
6011	<lm.->	<UFEF6>	ARABIC LIGATURE LAM WITH ALEF WITH MADDA ABOVE FINAL FORM
6012	<lh->	<UFEF7>	ARABIC LIGATURE LAM WITH ALEF WITH HAMZA ABOVE ISOLATED FORM
6013	<lh.->	<UFEF8>	ARABIC LIGATURE LAM WITH ALEF WITH HAMZA ABOVE FINAL FORM
6014	<lh->	<UFEF9>	ARABIC LIGATURE LAM WITH ALEF WITH HAMZA BELOW ISOLATED FORM
6015	<lh.->	<UFEFA>	ARABIC LIGATURE LAM WITH ALEF WITH HAMZA BELOW FINAL FORM
6016	<la->	<UFEFB>	ARABIC LIGATURE LAM WITH ALEF ISOLATED FORM
6017	<la.->	<UFEFC>	ARABIC LIGATURE LAM WITH ALEF FINAL FORM
6018	<H->	<U0023>	NUMBER SIGN
6019	<!S>	<U0024>	DOLLAR SIGN
6020	<@>	<U0040>	COMMERCIAL AT
6021	<Oa>	<U0040>	COMMERCIAL AT
6022	<!C>	<U00A2>	CENT SIGN
6023	<L->	<U00A3>	POUND SIGN
6024	<Xo>	<U00A4>	CURRENCY SIGN
6025	<Y->	<U00A5>	YEN SIGN
6026	<!B>	<U00A6>	BROKEN BAR
6027	<So>	<U00A7>	SECTION SIGN
6028	<?1>	<U00AC>	NOT SIGN
6029	<9I>	<U00B6>	PILCROW SIGN
6030	<_>	<U2500>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT HORIZONTAL
6031	<_=>	<U2501>	BOX DRAWINGS HEAVY HORIZONTAL
6032	<_!>	<U2502>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT VERTICAL
6033	<_V/>>	<U250C>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT DOWN AND RIGHT
6034	<_V<w>	<U2510>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT DOWN AND LEFT
6035	<_A/>>	<U2514>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT UP AND RIGHT
6036	<_A<>	<U2518>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT UP AND LEFT
6037	<_! />>	<U251C>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT VERTICAL AND RIGHT
6038	<_! <>	<U2524>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT VERTICAL AND LEFT
6039	<_V->	<U252C>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT DOWN AND HORIZONTAL
6040	<_A>	<U2534>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT UP AND HORIZONTAL
6041	<_! ->	<U253C>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL
6042	<_/_>/ />	<U2571>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT DIAGONAL UPPER RIGHT TO LOWER LEFT
6043	<_< \>	<U2572>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT DIAGONAL UPPER LEFT TO LOWER RIGHT
6044	<_>/ />/>	<U25E2>	BLACK LOWER RIGHT TRIANGLE
6045	<_.< \>>	<U25E3>	BLACK LOWER LEFT TRIANGLE
6046	<_d!>	<U266A>	EIGHTH NOTE
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7 CONFORMANCE

7.1 FDCC-set

A FDCC-set description is conforming to this Technical Report if it meets the requirements in clause 4.

7.2 FDCC-set category

Conformance can be claimed for a category description against each of the clauses 4.3 thru 4.12, and then the requirements of clause 4.1 shall also be met, and a LC_IDENTIFICATION category as described in clause 4.2 shall be specified.

7.3 Charmap

A charmap description is conforming to this Technical Report if it meets the requirements in clause 5.

7.4 Repertoiremap

A repertoiremap description is conforming to this Technical Report if it meets the requirements in clause 6.

Annex A

Differences from the ISO/IEC 9945-2 standard

This Technical Report originated from the locale and charmap specifications in the ISO/IEC 9945-2 standard, and it intends to be backwards compatible, so that what is conformant to that standard should also be conformant to this Technical Report.

A number of enhancements have been done and a number of restrictions have been lifted in comparison to the POSIX standard:

A.1 Restrictions removed

1. Dependence on specific meaning of the character NUL as termination of a string (from the C standard) has been removed, to cater for other programming languages than C.

A.2 Enhancements

1. A description of a "repertoireemap" definition was added to facilitate descriptions of FDCC-sets without charmaps, and also to provide binding from a FDCC-set using one set of character names to charmaps using another naming set.
 2. The specific POSIX locale has been replaced with the "i18n" FDCC-set, defined on the repertoire on ISO/IEC 10646.
 3. Transliteration support has been added in the LC_CTYPE category.
 4. Terminology has been aligned with ISO/IEC TR 11017, especially the POSIX term "locale" has been changed to "FDCC-set".
 5. A date escape format "%F" has been added for ISO 8601 dates, and another date escape format "%f" has been added for weekday number with Monday being the first day of the week.
 6. Added to LC_MONETARY to accommodate differences between local and international formats:

int_p_cs_precedes
int_p_sep_by_space
int_n_cs_precedes
int_n_sep_by_space

7. Section symbols have been added via the "section-symbol" keyword in the LC_COLLATE category.
 8. The "order_start" keyword has got an optional "section-symbol" identifier
 9. The keywords "reorder-sections-after" and "reorder-sections_end" have been introduced to reorder sections.
 10. Symbolic elipses (both decimal and hexadecimal) has been introduced as a notation.

- 6123 11. The "print" CTYPE class includes automatically all "graph" characters.
- 6124
- 6125 12. The <Uxxxx> and <Uxxxxxxxx> notations have been introduced as predefined
6126 symbolic character names, together with a number of symbolic character names derived
6127 from POSIX and the Internet.
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- 6129 13. New categories LC_IDENTIFICATION, LC_PAPER, LC_NAME, LC_ADDRESS,
6130 and LC_TELEPHONE, have been introduced.
- 6131
- 6132 14. The LC_CTYPE has got support for new classes, via the new keywords class and
6133 map, which corresponds to the C standard library functions iswctype() and towctrans()
6134 respectively.
- 6135
- 6136 15. The "digit" keyword now supports digits for multiple scripts.
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- 6138 16. The LC_MONETARY category provides support for multiple currencies, such as the
6139 native currency and the Euro in some European countries.
- 6140
- 6141 17. The LC_TIME has got a number of enhancements to cater for alternate calendars, and
6142 timezone information may be given.
- 6143
- 6144 18. The charmap specification has been enhanced to support ISO 2022.

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Annex B
(informative)

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6157
Rationale

6158
B.1 FDCC-set Rationale

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The description of FDCC-sets is based on work performed in the UniForum Technical Committee Subcommittee on Internationalisation and on POSIX. Wherever appropriate, keywords were taken from the C Standard or the ISO/IEC 9945-2:1993 POSIX standard. The C and POSIX term "locale" has been changed into the term "FDCC-set" from ISO/IEC TR 11017 to align with that specification.

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The POSIX utility "localedef" compiles locale sources into object files. The "object" definitions need not be portable, as long as "source" definitions are. Strictly speaking, "source" definitions are portable only between applications using the same character set(s). Such "source" definitions can, if they use symbolic names only, easily be ported between systems using different code sets as long as the characters in the portable character set (ISO 646) have common values between the code sets; this is frequently the case in historical applications. Of course, this requires that the symbolic names used for characters outside the portable character set are identical between character sets.

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To avoid confusion between an octal constant and a backreference, the octal, hexadecimal, and decimal constants must contain at least two digits. As single-digit constants are relatively rare, this should not impose any significant hardship. Each of the constants includes "two or more" digits to account for systems in which the byte size is larger than eight bits. For example, an ISO/IEC 10646 system that has defined 16-bit bytes may require six octal, four hexadecimal, and five decimal digits, for some coded characters.

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As an international (ISO/IEC) Technical Report this Technical Report should follow the ISO/IEC guidelines, including the ISO/IEC TR 10176. This TR has a rule that characters outside the invariant part of ISO/IEC 646 should not be used in portable specifications. The backslash and the number-sign character are not in the invariant part. As far as general usage of these symbols, they are covered by the "grandfather clause" specifying previous practise in international standards and in the industry such as in specifications from The Open Group, but for newly defined interfaces, ISO has requested that specifications provide alternate representations, and this Technical Report then follows POSIX for backward compatibility. Consequently, while the default escape character remains the backslash, and the default comment character is the number-sign, applications are required to recognize alternative representations, identified in the applicable source text via the "escape_char" and "comment_char" keywords.

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B.1.1 LC_IDENTIFICATION Rationale.

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The LC_IDENTIFICATION category gives meta-information on the FDCC-set, such as who created it, and what is the level of conformance for each of the FDCC sets.

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B.1.2 LC_CTYPE Rationale

The LC_CTYPE category primarily is used to define the encoding-independent aspects of a character set, such as character classification. In addition, certain encoding-dependent characteristics are also defined for an application via the LC_CTYPE category. This Technical Report does not mandate that the encoding used in the FDCC-set is the same as the one used by the application, because an application may decide that it is advantageous to define a FDCC-set in a system-wide encoding rather than having multiple, logically identical FDCC-sets in different encodings, and to convert from the application encoding to the system-wide encoding on usage. Other applications could require encoding-dependent FDCC-sets. In either case, the LC_CTYPE attributes that are directly dependent on the encoding, such as "mb_cur_max" and the display width of characters, are not user-specifiable in a locale source, and are consequently not defined as keywords.

As the LC_CTYPE character classes are based on the C Standard character-class definition, the category does not support multicharacter elements. For instance, the German character <sharp-s> is traditionally classified as a lowercase letter. There is no corresponding uppercase letter; in proper capitalization of German text the <sharp-s> will be replaced by SS; i.e., by two characters. This kind of conversion is outside the scope of the "toupper" and "tolower" keywords.

The character classes "digit", "xdigit", "lower", "upper", and "space" have a set of automatically included characters. These only need to be specified if the character values (i.e. encoding) differs from the application default values. The definition of character class "digit" allows alternate digits (e.g., Hindi) to be specified here. The definition of character class "xdigit" requires that the characters included in character class "digit" are included here also, and allows for different symbols for the hexadecimal digits 10 through 15.

The "combining" and "combining-level3" classes are an IT-enablement of ISO/IEC 10646 definitions of combining characters. These can be used to check identifiers for consistency with the guidelines given in TR 10176 annex A.

B.1.3 LC_COLLATE Rationale.

The LC_COLLATE category governs the collation order in the FDCC-set, and may thus be useful for the processing of the ISO/IEC 14651 string ordering and comparison standard, the C Standard strxfrm() and strcoll() functions, as well as a number of ISO/IEC 9945-2:1993 POSIX utilities.

The rules governing collation depends to some extent on the use. At least five different levels of increasingly complex collation rules can be distinguished:

- (1) Byte/machine code order. This is the historical collation order in the UNIX system and many proprietary operating systems. Collation is here done character by character, without any regard to context. The primary virtue is that it usually is quite fast, and also completely deterministic; it works well when the native machine collation sequence matches the user expectations.
- (2) Character order. On this level, collation is also done character by character, without regard to context. The order between characters is, however, not determined by the code values, but on the user's expectations of the correct order between characters. In addition, such a (simple) collation order can specify that

- 6246 certain characters collate equal (e.g., upper and lowercase letters).
6247 (3) String ordering. On this level, entire strings are compared based on relatively
6248 straightforward rules. At this level, several "passes" may be required to deter-
6249 mine the order between two strings. Characters may be ignored in some passes,
6250 but not in others; the strings may be compared in different directions; and
6251 simple string substitutions may be made before strings are compared. This level
6252 is best described as "dictionary" ordering; it is based on the spelling, not the
6253 pronunciation, or meaning, of the words.
6254 (4) Text search ordering. This is a further refinement of the previous level, best de-
6255 scribed as "telephone book ordering"; some common homonyms (words spelled
6256 differently but with same pronunciation) are collated together; numbers are
6257 collated as if spelled with words, and so on.
6258 (5) Semantic level ordering. Words and strings are collated based on their meaning;
6259 entire words (such as "the") are eliminated, the ordering is not deterministic.
6260 This may requires special software, and is highly dependent on the intended
6261 use.

6262 While the historical collation order formally is at level 1, for the English language it
6263 corresponds roughly to elements at level 2. The user expects to see the output from the
6264 "ls" utility sorted very much as it would be in a dictionary. While telephone book ordering
6265 would be an optimal goal for standard collation, this was ruled out as the order would be
6266 language dependent. Furthermore, a requirement was that the order must be determined
6267 solely from the text string and the collation rules; no external information (e.g., "pronun-
6268 ciation dictionaries") could be required.

6270 As a result, the goal for the collation support is at level 3. This also matches the re-
6271 quirements for the Canadian collation order standard, as well as other, known collation
6272 requirements for alphabetic scripts. It specifically rules out collation based on pronun-
6273 ciation rules, or based on semantic analysis of the text. The syntax for the LC_COLLATE
6274 category source is the result of a cooperative effort between representatives for many
6275 countries and organizations working with international issues, such as UniForum, X/Open,
6276 and ISO, and it meets the requirements for level 3, and has been verified to produce the
6277 correct result with examples based on Canadian and Danish collation order.

6279 The directives that can be specified in an operand to the order_start keyword are based on
6280 the requirements specified in several proposed standards and in customary use. The
6281 following is a rephrasing of rules defined for "lexical ordering in English and French" by
6282 the Canadian Standards Association (text in brackets is rephrased):

- 6284 (1) Once special characters (punctuation) have been removed from original strings,
6285 the ordering is determined by scanning forward (left to right) [disregarding case
6286 and diacriticals].
6287 (2) In case of equivalence, special characters are once again removed from original
6288 strings and the ordering is determined scanning backward (starting from the
6289 rightmost character of the string and back), character by character, (disregarding
6290 case but considering diacriticals).
6291 (3) In case of repeated equivalence, special characters are removed again from
6292 original strings and the ordering is determined scanning forward, character by
6293 character, (considering both case and diacriticals).
6294 (4) If there is still an ordering equivalence after rules (1) through (3) have been
6295 applied, then only special characters and the position they occupy in the string

are considered to determine ordering. The string that has a special character in the lowest position comes first. If two strings have a special character in the same position, the character [with the lowest collation value] comes first. In case of equality, the other special characters are considered until there is a difference or all special characters have been exhausted.

It is estimated that the Technical Report covers the requirements for all European languages, and no particular problems are anticipated for Cyrillic or Middle Eastern scripts.

The Far East (particularly Japanese/Chinese) collations are often based on contextual information. In Japan, collations of strings containing CJK characters (ideograms) are often done considering some related information such as pronunciation, which needs a bulk dictionary (and some common sense). Such collation, in general, falls outside the desired goal of this Technical Report, and this Technical Report can support only a restricted set of collations used in Japan. There are, however, several other collation rules (stroke/radical, or "most common pronunciation") which can be supported with the mechanism described here. Previous drafts contained a substitute statement, which performed a regular expression style replacement before string compares. It has been withdrawn based on balloter objections that it was not required for the types of ordering this Technical Report is aimed at.

The character (and collating element) order is defined by the order in which characters and elements are specified between the `order_start` and `order_end` keywords. This character order is used in range expressions in regular expressions. Weights assigned to the characters and elements define the collation sequence; in the absence of weights, the character order is also the collation sequence.

The `position` keyword was introduced to provide the capability to consider, in a compare, the relative position of non-IGNOREd characters. As an example, consider the two strings "`o-ring`" and "`or-ing`". Assuming the hyphen is IGNOREd on the first pass, the two strings will compare equal, and the position of the hyphen is immaterial. On second pass, all characters except the hyphen are IGNOREd, and in the normal case the two strings would again compare equal. By taking position into account, the first collates before the second.

B.1.3.1 "reorder-after" rationale

Much work has been done on FDCC-sets, making them quite general. The ISO/IEC 9945-2:1993 POSIX standard introduced a "copy" command for all categories of the POSIX locale. This is useful for many purposes and it ensures that two FDCC-sets are equivalent for this category. A further step in building on previous FDCC-set work is defined in this Technical Report.

Collating sequences often vary a bit from country to country, and from language to language, but generally much of the collating sequence is the same. For example the Danish sequence is for the most part the same as the German or English collation, but for about a dozen letters it differs. The same can be said for Swedish or Hungarian: generally the Latin collating sequence is the same, but a few characters are different.

This Technical Report defines a FDCC-set defined on the character repertoire of the

6347 ISO/IEC 10646 standard, in a character set independent way. The intention is that some of
6348 the information from this FDCC-set will be acceptable in many cultures, and that it can
6349 serve as the basis for modifications in other cultures, to obtain a culturally acceptable
6350 specification. Using the "reorder-after" construct will also help improve the overview of
6351 what the changes really are for implementers and other users.

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6353 An example of the use of the "reorder-after" construct is the following. A default
6354 international ordering for the Latin alphabet may be adequate for Danish, with the
6355 exception of the collation rules for the letters Ü, ü, Æ, æ, Ä, ä, Ø, ø, Ö, ö, Å and å. By
6356 applying the "reorder-after" construct, the Danish specification can be made more easily
6357 by copying and reordering the existing international specification, rather than specifying
6358 collation parameters for all Latin letters (with or without diacritics). There is no obligation
6359 for Denmark to take this approach, but the "reorder-after" construct provides the
6360 mechanism for doing so if it is deemed desirable.

6361

6362

B.1.3.2 awk script for "reorder-after" construct

6364

A script has been written in the "awk" language defined in the POSIX standard ISO/IEC 9945-2 to implement the "reorder-after" construct. It functions as follows: It reads all of the FDCC-set and if in the LC_COLLATE category, it processes the line, else it just outputs the line. For the LC_COLLATE category it reads the lines and puts it into a double linked list of strings identified by a line number; at the end of the LC_COLLATE category all the lines are output. If the line is a "copy" keyword and it reads the file referenced, extracting the LC_COLLATE section of the file in to the list of strings. If the line is a "reorder-after" keyword, it sets a pointer to be the line number of the symbol to of the "reorder-after" keyword. If the line is part of the "reorder-after" specification, it is entered into the double linked list at this point, and the previous entry in the double linked list for the <collation-element> is removed from the list. A "reorder-end" keyword terminates the reordering.

6377

```

6378 BEGIN { comment = "%"; back[0]= follow[0] = 0; }
6379 /LC_COLLATE/ { coll=1 }
6380 /END LC_COLLATE/ { coll=0; for (lnr= 1; lnr; lnr= follow[lnr]) print cont[lnr] }
6381
6382 { if (coll == 0) print $0 ;
6383   else { if ($1 == "copy") {
6384     file = $2
6385     while (getline < file )
6386       if ( $1 == "LC_COLLATE" ) copy_lc = 1
6387       else if ( $1 == "END" && $2 == "LC_COLLATE" ) copy_lc =0
6388       else if (copy_lc) {
6389         lnr++
6390         follow[lnr-1] = lnr; back [ lnr ] = lnr-1
6391         cont[lnr] = $0; symb[ $1 ] = lnr
6392       }
6393       close (file )
6394     }
6395   else if ($1 == "reorder-after") { ra=1 ; after = symb [ $2 ] }
6396   else if ($1 == "reorder-end") ra = 0
6397   else {
6398     lnr++
6399     if (ra) follow [ lnr ] = follow [ after ]
6400     if (ra) back [ follow [ after ] ] = lnr
6401     follow[after] = lnr; back [ lnr ] = after
6402     cont[lnr] = $0
6403     if ( ra && $1 != comment && $1 != "" ) {
6404       old = symb [ $1 ];
6405       follow [ back [ old ] ] = follow [ old ];
6406       back [ follow [ old ] ] = back [ old ];
6407       symb[ $1 ] = lnr;
6408     }
6409     after = lnr
6410   }
6411 }
6412 }
6413 }
```

B.1.3.3 Sample FDCC-set specification for Danish

```

6414
6415
6416 escape_char /
6417 comment_char %
6418 repertoiremap "i18nrep"
6419 charset "ISO_8859-1:1987"
6420 % Distribution and use is free, also
6421 % for commercial purposes.
6422
6423 LC_VERSION
6424 title "Danish language FDCC-set for Denmark"
6425 source "Danish Standards Association"
6426 address "Kollegevej 6, DK-2920 Charlottenlund, Danmark"
6427 contact "Keld Simonsen"
6428 email "Keld.Simonsen@dkuug.dk"
6429 tel "+45 - 3996-6101"
6430 fax "+45 - 3996-6202"
6431 language "da"
6432 territory "DK"
6433 revision "4.2"
6434 date "1997-12-22"
6435
6436 category i18n:1998;LC_IDENTIFICATION
6437 category i18n:1998;LC_CTYPE
6438 category i18n:1998;LC_COLLATE
6439 category i18n:1998;LC_TIME
6440 category posix:1993;LC_NUMERIC
6441 category i18n:1998;LC_MONETARY
6442 category posix:1993;LC_MESSAGES
6443 category i18n:1998;LC_PAPER
6444 category i18n:1998;LC_NAME
6445 category i18n:1998;LC_ADDRESS
6446 category i18n:1998;LC_TELEPHONE
6447
6448 END LC_VERSION
6449
6450 LC_CTYPE
6451 copy "i18n"
6452 END LC_CTYPE
6453
6454 LC_COLLATE
6455 % The ordering algorithm is in accordance
6456 % with Danish Standard DS 377 (1980)
6457 % and the Danish Orthography Dictionary
6458 % (Retskrivningsordbogen, 2. udgave, 1996).
6459 % It is also in accordance with
6460 % Greenlandic orthography.
6461
6462 collating-element <A-A> from "<A><A>"
6463 collating-element <A-a> from "<A><a>"
6464 collating-element <a-A> from "<a><A>"
6465 collating-element <a-a> from "<a><a>"
6466 copy i18n
6467 reorder-after <CAPITAL>
6468 <CAPITAL>
6469 <CAPITAL-SMALL>
6470 <SMALL-CAPITAL>
6471 <SMALL>
6472 reorder-after <q8>
6473 <kk>   <Q>;<SPECIAL>;<SMALL>;IGNORE
6474 reorder-after <t8>
6475 <TH>   "<T><H>" ; "<TH><TH>" ; "<CAPITAL><CAPITAL>" ; IGNORE
6476 <th>   "<T><H>" ; "<TH><TH>" ; "<SMALL><SMALL>" ; IGNORE
6477 reorder-after <y8>
6478 % <U:> and <U"> are treated as <Y> in Danish
6479 <U:>   <Y>;<U:>;<CAPITAL>;IGNORE
6480 <u:>   <Y>;<U:>;<SMALL>;IGNORE
6481 <U">   <Y>;<U">;<CAPITAL>;IGNORE
6482 <u">   <Y>;<U">;<SMALL>;IGNORE
6483 reorder-after <z8>
6484 % <AE> is a separate letter in Danish

```

```

6485      <AE>      <AE>;<NONE>;<CAPITAL>;IGNORE
6486      <ae>      <AE>;<NONE>;<SMALL>;IGNORE
6487      <AE'>     <AE>;<ACUTE>;<CAPITAL>;IGNORE
6488      <ae'>     <AE>;<ACUTE>;<SMALL>;IGNORE
6489      <A3>      <AE>;<MACRON>;<CAPITAL>;IGNORE
6490      <a3>      <AE>;<MACRON>;<SMALL>;IGNORE
6491      <A:>      <AE>;<SPECIAL>;<CAPITAL>;IGNORE
6492      <a:>      <AE>;<SPECIAL>;<SMALL>;IGNORE
6493      % <O//> is a separate letter in Danish
6494      <O//>      <O//>;<NONE>;<CAPITAL>;IGNORE
6495      <o//>      <O//>;<NONE>;<SMALL>;IGNORE
6496      <O//>'     <O//>;<ACUTE>;<CAPITAL>;IGNORE
6497      <o//>'     <O//>;<ACUTE>;<SMALL>;IGNORE
6498      <O:>      <O//>;<DIAERESIS>;<CAPITAL>;IGNORE
6499      <o:>      <O//>;<DIAERESIS>;<SMALL>;IGNORE
6500      <O">       <O//>;<DOUBLE-ACUTE>;<CAPITAL>;IGNORE
6501      <o">       <O//>;<DOUBLE-ACUTE>;<SMALL>;IGNORE
6502      % <AA> is a separate letter in Danish
6503      <AA>      <AA>;<NONE>;<CAPITAL>;IGNORE
6504      <aa>      <AA>;<NONE>;<SMALL>;IGNORE
6505      <A-A>     <AA>;<A-A>;<CAPITAL>;IGNORE
6506      <A-a>     <AA>;<A-A>;<CAPITAL-SMALL>;IGNORE
6507      <a-A>     <AA>;<A-A>;<SMALL-CAPITAL>;IGNORE
6508      <a-a>     <AA>;<A-A>;<SMALL>;IGNORE
6509      <AA'>     <AA>;<AA'>;<CAPITAL>;IGNORE
6510      <aa'>     <AA>;<AA'>;<SMALL>;IGNORE
6511      reorder-end
6512      END LC_COLLATE
6513
6514      LC_MONETARY
6515      int_curr_symbol          "<D><K><K><SP> "
6516      currency_symbol          "<k><r> "
6517      mon_decimal_point         "<,> "
6518      mon_thousands_sep         "<. > "
6519      mon_grouping             "3;3"
6520      positive_sign            ""
6521      negative_sign            "<-> "
6522      int_frac_digits           2
6523      frac_digits              2
6524      p_cs_precedes            1
6525      p_sep_by_space            2
6526      n_cs_precedes            1
6527      n_sep_by_space            2
6528      p_sign_posn              4
6529      n_sign_posn              4
6530      END LC_MONETARY
6531
6532      LC_NUMERIC
6533      decimal_point             "<, > "
6534      thousands_sep              "<. > "
6535      grouping                 "3;3"
6536      END LC_NUMERIC
6537
6538      LC_TIME
6539      abday        "<m><a><n>" ; /
6540                  "<t><i><r>" ; "<o><n><s>" ; /
6541                  "<t><o><r>" ; "<f><r><e>" ; /
6542                  "<l><o//><r>" ; "<s><o/><n>"
6543      day          "<m><a><n><d><a><g>" ; /
6544                  "<t><i><r><s><d><a><g>" ; /
6545                  "<o><n><s><d><a><g>" ; /
6546                  "<t><o><r><s><d><a><g>" ; /
6547                  "<f><r><e><d><a><g>" ; /
6548                  "<l><o//><r><d><a><g>" ; /
6549                  "<s><o//><n><d><a><g>" ; /
6550      week         7;19971201;4
6551      abmon        "<j><a><n>" ; "<f><e><b>" ; /
6552                  "<m><a><r>" ; "<a><p><r>" ; /
6553                  "<m><a><j>" ; "<j><u><n>" ; /
6554                  "<j><u><l>" ; "<a><u><g>" ; /
6555                  "<s><e><p>" ; "<o><k><t>" ; /

```

```

6556
6557     " <n><o><v>" ; "<d><e><c>"  

6558 mon      "<j><a><n><u><a><r>" ; /  

6559     "<f><e><b><r><u><a><r>" ; /  

6560     "<m><a><r><t><s>" ; /  

6561     "<a><p><r><i><l>" ; /  

6562     "<m><a><j>" ; /  

6563     "<j><u><n><i>" ; /  

6564     "<j><u><l><i>" ; /  

6565     "<a><u><g><u><s><t>" ; /  

6566     "<s><e><p><t><e><m><b><e><r>" ; /  

6567     "<o><k><t><o><b><e><r>" ; /  

6568     "<n><o><v><e><m><b><e><r>" ; /  

6569     "<d><e><c><e><m><b><e><r>"  

6570 d_t_fmt    "<%><a><SP><%><F><SP><%><T><SP><%><Z>"  

6571 d_fmt      "<%><O><d><.><SP><%><B><SP><%><Y>"  

6572 atl_digits "<0><.>;<1><.>;<2><.>;<3><.>;<4><.>; /  

6573     "<5><.>;<6><.>;<7><.>;<8><.>;<9><.>; /  

6574     "<1><0><.>;<1><1><.>;<1><2><.>;<1><3><.>;<1><4><.>; /  

6575     "<1><5><.>;<1><6><.>;<1><7><.>;<1><8><.>;<1><9><.>; /  

6576     "<2><0><.>;<2><1><.>;<2><2><.>;<2><3><.>;<2><4><.>; /  

6577     "<2><5><.>;<2><6><.>;<2><7><.>;<2><8><.>;<2><9><.>; /  

6578 t_fmt      "<%><T>"  

6579 am_pm      " " ; "  

6580 t_fmt_ampm "  

6581 timezone   "<C><E><T><-><1><C><E><T><SP><D><S><T><, ><M><3><.><5><.><0>/  

6582 <,><M><1><0><.><5><.><0>"  

6583 END LC_TIME  

6584  

6585 LC_MESSAGES  

6586 yesexpr    "<<(><1><J><j><Y><y>< ) />><.><*>"  

6587 noexpr     "<<(><0><N><n>< ) />><.><*>"  

6588 END LC_MESSAGES  

6589  

6590 LC_PAPER  

6591 copy "i18n"  

6592 END LC_PAPER  

6593  

6594 LC_NAME  

6595 name_fmt    "<%><p><%><t><%><g><%><t><%><m><%><t><%><f>"  

6596 name_gen    ""  

6597 name_mr     "<h><r>"  

6598 name_mrs    "<f><r><u>"  

6599 name_miss   "<f><r><o/><k><e><n>"  

6600 name_ms     "<f><r>"  

6601 END LC_NAME  

6602  

6603 LC_ADDRESS  

6604 country_name "<D><a><n><m><a><r><k>"  

6605 country_post  "<D><K>"  

6606 country_ab2  "<D><K>"  

6607 country_ab3  "<D><N><K>"  

6608 country_num  208  

6609 country_car  "<D><K>"  

6610 country_isbn "<8><7>"  

6611 lang_ab      "<d><a>"  

6612 lang_term    "<d><a><n>"  

6613 postal_fmt   "<%><a><%><N><%><f><%><N><%><d><%><N><%><b><%><N><%>/  

6614 <%><s><SP><%><h><SP><%><e><SP><%><r><%><N>/  

6615 <%><C><-><%><z><SP><%><T><%><N><%><c><%><N>"  

6616 END LC_ADDRESS

```

6617 LC_TELEPHONE
 6618 tel_int_fmt "<+><%><c><SP><%><a><SP><%><l>"
 6619 tel_dom_fmt "<%><l>"
 6620 int_select "<0><0>"
 6621 int_prefix "<4><5>"
 6622 END LC_TELEPHONE
 6623

B.1.4 LC_MONETARY Rationale.

6625
 6626 The currency symbol does not appear in LC_MONETARY because it is not defined in the
 6627 C Standard's C locale. The C Standard limits the size of decimal points and thousands
 6628 delimiters to single-byte values. In FDCC-sets based on multibyte coded character sets this
 6629 cannot be enforced, obviously; this Technical Report does not prohibit such characters, but
 6630 makes the behaviour unspecified (in the text "In contexts where other standards . . .").
 6631

6632 The grouping specification is based on, but not identical to, the C Standard. The "-1"
 6633 signals that no further grouping shall be performed, the equivalent of (CHAR_MAX) in
 6634 the C Standard).

6635
 6636 The FDCC-set definition is an extension of the C Standard `localeconv()` specification. In
 6637 particular, rules on how currency_symbol is treated are extended to also cover int_-
 6638 curr_symbol, and p_sep_by_space and n_sep_by_space have been augmented with the
 6639 value 2, which places a space between the sign and the symbol (if they are adjacent;
 6640 otherwise it should be treated as a 0). The following table shows the result of various
 6641 combinations:

		p_sep_by_space	2	1	0
6647	p_cs_precedes = 1	p_sign_posn = 0	(\$ 1.25)	(\$ 1.25)	(\$1.25)
6648		p_sign_posn = 1	+ \$1.25	+\$ 1.25	+\$1.25
6649		p_sign_posn = 2	\$1.25 +	\$ 1.25+	\$1.25+
6650		p_sign_posn = 3	+ \$1.25	+\$ 1.25	+\$1.25
6651		p_sign_posn = 4	\$ +1.25	\$+ 1.25	\$+1.25
6652					
6653	p_cs_precedes = 0	p_sign_posn = 0	(1.25 \$)	(1.25 \$)	(1.25\$)
6654		p_sign_posn = 1	+1.25 \$	+1.25 \$	+1.25\$
6655		p_sign_posn = 2	1.25\$ +	1.25 \$+	1.25\$+
6656		p_sign_posn = 3	1.25+ \$	1.25 +\$	1.25+\$
6657		p_sign_posn = 4	1.25\$ +	1.25 \$+	1.25\$+

6658
 6659
 6660 The following is an example of the interpretation of the mon_grouping keyword.
 6661 Assuming that the value to be formatted is 123456789 and the mon_thousands_sep is "",
 6662 then the following table shows the result. The third column shows the equivalent C
 6663 Standard string that would be used to accommodate this grouping. It is the responsibility
 6664 of the utility to perform mappings of the formats in this clause to those used by language
 6665 bindings such as the C Standard .
 6666

	Mon_grouping	Formatted Value	C String
6667	3;-1	123456'789	"\3\177"
6668	3	123'456'789	"\3"
6669	3;2;-1	1234'56'789	"\3\2\177"
6670	3;2	12'34'56'789	"\3\2"
6671	-1	123456789	"177"

6673

In these examples, the octal value of (CHAR_MAX) is 177.

6675

The multiple currency support is specified such that a FDCC-set can be used without change during the transition period in a static environment. For example in the case of the Euro currency as being employed in a number of European countries, there is no need to change the FDCC-set when shifting from one currency to two concurrent currencies; and there is no need to change FDCC-set, when changing to the Euro as the only currency. Also the same application call can be made to be valid for countries with a single currency and countries with dual currencies. The specifications can also be used without change of the FDCC-set on an installation, when converting from one national currency to another, for example when removing some zeroes to form a new currency.

6685

The following example illustrates the support for multiple currencies; the example is for the Euro in Germany:

```

6688
6689   LC_MONETARY
6690   valid_from      " " ;           "19990101"
6691   valid_to        "20020630" ;    "
6692   conversion_rate 1;             195/100
6693   int_curr_symbol "<D><E><M><SP>" ; "<E><U><R><SP>"
6694   currency_symbol "<D><M>" ;       "<E><U><R>""
6695   mon_decimal_point "<, >" ;
6696   mon_thousands_sep  "< . >" ;
6697   mon_grouping      3 ; 3
6698   positive_sign     " "
6699   negative_sign     "<->" ;
6700   int_frac_digits   2;            2
6701   frac_digits       2;            2
6702   p_cs_precedes    1;            1
6703   p_sep_by_space    2;            2
6704   n_cs_precedes    1;            1
6705   n_sep_by_space    2;            2
6706   p_sign_posn      4;            4
6707   n_sign_posn      4;            4
6708
6709   END LC_MONETARY
6710

```

B.1.5 LC_NUMERIC Rationale.

6712

See the rationale for LC_MONETARY (B1.3) for a description of the behaviour of grouping.

6715

B.1.6 LC_TIME Rationale.

6717

The LC_TIME descriptions of abday, day, and abmon imply a Gregorian style calendar (7-day weeks, 12-month years, leap years, etc.). Other calendars can be supported, for example calendars with a fixed week length.

6721

In some FDCC-sets the field descriptors for weekday and month names will be given with an initial small letter. Programs using these fields may need to adjust the capitalization if the output is going to be used at the beginning of a sentence.

6725

6726 The field descriptors corresponding to the optional keywords consist of a modifier
6727 followed by a traditional field descriptor (for instance %Ex). If the optional keywords are
6728 not supported by the application or are unspecified for the current FDCC-set, these field
6729 descriptors shall be treated as the traditional field descriptor. For instance, assume the
6730 following keywords:

6731
6732 alt_digits "0th";"1st";"2nd";"3rd";"4th";"5th";"6th";"7th";"8th";"9th";"10th"
6733 d_fmt "The %Od day of %B in %Y"

6734
6735 On 7/4/1776, the %x field descriptor would result in "The 4th day of July in 1776," while
6736 7/14/1789 would come out as "The 14 day of July in 1789." It can be noted that the above
6737 example is for illustrative purposes only; the %o modifier is primarily intended to provide
6738 for Kanji or Hindi digits in date formats. While it is clear that an alternate year format is
6739 required, there is no consensus on the format or the requirements. As a result, while these
6740 keywords are reserved, the details are left unspecified. It is expected that National
6741 Standards Bodies will provide specifications.

6742 **B.1.7 LC_MESSAGES Rationale.**

6743
6744 The LC_MESSAGES category is described in clause 4 as affecting the language used by
6745 utilities for their output. The mechanism used by the application to accomplish this, other
6746 than the responses shown here in the FDCC-set definition, is not specified by this version
6747 of this Technical Report. The internationalization working group is developing an interface
6748 that would allow applications (and, presumably some of the standard utilities) to access
6749 messages from various message catalogs, tailored to a user's LC_MESSAGES value.

6750 **B.1.8 LC_PAPER Rationale.**

6751 The LC_PAPER category gives information to prepare output on a printer. Only the
6752 physical measurements of the height and width is available, as this is the information most
6753 often available in various document handling applications.

6754 **B.1.9 LC_NAME Rationale.**

6755 The LC_NAME category gives information to prepare a text for addressing a person, for
6756 example as a part of a postal address on an envelope, or as a salutating line in a letter.
6757 The information is intended to be given to an API that has the various naming information
6758 as parameters and yields a formatted string as the return value.

6759 **B.1.10 LC_ADDRESS Rationale.**

6760 The LC_ADDRESS category gives information to prepare a text for writing an address,
6761 for example as a part of a postal address on an envelope. The information is intended to
6762 be given to an API that has the various address information as parameters and yields a
6763 formatted string as the return value.

B.1.11 LC_TELEPHONE Rationale.

The LC_TELEPHONE category gives information to prepare a text for writing a telephone number. The information is intended to be given to an API that has the various information on a telephone number as parameters and yields a formatted string as the return value. Both an international and a domestic formatting possibility is available.

B.2 Character Set Rationale.

This Technical Report poses no requirement that multiple character sets or code sets be supported, leaving this as a marketing differentiation for implementors. Although multiple charmaps are supported, it is the responsibility of the application to provide the file(s); if only one is provided, only that one will be accessible.

The character set description text provides the capability to describe character set attributes (such as collation order or character classes) independent of character set encoding, and using only the characters in the portable character set. This makes it possible to create "generic" FDCC-set source texts for all code sets that share the portable character set (such as the ISO/IEC 8859 family or IBM Extended ASCII).

Applications are free to describe more than one code set in a character set description text. For example, if an application defines ISO/IEC 8859-1 as the primary code set, and ISO/IEC 8859-2 as an alternate set, with each character from the alternate code set preceded in data by a shift code, a character set description text could contain a complete description of the primary set and those characters from the secondary that are not identical, the encoding of the latter including the shift code.

Applications are free to choose their own symbolic names, as long as the names identified by this Technical Report are also defined; this provides support for already existing "character names".

The charmap was introduced to resolve problems with the portability of, especially, FDCC-set sources. While the portable character set (in Table 1) is a constant across all FDCC-sets for a particular application, this is not true for the extended character set. However, the particular coded character set used for an application does not necessarily imply different characteristics or collation: on the contrary, these attributes should in many cases be identical, regardless of codeset. The charmap provides the capability to define a common FDCC-set definition for multiple codesets (the same FDCC-set source can be used for codesets with different extended characters; the ability in the charmap to define "empty" names allows for characters missing in certain codesets).

In addition, some implementors have expressed an interest in using the charmap to define certain other characteristics of codesets, such as the <mb_cur_max> value for the particular codeset. (Note that <mb_cur_max> has to be equal to or lower than the C Standard {MB_LEN_MAX}, which is the application limit). Such extensions are not described here; but may be added in a later revision of this Technical Report.

The <escape_char> declaration was added at the request of the international community to ease the creation of portable charmaps on terminals not implementing the default backslash escape. (This approach was adopted because this is a new interface invented by

6827 ISO/IEC 9945-2:1993 POSIX. Historical interfaces, such as the shell command language
6828 and awk, have not been modified to accommodate this type of terminal.)
6829

6830 The octal number notation was selected to match those of POSIX "awk" and "tr" utilities
6831 and is consistent with that used by the POSIX localedef utility.
6832

6833 The charmap capability implements a facility available at some X/Open compatible
6834 applications. Its prime virtue is to support "generic" collation sequence source definitions.
6835 An implementor or an applications developer can produce a template definition that can be
6836 used to produce several codeset-dependent "compiled" FDCC-set definitions. The facility
6837 also removes any dependency in many source definitions on characters outside the
6838 character set defined in this clause.
6839

6840 The charmap allows specification of more than one encoding of a character. This allows
6841 for encodings that can encode items in more than one way. For example, an item can be
6842 encoded once as a fully composed character and again as a base character plus combining
6843 character. This would allow either representation to be recognized. As only the first
6844 occurrence of the character may be output, this technique could be used to normalize a
6845 character stream.
6846

6847 The ISO 2022 support introduced gives the possibility to refer other definitions via
6848 charmaps, so the full encoding does not have to be replicated. It supports shifting with G0,
6849 G1, G2 and G3 sets, and also general shifting of coded character sets via escape
6850 sequences.
6851

6852 **B.3 Repertoiremap Rationale.**

6853 The repertoiremap was introduced to make FDCC-sets independent of the availability of
6854 charmaps. With the repertoiremap it is possible to use a FDCC-set encoded with one set of
6855 symbolic character names, together with charmaps with other symbolic character naming
6856 schemes, provided there are repertoiremaps available for both naming schemes.
6857

6858 Repertoiremaps are also useful to describe repertoires of characters, to be used for
6859 example for transliteration.
6860

6862

6863

6864

6865

6866

6867

6868 **C.1 BNF Syntax Rules**

6869

6870 The syntax used here is near to ISO/IEC 14977, but "_" is allowed in identifiers, and
 6871 comma is not used as concatenator, as the items are just concatenated.

6872

6873 Definitions between <angle brackets> make use of terms not defined in this BNF syntax,
 6874 and assume general English usage.

6875

6876 Other conventions:

6877

* means 0 or more repetitions of a token.

6878

+ means one or more repetitions of a token

6879

Brackets [] indicate optional occurrence of a token.

6880

Comments start with a % on a separate line.

6881

6882 There may be more specifications in the normative text that describes restrictions on the
 6883 grammar.

6884

6885 **C.2 Grammar for FDCC-sets**

6886

```
% The following grammar rules are common to all categorie)
char           = <any character except those that makes an End
                  Of Line>
graphic_char   = <any character except control_characters and
                  space> ;
space          = ' ' | <TAB> ;
EOL            = <anything that makes an End Of Line (EOL) in
                  the operating system employed> ;
                  | comment EOL ;
comment_char   = <defined by the 'comment_char' keyword> ;
escape_char    = <defined by the 'escape_char' keyword> ;
charsymbol     = simple_symbol | ucs_symbol ;
collsymbol     = simple_symbol ;
collelement    = simple_symbol ;
sectionsymbol  = simple_symbol ;
octdigit       = '0' | '1' | '2' | '3' | '4' | '5' | '6' | '7' ;
                  | '8' | '9' ;
digit          = '0' | '1' | '2' | '3' | '4' | '5' | '6' | '7' | '8' | '9' ;
hex_upper      = 'A' | 'B' | 'C' | 'D' | 'E' | 'F' | digit ;
hexdigit       = hex_upper | 'a' | 'b' | 'c' | 'd' | 'e' | 'f' | 'g' | 'h' | 'i' | 'j' | 'k'
                  | 'l' | 'm' | 'n' | 'o' | 'p' | 'q' | 'r' | 's' |
                  | 't' | 'u' | 'v' | 'w' | 'x' | 'y' | 'z' | 'A' | 'B' | 'C' | 'D' | 'E'
                  | 'F' | 'G' | 'H' | 'I' | 'J' | 'K' | 'L' | 'M' | 'N' | 'O' | 'P' |
                  | 'Q' | 'R' | 'S' | 'T' | 'U' | 'V' | 'W' | 'X' | 'Y' | 'Z' ;
portable_graph = letter | digit | '!' | '"' | '#' | '$' | '%' | '&' |
                  | "'" | '(' | ')' | '*' | '+' | '-' | '.' | '/' | ':' | ';' |
                  | '<' | '=' | '>' | '?' | '@' | '[' | '\' | ']' | '^' | '_' |
                  | '...' | '{' | '}' | '~' ;
portable_char  = portable_graph | ' ' | <NUL> | <ALERT>
                  | <BACKSPACE> | <TAB> | <CARRIAGE_RETURN>
                  | <NEWLINE> | <VERTICAL_TAB> | <FORM_FEED> ;
octal_char     = escape_char octdigit octdigit octdigit* ;
hex_char        = escape_char 'x' hexdigit hexdigit hexdigit* ;
decimal_char   = escape_char 'd' digit digit digit* ;
number          = digit digit* ;
id_part         = letter | digit | '-' | '_'
```

```

6923 four_digit_hex_string          = hex_upper hex_upper hex_upper hex_upper ;
6924 identifier                   = letter id_part* ;
6925 simple_symbol                = space* '<' portable_graph+ '>' ;
6926 ucs_symbol                   = space* '<U' four_digit_hex_string
6927 [ four_digit_hex_string ] '>' ;
6928 quoted_string                = '''' char_symbol* ''' ;
6929 quoted_nonempty_string       = ''' char_symbol [ char_symbol* ] ''' ;
6930 char_symbol                  = char | charsymbol
6931 | octal_char | hex_char | decimal_char ;
6932 elem_list                     = elem elem* ;
6933 elem                         = char_symbol | collsymbol | collelement ;
6934 symb_list                     = collsymbol+ ;
6935 FDCC_set_name                = FDCC-name | ''' FDCC-name ''' ;
6936 copy_FDCC_set                 = 'copy' FDCC_set_name EOL ;
6937 FDCC-name                    = portable_graph+ ;
6938 semicolon                     = ';' ;
6939 comment                       = comment_char char* ;
6940
6941 % The following is the overall FDCC-set grammar
6942 FDCC_set_definition           = [ global_statement* ] category+ ;
6943 global_statement               = 'escape_char' character EOL
6944 | 'comment_char' character EOL
6945 | 'repertoiremap' quoted_string EOL
6946 | 'charmap' quoted_string EOL ;
6947 category                      = lc_identification | lc_ctype | lc_collate
6948 | lc_monetary | lc_numeric | lc_time
6949 | lc_messages | lc_paper | lc_telephone
6950 | lc_name | lc_address ;
6951
6952 % The following is the LC_IDENTIFICATION category grammar
6953 lc_ident                       = ident_head ident_keyword* ident_tail
6954 | ident_head copy_FDCC_set ident_tail ;
6955 ident_head                     = 'LC_IDENTIFICATION' EOL ;
6956 ident_keyword                  = ident_keyword_string quoted_string EOL ;
6957 ident_keyword_string           = 'title' | 'source' | 'address' | 'contact'
6958 | 'email' | 'tel' | 'fax' | 'language'
6959 | 'territory' | 'audience' | 'application'
6960 | 'abbreviation' | 'revision' | 'date' ;
6961 ident_tail                     = 'END' 'LC_IDENTIFICATION' EOL ;
6962
6963
6964 % The following is the LC_CTYPE category grammar
6965 lc_ctype                        = ctype_head ctype_keyword* [ translit ]
6966 ctype_tail                     =
6967 | ctype_head copy_FDCC_set ctype_tail ;
6968 ctype_head                     = 'LC_CTYPE' EOL ;
6969 ctype_keyword                  = charclass_keyword charclass_list EOL
6970 | charconv_keyword charconv_list EOL ;
6971 charclass_keyword              = 'upper' | 'lower' | 'alpha' | 'digit'
6972 | 'punct' | 'xdigit' | 'space' | 'print'
6973 | 'graph' | 'blank' | 'cntrl' | 'outdigit'
6974 | 'class' class_name semicolon ;
6975 class_name                     = '"combining"' | '"combining_level3"'
6976 | ''' identifier ''' ;
6977 charclass_list                 = charclass_list semicolon char_symbol
6978 | charclass_list semicolon ctype_abs_ellipsis
6979 semicolon char_symbol          =
6980 | charclass_list semicolon charsymbol
6981 ctype_symbolic_ellipsis        charsymbol
6982 | char_symbol ;
6983 charconv_keyword              = 'toupper' | 'tolower'
6984 | 'map' ''' identifier ''' semicolon ;
6985 charconv_list                  = charconv_list semicolon charconv_entry
6986 | charconv_entry ;
6987 charconv_entry                = '(' char_symbol ',' char_symbol ')';
6988 ctype_symbolic_ellipsis        = '...' | '....' | '..(2)..';
6989 | '...';
6990 translit_start                = translit_start [translit_include]
6991 [default_missing] translit_statement*
6992 translit_end ;
6993 translit_start                = 'translit_start' EOL ;

```

```

6994 translit_include          = 'include' FDCC_set_name semicolon
6995
6996 default_missing          = 'default_missing' quoted_nonempty_string EOL ;
6997 translit_ignore           = 'translit_ignore' charclass_list EOL ;
6998 translit_statement         = char_or_string char_or_string [ semicolon
6999                               char_or_string ]* EOL ;
7000 translit_end               = 'translit_end' EOL ;
7001 ctype_tail                = 'END' 'LC_TYPE' EOL ;
7002
7003 % The following is the LC_COLLATE category grammar
7004 lc_collate                 = collate_head collate_keywords collate_tail ;
7005 collate_head                = 'LC_COLLATE' EOL ;
7006 collate_keywords            = [ opt_statement* ] order_statements ;
7007 opt_statement               = 'collating-symbol' collsymbol* EOL
7008                               | 'collating-element' collelement
7009                               collelem_string EOL
7010                               | 'section-symbol' sectionsymbol EOL
7011                               | 'copy' FDCC_set_name EOL
7012                               | 'col_weight_max' number EOL
7013                               | 'symbol-equivalence' collsymbol collsymbol ;
7014                               = ''' char_symbol char_symbol char_symbol* ''' ;
7015                               = order_start collation_order order_end ;
7016                               = 'order_start' collsymbol [ semicolon
7017                               order_opts ] EOL
7018                               | 'order_start' [ order_opts ] EOL ;
7019                               = order_opt [ semicolon order_opt ] ;
7020                               = order_opt [ ',' opt_word ] ;
7021                               = 'forward' | 'backward' | 'position' ;
7022                               = collation_statement* ;
7023                               = collsymbol EOL
7024                               | collating_element [ weight_list ] EOL ;
7025                               = char_symbol | collelement
7026                               | ellipses | 'UNDEFINED' ;
7027                               = weight_symbol [ semicolon weight_symbol ]* ;
7028                               = (* empty *)
7029                               | char_symbol
7030                               | collsymbol
7031                               | ''' elem_list '''
7032                               | ''' symb_list ''' | 'IGNORE' ;
7033                               = '...' | '...' | '....' ;
7034                               = 'reorder-after' collsymbol EOL ;
7035                               = 'reorder-end' EOL ;
7036                               = 'reorder-section-after' sectionsymbol
7037                               sectionsymbol EOL;
7038                               = 'reorder-section-end' EOL ;
7039                               = 'order_end' EOL
7040                               = 'END' 'LC_COLLATE' EOL ;
7041
7042 % The following is the LC_MESSAGES category grammar
7043 lc_messages                  = messages_head messages_keyword* messages_tail
7044
7045                               | messages_head copy_FDCC_set messages_tail ;
7046 messages_head                = 'LC_MESSAGES' EOL ;
7047 messages_keyword              = 'yesexpr' ''' extended_reg_expr ''' EOL
7048                               | 'yesexpr' ''' extended_reg_expr ''' EOL ;
7049 messages_tail                 = 'END' 'LC_MESSAGES' EOL ;
7050
7051 % The following is the LC_MONETARY category grammar
7052 lc_monetary                   = monetary_head monetary_keyword* monetary_tail
7053                               | monetary_head copy_FDCC_set monetary_tail ;
7054 monetary_head                = 'LC_MONETARY' EOL ;
7055 monetary_keyword             = mon_keyword_string quoted_string EOL
7056                               | mon_keyword_strings mon_string_list EOL
7057                               | mon_keyword_char mon_number_list EOL
7058                               | mon_keyword_date mon_date_list EOL
7059                               | 'conversion_rate' mon_conv_list EOL
7060                               | 'mon_grouping' mon_group_list EOL ;
7061 mon_keyword_string            = 'mon_decimal_point' | 'mon_thousands_sep'
7062                               | 'positive_sign' | 'negative_sign' ;
7063 mon_keyword_strings           = 'int_curr_symbol' | 'currency_symbol' ;
7064 mon_keyword_char              = 'int_frac_digits' | 'frac_digits'

```

```

7065      'p_cs_precedes' | 'p_sep_by_space'
7066      'n_cs_precedes' | 'n_sep_by_space'
7067      'int_p_cs_precedes' | 'int_p_sep_by_space'
7068      'int_n_cs_precedes' | 'int_n_sep_by_space'
7069      'p_sign_posn' | 'n_sign_posn'
7070      'int_p_sign_posn' | 'int_n_sign_posn' ;
7071 mon_keyword_date
7072 mon_date_list
7073 mon_date
7074 mon_group_list
7075 mon_string_list
7076 mon_number_list
7077 mon_number
7078 mon_conv_list
7079 mon_pair
7080 monetary_tail
7081
7082 % The following is the LC_NUMERIC category grammar
7083 lc_numeric
7084
7085 numeric_head
7086 numeric_keyword
7087
7088 num_keyword_string
7089 num_keyword_grouping
7090 num_group_list
7091
7092 numeric_tail
7093
7094 % The following is the LC_TIME category grammar
7095 lc_time
7096
7097 time_head
7098 time_keyword
7099
7100
7101
7102
7103
7104
7105 time_keyword_name
7106 time_keyword_fmt
7107 time_keyword_opt
7108 ;
7109 time_keyword_week
7110 time_keyword_num
7111
7112 time_list
7113
7114 time_tail
7115
7116 % The following is the LC_PAPER category grammar
7117 lc_paper
7118
7119 paper_head
7120 paper_keyword
7121 paper_keyword_num
7122 paper_tail
7123
7124 % The following is the LC_NAME category grammar
7125 lc_name
7126
7127 name_head
7128 name_keyword
7129 name_keyword_string
7130
7131
7132 name_tail
7133
7134 % The following is the LC_ADDRESS category grammar
7135 lc_address
    'valid_from' | 'valid_to' ;
    = mon_date | mon_date_list ';' mon_date ;
    = ''' [ '-' ] 8 * digit ''' ;
    = number | mon_group_list ';' number ;
    = quoted_string [ ';' quoted_string]* ;
    = mon_number | mon_number_list ';' mon_number ;
    = number | -1 ;
    = mon_pair | mon_conv_list ';' mon_pair ;
    = number '/' number ;
    = 'END' 'LC_MONETARY' EOL ;
= numeric_head numeric_keyword* numeric_tail
| numeric_head copy_FDCC_set numeric_tail ;
= 'LC_NUMERIC' EOL ;
= num_keyword_string quoted_string EOL
| num_keyword_grouping num_group_list EOL ;
= 'decimal_point' | 'thousands_sep' ;
= 'grouping' ;
= number
| num_group_list semicolon number ;
= 'END' 'LC_NUMERIC' EOL ;
= time_head time_keyword* time_tail
| time_head copy_FDCC_set time_tail ;
= 'LC_TIME' EOL ;
= time_keyword_name time_list EOL
| time_keyword_fmt quoted_string EOL
| time_keyword_opt time_list EOL
| 'week' number semicolon mon_date semicolon
number EOL
| time_keyword_num number EOL
| 'timezone' time_list EOL;
= 'abday' | 'day' | 'abmon' | 'mon' | 'am_pm' ;
= 'd_t_fmt' | 'd_fmt' | 't_fmt' | 't_fmt_ampm';
= 'era' | 'era_year' | 'era_d_fmt' | 'alt_digits'
;
= 'week' ;
= 'first_weekday' | 'first_workday'
| 'cal_direction' ;
= time_list semicolon quoted_string
| quoted_string ;
= 'END' 'LC_TIME' EOL ;
= paper_head paper_keyword* paper_tail
| paper_head copy_FDCC_set paper_tail ;
= 'LC_PAPER' EOL ;
= paper_keyword_num number EOL ;
= 'height' | 'width' ;
= 'END' 'LC_PAPER' EOL ;
= name_head name_keyword* name_tail
| name_head copy_FDCC_set name_tail ;
= 'LC_NAME' EOL ;
= name_keyword_string quoted_string EOL ;
= 'name_fmt' | 'name_gen' | 'name_mr'
| 'name_mrs' | 'name_ms' | 'name_miss'
| 'name_ms' ;
= 'END' 'LC_NAME' EOL ;
= address_head address_keyword* address_tail

```

```
7136      | address_head copy_FDCC_set address_tail ;
7137      address_head      = 'LC_ADDRESS' EOL ;
7138      address_keyword   = address_keyword_string quoted_string EOL
7139          | address_keyword_num number EOL ;
7140      address_keyword_string = 'postal_fmt' | 'country_name' |
7141          'country_post' | 'country_ab2' | 'country_ab3' |
7142          'country_car' | 'country_isbn' | 'lang_name' |
7143          'lang_ab' | 'lang_term' | 'lang_lib' ;
7144      address_keyword_num = "country_num" ;
7145      address_tail       = 'END' 'LC_ADDRESS' EOL ;
7146
7147 % The following is the LC_TELEPHONE category grammar
7148 lc_tel           = tel_head tel_keyword* tel_tail
7149                  | tel_head copy_FDCC_set tel_tail ;
7150      tel_head        = 'LC_TELEPHONE' EOL ;
7151      tel_keyword      = tel_keyword_string quoted_string EOL ;
7152      tel_keyword_string = 'tel_int_fmt' | 'tel_dom_fmt' | 'int_select'
7153                  | 'int_prefix' ;
7154      tel_tail         = 'END' 'LC_TELEPHONE' EOL ;
7155
```

7156
7157
7158
7159
7160

Annex D (informative)

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7296	timezone	4.7		
7297	title	4.2		
7298	tolower	4.3.1		
7299	tosymmetric	4.3.1		
7300	toupper	4.3.1		
7301	translit_end	4.3.2		
7302	translit_ignore	4.3.2		
7303	translit_start	4.3.2		
7304	transliteration	4.3.2		
7305	transliteration statements	4.3.2.1		
7306	upper	4.3.1		

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